



*Report on the*  
**Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund  
2023**



**State of California  
Gavin Newsom, Governor**

**Government Operations Agency  
Amy Tong, Secretary**

**Department of General Services  
Ana M. Lasso, Director**

**Division of the State Architect  
Ida A. Clair, AIA, State Architect**

## **Background**

Senate Bill 1186 (Steinberg, Chapter 383, Statutes of 2012) created Government Code Section 4467, which requires any applicant for a local business license or equivalent instrument to pay an additional fee to the local government that issued the business license or equivalent instrument.

Local governments must submit a percentage of the fee revenue to the Division of the State Architect (State Architect) for deposit into the Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund (Fund).

Effective January 1, 2018, Assembly Bill 1379 (Thurmond, Chapter 667, Statutes of 2017), increased this fee from \$1 to \$4, and the fee revenue percentage changed from 70% directed to the local government and 30% to the State Architect for deposit into the Fund to 90% for the local government and 10% for the Fund. Both the \$4 fee and the 90% retention by local government contained sunset provisions whereby they would revert to the \$1 fee and 70% retention on January 1, 2024. Additionally, under the revised statute, local governments that do not issue business licenses are required to levy the fee on the issuance of building permits.

Assembly Bill 2164 (Lee, Chapter 895, Statutes of 2022), repealed the sunset provision included in AB 1379. At present, the \$4 fee split 90-10 between local governments and the State Architect remains in effect indefinitely. Further, the bill expanded the purpose for which the Fund may be used by local governments to include providing financial assistance to small business owners for accessibility-related inspection, renovation, and construction.

Pursuant to Government Code Section 4465, the purpose of the Fund is to provide increased compliance with state and federal accessibility requirements by:

- Increasing the number of certified access specialists (CASp).
- Maintaining State Architect oversight of the CASp program.
- Expanding education and outreach efforts for compliance with accessibility requirements.

Government Code Section 4470(c) requires the State Architect to submit an annual report on funds received during the previous calendar year. The State Architect must report the total fees collected by each local government, the total fees transmitted to the Fund by local governments during the previous calendar year, and their distribution, including Fund resources spent on:

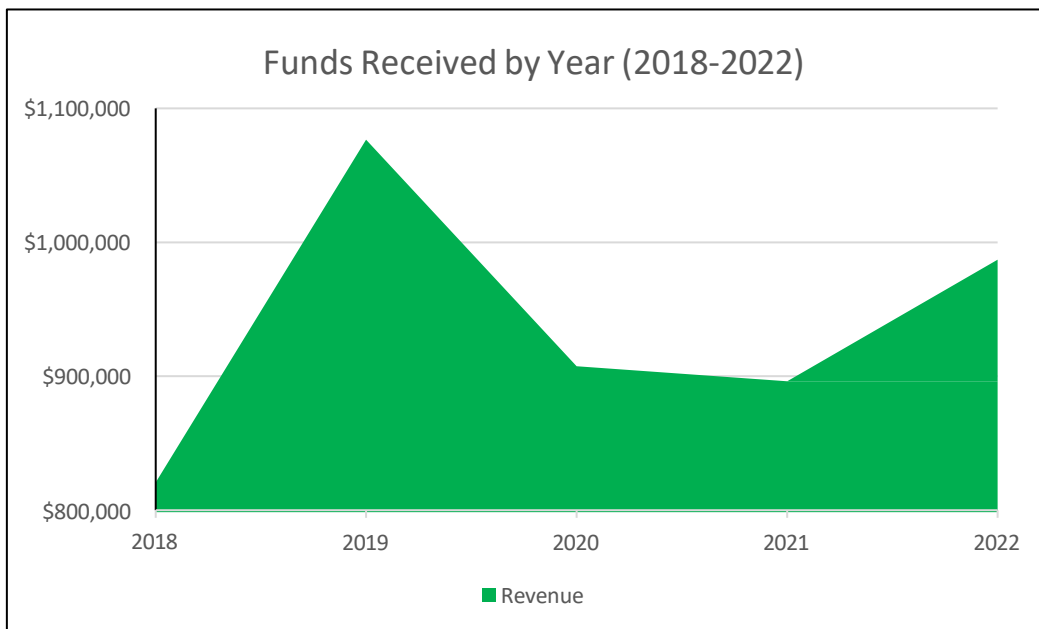
- Administrative services.
- Moderating (streamlining) certification and examination fees for the CASp program.
- Establishing and maintaining oversight of the CASp program.
- Developing and disseminating educational materials to facilitate compliance with state and federal access requirements.

Information provided in this report is based on accounting data that represents amounts collected by the state from local governments in the 2022 calendar year and state billing information indicating amounts spent in each specific reporting category.

## Total Fees Transmitted to the Fund

The State Architect received \$984,938 in payments from local governments in the 2022 calendar year. The \$984,938 received in the 2022 calendar year marked a ten percent (10%) increase from the revenue received in the 2021 calendar year (\$894,125). Furthermore, the 2022 calendar year also marked the second highest ever revenue received, behind the 2019 calendar year which saw a peak revenue year of \$1,074,607.

For the 2022 calendar year, the State Architect anticipated a marginal increase in funds received. According to the US Chamber of Commerce, an estimated 24% of businesses closed in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and 60% of those closings were permanent. This led to an 18% reduction in revenue for the 2020 and 2021 calendar years. However, despite the decline in revenue, the State Architect anticipated marginal increases in revenue as pandemic restrictions were slowly loosened and businesses began to reopen. True to form, as most restrictions were lifted, funds increased significantly by 10% year over year in 2022.



Calendar Year	Revenue Received	Year-Over-Year Growth
2018	\$818,678	n/a
2019	\$1,074,607	30%
2020	\$905,495	-16%
2021	\$894,125	-2%
2022	\$984,938	10%

## **Use of Fund Resources**

The State Architect expended \$420,034 on the activities prescribed under Government Code Section 4465 in 2022. Information and details on the usage are outlined below:

- **Administrative Services by the State Architect**

The State Architect spent \$91,974 of Fund resources for administrative services in 2022. The primary administrative services included the operation of the fee collection system and related instruction, correspondence with local governments, review of information reported by local governments, form development, and technical guidance.

The State Architect discontinued use of its PDF format for annual reporting of SB1186 fees and implemented a new online (HTML) form to increase administrative efficiency. The new HTML form collected information entered by the local jurisdictions and compiled it into a spreadsheet, thereby greatly minimizing risk of human error in data transfer. The new HTML saved State Architect staff approximately 40 hours of work in data entry, proofing, and file scanning.

The State Architect also made further revisions to the HTML annual reporting form to reflect new reporting requirements under Assembly Bill 2164 (Lee, Chapter 895, Statutes of 2022). As previously mentioned, AB 2164 expanded the purpose for which the Fund may be used to include providing financial assistance to small business owners for accessibility related construction. Accordingly, the HTML form was revised to gather information regarding financial assistance to small businesses which included: 1) the dollar amount of financial assistance provided to small businesses and 2) the number of small businesses that obtained financial assistance.

- **Monitored the Streamlined CASp Certification and Examination Fees**

The State Architect spent \$4,130 of Fund resources to streamline the CASp certification process. After gaining approval for a regulatory package which increased CASp eligibility and lowered select program fees in 2021, the State Architect continued to monitor the CASp program to identify potential areas for improvements. Some of the areas reviewed include the exam content, the training program, and the continuing education requirements for CASp certification holders. The State Architect is committed to providing a high-quality CASp certification program. The material improvements made in 2021 have made the program more accessible and affordable, and the ongoing monitoring ensures that the program continues to meet the needs of the building industry.

- **Oversight of the CASp Program**

The State Architect's continued oversight of the CASp program is essential to the public for several reasons. First, the State Architect is a state agency, which means that it is subject to public scrutiny and held accountable by the public. This accountability

ensures that the State Architect is acting in the best interest of the public and that no conflicts of interest occur with the CASp program.

Second, the State Architect, as a code promulgating agency for accessibility, has the expertise and resources necessary to oversee the CASp program. The State Architect is best suited to oversee the CASp program because the agency is staffed with experienced professionals who are exceptionally knowledgeable with both the rulemaking process and the applicable state and federal construction-related accessibility standards. In short, no other agency or entity can provide the same level of expertise in both code development and knowledge of the applicable standards for public accommodations and commercial facilities. Finally, the State Architect's continued oversight of the CASp program provides significant benefits to the public because CASp inspections significantly limit the exposure to liability in construction-related accessibility claims – a public benefit which serves to simultaneously increase building accessibility and reduce the burden on the court system by reducing grounds for litigation.

The State Architect spent \$44,922 of Fund resources on increased oversight of the CASp program in 2022. Major items included:

- Providing technical guidance to CASps and the public: The State Architect's office provided technical guidance to CASps and the public on a variety of topics, including accessibility standards, inspection procedures, and reporting requirements. This guidance was provided through a variety of channels including phone calls, emails, and workshops.
- Updating the online database: The State Architect's office updated the online database of CASps. This database includes information on each CASp's qualifications, experience, and availability. The database is used by businesses and individuals to find qualified CASps to inspect their properties.
- Responding to occasional complaints filed against CASps: The State Architect's office investigated and responded to occasional complaints filed against CASps.
- Monitoring the newly implemented Learning Management System and review of the CASp 101 educational webinar course.

- **Expanded Education and Outreach**

In 2022, the State Architect spent \$279,008 of Fund resources on education and outreach. In past years, the State Architect partnered with chambers of commerce, local governments, state legislators, the State Treasurer's Office, and the California Commission on Disability Access to reach out to business owners about accessibility

compliance. However, the COVID-19 pandemic made it difficult to utilize these partnerships.

The pandemic created several challenges for the State Architect's outreach efforts, including:

- Fluctuations in the pandemic made it difficult to plan in-person events.
- Many businesses were closed for extended periods of time, making it difficult to reach business owners about accessibility compliance.
- The State Architect experienced a temporary reduction in staffing, hampering outreach efforts, due to retirements and difficulty hiring technical staff with specialized knowledge during the pandemic.

In response to these challenges, the State Architect focused on on-demand and remote resources. The State Architect emphasized outreach and education through its website, newly deployed Learning Management System (LMS), and mass email communications to effectively expand CASp education and outreach.

The State Architect hosted two "CASp 101: Certification and Practice" live webinars in 2022 through its LMS (deployed in 2021). The CASp 101 course provided information tailored for the Certified Access Specialist program, with information relevant to the CASp examination for candidates interested in seeking certification, or individuals who want to find out more about the CASp program generally. The course included six hours of instruction, was hosted over three days, and included time for participant question and answer sessions.

The number of registrants for the CASp 101 webinar increased significantly in 2022 to 390, up from 119 in 2021. This is a 45% increase from the previous high watermark, set in 2019. There are two main factors that contributed to this increase in registrations:

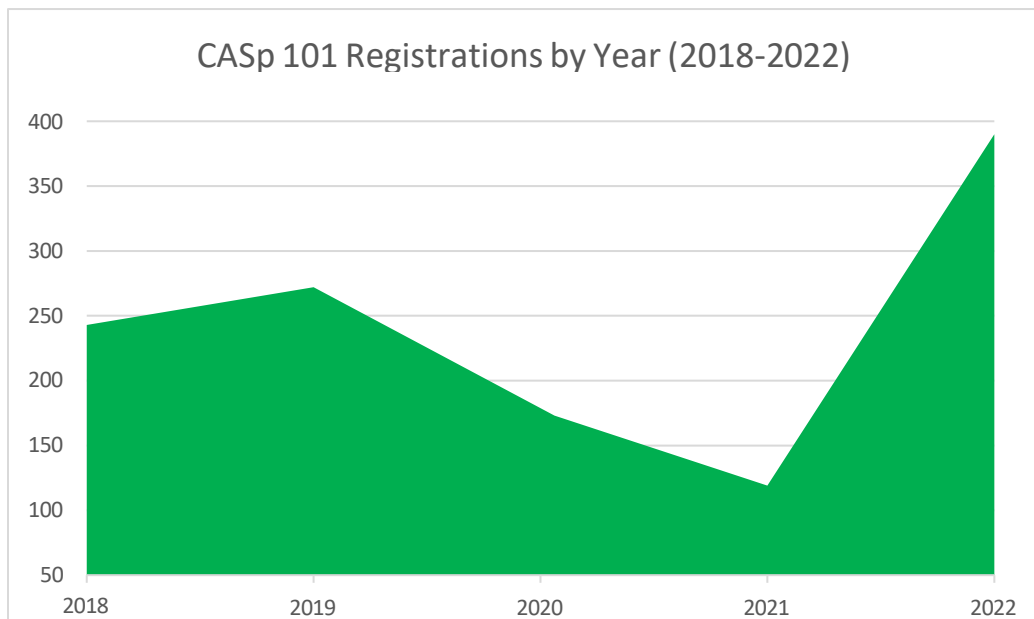
- The COVID-19 pandemic: The COVID-19 pandemic made it difficult for people to attend events in person in 2020 and 2021. However, the new LMS made it possible for people to attend the webinars remotely, without sacrificing the quality of the experience.
- The new LMS: The new LMS made it easier for people to register for the webinars and to access the course materials. It also made it easier for participants to interact with each other and with the speakers.

The combination of these two factors resulted in the highest number of registrants ever received for the CASp 101 course. This is a positive sign for the State Architect, as it suggests that the new LMS is helping to achieve its goal of increasing the number of CASp(s) and expanding education and outreach. Here is a more detailed explanation of the two factors:

- COVID-19 pandemic: The COVID-19 pandemic caused widespread social distancing and travel restrictions, which made it difficult for people to attend events in person. In addition, many people were concerned about the health risks associated with attending large gatherings. As a result, the number of registrations for events declined significantly in 2020 and 2021.
- New remote learning management system: The new remote learning management system (LMS) made it possible for people to attend events remotely without sacrificing the quality of the experience. The LMS included features such as live streaming, video conferencing, and chat, which allowed participants to interact with each other and the speakers in real time. This made it easier for people to attend events from all over the world, and it contributed to the increase in registrations in 2022.

In addition to the easing of COVID-19 pandemic restrictions and the new LMS, it is also possible that the increase in registrations in 2022 was due to other factors, such as:

- Increased awareness of the CASp program.
- Changes to the CASp examination requirements.
- Increased demand for accessible design services.



Calendar Year	Registrations	Year-Over-Year Growth
2018	243	n/a
2019	272	12%
2020	174	-36%
2021	119	-32%
2022	390	228%

Additionally, the State Architect conducted targeted email outreach throughout 2022 to promote expanded CASp education and awareness. Specifically, the State Architect promoted the available CASp educational resources through its LMS, CASp examination information, CASp recruitments, and certain CASp surveys to streamline the CASp application and renewal process. In 2022, the State Architect conducted thirteen unique email campaigns that issued over 130,000 CASp-related communications to 13,092 recipients.

Finally, the State Architect also worked with the California Commission on Disability Access (CCDA) to create a “Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund Quick Reference Guide” for local jurisdictions. The reference guide educates local jurisdictions on the Fund’s legislative history, purpose, fee retention schedule, and authorized expenditures for local entities.

### **Total Fees Collected by Each Local Government**

The State Architect received 302 annual reports from the local governments which documented the collection of \$9,849,380 in fees for the 2022 calendar year. Of the 448 jurisdictions that submitted fees to the State Architect, 78% submitted an annual report. Not all of California’s 539 local governments (city, county, or city and county) submit annual reports or collect fees; local government participation is at 83%. The following is an explanation of the breakdown demonstrated in the appendices:

- Appendix A lists the 2022 annual collection amounts, as reported by each local government that submitted fees by the deadline to the State Architect in the 2022 calendar year.
- Appendix B lists the local governments that reported their 2022 annual collection amounts but did not submit fees to the State Architect.
- Appendix C lists the local governments that submitted fees in the 2022 calendar year but did not report their annual collection amount.
- Appendix D lists the local governments that neither transmitted 2022 funds nor submitted an annual report before the March deadline.

The State Architect does not have any enforcement authority over local governments. Fee submittal and annual collection reporting are dependent on the local governments’ execution of the law. Attempts are made to maintain contact with all 539 local governments in California, regardless of previous participation in fee submittal, to remind them of the current requirements and to alert them of statutory changes.

Three notifications were sent to local governments reminding them of the annual report submittal deadline of March 1, 2023, and the option of submitting their annual report electronically. The first notification was a letter sent on January 4, 2023. The second notification



was January 11, 2023, and the third was one week from the deadline on Feb. 21, 2023. The information is also posted to the State Architect's website.

For calendar year 2022, the State Architect received 301 annual reports from local jurisdictions. Participation by local jurisdictions was down versus the prior reporting period of 2021; however, the volume of reports received for 2021 exceeded that of all prior reporting periods. The reports received for 2022 and 2021 marked the two greatest volumes of reports received. There are a couple of potential reasons for the increase in reporting across the past two years. It could be that the new online reporting form ensured that more forms arrived due to its direct submittal of information—eliminating loss related to mis-delivered mail and email. The increase could also be a product of the State Architect's ongoing outreach to the participating local governments explaining that the annual report is required in addition to the quarterly report accompanying the payment of the State Architect's share of the fee revenue.

**APPENDIX A  
SB 1186 COLLECTION RESULTS FOR 2022  
ANNUAL FEE COLLECTION REPORTED BY PAYING JURISDICTION**

**Fee Status: Paid**

**Report Status: Submitted**

<b>LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Organized by City, then County)</b>	<b>TOTAL FEE COLLECTION REPORTED</b>
Agoura Hills	\$8,529.00
Alameda	\$30,390.00
Albany	\$9,208.00
Alhambra	\$24,356.00
Aliso Viejo	\$4,108.00
Alturas	\$1,104.00
American Canyon	\$7,392.00
Anaheim	\$70,389.81
Anderson	\$4,540.00
Antioch	\$37,492.00
Arcata	\$8,721.00
Arroyo Grande	\$8,173.00
Arvin	\$2,860.00
Atascadero	\$8,248.00
Auburn	\$7,896.00
Avalon	\$3,444.00
Bakersfield	\$94,053.80
Baldwin Park	\$14,864.00
Barstow	\$6,160.00
Bellflower	\$18,252.00
Benicia	\$10,024.00
Beverly Hills	\$44,296.00
Biggs	\$480.00
Blythe	\$3,096.00
Bradbury	\$144.00
Brawley	\$4,883.00
Brentwood	\$25,840.00
Buena Park	\$19,784.00
Burlingame	\$21,315.00
Calexico	\$6,096.00
Calimesa	\$3,000.00
Calistoga	\$4,108.00

Camarillo	\$30,023.00
Canyon Lake	\$4,224.00
Capitola	\$4,868.00
Carlsbad	\$41,293.00
Carmel-By-The-Sea	\$7,660.00
Carson	\$30,448.00
Cerritos	\$13,336.00
Chino	\$20,948.00
Chino Hills	\$13,076.32
Chula Vista	\$58,335.44
Claremont	\$11,523.40
Clayton	\$2,192.00
Clovis	\$26,940.00
Clovis	\$26,940.00
Colfax	\$1,936.00
Colton	\$17,648.00
Colusa	\$2,044.00
Commerce	\$12,756.00
Concord	\$35,552.94
Corcoran	\$6,650.30
Corning	\$2,484.00
Corona	\$42,211.23
Coronado	\$9,188.00
Corte Madera	\$6,312.00
Cotati	\$2,974.70
Covina	\$14,913.00
Crescent City	\$3,032.00
Cupertino	\$11,857.62
Cypress	\$15,140.00
Daly City	\$31,147.78
Dana Point	\$468.00
Danville	\$12,279.00
Davis	\$21,608.00
Desert Hot Springs	\$7,344.00
Dinuba	\$4,742.00
Dixon	\$6,044.00
Dos Palos	\$409.00
Downey	\$22,576.00
Duarte	\$5,544.00
Dublin	\$18,516.00
Eastvale	\$9,012.00

El Centro	\$2,280.00
El Cerrito	\$11,656.00
El Monte	\$28,527.20
Elk Grove	\$10,408.00
Emeryville	\$11,492.00
Encinitas	\$19,116.00
Fairfax	\$1,984.00
Farmersville	\$4,264.00
Folsom	\$22,436.00
Fontana	\$42,198.00
Fort Bragg	\$3,624.00
Fortuna	\$3,840.00
Foster City	\$7,102.00
Fountain Valley	\$18,744.00
Galt	\$4,572.00
Garden Grove	\$304,236.00
Gardena	\$23,599.00
Glendora	\$15,511.00
Goleta	\$6,472.00
Grand Terrace	\$3,464.03
Grover Beach	\$4,474.00
Hanford	\$13,474.00
Hawaiian Gardens	\$3,192.00
Hawthorne	\$19,678.00
Hayward	\$41,244.00
Healdsburg	\$8,456.00
Hemet	\$23,430.00
Hercules	\$3,424.00
Hesperia	\$24,820.00
Highland	\$13,100.00
Hillsborough	\$7,249.52
Hughson	\$1,424.00
Huntington Beach	\$70,508.00
Huron	\$1,936.00
Imperial	\$3,632.00
Imperial Beach	\$12,952.00
Indian Wells	\$7,088.00
Indio	\$23,868.00
Irwindale	\$6,508.63
Jurupa Valley	\$10,040.00
Kingsburg	\$4,184.00

La Canada Flintridge	\$7,256.00
La Habra	\$13,392.00
La Mirada	\$10,027.67
La Puente	\$6,409.00
La Verne	\$9,325.00
Lake Elsinore	\$11,692.00
Lake Forest	\$8,728.00
Lancaster	\$31,894.00
Lawndale	\$9,288.00
Lemon Grove	\$5,144.00
Live Oak	\$1,052.00
Livermore	\$31,393.82
Lodi	\$17,779.58
Loma Linda	\$7,032.00
Lomita	\$4,855.00
Loomis	\$2,800.00
Los Alamitos	\$9,774.00
Los Altos Hills	\$4,916.00
Los Angeles	\$652,565.80
Los Banos	\$6,498.00
Loyalton	\$204.00
Mammoth Lakes	\$9,216.00
Manteca	\$15,292.00
Maricopa	\$152.00
Marina	\$7,912.00
Marysville	\$4,964.00
Menifee	\$15,660.00
Mill Valley	\$8,612.00
Millbrae	\$6,048.00
Milpitas	\$22,228.00
Mission Viejo	\$720.00
Modesto	\$57,001.90
Monrovia	\$12,604.00
Montague	\$40.00
Monterey Park	\$14,680.00
Moreno Valley	\$34,248.00
Morgan Hill	\$16,014.00
Morro Bay	\$8,940.67
Mt. Shasta	\$3,112.00
Murrieta	\$24,132.00
Napa	\$48,542.80

Needles	\$1,892.00
Newark	\$11,748.00
Newman	\$2,792.00
Newport Beach	\$67,534.36
Norwalk	\$14,116.00
Ontario	\$46,248.74
Orange	\$81,120.00
Oxnard	\$42,324.00
Pacific Grove	\$6,528.00
Pacifica	\$15,124.20
Palm Desert	\$24,277.40
Palmdale	\$35,154.95
Palo Alto	\$5,372.00
Palos Verdes Estates	\$4,786.90
Paradise	\$1,300.00
Paramount	\$53,865.44
Paso Robles	\$17,503.10
Patterson	\$4,618.80
Perris	\$12,312.00
Pico Rivera	\$9,733.00
Piedmont	\$4,920.00
Pinole	\$7,092.00
Pismo Beach	\$10,332.00
Pittsburg	\$19,002.00
Placentia	\$13,145.00
Placerville	\$5,504.00
Pleasant Hill	\$10,436.00
Pleasanton	\$33,564.30
Pomona	\$38,789.00
Port Hueneme	\$6,228.00
Porterville	\$19,976.00
Portola	\$588.00
Poway	\$5,996.00
Rancho Cordova	\$20,689.00
Rancho Cucamonga	\$49,400.00
Rancho Mirage	\$10,452.00
Rancho Palos Verdes	\$7,864.00
Rancho Santa Margarita	\$7,676.00
Redlands	\$26,568.27
Redondo Beach	\$29,048.00
Redwood City	\$18,943.00

Reedley	\$6,574.00
Richmond	\$18,968.00
Ridgecrest	\$6,808.00
Rio Vista	\$997.13
Ripon	\$5,436.00
Riverside	\$13,700.00
Rocklin	\$18,492.00
Rohnert Park	\$13,122.50
Rosemead	\$4,628.00
Ross	\$1,844.00
Sacramento	\$99,207.70
San Anselmo	\$11,628.00
San Bernardino	\$81,140.00
San Bruno	\$12,282.00
San Buenaventura (City of Ventura)	\$53,260.00
San Carlos	\$16,556.00
San Dimas	\$8,480.00
San Fernando	\$12,686.61
San Gabriel	\$13,452.00
San Jacinto	\$9,468.00
San Joaquin	\$656.00
San Jose	\$245,112.00
San Juan Bautista	\$976.00
San Juan Capistrano	\$16,216.00
San Luis Obispo	\$35,656.00
San Marcos	\$23,480.00
San Pablo	\$5,250.70
Sand City	\$1,624.00
Sanger	\$4,393.00
Santa Barbara	\$50,623.00
Santa Clara	\$44,005.00
Santa Clarita	\$4,788.00
Santa Maria	\$22,160.00
Santa Monica	\$90,657.67
Santa Paula	\$9,516.00
Santa Rosa	\$52,415.45
Santee	\$11,408.00
Saratoga	\$8,260.00
Scotts Valley	\$4,880.00
Selma	\$4,880.00
Shafter	\$4,464.00

Sierra Madre	\$4,752.40
Signal Hill	\$6,248.00
Simi Valley	\$33,770.40
Solana Beach	\$11,171.00
Solvang	\$3,340.00
Sonoma	\$14,088.00
Sonora	\$4,184.00
South Gate	\$15,308.00
South Lake Tahoe	\$14,977.00
South Pasadena	\$9,677.00
South San Francisco	\$17,648.40
Stanton	\$10,000.00
Sunnyvale	\$25,244.00
Sutter Creek	\$1,680.00
Taft	\$2,797.00
Tehachapi	\$4,536.00
Temecula	\$31,072.00
Temple City	\$7,152.30
Tiburon	\$4,988.00
Torrance	\$56,812.00
Tracy	\$23,995.00
Tulare	\$21,842.00
Tulelake	\$356.00
Twentynine Palms	\$5,100.00
Union City	\$19,248.00
Upland	\$23,827.50
Vallejo	\$30,387.00
Victorville	\$35,953.91
Villa Park	\$2,060.00
Visalia	\$90,884.00
Vista	\$31,362.84
Walnut Creek	\$24,572.00
Waterford	\$260.00
Watsonville	\$11,084.00
West Covina	\$26,662.00
Westminster	\$23,016.00
Wildomar	\$3,256.00
Woodlake	\$2,228.00
Woodland	\$13,920.00
Woodside	\$4,030.00
Yorba Linda	\$18,660.00



Yountville	\$2,177.00
Yreka	\$1,911.00
Yuba City	\$17,820.00
Yucca Valley	\$8,947.00
Amador County	\$776.00
Colusa County	\$1,716.00
El Dorado County	\$47,518.00
Kern County	\$5,192.00
Lake County	\$8,815.97
Mendocino County	\$3,624.00
Nevada County	\$16,996.00
Orange County	\$6,482.00
Placer County	\$36,692.00
San Benito County	\$2,620.00
San Francisco City/County	\$681,171.18
San Joaquin County	\$3,892.00
Santa Barbara County	\$1,908.00
Santa Clara County	\$2,864.00
Stanislaus County	\$3,608.00
Tuolumne County	\$9,300.00
Ventura County	\$40,012.00
Yolo County	\$4,304.00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$6,597,006.08</b>

**APPENDIX B  
 SB 1186 COLLECTION RESULTS FOR 2022  
 ANNUAL FEE COLLECTION REPORTED BY JURISDICTION WITHOUT FEE  
 SUBMITTAL (DELINQUENT)**

**Fee Status: Unpaid**

**Report Status: Submitted**

<b>LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Organized by City, then County)</b>	<b>TOTAL FEE COLLECTION REPORTED</b>
Benicia	\$ 10,204.00
Chino Hills	\$ 13,076.32
Commerce	\$ 12,756.00
Corona	\$ 42,211.23
Coronado	\$ 9,188.00
Covina	\$ 14,913.00
Cypress	\$ 15,140.00
El Centro	\$ 2,280.00
El Cerrito	\$ 11,656.00
Fountain Valley	\$ 18,744.00
Gardena	\$ 23,599.00
Glendora	\$ 15,511.00
Grand Terrace	\$ 3,464.03
Lancaster	\$ 31,894.00
Livermore	\$ 31,393.82
Lodi	\$ 17,779.58
Los Alamitos	\$ 9,774.00
Los Altos Hills	\$ 4,916.00
Loyalton	\$ 204.00
Marina	\$ 7,912.00
Montague	\$ 40.00
Monterey Park	\$ 14,680.00
Morgan Hill	\$ 16,014.00
Napa	\$ 48,542.00
Ontario	\$ 46,248.74
Pacific Grove	\$ 6,528.00
Pacifica	\$ 15,124.20
Palmdale	\$ 35,154.95
Palos Verdes Estates	\$ 4,786.00
Paso Robles	\$ 17,503.10
Perris	\$ 12,312.00

Port Hueneme	\$	6,228.00
Redlands	\$	26,568.27
Riverside	\$	13,700.00
Ross	\$	1,844.00
San Bruno	\$	12,282.00
San Buenaventura (City of Ventura)	\$	53,260.00
San Carlos	\$	16,556.00
San Fernando	\$	12,866.61
San Juan Bautista	\$	976.00
Sanger	\$	4,393.00
Santa Clarita	\$	4,788.00
Santa Rosa	\$	52,415.25
Scotts Valley	\$	4,880.00
Signal Hill	\$	6,248.00
Simi Valley	\$	33,770.04
Solana Beach	\$	11,171.00
South Pasadena	\$	9,677.00
Tracy	\$	23,995.00
Tulelake	\$	356.00
Upland	\$	23,827.50
Vallejo	\$	30,387.00
West Covina	\$	26,662.00
Westminster	\$	23,016.00
Wildomar	\$	3,256.00
Woodlake	\$	2,228.00
Yreka	\$	1,911.00
Kern County	\$	5,192.00
Mendocino County	\$	3,624.00
San Benito County	\$	2,620.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>932,246.64</b>

**APPENDIX C**

**SB 1186 COLLECTION RESULTS FOR 2022  
PAYING JURISDICTIONS WITHOUT ANNUAL REPORTS**

**Fee Status: Paid**

**Report Status: None**

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT  
(Organized by City, then County)**

Agoura Hills	Foster Hill	Oakland
Apple Valley	Fremont	Oakley
Arcadia	Fresno	Oceanside
Atherton	Fullerton	Ojai
Atwater	Glendale	Oroville
Azusa	Grass Valley	Palm Springs
Baldwin	Guadalupe	Paso de Robles
Banning	Gustine	Pittsburgh
Bear Lake	Hermosa Beach	Plymouth
Beaumont	Hidden Hills	Red Bluff
Bell	Highlands	Redding
Bell Gardens	Hollister	Rialto
Big Bear Lake	Inglewood	Rio Dell
Bishop	lone	Riverbank
Brisbane	Irvine	Rolling Hills Estates
Burbank	Jacinto	Salinas
California City	Jackson	San Bernadino
Campbell	La Canada	San Buenaventura
Carmel by the sea	La Habra Heights	San Clemente
Carpinteria	La Mesa	San Clements
Cathedral City	La Miranda	San Juaquin
Ceres	La Quinta	San Marino
Chico	Laguna Hills	San Mateo
Chowchilla	Laguna Niguel	Santa Ana
Citrus Heights	Lakeport	Santa Cruz
City Dinuba	Lathrop	Santa Fe Springs
Clearlake	LaVerne	Seal Beach
Coachella	Lemoore	Sebastopol
Colma	Lincoln	Shasta Lake
Costa Mesa	Lindsay	Solano Beach
Crescent City	Livingston	Soledad
Cudahy	Los Altos	Southgate
Davis	Los Gatos	St. Helena

Del Mar  
Del Rey Oaks  
Delano  
Dunsmuir  
East Palo Alto  
El Cajon  
El Paso de Robles  
Escalon  
Escondido  
Eureka  
Exeter  
Fairfield  
Farmersville  
Ferndale

Madera  
Mammoth Falls  
Manhattan Beach  
Maxwood  
Mendota  
Menlo Park  
Montclair  
Monterey  
Moorpark  
Mountain View  
Nevada City  
Newport  
Newport  
Oakdale

Suisun  
Suisun City  
Thousand Oaks  
Turlock  
Tustin  
Ukiah  
Vacaville  
Vernon  
West Hollywood  
Whittier  
Williams  
Willits  
Winters  
Yucaipa

## **COUNTIES**

Alameda County  
Calaveras County  
El Dorado County  
Glenn County  
Imperial County  
Lassen County  
Los Angeles County  
Madera County  
Marin County  
Merced County  
Modoc County  
Mono County  
Monterey County  
Napa County  
Sacramento County  
San Bernadino  
County  
San Diego County  
San Luis Obispo  
County  
Santa Cruz County  
Shasta County  
Sierra County  
Solano County  
Sutter County  
Trinity County

**APPENDIX D  
SB 1186 COLLECTION RESULTS FOR 2022  
JURISDICTIONS WITHOUT ANNUAL REPORTS AND WITHOUT FEE SUBMITTAL  
(DELINQUENT)**

**Fee Status: Unpaid**

**Report Status: None**

**LOCAL GOVERNMENTS  
(Organized by City, then County)**

Amador	Malibu
Angels Camp	McFarland
Arvin	Montague
Azusa	Monte Sereno
Belvedere	Moraga
Blue Lake	Norco
Buellton	Orange Cove
Calabasas	Paradise
Coalinga	Pasadena
Cudahy	Point Arena
Dorris	Portola Valley
El Centro	Rialto
Etna	Rolling Hills
Firebaugh	San Ramon
Fort Jones	Seaside
Fowler	Solana Beach
Gardena	Soledad
Gilroy	St Helena
Greenfield	Stockton
Gridley	Susanville
Hercules	Trinidad
Holtville	Tustin
Industry	Wasco
Ione	West Sacramento
Isleton	Westlake Village
King City	Westmorland
Lafayette	Wheatland
Laguna Woods	Willows
Lakeport	Windsor
Lakewood	Woodlake
Los Altos	

## **COUNTIES**

Alpine

Butte

Fresno

Humboldt

Inyo

Kern

Kings

Mariposa

Mendocino

Plumas

San Mateo

Siskiyou

Sonoma

Tehama

Tulare

Yuba