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MEMO TO THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD

NON-CONFIDENTIAL REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER For Closed Session Meeting; September 26, 2018

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide the State Allocation Board (Board) with information on the application of Construction Cost Index Adjustments to School Facility Program (SFP) projects on unfunded lists.

DESCRIPTION

At its May 2018 meeting, the Board requested information on the application of Construction Cost Index (CCI) adjustments and how they have been applied to unfunded lists. Specifically, Staff was requested to bring back information on these topics:

- The applicable laws regarding CCI adjustments.
- Past practice by the Board when applying CCI adjustments.
- Legal opinions regarding CCI adjustments.

This report provides a history of the topics mentioned above, as well as a description of each period when an unfunded list was established, the circumstances surrounding the establishment (i.e. lack of bond authority or lack of cash for apportionments), and what action the Board took when authority or cash became available.

DISCUSSION

Throughout the history of the program, the Board has made multiple decisions on how to apply CCI adjustments to projects on unfunded lists. The decisions made all appear to be supported by statute and regulation.

Applicable Laws and Regulations Related to CCI Adjustments

Education Code Section 17070.15 states that: "The following terms, wherever used or referred to in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, respectively, unless a different meaning appears from the context:

(a) "Apportionment" means a reservation of funds for the purpose of eligible new construction, modernization, or hardship approved by the board for an applicant school district."

For the New Construction grant, Education Code (EC) Section 17072.10(b) states, "the board annually shall adjust the per-unhoused-pupil apportionment to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the board."

For Modernization funding, Education Code Section 17074.10(b) states, "the board annually shall adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the board."

DISCUSSION (cont.)

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 states in part:

The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January. The base Class B Construction Cost Index shall be 1.30 and the first adjustment shall be January 1999.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.78 states:

"The modernization per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17074.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January. The base Class B Construction Cost Index shall be 1.30 and the first adjustment shall be January, 1999."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.107 states in part "A funding application...that has received an approval pursuant to Section 1859.95 [Unfunded List], but has not received an apportionment, may receive an adjustment as allowed under Sections 1859.71, 1859.71.2(c), 1859.78.4(b) or 1859.78 at the time the apportionment is made."

For reference, SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 defines the three types of unfunded lists as follows:

"Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List" means an informational list of applications submitted to the Office of Public School Construction (OPSC) and presented to the Board. Funding applications placed on this list contain the preliminary grant amounts requested by a district. The OPSC has not determined that the Approved Application(s) are Ready for Apportionment.

"Unfunded List" means an information list of unfunded projects, with the exception of the unfunded list defined below as "Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans)".

"Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans)" means an information list of unfunded projects that was created due to the State's inability to provide interim financing from the Pooled Money Investment Account (AB 55 loans) to fund school construction projects as declared in the Department of Finance Budget Letter #08-33 issued on December 18, 2008."

Statutory and Regulatory Analysis

The statutes and regulations do not specifically address the issue of whether to apply CCI adjusted grant amounts to projects pending on unfunded lists at the time the projects are apportioned. The statutes and regulations also do not address the scenario where the initial approval of a project is made in a different year than when the project receives cash apportionments from a bond sale. Regulation Section 1859.107 provides that the Board "may" make an adjustment to the projects that were on the Unfunded List (projects that received an approval pursuant to Section 1859.95), but the regulation does not mandate that the Board make an adjustment.

For new construction, EC Section 17072.10(b) states that the Board "shall annually adjust the perunhoused-pupil apportionment to reflect construction costs changes" reflected in the class B CCI. For modernization, EC Section 17074.10(b) states that the Board "shall annually adjust the factors [the perpupil-grant funding amounts] set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board." The Board has also adopted

DISCUSSION (cont.)

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 for new construction projects and Section 1859.78 for modernization projects that prescribe the adjustment to the per-unhoused-pupil grant amount based on the Class B CCI.

The authority cited above demonstrates the Board's requirement to adjust SFP grant funding amounts on an annual basis. The Board has been consistent in making the required adjustment to the SFP grant funding amounts each year. Historically, the grant funding amounts have always increased; with the exception of January 2010 when the Class B CCI experienced a 6.74 percent decrease from the prior year.

Past Practice

At several points between 1999 and 2012, the Board took action to make apportionments for projects previously on unfunded lists during periods when bond authority and/or cash proceeds have been exhausted. The per-pupil grant levels used when apportioning these projects varied depending on the circumstances surrounding the unfunded list at that point in time. Attachment A shows the history of past Board actions related to the grant amounts provided for unfunded lists since the inception of the program.

Prior to 2012, the Board had considered retroactive application of the CCI increases to unfunded lists. In 2011 this was done to partially offset an unprecedented decrease in the grant funding amounts as a result of the CCI decrease in 2010. In earlier years, when applications were fully processed to an Unfunded List the Board did apply the CCI increases at the time of apportionment.

How to apply the CCI increase in more recent years has been based primarily on Board actions from January and February 2012 and January 2013 (which are included as Attachments B1, C1, and D1). In January and February 2012 the program had projects pending on an unfunded list based on a lack of AB55 loans. In January 2013 additional projects were added to unfunded list based on a lack of available bond authority. At each of those time points the program had unfunded lists and either very limited, or a lack of available bond authority with no future bond on the ballot. It was also during this time period that the Board was engaged deeply in policy discussions with multiple subcommittee meetings and stakeholder meetings, on whether to continue the practice of processing funding applications when bond authority was exhausted. The decision made by the Board to change regulations in September 2012 to cease doing so, and only to accept and acknowledge applications (with school board resolutions that included, amongst other things, a certification that there was no guarantee of future funding) is what led to the creation of the Unfunded List in 2012 that is the subject of this memo. The Board decided to stop processing applications at the September 19, 2012 meeting. Regulations to create the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List were approved at that same meeting. The regulations were filed with the Office of Administrative Law and went into effect on November 12, 2012. However, before the regulations could take effect, the bond authority in both new construction and modernization ran out. This left a small window of time in 2012 and 2013 where applications received prior to November 12, 2012 were processed to the Unfunded List by default.

In 2012, Staff brought items before the Board to request direction on whether to apply the CCI adjustments to the items on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). The Board debated the issue and looked at past practice and statute, as well as challenges with making the adjustment with unknown amounts of cash and bond authority in the future. Several motions were made about potentially increasing the grant amounts for projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans), however, none passed [see transcript of February 22, 2012, pages 110-130, which is included as Attachment C2]. As a result, those projects remained at the level of grant funding applicable at the time the applications were processed and approved.

DISCUSSION (cont.)

Again, in January 2013, Staff brought the action item before the Board, this time also including options for applying the CCI adjustments to projects on the Unfunded List, as bond authority had been exhausted and the list was in effect¹. The agenda item (included here as Attachment D1) contained the following options:

Option 1: Apply the 2013 SFP grant amounts to some or all projects on the list of unfunded approvals that received an unfunded approval between 2009 and 2012 (these projects had bond authority and were waiting for cash to be available for apportionments).

This option would provide an increase for projects on the list of unfunded approvals that received the 2009, 2010, 2011 and/or 2012 grant amounts as designated by the Board.

Option 2 – Apply the 2013 SFP grant amounts to the applications added to the Unfunded List prior to January 2013.

This option would apply the 2013 grant amounts to applications that were processed to the Board, but were received after bond authority was exhausted.

The Board item also included pros and cons of the options, and a staff recommendation. Staff recommended that the Board "Provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the list of unfunded approvals or the Unfunded List prior to January 2013."

The item was discussed at the meeting, and a motion was made, and carried, to "table, so no action necessary and - - use prospectively" the 2013 grant amounts (not retroactive to projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and Unfunded List)². The Board thus opted to maintain the prior 2012 decision that CCI adjustments would only be done prospectively.

Since the Board had declined to approve any suggested option of applying CCI-adjusted grant amounts retroactively to items on the unfunded lists when the issue was presented in February 2012 and again in January 2013, OPSC understood that the Board had provided OPSC with direction that the CCI adjustments were to be applied prospectively only. Consequently, Staff did not present any subsequent items for the Board's consideration to apply increased grant funding levels retroactively to projects on unfunded lists that are pending apportionments.

Board Notification of the Grant Amounts Used for the Unfunded List

Prior to the Board taking action at the June 5, 2017 meeting, OPSC Staff presented information items at the January and April 2017 meetings to highlight and educate the members on the specifics of the unfunded lists. Attachments showing the projects, the unfunded approval dates from 2012 and 2013, and the project amounts were included as part of the item (which is included as Attachment E1). The CCI year that applied to the projects was not specifically called out, but project amounts were unchanged from the amounts published in the agendas in 2012 and 2013 and repeated thereafter on every agenda through 2017. During the discussions at these meetings, specifics about the projects and lists were less of a focus. Many expressed interest in the ability to approve the applications on the Unfunded List quickly as they had been on that list since 2012.

¹ As noted above, at the September 19, 2012 meeting the Board adopted the Applications received Beyond Bond Authority Regulations and discontinued the practice of processing applications when bond authority was not available, and items were no longer added to the Unfunded List.

² See transcript of January 23, 2013, page 24 (Attachment D2).

<u>DISCUSSION</u> (cont.)

At the June 2017 Board meeting, OPSC presented projects for Board approval that were on the Unfunded List, originally approved in the 2012 and 2013 calendar years (see Attachment E1 and E2). These projects were listed on the attachment to the Staff report at their original 2012 and 2013 grant amounts. As part of the Staff report and specifically in the recommendation to the Board, it was made clear that the applications were fully processed and that the funding total was \$368 million. The Board approved Staff's recommendation and authorized the projects to participate in the priority funding filing round at that time.

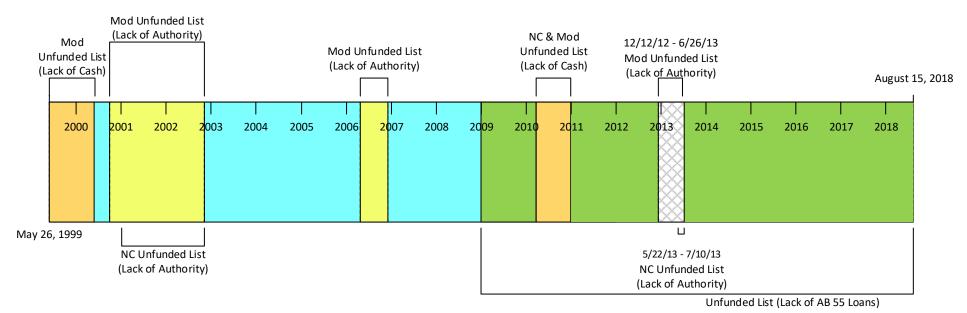
At the September 2017 meeting, the Unfunded List projects that received unfunded approval at the June 2017 meeting were presented for Apportionment (See Attachment F1 and F2). A Board member raised the question of which amounts were being used. Staff responded that the original amounts being used reflected the grant amounts applicable and approved at the time the application was processed back in 2012 and 2013. The Board voted to approve the Apportionments listed at the grant funding levels specified since 2012 and 2013.

CONCLUSION

Based on the above history, record of Board actions, and the lack of an affirmative decision to apply CCI-adjusted grant levels retroactively, it has been OPSC's understanding that CCI-adjusted grant levels are not to be applied retroactively.

ATTACHMENT A

Application of Construction Cost Index Adjustments to School Facility Program Grants on Unfunded Lists



1999-2000 (Lack of Cash)

LPP projects that met certain "grandfathering" provisions were afforded priority funding status over SFP projects. This resulted in the modernization funding prescribed for the first funding cycle of Proposition 1A being exhausted prior to being able to access the modernization funds from the second cycle. At the July 5, 2000 meeting the Board transferred \$17 million in Class Size Reduction funds to the modernization category to fund all approved modernization projects.

1999 - 2008

Projects were apportioned on a flow basis when bond authority was available, and cash for those Apportionments was made available in the form of loans from the Pooled Money Investment Account.

2000 – 2006 (Lack of Authority)

The CCI was applied retroactively to projects that were on an unfunded list when a new bond provided additional authority.

2010 - 2011 (Lack of Cash)

In 2010 for the first and only time in the history of the SFP, the CCI adjustment resulted in a decrease. Therefore, the Board applied the elevated 2011 CCI adjustment retroactively to all projects remaining on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) beginning March 25, 2010 through December 31, 2010. The Board also applied the 2011 CCI to all projects that received an Apportionment via the October priority funding round in 2010.

2009 - Present (Lack of Cash)

The priority funding process was adopted in 2009. All approved projects since then are first placed on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). When cash becomes available from bond sales, the Board approves an Apportionment. Apportionment amounts are based on the amount provided at the time of placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans).

2012 – 2013 Unfunded List (Lack of Authority)

The Board did not take action to increase the Unfunded List projects to the 2017 per-pupil grant level. Therefore, in September 2017 projects were apportioned based on the 2012 or 2013 per-pupil grant level depending on the date of approval and placement on the Unfunded List.

ATTACHMENT B1

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, January 25, 2012

(Rev . 1)

OPTIONS FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE 2012 GRANT AMOUNTS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide options for the execution of the annual grant adjustments to School Facility Program (SFP) project approvals.

DESCRIPTION

As a part of this agenda, the State Allocation Board (Board) will take action on the annual adjustment to the SFP grants based on the change in construction costs for 2011. This item requests the Board take no action and provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the unfunded list prior to January 2012.

AUTHORITY

Education Code (EC) Section 17070.63 (a) states: "The total funding provided under this chapter shall constitute the state's full and final contribution to the project and for eligibility for state facilities funding represented by the number of unhoused pupils for which the school district is receiving the state grant. As a condition of receipt of funds, a school district shall certify that the grant amount, combined with local funds, shall be sufficient to complete the school construction project for which the grant is intended."

For New Construction grant, EC Section 17072.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the perunhoused-pupil apportionment to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the Board."

For Modernization funding, EC Section 17074.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 defines "Class B Construction Cost Index (CCI)" as a "construction factor index for structures made of reinforced concrete or steel frames, concrete floors, and roofs, and accepted and used by the Board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 states, "The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.78 states, "The modernization per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17074.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

BACKGROUND

Statute requires the Board to annually adjust the pupil grants to reflect statewide construction cost changes. Historically, the Board has used Marshall & Swift (M&S) Eight California Cities index for these adjustments, since it most accurately reflects the conditions under which districts will be building their schools with the SFP. The M&S Eight California Cities Index is the only Class B index that uses exclusively California cities to capture material and prevailing wage costs in California.

BACKGROUND (cont.)

At its January 2010 meeting, the Board adopted the M&S Eight California Cities index, which resulted in a decrease to the per-unhoused-pupil grant of 6.74 percent. The Board elected to only apply the adjusted grant amounts to a project awarded an unfunded approval on or after March 2010.

The 2010 decrease in the CCI was the first decrease in the history of the SFP. Because of this, the Board expressed a desire to maintain the flexibility to specifically adjust those projects should the grant amounts once again increase in 2011.

At its January 2011 meeting, the Board adopted the M&S Eight California Cities index, which resulted in an increase to the per-unhoused-pupil grant of 4.28 percent with corresponding increases to 2011 project allocations. The Board also elected to apply the 2011 CCI adjustment to the projects on the Unfunded List beginning March 2010, in order to include all projects that were awarded using the 2010 grant amounts. This action did not include an increase for unfunded approvals awarded prior to March 2010.

Staff is presenting a separate action item this agenda that recommends the adoption of the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2012. If adopted, this index will result in a CCI increase of 3.76 percent.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

The Board approval dates for projects on the list of unfunded approvals range from 2009 through December 2011 and will include today's new unfunded approvals as well. Until 2010, the current year CCI was only applied to projects approved or apportioned in that calendar year. Since unfunded approvals are not yet apportionments, they are not subject to the statutory "full and final" provisions and can be adjusted for the CCI at the discretion of the Board.

2009 Unfunded Approvals

There are 13 projects currently on the unfunded list with unfunded approvals based on 2009 grant amounts. These represent all projects with unfunded approvals through February 2010. These projects have been eligible for apportionment but have not yet requested apportionments to this point. These projects were not previously considered for adjustment. They were not part of the discussion at the January 2011 meeting, and were not adjusted for either the 2010 decrease or the 2011 increase.

Until the 2012 CCI increase, 2009 was the peak level for grant amounts, because the 2011 grant amounts were less than the 2009 amounts. If the Board adopts the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2012, the overall increase from 2009 to 2012 would be approximately 0.91 percent. Approving adjustments for these projects would require up to \$304,858 in additional bond authority from Propositions 1A, 55, and 1D.

2010 Unfunded Approvals

There are 114 projects currently on the unfunded list with 2010 unfunded approvals. These represent all projects with unfunded approvals from March through December 2010. These projects have also been eligible for apportionment, but have not yet requested apportionments. Because they were subject to 2010 grant amounts that had decreased by 6.74 percent from 2009, the Board applied the 2011 grant amounts to these projects, which resulted in a 4.28 percent increase.

Although these projects received the 2011 CCI increase, their grants are still approximately 2.7 percent below the 2009 peak year. If the Board adopts the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2012, approving adjustments for these projects would be a second augmentation and increase their grant by 3.76 percent. Overall, it would result in grant amounts that are approximately 0.91 percent higher than the 2009 levels. This action would require up to \$7,937,528 in additional bond authority from Propositions 47, 55, and 1D.

2011 Unfunded Approvals

There are 323 projects currently on the unfunded list with 2011 unfunded approvals. Some of these have had the opportunity to receive an apportionment during the most recent Priority Funding round. The apportionments granted at the December 2011 Board meeting included three of the 28 projects that received unfunded approvals on April 27, 2011. However, the vast majority of 2011 unfunded approvals have not received an apportionment due to their more recent approval dates and insufficient cash proceeds from bond sales.

These projects have awards that are approximately 2.7 percent below the 2009 peak year. If the Board adopts the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2012, approving adjustments for these projects would increase their grant by 3.76 percent. Overall, it would result in grant amounts that are approximately 0.91 percent higher than the 2009 levels. Providing an increase for these projects is consistent with the previous Board action to award increases for the 2010 projects. However, that decision was based on the decrease in the CCI. Approving adjustments for these projects would require up to \$35,849,202 in additional bond authority from Propositions 47, 55, and 1D.

Estimated Additional Bond Authority Required for Increases

The following table provides an estimate of the additional bond authority required if the 2012 grant amounts were applied to projects on the list of unfunded approvals by year:

Unfunded Approval Date	Current Grant Amount	Number of Projects	Current Value of Unfunded Approvals	Estimated Impact if 2012 Grant Amount is Applied
January 2009 through February 2010	2009	13	\$33,500,906	\$304,858 Increase
March 2010 through December 2010	2011	114	\$211,104,476	\$7,937,528 Increase
January 2011 through December 2011	2011	323	\$953,436,211	\$35,849,202 Increase

Additional Considerations

There are additional considerations for the Board when deciding how to apply the current CCI adjustment, including the remaining bond authority. Any augmentation of existing unfunded approvals will reduce remaining SFP bond authority, thus limiting the Board's ability to provide future awards. After the December 2011 Board meeting, the remaining bond authority is approximately \$197.1 million for new construction and \$362.3 for modernization.

If the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2012 is adopted by the Board, the projects on the workload list will be recalculated using the 2012 grants, further reducing bond authority (please note that many of these projects are still under review and the actual need is subject to change). Providing increases to all projects on the unfunded list would reduce the remaining new construction and modernization authority an additional \$11.2 million and \$20.1 million respectively.

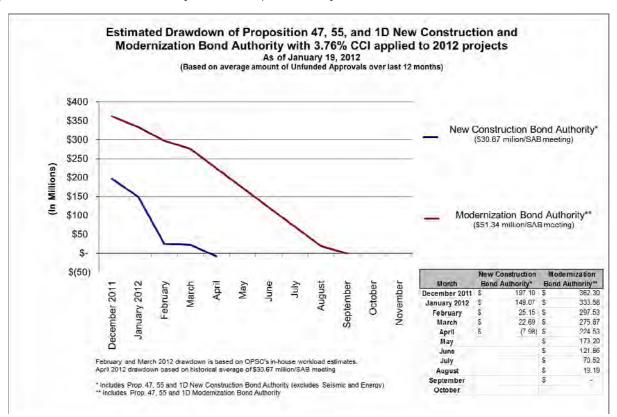
(Continued on Page Four)

The following charts summarizes the current available New Construction bond authority and illustrates the impact of applying the 2012 CCI adjustment to the in-house workload and the current unfunded approval list (amounts are in millions).

Estimated Unfunded Approval Date	V	n-House /orkload stimated Value	Δ	New nstruction Bond Authority emaining*		Less 3.76% 2012 CCI Increase*			Subtotal of Remaining New Construction Bond Authority			Less 3.76% if 2012 CCI is Applied to Entire Unfunded List			Net Remainder of New Construction Bond Authority		
December 2011			\$	197.10					\$	197.10					\$	197.10	
January 2012	\$	48.03	\$	149.07	-	\$	-	=	\$	149.07	-			=	\$	149.07	
February	\$	117.69	\$	31.38	-	\$	6.23	=	\$	25.15	-	\$	11.23	=	\$	13.92	
March	\$	2.37	\$	29.01	-	\$	0.09	=	\$	22.69	-			=	\$	11.46	
April**	\$	30.67	\$	(1.66)	-	\$	-	=	\$	(7.98)	-			=	\$	(19.21)	
May	\$	-	\$	-													

^{*} February 2012 CCI drawdown includes CCI adjustments to January 2012 approvals.

^{**} April 2012 drawdown is based on historical average of \$30.67 million per Board meeting.



Another consideration for the Board is that bond sale proceeds have not been sufficient to cover all projects on the unfunded list. Because of this, districts may wait for an apportionment for an extended period of time. Districts with sufficient local funds may proceed with the project and receive a reimbursement when an apportionment is granted. Other districts are unable to proceed until an actual apportionment is received, especially Financial Hardship districts. In either case, the grant amounts awarded for projects approved in previous years may not align with construction costs at the time of contract execution.

Finally, the unfunded approvals list includes items for the Charter School Facilities Program and Critically Overcrowded Schools Program, such as advance fund releases for design, site or Environmental Hardship. These items are not truly unfunded approvals. The grants for these advance funding items are either based on a set formula or actual costs, not the current year CCI. They were added to the list for the purposes of providing a mechanism to fund these advances. Staff does not recommend them for adjustment at this time, and they have not been included in this discussion. The current year grant amounts will be applied when these projects convert to a full adjusted grant for unfunded approval or apportionment.

Options

Staff presents the following options for the Board to consider for execution of the 2012 SFP grant amounts:

OPTION 1 – Take no action and provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the unfunded list prior to January 2012.

Pro: Requires no additional bond authority.

Con: Does not allow for an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

OPTION 2 – Provide an increase for all projects that received unfunded approvals in 2011.

This would not include the 2010 unfunded approvals that were adjusted for the 2011 CCI.

Pro:

This allows 2011 unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires the use of up to \$35,849,202 in additional scarce bond authority
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.

OPTION 3 – Provide an increase for all projects with 2010 and 2011 unfunded approvals.

This option would provide an increase for all projects on the unfunded list that received either the 2010 or 2011 grant amounts. This would be a second increase for the projects originally awarded in 2010.

Pro:

This allows 2010 and 2011 unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires the use of up to \$43,786,730 in additional scarce bond authority.
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.

OPTION 4 - Provide increases for all projects on the unfunded approvals list.

This option would provide an increase for all projects on the unfunded list, including those from 2009 and 2010. This would also provide a second increase for the projects originally awarded in 2010.

Pro:

This allows all unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires up to \$44,091,588 in remaining bond authority.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.

RECOMMENDATION

Approve Option 1.

BOARD ACTION

In considering this Item, the SAB held this Item over to the February 2012 SAB meeting and requested that staff provide information on the history of adjustments to projects on the Unfunded List.

ATTACHMENT B2

1	
2	CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD
	PUBLIC MEETING
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7	STATE CAPITOL ROOM 447
8	SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814
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11	DATE: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 2012
12	TIME: 4:04 P.M.
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19	Reported By: Mary Clark Transcribing
20	4919 H Parkway Sacramento, CA 95823-3413
21	(916) 428-6439 marycclark13@comcast.net
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1	APPEARANCES							
2	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT:							
3	PEDRO REYES, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, designated representative for Ana Matosantos, Director, Department of							
4	Finance							
5 6	ESTEBAN ALMANZA, Chief Deputy Director, Department of General Services, designated representative for Fred Klass, Director, Department of General Services							
7 8 9	JEANNIE OROPEZA, Deputy Superintendent, Services for Administration, Finance, Technology & Infrastructure Branch, California Department of Education, designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public Instruction.							
LO	SENATOR ALAN LOWENTHAL							
11	SENATOR LONI HANCOCK							
L2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER JULIA BROWNLEY							
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOAN BUCHANAN							
L4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER CURT HAGMAN							
L5	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT:							
L6	LISA SILVERMAN, Acting Executive Officer							
L7	BILL SAVIDGE, Assistant Executive Officer							
L 8	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT:							
19 20	LANCE DAVIS, Staff Counsel							
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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Jones, please call the roll. 5 MS. JONES: Okay. Senator Lowenthal. SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Here. 6 MS. JONES: Senator Hancock. 7 Senator Runner. 8 Assembly Member Brownley. 9 10 Assembly Member Buchanan. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Here. 11 12 MS. JONES: Assembly Member Hagman. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Here. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Esteban Almanza. 14 15 MR. ALMANZA: Here. 16 MS. JONES: Jeannie Oropeza. 17 MS. OROPEZA: Here. 18 MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes. 19 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Present. 20 MS. JONES: We do have a quorum. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. So let's go ahead 21 and get started. Is there any public comments? Or we wait 22 23 for the issues when they come up? Thank you. 24 You know, we've had this Project Information 25 Worksheet item that we've held over several times because

Senator Runner had an interest on that and I was wonderingwhat the wish of the Board is.

I think there are two options. One is to -- as we all know, Senator Runner unfortunately is not doing well and I don't know when she'll come back, but I think this is an item that we should address. And with all due respect to Senator Runner, I think we do need to decide as a Board whether we want to take it up for conversation or the alternative is to send it to the Implementation Committee for them to work out some of the issues, ways to streamline, maybe applying it to other programs.

I think some of the information we're getting has been very helpful and there's some void in some of the programs, but I think there's got to be ways to streamline it. Some of the reports are probably not necessary, like the second report nor the three report and so forth.

So with the Board's permission, would that be okay to just send it to the Implementation Committee?

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That's fine.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Do I need a motion for that or is that direction enough?

MR. SAVIDGE: Direction's --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Excellent. Thank you.

The other item that I do want to bring up is that we had originally scheduled a closed session for today and

1 we do not need that. I think the issue's been resolved and I think we're in pretty good shape on that. Thank you, 2 Mr. Allen. 3 So with that, we'll go to Tab 2. 5 MS. SILVERMAN: The Minutes are ready for your 6 approval. ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: 7 So move. CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved. 8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Second. 10 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Moved and second. Any public 11 comment on the Minutes? Any questions/comments? Okay. 12 we need to take a roll call? 13 MS. OROPEZA: I'm going to abstain because I 14 wasn't here before. 15 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. That still gives us 16 enough votes to approve them. Thank you. 17 Item 3, Executive Officer's Statement. 18 MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah. We have actually about six 19 items to share with you tonight. We were actually quite 20 busy over the last month. 21 I want to give the Board an update on the fund 22 releases that were approved -- excuse me -- the 23 apportionments that were approved in December of 2011. 24 This Board did provide \$923.8 million for priority 25 in funding apportionments for 377 school districts. And so

as of January 20th, the Office of Public School Construction did receive over 194 fund release requests for \$442 million. So we've been pretty busy over the last few weeks and nearly 370 million has been released to projects. So those are big progress movements that we're making as far as moving the cash to those projects.

Again the districts that come in with priorities in funding have until March 13th to come in for the 50-05. So with that in mind, again the reminder to all school districts that their item physically received by March 13th by 5:00 p.m.

And again if those projects don't succeed in moving forward with the fund release, then we're actually going to move those projects to the unfunded list and they'll be redated for March 13.

Another issue I'd like to share is the new priorities in funding certification period currently opened. There is a new 30-day funding round. We did make that announcement at the last Board.

So the certification period began January 11th and ends February 9th and as of February -- excuse me -- as of January 20th, we actually did receive 83 requests so far for \$273 million.

And again we encourage all those folks that are currently on the unfunded list to submit their certification

if they qualify.

And another thing that we want to reiterate is those projects that are approved tonight also will have the opportunity to submit for the priorities in funding certification. And again reiterate the point that they need to come in by February 9th.

And the third item I'd like to share is the New Construction Subcommittee had a hearing on January 11th.

Assembly Member Buchanan will be presenting the overview of that item, basically all the discussions that we've had recently.

And we do have a follow-up Subcommittee hearing scheduled for February 6th on Monday and that's from 3:30 to 5:30. So look forward to the agenda and the webcast posted on our website.

An update on the prevailing wage monitoring requirements: we actually did have an informational session this morning for our stakeholders. That included the Department of Industrial Relations that we actually partnered with today.

So actually had some good discussions there and there was actually some earlier forums during the month. So we're hoping to give some outreach, some opportunities for folks that are maybe unclear about the process. We actually had two lead agencies speaking on those particular topics.

So again give us a few days and we can actually post that information on our website.

Some information we wanted to share is the new use of modernization funds as a result of SB128, Senator

Lowenthal, his bill. We actually are allowing districts at this point in time to submit modernization applications on or after January 1st.

Those particular projects with modernization funds that actually have some green attributes, high performance, they can come in for funding and so -- but again it's not limited to new energy systems or solar panels.

Again we did send an email blast to school districts allowing them that they can come in for the program. We have some projects (indiscernible) that came in maybe prematurely before this bill was enacted; so those projects have been -- those folks have been contacted and they have been encouraged to apply.

And our last item, we actually wanted to give the Board a follow-up. There was much discussion last month about the money that was drawn and how much cash that we had to apportion to projects and we did share with the Board there were some shortfalls in some of the cash that we were seeking in the Charter School Program and we're happy to announce that we did actually find \$7 million for those folks.

So we did notify the Charter School Association and we're actually going to work on an email blast notifying those school districts that there are additional funds available. They could come in for those advance site and design funding and again reiterate that the importance of submitting those fund release requests by May 2nd, 2012. And that's what I have for now.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Any comments. Senator Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: First on the new use of modernization funds, I want to thank you for moving forward with that and expanding what is allowable under modernization to not just replacement but to really be able to access high performance also.

The other -- the question though I have is that that bill had two parts to it besides the change in modernization grants to allow them to look at high performance. The other part of it was CTE which was as we know career technical education -- for those grants also to look at -- to be able to access high performance grants. That was the second part also signed by the Governor and passed by the Legislature.

Actually it was under the -- it was my Republican colleague in the Senate that really asked me to add that part to the bill -- one of those colleagues.

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              And so I just want to follow up on that to make
    sure that we're really -- the Implementation Committee is
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    working on that -- on the career technical education part.
              Okay? And I don't know if it's set in stone about
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    the new construction, something that I'm really looking
    forward to. Turns out that I'm not going to be here on
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 7
    February 6th. So either they can go forward or we can
    reschedule, but it just turns out I'm not --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: We'll talk after the
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    meeting.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Okay.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Is that okay?
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Okay. I really want to talk
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    because I really want to be here. I know I was not ready
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    the last time --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I think it's important
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    that you're here, but let's not take this time --
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I do, as you're trying to
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    influence me.
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         (Laughter)
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And I think that's wonderful.
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    That's why we have the Committee.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Persuade.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Persuade.
                                             Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Oropeza.
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1 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And you're doing a good job, but I need to be there. 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Good. 3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Senator. 5 Ms. Oropeza. MS. OROPEZA: I just want to acknowledge the hard 6 work of OPSC in getting the money out quickly and all the 7 projects and not let that go unnoticed. So thank you for 8 your hard work. 9 10 MS. SILVERMAN: Thanks. 11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Bruce. 12 MR. HANCOCK: Thank you, Chairman Reyes, members of the Board. I'm here today just to reiterate an issue 13 14 that has been placed in a letter by the Oceanside Unified 15 School District regarding the priority funding round and the 16 question related to how available funds are distributed. 17 I won't take much of your time today except to 18 express the Oceanside School District's concern that money 19 that was -- that did become available prior -- during the 20 previous priority funding round may be being apportioned to 21 projects that are only now getting on a new funding round. 22 It's our belief that when money becomes available 23 determines which list of priority funding projects receive 24 that money. I think maybe I've scrambled it a little bit.

I'm simply trying to say that during a six-month

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1 period when there is a priority funding list, any funds that become available should be apportioned in my opinion under the Board's guidelines to projects that are on the list at that time.

And it may be that for administrative reasons the Office of Public School Construction has to do some things with the funds before the apportionments can be made and therefore the apportionments are not actually made until a second funding list has been created, but in my opinion, the Board's quidelines on this require that money to be given to the list that was in effect at the time the money became available not to the list that exists at the time the apportionments are made.

And we realize that that's not on your agenda to discuss today --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. Yeah.

MR. HANCOCK: -- but we would -- because it was brought up --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

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MR. HANCOCK: -- by Ms. Silverman as another funding round being underway, we appreciate your consideration of that issue. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. With -- can you wait a sec? With the Board's indulgence, I would like to take care of Item No. 10 for Ms. Fuller who's here for that. It's the **Needles** appeal. Is there an objection to that to jump in out of order? Hearing none --

SENATOR FULLER: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: My apologies, Ms. Fuller. I was not made aware --

SENATOR FULLER: Thank you. I'm very glad to -CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- all of a sudden, I look
back and go ooh.

SENATOR FULLER: Well, it's actually exciting for me to get to come see you from the opposite side of the table.

I am pleased to be back with you this afternoon.

As a former member of this Board, I really appreciate the hard decisions you have to make and I know that there are many tough decisions coming.

But I'm here today to talk to you on behalf of the Needles Unified School District, and I think you'll find some of the facts compelling.

They're a very, very small district out in the middle of -- well, they're next to three rivers -- or a big river I guess it is and I've never been there. It's in my district. The territory that their school district has is the size of Connecticut. They only have 900 students. They have declining enrollment and they started to build this school and it has taken them 11 years because of all the

problems that they were required to do on BLM land and whatever, including building a waste water treatment plant for the school, not being able to get power and so on.

So what started out 11 years ago is now about to come to conclusion, but the school is about to be inhabited that you all actually funded at 13 million, but the problem is that they were required to demolish the old school and the kids had to stay in the old school for 10 of those 11 years because they couldn't move to the new school because it couldn't open.

Then they had to bus the kids, some of them as long as 45 minutes across the state lines to an Arizona school and pay a half million dollars every year to house them there.

So my ask today is to consider their very unique situation. They are asking to be given a place in line -- not a priority place, just a place in line for a relatively minor amount of funding the next time the eligible funding becomes available.

There are many challenges to the school, but at this point if the kids can just move in that nice new facility, if they can take care of demolition -- and I think they're down to -- the total price now will be under 300,000, so you might have more on there. So half would be about 150,000.

It would mean a great deal to this school and I think it's a better use of our resources or I wouldn't be here. Sending a half million dollars over the line -- they're very small. I don't know how this would work.

There is some indication that 11 years ago the school district should have put that on the application. In my review, I'm not exactly sure that they did or they didn't, but it doesn't matter. The school district doesn't wish to contest that. They're just here to sort of throw theirself on your mercy. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Staff wants to add anything to that?

MS. SHARP: Well, if I may and thank you for giving the background, Senator Fuller.

The reason -- I'd like to go over just a little bit about the reasons why staff feels that we're unable to support the district's request.

The district asked us to consider the additional funding under two avenues, the first as an error or omission on the original project -- it was an oversight and not submitted.

And the funding for a facility hardship project, the new construction project would fall under site development and demolition is an allowable expense in some cases.

And the case is eligible under site development regulations, .76, is when the new buildings are in line with footprint of the old buildings.

In this particular case, since the district is abandoning the old site and going to a completely new site, it didn't quite meet that criteria. So it doesn't meet those regulations. The second --

SENATOR FULLER: And before you go to that next one, can I $\ -\$

MS. SHARP: Um-hmm.

SENATOR FULLER: And the reason was, is because they had leased land from the Bureau of Reclamation. This is kind of out in the nowhere with federal land and the bureau kicked them off.

So they had to select a new site on BLM land. Am I correct in that? That's -- it's also leased. And they would have -- and so the main reason that they left the old site to go to a new site was not because of the district's need to. It was because they were kicked out by the government basically.

MS. SHARP: There was another aspect as well to that facility hardship in that it was on a two-lane road, very far out from other areas and it was a dangerous two-lane road and that was part of its original facility hardship.

So moving onto the second avenue the district asked us to explore, there is an allowance for an exception to the full and final requirement in the Education Code and that allowance is when there are relocation costs incurred by the -- in the process of the project.

Relocation costs are defined in regulation by direction to Title 25, California Code of Regulations. And Title 25 basically defines relocation expenses for a displaced entity in the course of eminent domain proceedings, but we didn't feel that that fit in this case.

It was not part of an eminent domain. Yes, there was a leased issue, but it was not part of the eminent domain issue.

So those were the two areas and of course we looked fully at the regulations and since it didn't meet those two criteria and fit in there, staff had previously administratively denied their request and does not support it today.

SENATOR FULLER: And so I guess my final closing would just be that eminent domain requires you to move and you don't have the ability to not move and that was the situation that they found themselves in. The difference was that it was a lease from the Bureau. And this was 11 years ago, seven school boards ago, several superintendents ago.

I'm not sure everybody could argue all the facts

accurately. If I'm not getting them right, please feel free to chime in, but basically that was the problem. It was not the school district's fault that they had to change location. They really had no choice.

Thank you very, very much for your consideration.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

SENATOR FULLER: And thank you, staff. I understand that this is a tough question. It's just that this little school really needs the help. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

It's interesting because every time we have a different new appeal, there's always new issues, and I think that's kind of what we see in a great state like California with so many diversified, different settings that you can't make a law perfect to fit every situation thought of or not brought up in the future.

I'm wondering what the difference would be when you pay for a site acquisition and then two years down the line when the school starts figuring out -- because I see a lot of these too -- toxic cleanup that goes into the millions or things like that for site cleanup after -- they find out after the fact so to speak.

I'm sympathetic to the Needles cause in this case because it wasn't a choice by the district. It's kind of

like a forced-to type of thing and the project was approved to build a new school and this is kind of leftover, but I'm wondering (a) under those same type of circumstances, we approve X amount of the dollars to buy a new site and we find out a whole bunch of problems at that site later or the utilities aren't brought up there -- meaning the other number of things we've seen here on these appeals so far in the last year for me -- to take care of old obligation if it's required by law because the Federal Government's saying this.

(A) Do we need an amending of our regulations or(B) is there something prohibiting us from us taking care of this in this example.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I view it a little differently, but we might be on the -- overall on the same page and -- because it's -- you know me. I'm kind of outspoken on exceptions and people following the rules and all of that, but I don't know how many schools we have on federal lands in this state, but my guess is we probably have -- we have a thousand school districts.

If we had 10,000 plus schools, we probably have a handful at most probably on reservations or in this case this situation.

And if the school -- if the district could have

built on the -- or placed on the same site, we would have paid for the demolition, but there's no way the district could have built on this site out of no fault of their own.

And so I agree that if we want to follow technically the letter they don't qualify. I'm not sure I want to change the rules because maybe these exceptions are so rare they should come us because we are the ones that should be deciding these, but to penalize the district because the feds kicked them off the land and wanted them to do work that would have been covered in any other situation, if they would have rebuilt on that land which they would have or if they were at another site would have done it, it seems -- you know, we're -- it seems that it's not reasonable.

And so while I'm always the stickler of the rules --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So you're moving it?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- I think this is a situation where it would make sense to make an exception not because it's an oversight because everything could be an oversight but because we have a very unique situation and that this was part of the lands and requirements for Bureau of Reclamation.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So are you moving it?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I'll move it.

1 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'll second.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It's been moved and second. Any other questions or comments?

Let me ask a question. If this were a property leased from a private individual, then you would have a different view. But because it's a government entity and they were not given the option to -- or would you have the same position if it was a -- I don't know -- Hagman Enterprises that owns the property?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Well, I think for the most part, I like the district to own their own property when they're building -- we're using 30-year bond money to build a school. It would be nice if they owned the property so you're not moving around next time your lease comes up.

So I think it's very rarely that you ever should lease out a site in the first place with the exception of being a government entity or a tribal nation or something like that. I think that's the only exception I would consider it for.

If a district has a 20-year lease and we're going to put 30 years of bond money into a 50-year school site, it's probably not a very good business move to begin with.

So I do draw the exception with that because in some areas in the state the Federal Government owns, you know, quite a bit of land and you can't really find too many

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    spots around some of those big swatches there. So I think
    that is a unique situation when it comes to a government
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    entity like that.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Ms. Hancock.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: It's my understanding that this
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    was a financial hardship school that got a hundred percent
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    funding from the state, no match?
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: It's a facilities
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    hardship.
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              MS. SHARP: It was under the Facility Hardship
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    Program and part of it was financial hardship. I don't have
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    a copy of the actual funding item with me right now, but a
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    portion of it was financial hardship. The district may be
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    able to speak closer to that.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But this portion is
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    facilities hardship; correct? Is that what they're --
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              MS. SHARP: The whole project qualified, yes,
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    under the Facility Hardship Program.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So they're asking for
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    50 percent funding under this; right? Under the facilities
21
    hardship. I just want to clarify.
                                        That's --
              SENATOR HANCOCK: But the school itself is a
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    financial hardship?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I see a couple district folk.
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    Do you want to clarify this issue or -- who's going to draw
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1 the short straw on this one. MR. DAVITT: I'm Mike Davitt, Superintendent of 2 Needles Unified School District, and I'm going to be as 3 responsive to your question as I can be and it disappoints 5 me to tell you that I simply don't have the technical knowledge to know exactly what we qualified under. 6 7 This project's been going on as you've heard for over a decade. I've been Superintendent of the district 8 since July of 2009. My charge has been to try to bring this 9 10 program to fruition. I don't understand its roots enough to 11 be able to answer your questions effectively. 12 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It looks like somebody 13 may be --14 SENATOR FULLER: We're going to bring someone who 15 has answers. 16 MS. PARK: Luisa Park, Hancock, Gonos & Park. 17 this particular project for this demolition, it's a 50-50. 18 It is not a financial hardship. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. All right. 19 20 50-50. Okay. MS. SHARP: Could I also add one other thing? 21

MS. SHARP: When we talking about leased land
earlier, according to SFP regulation, a district can only
lease from a governmental entity.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.

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1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Right. Right. There will always be a government issue whenever a lease occurs, so our 2 ability to lease is going to be subject to their --3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I'm not sure I 5 understand the point. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, the point is that we're 6 7 saying that they had to move out because they were asked to move out. 8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Right. 10 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And so that will always be the 11 case because -- so the scenario that we have before us or 12 the -- you know, the issue's always what kind of precedent 13 setting do you have and is this where you want to go and 14 then Mr. Hagman points out so this is a very unique 15 situation. And my point is, is that a lease will always be a 16 17 unique situation because you'll always -- the lease --18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: A lease with the Federal Government. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- will always be with 21 government. 22 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Right. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: So they will always be at the mercy of that Federal Government. So there's no uniqueness 24 25 to it. When it comes to leases, all leases will be the same

1 footing. ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Can I ask a question? 2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's all. Yes. 3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'm just wondering when 5 you're looking at these sites when you do your initial site verification, is there some kind of requirements you look --6 I mean I can't believe there's a lot of leased school --7 land and schools out there, but if there is, do you look at 8 the term of the lease? You got -- how long -- what's the 9 10 limit we set for them? 11 And this was built in 1953, so --12 MS. SHARP: Regulation requires that it's a 13 minimum of 30 -- or excuse me -- a minimum of 25 years, 40 years, or 30 years depending on the entity --14 15 governmental entity that they're leasing from. 16 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. I would hope at 17 least 30 years. 18 SENATOR FULLER: If I may add, the new lease is 19 after five years, the government gives it to them for a 20 dollar or something. So they will get -- that was part of 21 the deal when they --CHAIRPERSON REYES: The end of the lease is --22 23 SENATOR FULLER: Yeah, so --ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Does the new lease 24 25 require demolition when it's abandoned or is that a unique

situation?

SENATOR FULLER: They will own it themselves after five years with -- they're giving it to them basically.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. All right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Brownley, you had a question.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Yeah. So just relative to the contract that was established many years ago with a lot of different leadership changes, et cetera, was any of this specified within the contract that -- and in the event that the Federal Government wants to take back the land, they want to take it back as it was originally? In other words, did the school -- if the school district at that particular point in time knew that -- at that point in time knew that that was the requirement but obviously through several generations of leadership and boards and so forth, they might have known.

SENATOR FULLER: I'm not clear that there's anybody left there that was there in the first place, so the $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Is there a copy of the original contract?

SENATOR FULLER: -- records that they have are the -- are what everybody went by. I think part of the issue was that they thought they were going to -- the first

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    group thought they were going to build a school in three to
    five years, but they ended up not getting to finish it for
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    11, so the kids had to stay in the building they were being
 3
    kicked out of and then bureau had to keep figuring out ways
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    to let them stay one more year, one more year, one more
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    year.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Yeah, but this is about
    the cost of the demolition; right?
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              SENATOR FULLER: This is half the cost of the
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    demolition.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Right. So I mean one
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    way or the other, you were going to get to that point of
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    whether you had to demolish or not; right?
              SENATOR FULLER: Yes.
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              MS. SHARP: I'd like to add that it was part of
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    the original lease signed in 1981.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: It was part -- the
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    demolition piece --
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: What was part?
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- was part of the
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    lease signed in 1981.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: What does that mean?
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              MS. SHARP: It was a requirement in the lease that
    the district entered into with the Bureau of Land
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    Reclamation in 1981 and we have some specific language on
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stamped page 126 on the district's position -- what was stated in the lease.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Sir.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: You cannot -- what I don't -- what -- and I tend to think of this as a unique situation followed along with my colleagues so far in the Assembly -- that we have very specific regulations.

We have regulations about demolition, paying for demolition costs when the site is going to be the same site.

This -- because of these unique circumstances, we don't have any regulations about this also when we're doing. So we don't have anything.

We're saying that the eminent domain doesn't fit in this case, but that's assuming that eminent domain is the correct -- you know, what we should be applying to this and which I don't think it should be.

But I also think that we don't have regulations also about this knowing that on federal lands this -- these could happen. So I think it just confuses for me the issue and makes it such a unique situation that I'm willing to go along with the appeal.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: It seems to me that when we've had other situations where a site's abandoned and the district owns it, the district is able to recoup its

costs because it does whatever mitigation it has and then it sells the land and it gets the net proceeds.

But in this situation it has no way of recouping its cost. It had the advantage of having the federal lease for all those years, but they can't house students there because they've got a waste water problem and they have to move and they can't build on the site because of those issues.

So it's just -- like I said, there's a part of me that wants to be the stickler, but I don't think the district was in a position to do anything other than what it did and if it had owned the land, it would be able to recover the cost. If it could build on the land in the same footprint, it would be able to recover the lost. It's just a very unique situation.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: But there was a contract in 1981 that said that that's what they had to do when they left the property is demolish --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. Yeah.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- the facility.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So -- right. So the question is who bears the cost of it and they're in a unique situation because they don't own it. They can't cover it through -- because they own the land, they can't cover the cost. They can't get a fair share -- or the other half out

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    of it from us because they're not building on the same site
    and I can't think of many schools in the --
 2
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Right.
 3
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         -- State of California
 5
    that are in that situation.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Except the request
 6
 7
    didn't come at the point in time, you know, when they were
    asking for the money and so forth and so on. They didn't
 8
    ask for the demolition fee.
 9
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. I think there's been a
11
    motion and a second. Are we ready to vote? Please call the
12
    roll.
13
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
14
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And we're voting on the appeal
15
    now of the --
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes, on the appeal.
17
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I support the appeal.
18
              MS. JONES: Hancock.
19
              Okay. Brownley.
20
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Not voting.
21
              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Aye.
23
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN:
                                      Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Almanza.
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1
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
 2
              MS. JONES: Oropeza.
              MS. OROPEZA: Aye.
 3
              MS. JONES: Reyes.
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Not voting.
              MS. JONES: It does not pass.
 6
 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
              SENATOR FULLER: Thank you very much, all of you.
 8
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Mr. Chair, can we just
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10
    raise an issue that's not really related to this item, but
11
    it's more of a procedural issue that -- I've had a couple of
12
    people point out to me that on these items that we're voting
13
    on and this one -- what was it, Item 8 -- that --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's Item 10.
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15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- it was -- Item 10.
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              SENATOR FULLER: Can I place that on call?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Sure.
18
              SENATOR FULLER: If you have any -- thank you.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: The staff
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20
    recommendation, what -- the first one is to take no action.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.
21
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: And, you know, I've had
23
    some people raise the question whether that's an appropriate
    action relative to the Mason's Legislative Manual.
24
25
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.
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ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Have you had anyone discuss this with you at all? And argues that the rules really don't allow staff to recommend to take no action, that we have to take an action.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: And so I know we've been -- you know, for the last year or so --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- we've been -- this has been a staff recommendation on various items and we have followed it, but I guess I was just wondering whether this was something that the Rules Committee should really take up to make sure that we're acting appropriately.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, the way I look at it is they're basically laying out different options for us to take. So one, it was to accept the district's appeal. The other one was to not take action. Therefore staff's recommendation stands.

And the way I look at the process is that the -if the issue were clean-cut, that the staff could take an
action on it and clearly the district's request comes
through. It's when staff can't take an action because of
the nuances or that it doesn't fit into the nice box where
they're authorized or just inconsistent with something else,
it really has to come to the Board.

1 The action of the staff at that point is to deny the district's request and then the action of the Board is 2 to essentially overrule the staff at that point. 3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Well, I know. Just in 5 this case, if we were -- in terms of rather than saying taking no action that we would say we would move to deny the 6 7 appeal, which ends up in the same place; right? CHAIRPERSON REYES: I think the move was to --8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I'm not talking 10 about --11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I'm not talking about 13 the specific action we're taking. 14 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I'm just talking about 16 in general --17 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- when if in another 19 item we would have --20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. 21 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- agreed with the 22 recommendation to take no action or our agreement would have 23 been to deny the appeal, either way gets us to the same 24 place. I'm just saying that the -- whether we should be 25 taking action specifically on denying the appeal rather than

1 saying we're not going to take any action which isn't a vote which means we haven't made a deliberative choice one way or 2 3 the other. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: If that makes sense. 5 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes. I get your point. 6 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Yeah. 7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman, then Ms. Oropeza. 8 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: 9 I understand what you're, 10 Ms. Brownley, but what I'm thinking is there is --11 99 percent of what happens on this is done by the staff 12 administratively. We have the Consent Agenda, they follow 13 the rules. If someone doesn't like the rules, it's like 14 back in city council days. They take it to the council. 15 They overturn the planning commission and the council takes some affirmative action to change the status of what staff 16 17 has done. 18 Otherwise no action means that what staff has done 19 following those rules and guidelines that they have takes 20 place. So in absence that we don't have enough votes that whatever staff does is there. 21 I think we have to take affirmative action to 22 23 change what has been done administratively and that's how I 24 see it.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I don't want to make a

25

big deal out of this. I'm just recommending that maybe the
Rules Committee look at it, but I know in the Mason's
Legislative Manual it says in order for a deliberative body
to make a decision or take an action, a vote must be taken.

So if we're saying to take no action and we don't vote on it, whether that is a deliberative action on our part and I have no motivation here other than to make sure that we're doing the right thing.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I'm not trying to overrule a decision or anything.

MS. OROPEZA: Yeah. I kind of view it as more semantics and maybe just giving direction to staff to make it clear that a denial will sustain their -- the staff action as Assembly Member Hagman said, but I don't view it -- in all the years I've sat on this, view it as an intent to not have the Board take an action ever and I've seen hundreds of these.

So I don't know that it has to go to Rules as opposed to just suggest to staff that they write these differently to make it clear that they expect some action.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: That would work I think as well.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Okay. Thank you. Okay. Let's go back to order. Thank you. And Assembly

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    Member Fuller asked that we put the item on call and so
    we'll do that.
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              Ms. Jones, would you remind me of that.
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              MS. JONES: Will do.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
              MS. JONES: You're welcome.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 4 is Consent.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman, you had a comment
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    on -- I'm sorry and we sort of jumped, but you had a comment
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    before we did Item 10 and I apologize for interrupting your
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    train of thought. We can come back to it if you'd like
12
    or --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Oh, I'm trying to
    remember what the subject was.
14
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: The Executive Report.
16
              Okay.
                     Thank you.
17
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: If I think about it
18
    again, we'll bring it back up.
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: All right. Thank you.
20
              MS. SILVERMAN: Consent.
                                         Tab 4.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes, please.
22
              MS. SILVERMAN: Is there a motion to move?
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              MS. OROPEZA: I'll move the Consent Calendar.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                          Second.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And with that Consent, is it
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    okay if we approve some of other items? There was the
    Centinela issue. Senator Hancock, are you okay with that?
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: With the sort of compromise that
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 4
    was --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: -- that as worked out?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. What was the other
    items that --
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 11, the Regulations.
 9
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Tab 11. Okay. And anything
    else that we can address?
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12
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Well, the San Jose appeal, we
    are granting that if we pass the Consent Calendar?
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: The -- no. That's an action
14
15
    item. So it's not a Consent.
16
              SENATOR HANCOCK: That's an action item. Okay.
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's not a Consent.
              {\tt MS.} OROPEZA: So I'll amend my motion to add
18
19
    those -- the two --
20
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Those two items. Okay. It's
21
    been moved.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: 7 and 11.
22
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Second.
24
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I gave this item a
25
    second.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Oh, you second. Okay.
                                                           Call
    the roll, please.
 2
              MS. JONES: Hancock.
 3
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Aye.
 5
              MS. JONES: Brownley -- I'm sorry. Buchanan.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
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 7
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
 8
              MS. JONES: Almanza.
 9
10
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
11
              MS. JONES: Oropeza.
12
              MS. OROPEZA: Aye.
13
              MS. JONES: Reyes.
14
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
15
              MS. JONES: Motion carries.
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. But we'll leave it open
17
    to add some members who are absent.
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              MS. JONES: Correct. Thank you.
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So when they come back, remind
20
    me to go back to that issue.
              MS. JONES: Will do.
21
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair.
22
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN:
                                       I was reminded what the
25
    question was -- or the comment. I was just wondering if --
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curiosity. When we set a funding round or a list asking

for -- doesn't -- because we never have enough money to fund

them all. Don't we just add the new ones onto the old list

and when it -- as money come back just start peeling off or

do you throw out the whole list and start over again?

MS. SILVERMAN: Well, the regulation's very specific to that the certification's good through a certain date. So with that in mind, you know, post that December activity, you know, we would have our opportunity to come back to the Board so those certifications were not valid during that tweener time.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So just so I understand it in my layman's terms.

You got a list. All these people want money.

MS. SILVERMAN: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Under a certain filing. We only get through half of it because that's all the money we have authority to bond out for.

MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: The other half's still sitting there. As money comes in, from that pile -- for people who don't take it, don't qualify, decide I don't want to build, are they taken off that list or do we throw it into the general fund pile. It's more bonds to start off a new list. It just seems like that those people have been

1 waiting in line longer than maybe the new list people have and how do you reconcile those two lists?

MS. SILVERMAN: Well, for those time limit on fund releases that were actually expired in the end of October, obviously staff had to take consideration if those projects come in, give them an opportunity to submit the 50-05, which is a fund release request.

> ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Um-hmm.

MS. SILVERMAN: There has to be some kind of administrative line.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN:

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MS. SILVERMAN: But those projects actually have to come back for the Board to approve the rescission of those projects. So that action has to take place before you assign the cash.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Correct. That -- each -you know, last year's folks that didn't get their money, do they have some kind of point system wherever if they reapply to get some kind of credit for them standing in line longer or no? They start all over again.

MS. SILVERMAN: No. They just reestablish again with the priority system and, you know, I know Oceanside, there was a lot of -- I know some concern about that, but where they're at on the -- they're pretty high on the list and I imagine with the certification round again, you're

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    actually competing with projects that are newer -- much
    newer.
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              So they obviously have much higher opportunity
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 4
    because of their date of approval to receive funding.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I'm just wondering
    since this isn't on the agenda if maybe we could add it to
 6
    the agenda --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. That was sort of what
 8
 9
    we were -- yeah.
10
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- for the next meeting
11
    where we can maybe get a report and then have better
12
    information.
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: We can then dissect it.
14
    for now, that's sort of a global statement.
15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Thank you.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So we'll take it as a global
16
17
    statement. Thank you. Okay.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: So should you choose -- I mean I
    know we have the financials, but I'm not sure if you want to
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20
    move to some other order of business.
21
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, we could probably
22
    go over the financials pretty quickly.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Should we go ahead and -- I
24
    mean --
25
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: The financials are
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1 quick.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: **Financials** are quick, so just give a Reader's Digest on that.

MS. SILVERMAN: Okay. Reader's Digest --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: We have read it.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 5, page 72, just wanted to share with the Board that during a small window of opportunity we had to report to you, we had a December meeting in the middle of the month and we -- well, we actually released \$54 million and 30 million came from the new apportionment round. So that's actually good, for the limited role we had during the month.

And Tab 73, we actually show the chart of how much cash we have since the infusion of the new bonds. So we have over a billion dollars.

The Assembly Member asked -- Assembly Member

Hagman asked as far as trying to reconcile those projects

that came in for the time limit of fund release, what was

that pot originally and who made it through the line and who

didn't.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.

MS. SILVERMAN: So on page 75, we've created an illustration of trying to keep of those projects and so the illustration we have is in October, we actually did have a good portion of projects that were set to expire and the red

obviously were the projects that did expire. So that represents \$62 million.

The blue shaded area is 29 million that did come in. And again the action had to go forward to the Board in order to rescind those projects.

But that's the universe and they're in different pots. So it's not exclusively new construction. It represents mod. It represents critically overcrowded schools. So we're trying to track the time. It was actually more visual, more trackable, and more transparent about who came in and who perfected.

So that was an added benefit we threw out there.

And if we don't have any questions, I'll move onto

Tab 6.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 6 is our **Status of Funds**.

Again quickly, just want to highlight to the Board that we did process \$76 million this month in various categories. A good portion went out -- I apologize, need my glasses right now. But 17 million and 27 -- 17 projects for \$27 million in modernization. We did approve two high performance projects.

A good portion of the activity related to new construction in Proposition 55, so we processed six applications for \$48 million and with that, I'll open up to

1 any questions.

2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Hearing none, any public comment? Next item.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 8.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 8, please.

MR. MIRELES: Tab 8 is beginning on page 106.

This item deals with an appeal submitted by the **San Jose Unified School District** requesting approval for modernization application for the Horace Mann Elementary.

The key issue of this appeal is the method by which modernization eligibility is determined under the Leroy Greene Act.

Through the passage of SB50 in 1998, the law created a two-step process to access modernization funds. The first step is to determine that a school district has eligibility and the second step is to basically submit a funding application.

School districts do have the option of submitting concurrent eligibility and funding applications at the same time, but they cannot access state funds for modernization unless the eligibility is established.

Now normally to determine the eligibility, the regulations require school districts to prepare a gross inventory of all the classrooms owned or leased at the school site. The law also sets some criteria to qualify

which is to have buildings at least 20 or 25 years or older -- 20 if they're portables and 25 if they're permanent.

The regulations also require districts to submit a form and a drawing of the site in order to establish eligibility.

Staff have used the forms, have used the drawings submitted, and actually goes out to school districts to verify that the drawings reflect the current inventory on the site as required by the regulations. Any discrepancies between the drawings and the actual buildings verified at the school site will be adjusted and updated in order to have the actual inventory at the school site before the eligibility is established.

This is has been the basic process that's been in place since 1998 in order to determine eligibility.

Now the San Jose Unified School District also followed this process and by the year 2000, they established eligibility for about 45 out of 57 of their school sites.

Unfortunately, the Horace Mann Elementary School site which is the site that is part of this appeal was not one of those school sites. Instead the district elected to move forward with local funds and demolish a total of 17 classrooms on the site and to build back 33.

That project was completed in 2003. Now in 2008,

the district's consultant contacted OPSC to ask if they can establish eligibility for the site using older diagrams that reflected the ages of the buildings before the replacement project.

At that time, staff did inform the district that they could move forward with this request. The district did submit the documentation and they established eligibility at the December 2008 meeting.

A year later, April 2009, the district came in and submitted a funding application. At that point, staff reevaluated the determination of eligibility using the old diagrams in order to determine the eligibility and concluded that it was in violation of the regulations.

Upon hearing staff's position, the district withdrew their funding application, but they later resubmitted asking for reconsideration. Staff maintained the position and subsequently the district filed the appeal.

Now it is staff's position that the advice that was given to the district back in 2008 was incorrect. That being said, we do not believe that we have the authority to honor that recommendation as we believe that it goes against the requirements in the regulations and past practice.

We do believe that the eligibility determination that the Board approved in December 2008 was based on inaccurate information and we would recommend that the

eligibility be reduced to zero.

Now the district is claiming that the replacement area of like kind is an eligible use of modernization funds and that school districts are eligible to receive reimbursement funding for modernization projects. We agree.

We clearly agree with the district. We don't have any concerns or disputes over those points. Our concern is specifically the documentation that's required to establish eligibility.

The district is also claiming that the regulations are not clear on this topic and that many items should be amended. We do believe that one section of the forms regardless of the outcome of this appeal should be amended.

This section doesn't support either the district's position or staff's position and should be amended.

Aside from that section, we believe that the regulations are clear and that's where we would administrate a program accordingly for over 12 years. Therefore in order to keep consistency in the administration of the program, we recommend that the Board take no action and allow staff's administration action to reject the funding application to stand.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman, maybe you had a question?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: No.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. Okay. There are folks from the district, please -- or anybody else who wants to make a comment on this?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes. Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Before you make a presentation, I want to be able to respond to this too. talked in my office as well.

I was going to get Counsel's opinion on what's liable/what's not and kind of specifically what code and that way hear both sides of that.

MR. DAVIS: I believe staff has correctly identified the code section of the regulations and also this -- even the 50-03 which is the form required to establish eligibility for a modernization project, but their interpretation is correct that it is -- the term that's used, it's like a snapshot in time and when you're coming in for that -- for your application for funding that at that time the buildings on the site are the appropriate age to establish eligibility for modernization.

So in this case, staff's hands were tied when the application came in and they have a site map that does not reflect what the site looks like when they're coming in for funding or they're looking at it, the eligibility was lost. There was no eligibility. The eligibility was

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established -- there was (indiscernible) on the site in 2000 and then likely 2002 might have been the date that the buildings were replaced.

And that -- the application didn't come in until about five years later.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. JONES: Okay. My name is Ann Jones, Chief Business Officer for San Jose Unified School District. Chairman Reyes, members of the Board, I'm grateful for the opportunity to address you this afternoon regarding our appeal for modernization funds for Horace Mann.

I believe the issue before you today is very straightforward and it is nothing more than whether or not the district qualifies for modernization eligibility and funding at our school.

I hope you will agree with me that the answer is yes.

The project and application meet the requirements of the law. The buildings were eligible. Replacement in kind is permitted. Reimbursement is permitted and allowed.

Regulations do not require eligibility to be established before work is started.

In September of 2008, the district contacted OPSC which was already shared both verbally and in writing. We

established eligibility for this site. After OPSC staff reviewed the case with management, their response to us was yes.

Now four years later, OPSC staff rationale for denying our funding application rests on the concept that the district was required to submit the eligibility application before beginning the project.

However, that requirement does not exist in regulation or in law, nor to my knowledge has it ever been enforced in the entire 12-year history of the program.

Why did the district not file for eligibility application before it began the project, I can only guess at the answer. I suspect that the district was unaware that completely replacing a school was a program that would qualify for modernization under the state program.

San Jose Unified was sued in 1979 and in '85 found guilty of racial isolation in the Horace Mann neighborhood.

San Jose signed a consent decree in '94 and among other things promised that community that they would replace the dilapidated portables with new permanent buildings.

In '99, San Jose issued COPs and began planning the replacement.

In '01, San Jose began construction and in the fall of '02, the new buildings were occupied.

Please keep in mind that if the district had spent

money to modernize the 31-year-old portables that were at that site and done everything else exactly as we have done to date, we would have already received approval and funding for that project from OPSC and the Board.

Under that scenario, today Horace Mann would consist of 41-year-old portables with newish paint, air conditioning, and roofs. Instead the district made a commitment to the Horace Mann community, built a \$30 million, award-winning, permanent steel and block construction building that will last for decades.

The district is requesting no more than the state's portion of modernization funds, \$2.8 million. To deny funding for no legitimate legal or public policy reason based on an unprecedented reading of the words and the directions on a form is a disservice to the San Jose community and students.

Thank you again for the opportunity to address you on this address. Steve Adamo, our Director of Facilities, and Bruce Hancock from Hancock, Gonos & Park are here to answer any other questions that might come up from the Board.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: I do have a question. We met earlier today and you gave me some historical on the lawsuit and I think that if I understand this correctly was in '79, then '85, and then the court decree came in '94.

1 MS. JONES: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: And my understanding you start spending some money in '97 and then went and put a COPs in '99.

MS. JONES: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: But then the Modernization Program didn't kick in until '98.

MS. JONES: Right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So there was no program for you qualify in '97 or '94.

MS. JONES: No. It was when we began the project in '99 and in fact when we look back at our records, we had actually worked with OPSC to get eligibility for new construction.

So I believe that at the time staff didn't realize in '99 that they were eligible for modernization and that's the only reason we wouldn't have filed at that time.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah, this is sort of a sticky wicket so to speak. I think the first time districts were able to use modernization money for replacement was, when, '98 or '99. So when they were originally doing the planning, I can see how they couldn't have contemplated it because you -- at that point in time, you couldn't use modernization.

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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It didn't exist.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: It didn't exist; right.
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    So you're sort of caught in that time period.
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              And then the other issue is that because you
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    applied retroactively, ordinarily if you were just
    modernizing, you would have been eligible because you could
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    have gone and visited the site; correct?
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              MS. JONES: Um-hmm.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But because you decided
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    to tear down portables or get rid of them, which I think was
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    the right decision --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: There was also a court decree
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    to get rid --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. That's exactly
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    right, but I think --
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              MS. JONES: Oh, may I correct that?
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But I think was that --
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    but irrespective was the right decision; okay?
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              All you had were blueprints and so now the issue
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    is well, you couldn't visit, but you did visit the school to
21
    verify that that school existed when they originally thought
22
    they could apply -- were hoping to apply for new
23
    construction funding for the school.
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              So it's not where the school wasn't visited at
25
    all.
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1 MR. MIRELES: That's correct. There was a site visit --2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. 3 MR. MIRELES: -- done for new construction --5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. MR. MIRELES: -- purposes. So there was a site 6 7 visit. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So -- and did you 8 verify the age of the buildings at the time of this site 9 10 visit for new construction? 11 MR. MIRELES: That is correct. We did for 12 purposes, again, for new construction. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Because it seems to me 14 that we shouldn't be wasting state's time or district's time 15 with multiple visits. I mean if you visit and you can 16 verify that the buildings were of a certain age. 17 So, you know, I'm inclined to support the appeal, 18 but I have this that I'd like to bring up to Board members. 19 I am bothered that we have applications that come 20 in ten years or longer after a school is completed and I 21 would like to see us take a look at developing regulations 22 that have a time limit because how do you ever know what 23 your liability is if -- and I'm not saying you did this, but 24 you get a consultant that comes in and says, geez, you 25 should have done this and gotten this money 20 years ago.

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              Well, you know, that's not helping us today get
    money out to improve schools. So I'd be inclined to suggest
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    that approve the appeal, but also ask the Implementation
    Committee to come up with some guidelines that we limit the
 5
    period -- I don't know what it should be -- that you can --
    in which you can file for retroactive funding, particularly
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    with projects that were never submitted to begin with.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Is that a motion?
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Sure, that's a motion.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: I second it.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So let me -- can I bifurcate
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    that just so --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- we can take the appropriate
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    action. And so the Board is in agreement that we ask the
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    Implementation Committee to look at the timelines; okay.
              So that's not a vote. It's just direction,
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18
    Bill --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Direction.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- to go for it. Okay.
22
    you.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But the other part was to
23
24
    approve the --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: To approve. That was -- so I
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just want to make sure we're on record for the right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. Yeah, I just don't want to have this be a precedent that we -- you know, you can submit an application for the first time ten years after a project's done. I just don't think that's a good practice.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman and then Senator Lowenthal.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you. I'm just -it's an interesting story and I understand that the people
up here are not the ones that were making decisions back in
1998-'99. That's one thing I learned being on this Board
for a year is you want to get a quick turnover, then become
a superintendent of schools. No one's been there more than
two years it seems like, anywhere.

But in this particular case -- okay. So we're in '98-'99, the new Modernization Program just came online. I can understand why no one understands it, but you apply for new construction at that time. OPSC came out at that time and then denied new construction or there wasn't new construction or --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: There's no eligibility.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: It was eligible --

MR. MIRELES: The district did establish eligibility for new construction in 2000.

1 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay.

MR. MIRELES: They also established eligibility for modernization by 2000 for 45 of 57 school sites.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So they didn't know obviously because they applied for other sites, the modernization, that same year, but they didn't put this is.

So I'm trying to figure out what the logic here -why didn't it happen back then? What was the problem on
either side of why wasn't this funded from one source to the
other. If the school district's applying for multiple sites
under both different bond funds and it was approved on
multiple different bond funds, why wasn't this one brought
in. What was the thought process back then? I just -- I
guess I'm missing that part.

MR. ADAMO: Of course I can only speculate, but all the other sites I do know that we did not do any modernization like this where we replaced in kind. So I would only speculate that we applied for all the other sites because we didn't do this type of project. We did actual modernization. We did paint, roofs, infrastructure --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So --

MR. ADAMO: And we left this out thinking it didn't apply because it wasn't new construction.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. And if I remember correctly, the Court order was talking about something

different. We use terminologies very generically and Courts see it differently than what we do. A new construction, we would think building new. Modernization here means you could tear down and rebuild new and it's still modernization.

MR. ADAMO: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. So all these other schools got modernization. This school did qualify for new construction, but why wasn't it funded at some point?

MR. MIRELES: The determination for new construction, we take a district-wide inventory, all the school sites, all the classrooms to determine if they have enough seats to house the projected enrollment. That's new construction.

Modernization, it's a site specific --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Take the old stuff and --

MR. MIRELES: -- determination. So for purposes of new construction eligibility, we captured the inventory of all school sites within a high school attendance area which is what the district used at that time and they did establish eligibility, but they didn't submit a separate application for modernization on this particular site.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: But they did apply for new construction under that site and they were eligible?

25 MR. MIRELES: Yeah. Again it's district wide, all

1 the --ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. So it's not 2 particular to this building project. 3 MR. MIRELES: No. No. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: It just says we're eligible because you need more rooms in this whole district. 6 7 MR. MIRELES: Right. ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: See, by the time I get 8 out of here three years from now, I'll actually understand 9 10 this, but --11 (Laughter) 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. So you have the 13 new -- you have the district who's eliqible for new construction because it needs classrooms. New construction 14 15 ways this particular school qualification, needs to be torn 16 down and refixed, rehabbed, whatever. 17 So the district goes that way and then -- okay. 18 So now we got up to you built it. You didn't think you were 19 eligible to build with these funds. You built of your own. 20 You had to because you got the Court put the gun to your head. 21 22 What happened those five years in between? 23 what point do you decide, hey, wait a minute, I'll go get 24 some money from the state?

MR. ADAMO: It was when we began to go through the

25

SFP program again for other projects that we had done and the consultant at the time said to us, oh, I see here that you didn't apply for modernization for this Horace Mann project and it looks like it was something you could have applied for.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. And then I guess the last question to our esteemed Counsel here, I understand your interpretation says we don't have authority to do this. Is there an interpretation of the code that says we can't do this I guess and sometimes you have permission to do it. Sometimes you have permission not to do it, so --

MR. DAVIS: My review as I look at it is do I have authority to be able to give state bond money towards this project and my concern here is that it is established by the buildings that are existing at the site and the buildings weren't existing at the site at the time of application.

And that's where I'm heading to. I don't see that that's kind of authority to be able to provide the funds.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Ms. Brownley.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Yes. I'm going to support the motion to support the district appeal. I think that the thing that bothers me the most was the district was told that they could do this at a time and now they're saying the decision -- that decision's been reversed and I think that current practice today allows for reimbursement

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    of these projects.
              So for me, I think that that's the most compelling
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    piece and I will be supporting the motion to support the
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    district's appeal.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Oropeza.
              MS. OROPEZA: Just to follow up Assembly Member
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    Hagman's questions and I didn't hear why the district didn't
 7
    apply for new construction for this site at the time that
 8
    they generated their eligibility.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: They did apply.
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              MS. OROPEZA: Not for this site apparently. So I
12
    just wanted to understand that piece.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I thought they were denied.
              MS. JONES: I believe new construction is not site
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15
    specific. It's district-wide. It's --
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              MS. OROPEZA: But you had the eligibility, but you
    didn't use it --
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18
              MS. JONES: Attendance areas.
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              MS. OROPEZA: -- for that, so I just wanted to
20
    know why.
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              MS. JONES: It was used other places in the
    district.
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23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Almanza.
24
                                          I thought when you were
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
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    in my office I was told you had no eligibility for new
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1 | construction.

MR. HANCOCK: I'm sorry, Ms. Buchanan. I think I was the one that told you that and I apologize for confusing it.

The point I was trying to make at the time not about whether or not there was eligibility but that there had been documentation and site visit at the site because there was concern that there wasn't a way to record what was at the site after the fact.

And I misspoke on the issue of not having the eligibility and I apologize for that.

12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So I just a follow-up question.

MS. JONES: Could I --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Why on earth -- if you're under a Court order, why on earth wouldn't you use your eligibility at that school?

MR. ADAMO: I actually can't answer that, but I believe Ann is right that we probably used it at other areas -- other schools in the same high school attendance area because new construction is for growth and additional classrooms were needed. So I'm not sure.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But you were under a Court order to replace this school.

MS. JONES: Can we clarify on that Court order.

The consent decree or Court order was -- really addressed the instructional program and changes that needed to be made available to eliminate the racial isolation.

The conditions of the facility at Horace Mann and at several other schools were all a part of the discussion and part of the community meetings that led to the consent decree.

The consent decree did not speak specifically to mandating any change in facilities simply because then the Federal Court would have been required -- my understanding is the Federal Government would have been required to fund that.

But it was in that process of coming to agreement that the district made a commitment to do whatever it could to replace with permanent buildings not portables. And so that's why we did not consider trying to modernize any of the portables that were at the site.

We went for the new construction and I believe based on looking at the documents that the staff didn't know that new construction -- that they could also file for modernization and I suspect that because it was a new program that OPSC staff may not have -- you know, maybe all of that hadn't all come -- I'll let Bruce. He was around.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Almanza, you had a question?

1 MR. ALMANZA: Yes. You know, that is -- my concern is that there's a Court order to remedy 2 discrimination within the school district at this school. 3 Why wouldn't it have been the highest priority to find 5 funding to fix this at the time? MS. JONES: I think it was the highest priority. 6 I mean the fact that we went out and -- the district went 7 out and issued \$30 million in COPS was a huge risk and --8 MR. ALMANZA: Was there any fine or penalty from 9 10 the Court for the discrimination against this community? 11 MR. HANCOCK: I'm sorry. May I interrupt. 12 Just -- I believe I have an answer. I'm sorry I'm not 13 thinking very clearly here. 14 You cannot use new construction to replace 15 existing classrooms. You must create new capacity. The new 16 construction funds could not have been used on this school **17** to replace these buildings. You -- that would have been 18 just -- just replacing classrooms that already existed and 19 under the new construction rules, you would not have created 20 capacity. Senator Lowenthal. 21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: 22 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah, I want to follow up on 23 that. And my understanding -- and maybe -- and I apologize 24 for missing some part and this gets very complicated -- that

you originally had requested and applied for the eligibility

for new construction, but then you were told -- but it was just replacement of portables, remember -- that you were told by OPSC at some point there when you applied for new construction for this that this would not receive new construction -- that replacement of portables do not receive new construction and there'd be no state funding; is that not true? And that no one told you at that time when they would not be no state funding and no new -- this is not eligible for new construction, that no one then said but you are eligible for modernization; is that not true?

That never was written. There's no documentation of that.

MR. MIRELES: No, Senator, and we don't have any record to state that the district was intending to use new construction funding on this particular school site. Again what they did --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: You don't have any -- just -- I just thought he said that they originally had applied for new construction for this school site. They thought that that's the only thing that they had -- that they could do. They were told that they couldn't do new construction, but no one told them but they could do modernization.

MR. MIRELES: In 2000, the district established eligibility for new construction. Part of that determination requires us to look at all the classrooms --

1 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. MR. MIRELES: -- in the school district. 2 particular case, it was done on a high school attendance 3 area basis. We looked at this school site as well as all 5 the other school sites on the high school attendance area --SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And did you tell them they're 6 not eligible for new construction for this --7 MR. MIRELES: New construction -- again for this 8 school, we didn't know. When a district establishes 9 10 eligibility, we're just looking at the inventory --11 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. 12 MR. MIRELES: -- looking at the projected 13 enrollment. At that point, we typically don't know what 14 they're planning to use with the eligibility. It's just a 15 matter of determining whether they have it or not. SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Did you ever communicate with 16 17 them that this site was not eligible for new construction? 18 MR. MIRELES: No, I don't know that that question 19 was posed to staff. I don't know that, Senator. 20 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I -- can I ask the district, 21 did you ever receive any notification from OPSC that new 22 construction -- you were not eligible for new construction for this site? 23 24 MS. JONES: Not that I know of and what I want to 25 clarify is it's my understanding -- and these guys are the

1 experts not me on this -- that new construction funding cannot be used to replace classrooms. 2 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. We agree on that. 3 did you ever receive anything from them that this was not 5 eligible for new construction? MS. JONES: I don't think they would have told us 6 that because that was already a known fact that you can't 7 use new construction money for replacement of classrooms. 8 The point that we were hoping to make here today 9 10 is that there was a concern that we weren't eligible because 11 OPSC had not been able to physically inventory what was at 12 the site. And what we wanted to say today is they 13 physically inventoried what was at the site as a part of our 14 application for new construction to cover growth that was 15 happening in the attendance areas. 16 So they did have the opportunity to inventory the 17 site and they did come out and they've -- so that was where 18 this came. 19 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. I have Ms. Buchanan, 20 then Mr. Hagman. 21 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I was just going to

25 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- they would get the

Right.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL:

clarify, the issue is if they had modernized existing

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buildings --

1 money --SENATOR LOWENTHAL: They would have gotten it. 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. Because they 3 4 could go visit the buildings and say yes, they're there. 5 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Put air conditioning in, the whole thing. 6 7 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Because it's a blueprint and they replaced them, they can't. 8 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. 9 10 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And -- but they did 11 visit -- I mean we can verify that they were there and the 12 age of them because they did visit during the new 13 construction eligibility process. 14 So it's another one of these that's -- you know, 15 the problem for me is the retroactivity of the whole thing. 16 So, you know, I don't want to penalize the district per se, **17** but I do want to make sure that going forward that we don't 18 make this a practice where a consultant comes in, says oh, 19 you should have gotten money, and we're doing -- and we're 20 writing checks ten years after the fact. 21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman. ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: This has been kind of 22 23 cool because I get to figure out how all this stuff really 24 My future job is superintendent -- last a year.

Okay. So the OPSC established eligibility. So in

1 the site visit, you basically visit all the schools within

2 that area, not particularly for this particular

qualification of this school site or new construction or old

4 | construction. It's just the district qualifies. So that

part I got new construction.

But the thing that's in a little bit of conflict is you're telling me during the same time period the district received funds under modernization multiple projects.

So you have the same people who understand the rules enough to apply for modernization and apparently -- and understand that they're repairing buildings versus building new buildings, who understand new construction. So it's not a small district. You have experts back to that time that understand the systems as they come online.

So you have the new construction eligibility. You already got that established. They came out and did the site visits. So that you're qualified for.

You decide to use that eligibility at different sites.

Then you have the modernization which I can understand they don't get it, but at this time, the actual district got multiple grants for multiple school sites to build modernization.

So it's kind of lost on me that they didn't

understand it anymore. They actually probably got it, but they didn't apply for it until several years later because they actually utilized both programs through the same time period. Am I misstating that at all?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So my understanding is that they came in for modernization because a consultant told them you should have gotten modernization.

The way I understand the timelines is when this project was coming through, modernization did not exist. So I look at it akin to the -- and I mentioned this -- to the money for clunkers.

If two years ago I submitted my SUV and the clunkers came after that, should I be able to go get my money for clunkers because I bought a Prius with that in replacement and that's sort of what I -- the way I understand it.

MR. MIRELES: Mr. Chair, if I could clarify that. The Modernization Program did exist when the district replaced the school site at that point. The program was established in 1998 and in 1999, the regulations were amended to include replacement area of like kind.

So at that point, it was available when they demolished the school site.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: But I thought they started spending money on this in '94. No. That's the decree. '97

was the first money that was spent on this and then the COPs went in '99.

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MS. JONES: In '97, we spent a half a million dollars looking for a site acquisition and preplanning. The site -- we had hoped to actually find a larger footprint, but we were unable to do that and in '99, the decision was made to stay in that same footprint and to demolish and replace.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Senator Lowenthal. SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. I just want to explain I came prepared to support the appeal, but I met my vote. with the appellants in my office and they told me at that time that they had received formal statement from and they had in their records that this site was not eligible for new construction, that there'd be no funding for this site. was not eligible and that there was no record of OPSC then saying but you are. They had denied this and that there was a record of that.

And now I heard just the opposite, that there is no record of that, that that was not there. And so it's -- I'm just totally confused at this moment about what really transpired.

MS. JONES: The record that I shared with you earlier today is in the district files that staff had documented new construction not eligible for modernization.

1 So it was a belief. That's why we say here today we can only believe that the staff did not think that new --2 because they were replacing and not modernizing that they 3 didn't qualify for the modernization program -- or just said 5 not eligible for state funding. And in fact Horace Mann was not eligible for new 6 7 construction because it wasn't --SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I understand that. I 8 understand that. 9 10 MS. JONES: Those are records not a record from OPSC. 11 12 MR. MIRELES: If I could just complicate things a 13 little bit further. No -- the district had 16 -- 17 14 existing classrooms. They build back 33. 15 Now the district qualified to replace the 17 under 16 They could also request new construction modernization. 17 funding for the additional 16. I just want to make that 18 distinction. To replace existing buildings, modernization. The new classrooms, it's new construction. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: But they didn't do it. 21 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But they didn't do it. 22 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Right. Okay. So we have this 23 appeal before us. Ms. Buchanan has moved. I believe 24 Senator Hancock second the item. Go ahead call the roll, 25 please.

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              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
              Hancock.
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              MS. HANCOCK: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Brownley.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
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              Almanza.
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              MR. ALMANZA: No.
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              MS. JONES: Oropeza.
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              MS. OROPEZA: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Okay. And Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No.
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              MS. JONES: Motion does not carry.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Wait. I just want to know how
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    many votes does it have?
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              MS. JONES: It has four.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: It needs how many?
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              MS. JONES: Six.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: So if I vote, would that
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    change the --
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              MS. JONES: To aye?
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But it wouldn't change the --
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              MS. JONES: That's correct.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: -- outcome. It still would
    fail.
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              MS. JONES: It would only be five.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I'll stay off then.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you.
              MS. JONES: Thank you.
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              MR. ADAMO: Thank you.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 9, withdrawn.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Can I clarify that we
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    still are directing staff to take a look at how we handle
11
    retroactive --
                                        Yes. That was sent to
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
13
    the Implementation Committee and timelines and see what
    would work.
14
15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. That was an
    excellent suggestion. Okay. And we did 10 and 11.
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              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              12.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So we're on 12 now.
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          12 -- can we do 13 first. I think 13 frames the issue
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    better, if it's okay with the Board. Thank you.
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              MR. MIRELES: Tab 13 is an item to adjust the
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    per-pupil grant amounts for the School Facility Program.
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    The statute requires that the Board annually adjust the
25
    per-pupil grant amounts to reflect the construction costs
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1 for Class B construction on a statewide basis. 2 We have presented to the Board in the past Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities, Ten Western 3 States, and Lee Saylor. 5 We are recommending that the Board adopt Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities because we believe 6 that it most closely reflects the construction cost in 7 California. Therefore if the Board adopts this recommendation, 9 10 it would be a 3.76 percent increase to the per-pupil grant amounts for 2012. 11 12 With that, we're requesting that the Board adopt 13 the Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities. 14 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Any questions? 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: I move to support the 16 staff recommendation. **17** CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan. 18 SENATOR HANCOCK: Second. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I second and I also 19 20 would like -- when I read what -- the Ed Code sections that 21 we're quoting, it's clear to me that whatever adjustments we make now or in the future need to be based on construction 22 costs in California. 23

So I would also like to recommend that we make as

our standard the Eight California Cities.

24

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: The permanent; right. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I do not think we 2 should even be considering the Western States. 3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: So at this point, we have the 5 policy of doing this annually and so the staff action is for it to be for the next 12 months. 6 Counsel, can we adjust that decision even -- well, 7 is there any comments from the public on this? 8 9 Okay. Ms. Oropeza. 10 MS. OROPEZA: So historically, at some point in 11 time, there was a single standard and I don't recall at the 12 time which one it was, but we had it placed in statute and 13 subsequently that was removed to do this annual adjustment. 14 But I think it's easier as you point out just to 15 have that --16 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. I think it 17 should be annual adjustment --18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Was it the Western 19 States that was the single one? 20 MS. OROPEZA: You know, I can't recall at the time 21 which one it was, but I just it's easier just to have --22 know what it's going to be. 23 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. And it should reflect the cost of construction in California. 24 25 CHAIRPERSON REYES: In California, yeah.

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              MS. OROPEZA: California, yeah.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I think -- I guess I want to
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 3
    do it.
            In my --
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                          No. I'm not making it
 5
    part of the motion. I just suggested that we --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: But I think you -- and I want
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    to discuss this a little because I'd rather go -- if we can
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    frame this so we can do it on a permanent basis -- and we
 8
    can always come back and adjust.
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              So rather than taking this up every year,
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    everybody knows what we're doing in the future and it's --
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    you know, it is what it is and then if we -- somebody has
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    better information and can make a case that we ought to
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    change it, we can change it.
15
              But I think at this time, are we precluded from
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    doing it permanently, Counsel, or do we need to just do
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    it --
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              MR. DAVIS: Well, what I'm looking at, it does --
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    17074.10(b) does say the Board shall annually make the
20
    adjustment.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. All right.
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              MR. DAVIS: However, as a suggestion, this could
23
    be an item that unless otherwise could be put in the Consent
24
    for January of 2013 --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
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1 MR. DAVIS: -- the Consent for January '14. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And my suggestion is 2 3 not that we don't vote on it because I think it's important that we vote on it. 5 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: My suggestion is, is 6 7 that we not compare the Western States, that it be based on what the cost of construction is in California. 8 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Mr. Hagman. 9 10 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Yeah. I'm in agreement 11 with everything Ms. Buchanan said, but I would like, as a 12 member of the Board, to be able to see it compare to really 13 kind of pick out, you know -- you know, for me --CHAIRPERSON REYES: Where --14 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: -- my family's in the construction business. Our cost is going down. I can't 16 believe we're going up --17 18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Bids are going down. 19 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: -- going up. So all the 20 bids is -- so, you know, I'd like to actually get the report 21 and figure out why we're wrong, but it could be just kind of 22 like automatic, just for information only type of thing, but 23 also just the fact that we just overlook it --24 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. 25 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: -- and then all of a

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    sudden, we lose that authority and some survey does it.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Fair enough. Fair enough.
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    it's been moved and I believe I heard a second.
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                                                     Is there --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah, I second.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It's been moved and
    second. Public comment? No additional questions. Call the
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    roll.
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Hancock.
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              MS. HANCOCK: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Brownley.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Almanza.
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              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Oropeza.
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              MS. OROPEZA: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Motion carries. Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. And then if we can go
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1 back to Item 12.

MR. WATANABE: [Index Adjustment on the Assessment for Development] Michael Watanabe, OPSC. We're on Tab 12, stamped page 139.

This item is -- the law requires the maximum assessment for the development be adjusted every two years. This item is to request the Board make that adjustment that it feels appropriate.

There are three levels that may be levied for developer fees. The fees are levied on a per-square-foot basis. The lowest level which we're requesting the Board set tonight is the Level I fee.

This says if a district conducts a justification study that establishes a connection between development coming into the district and the assessment of fees to pay the costs of the facilities needed to house the future students.

On page 140, you'll see the various indices that we've used as to what Board action in the past and the previous item. Recommending the Board adopt the Eight California Cities Index which would raise the 2012 level to \$3.20 for residential and 51 cents for commercial/industrial.

This is 8.21 percent over the 2010 level.

I just want to put out that in 2010 the staff

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    presented two rates, one with an increase and one with a
    decrease. There was a motion to approve to be consistent
    with Eight California Cities the decrease of 1 cent down to
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    2.96, but that was not approved.
              A substitute motion was made to keep the rate at
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    the 2008 level.
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 7
              So with that, again staff's recommendation is to
    accept the Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities
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 9
    effective immediately.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I move the
    recommendation.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So moved.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Second.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's moved and second.
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              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Hancock.
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              MS. HANCOCK: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Brownley.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY:
                                         Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                          Aye.
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              MS. JONES:
                          Hagman.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN:
24
                                       Aye.
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MS. JONES: Almanza.

1 MR. ALMANZA: Aye. 2 MS. JONES: Oropeza. MS. OROPEZA: 3 Aye. MS. JONES: Reyes. 5 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye. MS. JONES: Motion carries. Thank you. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Okay. That takes us to Item 14. 8 [Options for the Execution of the 9 MR. WATANABE: 10 2012 Grant Amounts] We're on Tab 14, page 146. 11 Now that the Board has adopted the per-pupil grant 12 for 2012, this item is to present options for the execution 13 of those grant adjustments. 14 This item is requesting the Board take no action 15 and provide no adjustment to the SFP grants for any project 16 on the unfunded list prior to 2012. **17** At the January 2010, the Board adopted the Eight 18 California Cities Index which resulted in a decrease to the 19 per unhoused pupil grant of 6.74 percent. 20 The Board elected at that time to only apply the 21 adjusted grant amount to projects awarded an unfunded 22 approval on or after March 2010. 23 The 2010 decrease in the CCI was the first 24 decrease in the history of the SFP. Because of this, the 25 Board expressed desire to maintain flexibility to

specifically adjust those projects should the grant amounts increase once again in 2011.

At the January 2011 Board meeting, the Board adopted again the Eight California Cities Index which resulted in an increase to the per unhoused pupil grant of 4.28 percent with corresponding increases to the 2011 project allocations.

The Board also elected to apply the 2011 CCI adjustment to projects on the unfunded list beginning March 2010 and that were to include all projects awarded using 2010 grant amounts.

This action did not include an increase for unfunded approvals prior to March 2010.

The Board approval dates for the projects on the unfunded list range from 2009 through December 2011 and will also include today's new unfunded approval as well.

Until 2010, the current year CCI was always applied to projects approved or apportioned in that calendar year. Since unfunded approvals are not yet apportionments, they are not subject to statutory full and final provisions and can be adjusted for the CCI at the discretion of the Board.

On page 148, we have a table that kind of summarizes the projects on the unfunded approvals list.

For projects that were approved prior to February

2010, there are 13 projects on the unfunded list with the current value of 33.5 million. If the Board were to apply the 2012 increase of 3.76 percent, these projects would need 300,000 additional bond authority.

For projects approved in 2010 that are currently using the 2011 grant amounts, there's 114 projects at a value of 211 million. If the Board were to apply increase to those projects, we'd need an additional 8 million in bond authority.

For projects residing on the unfunded list with approvals in 2011, there are 323 projects currently on the list at a value of 953 million that would need 35.8 million in bond authority.

There are additional considerations for the Board in deciding how to apply the current CCI adjustment, including the remaining bond authority. Any augmentation of the existing unfunded approvals would reduce the remaining bonding authority the Board has available to provide future awards.

After the December 2011 Board meeting, there's approximately 197.1 million in new construction bond authority and 362.3 million in modernization bond authority.

Providing increases to all projects on the unfunded list would reduce the remaining new construction and modernization authority by 11.2 million and 20.1 million

respectively.

On the top of page 149, we kind of illustrate how new construction bond authority may be affected should the index be applied to all the projects on the unfunded list.

Another consideration for the Board is the bond sale proceeds have not been sufficient to cover all projects on the unfunded list. Because of this, districts may wait for apportionment for an extended period of time.

Districts with sufficient local funds may proceed with a project and receive a reimbursement when an apportionment is granted. Other districts are unable to proceed until actual apportionment is received, especially financial hardship districts.

In either case, the grant amounts awarded for projects approved in previous years may not align with the construction costs at the time a contract is awarded.

Finally unfunded approvals list includes projects for Charter School Facilities Program and Critically Overcrowded School Program projects, such as advanced fund releases for design, site, and environmental hardship.

These items are not truly unfunded approvals and they'll receive a current year CCI when they are converted.

Staff has presented four options for the Board.

Option 1 would be to take no action and provide no
adjustments to SFP grants for any project added to the

unfunded list prior to January 2012.

Option 2 would be apply increases for all projects that received an unfunded approval in 2011. That would require the use of 35 million in bond authority though.

Option 3 would provide an increase for all projects with 2010 and 2011 unfunded approvals. That would require additional use of authority of up to 43.8 million.

And then the last option is to provide increases for all projects on the unfunded list which would require up to 44 million in remaining bond authority.

One last thing I'd like to point out is that for those projects, the 13 in 2009 and 114 in 2010, none of those projects have participated in any of the three priority in funding rounds we've had to date.

So with that again, staff's recommendation is to approve Option 1.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Generally speaking, you know, when the school goes out and I guess bids for their contracts and stuff and then we have the money to give to them, that's a pretty fluid process.

When we put them on a list and they're having to bond and bring school -- you know, matching funds and stuff in some cases, they're going off what the initial costs were at that time.

If we put them off for a couple years, then obviously those costs may go up or may go down.

But to make this adjustment each time we have a CCI seems kind of cumbersome. So I was thinking is there a way to go like -- you know, what's the standard. If I go out and bid for a job, what's the -- what's about the most normal time? Is it three months, six months, nine months that that bid's generally good for? Of course the costs of materials go up and down by the time you put the shovels in the ground.

But I'm thinking that it should be -- you know, from when you applied or at least within 180 days of when you apply, what that current rate is just so it's administratively -- and we have to adjust up or down based on the index because we're not giving the money immediately.

You know, that's my initial thoughts on it. So there's a way to do this more smoothly versus, you know, each time we do this, the change -- well, not the 2009s but the 2010s are okay, but the 2011s, you're out of luck. You know, it should be like what is the current rate within, you know, 180 days when you applied for it or something like that.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I support Option 1 and I just want to speak briefly as to why I do.

My understanding is Option 1 has been historically the past practice of the Board and when I substituted at my very first meeting, we had, you know, the question of what was going to happen with the -- if it was 2010 -- early in 2010, what was going to happen. You know, how should we be adjusting that and we made an exception then and did it retroactively but only because we hadn't had a December meeting.

And we felt at the time that if we had had a December meeting and would have approved those projects, they would have been funded at the higher rate because we were dealing with the rate dropping.

But now we're dealing with the situation where the grants are going up. The economy has flattened out a little bit and we had our November/December. We went through our normal funding cycles, and while we are increasing the grant amounts, if you talk to anyone out there in schools or construction, they probably would support what Assembly Member Hagman was saying in that the grant -- you know, the raw materials may be going up, but the bids are still down.

So I don't think we should complicate the practice. I think we should go back to past practice. If we want to change it in a future bond, fine, but -- so I'd like to move that we approve Option 1.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank. Any comments? Senator

Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. I want to follow up on what the Assembly Member Buchanan talked about whereas the costs of certain materials may be going up, but the actual bids are coming in lower. Do we have some data on that, you know?

I know in transportation projects that's exactly what is happening, that cost of steel is going up and our bids are still coming in lower. I just wondered if that -- do we have any data to support --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And I only know that anecdotally from my classroom cabinet meetings I have.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I know. That's why I'm asking -- and I -- and you make a strong argument based upon that. I just want to know from the OPSC what are we -- what are those bids coming? Are they coming in with significant savings or any savings or are they going up. Are there competition and bids are coming in? Is it still a market that you can shop around and get a real good bid at this moment.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: I saw Mr. Mireles trying to get my attention. Was that for a prior comment or --

MR. MIRELES: Yes. I'm good.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Okay. Good. Please.

MR. DIXON: Thank you, Chairman Reyes, Board

members. I'm Joe Dixon, Assistant Superintendent Facilities for Santa Ana Unified and bid prices have been coming up.

We were quite surprised a couple years ago how contractors could actually stay in business because they were quite low. So bids have come up. Prices are coming up and we would like to see the unfunded list going forward get this increase because if we have a \$15 million project and we have some more on the unfunded list and the cost -- the data is correct, what do we pull out? What do we pull out of that \$15 million out of our DSA-approved plans.

So we would like to see unfunded projects get that increase going forward. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Excuse me. Where are your bids now compared to where they were three years ago or four years ago? My understanding with districts, even if they are coming -- I mean we were getting bids that were down as much as 30 percent or so.

So are you saying that -- and we certainly haven't lowered the grant amount. So are you saying they're still that far down or how far down -- how far are they in terms of being competitive right now?

MR. DIXON: They're coming back. We actually -ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Coming back where?
SENATOR LOWENTHAL: What is that -- coming meaning

what?

MR. DIXON: The costs are coming back up. The
prices are coming back up and we've had many, many similar
projects. And let me give you an example.
In January 2010 for a ORG project, a 16-classroom

In January 2010 for a ORG project, a 16-classroom project, it came in at 50 percent of the architect's estimate.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

MR. DIXON: The following year -- it started creeping up then and alls I can say -- and materials haven't been rising and prevailing wage hasn't gone up that much, but I really believe the contractors were just keeping their A teams busy. I think now they're making money again.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I agree, but if you were at 50 percent before, are you over now or are you maybe 80 percent or 75 percent?

MR. DIXON: We're coming pretty close to the estimate now. It's -- that was unusual at 50 percent --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

MR. DIXON: -- below the architect's estimate, but it has come up and we have -- and than you to the Board, we had 24 projects apportioned in December and we're out to bid on all of them right now and we're seeing that again.

So we're -- you know, we're doing our value engineering. We're doing those kind of things, but the price has gone up and we have a \$15 million ORG project

- which would be about \$750,000 if the data is correct and Ibelieve it might be low.
- But what do you -- you know, what do we do -- what do we pull out of our DSA-approved plans at that value.
- 5 That's kind of a dilemma.

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60 percent?

- 6 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal and then 7 Mr. Almanza.
- SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Well, I've asked my question.

 I'm still not clear. I've heard this -- the price is going

 up, but I think Assembly Member Buchanan asked a very clear

 question.
 - If a year or two years ago you were -- you had bids that were coming in at 50 percent of the architect's estimated cost of the overall project and now they're coming up, does that mean that now they're at 75 percent,
 - CHAIRPERSON REYES: Or is the architect better estimating now --
 - SENATOR LOWENTHAL: You were saying that numbers are now such -- or has the architect -- have they come down in their estimates.
- I'm still -- I understand we're moving in that
 direction, just as unemployment is moving in the right
 direction -- the reduction, but at a very slow rate. I just
 need to understand just the scope of the issue -- of the

1 problem itself.

And I hear that we need to change because the estimates and the bids are coming up, but I don't have a feel yet what that really means.

MR. DUFFY: Mr. Chairman, if I could try to maybe answer to a degree the Senator's question and comments.

One of the things, Senator, that we've watched over the last two or three years is the cost of labor and the cost of materials.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Okay.

MR. DUFFY: And we have seen -- and this is under prevailing wage. We have seen slight increases with the cost of labor and continued increases with the cost of materials.

That delta -- the differential in the bids that Mr. Dixon is talking about has to do with the markup the contractors are applying when they bid projects.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.

MR. DUFFY: And so what has happened in this market is that the markups have not been applied. So the standard 15 percent markup that was when I was building schools about 12 years ago and before was being applied, that hasn't happened during the last decade.

When we had that huge acceleration after 2004, markups were way beyond that. So what we see is the

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    practice of contractors, in order to keep the doors open,
    not taking a markup, basically saying we're willing at some
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    times to take losses and we've had contractors tell us that.
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              So it's deceptive -- this -- what's happening in
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    the market is deceptive when it comes to comparing it to the
    CCI.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. I have Mr. Almanza and
    then Mr. Hagman.
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              MR. ALMANZA: Well, that was basically my question
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    is that years ago bids were coming in at 50 percent of
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    architects' estimates and today they're coming in at about
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    100 percent of the estimates, but I would expect the
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    architects' estimates are 50 percent lower.
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              MR. DIXON: They have adjusted certainly. That
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    was an unusual case and that was one case --
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              MR. ALMANZA: Okay.
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              MR. DIXON: -- out of 37 projects.
                                                   But it was
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    just an indicator of what was happening.
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              And when they came in lower and I believe we
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    lowered the CCI amount, we also returned money to the state
21
    program. So we shared savings.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: And I think that's good
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to hear because a lot of times we hear when the school

districts come in under bid is either they basically keep

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    their part of the money and use the state portion or they'll
    come back to us and say well, I could apply for a solar site
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    now or now I want to put a pool in or something like that.
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    So we don't see the benefits when the prices are down.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: They (indiscernible)
    give us money from new construction.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Yeah. Yeah.
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                                                      And but at
    the same time, I think there is a procedure -- and correct
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    me if I'm wrong -- if we -- if they go out and they get a
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    set of approved plans -- OPSC, this is it. They go out and
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    bid it and for some reason the price comes a little bit
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    higher, I thought we were mentioning there was some other
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    way to close that out as well, if they prove that came in --
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    wasn't there some part of that?
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              MR. MIRELES: You know, there's --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Maybe that goes in the
    new system planning sometime in the future here.
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              MR. MIRELES:
                           There's a few exceptions to the full
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    and final to adjust upward. One is for site costs --
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    cleanup costs, relocation costs, but that's -- those are the
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    only two exemptions.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. We have more coming
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    from the public. We have folks standing up.
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MR. DUFFY: And, Mr. Chairman and members, I

1 | didn't introduce myself before. Tom Duffy for CASH.

And just a couple of points that I think were important and what we'd -- with all due respect,

Ms. Buchanan, what we would ask for is Option 4.

The -- what hasn't been discussed today is that in AB127, the bond bill of 2006, there was a provision to allow for a review of construction costs and to have the Board make an adjustment beginning in 2008.

But not to belabor the full history, one adjustment was made in 2008. No adjustment has been made since that time.

When you made the reduction as Mr. Watanabe mentioned that first time ever, that 6.74 reduction, you had before you at the very same meeting a study that was done by OPSC staff. There was an error in that. We suggested a correction. If that error were done and you looked at the data, you would have seen about a 12 percent increase over the period looking backwards which was what that study was to do.

What we suggested at the time was, since you could, by under the law, make an increase of 6 percent, since the CCI went down by 6.7 percent, we said take the 6 percent away and just make an adjustment downward of .74 at that time, so that we can stay as constant as we can with what we believe was really happening the marketplace based

upon the data that was collected by OPSC.

That wasn't done. We have continued to fall behind and I think that the reality of what's going on in the marketplace, as in Senator Lowenthal's question and my response to it, is not fully grasped by the data that's here.

And so I realize that the intent of the recommendation from OPSC is to preserve capital because we're running out of capital. What we'd ask for is to maintain the integrity of the program which really has been lost I think since that freeze of 2008.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: If I could briefly respond.

MR. DUFFY: Yes.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: My understanding is the program has never made retroactive increases except when we made the exception for going back to 2010 because we hadn't had a meeting.

So this recommendation is consistent with how the grant amounts have been handled from year to year.

If I were representing CASH, I'd be arguing the same way you're arguing. But I have a hard time diverting from past history when this is how -- these have been the rules ongoing. The only reason we made exception was that one year is because we didn't have a meeting and we didn't

want penalize those districts.

Further, it would be more compelling to me if estimates you made a couple years ago initially doing this were, you know, that we had skyrocketing inflation, but -- and by the way, we didn't do that evidently when we had inflation skyrocketing. We didn't go back and make the retroactive increases.

And now when we have a period where bids are still competitive -- you know, and I -- everybody I talk to, whether they're in, you know, the commercial, the schools, or just -- you know, they're adding onto their house are getting very competitive, good bids.

So I don't see a compelling reason to go back and deviate from past practice when while -- like I said, underlying costs, some of them, if you're buying wood or cement or whatever are starting to go up.

When it comes to the bid environment and the actual costs the districts have to pay, they are still getting very competitive rates, rates that were better than they were getting before the recession began.

So that's -- you know, you and I just have a fundamental disagreement there, but I think we ought to stick with the past practice. The rules have been in place that we've all been playing by for some time.

Now, you and I have had talks. There's some point

in time maybe we should look at the grant amounts in more depth, but in terms of the adjustment, I think it makes sense to be consistent.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Ms. Oropeza and then Lyle.

MS. OROPEZA: Also I want to point out that the adjustment that was just pointed out, there was a different interpretation in the bond whether really it was supposed to be beyond the two years and, if I was sitting in his chair, I'd say the agreement was for just 2006 and 2008 and it was not contemplated to be every two years, but --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Lyle.

MR. SMOOT: Good afternoon. Lyle Smoot, Los
Angeles Unified School District. And Assembly Member
Buchanan, I'm not sure that's an accurate reflection of the
Board's prior actions and I'll admit I don't know for sure
that -- but I don't think that this Board has historically
denied the adjustment to projects that were sitting on an
unfunded list except for one year when -- you know, in '09
or '10, whatever it was, that there was some other reasons
for not applying them to.

But I'd like to just point out that, you know, what you're talking about here is really you're going to deny this money to districts and cause the district to have to pay it or cut projects like Joe Dixon said because the

cost doesn't go away because you do or don't apply the adjustment to projects that are sitting in line and the argument that, you know, there are projects that are already bid, already constructed, and those projects don't need the money -- the increase, I don't know that that -- I mean there's no data that supports that that I know of that says, you know, because you bid it last year you saved -- you would save money equal to this year.

For LA, at the height of the problem and I'll call that the inflationary years, we were getting a 70-30 program. We were getting 30 percent of the money from the state.

Now it's much better. We're not -- we're still not experiencing 50-50. And so what you're talking about is to continue to deny the district like LA and others a real shot at a 50-50 match.

The concept that -- also the concept that you're going to save on a project that was filed six months versus a project that is filed today even though they're going to bid at exactly the same time, the one that filed later gets more money than the one that filed earlier, that doesn't make a heck of a lot of sense to me.

You know, districts are still experiencing less than a 50-50 match in many, many, many cases, and to deny those districts simply because they're on a list, you know,

even a year ago, just -- I mean there's no factual basis for
making that kind of a decision that says the cost isn't
going to be there.

I think the cost is there. The fact that the CCI is going up is indicative that projects that are going to be bid after today or after January 1st, whatever, are going to have cost increases and that's going to be reflected and somebody's going to have to pay it or else the project's going to have to be, you know, made lesser.

And I really think I'd like to see you make a decision to give that -- apply that to all projects because, like I said, it doesn't make sense that you file tomorrow, you get it, you filed yesterday, you don't get it, even though you're going to both bid the same project, same period of time.

You know that just -- and I really would like the staff to respond to the history.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, no. These are public comment, not a dialogue time, so --

MR. SMOOT: I'm sorry?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: This is public comment. This is your ability -- your time to present your issue and not a -- you know, we're not going to go and dialogue back and forth --

MR. SMOOT: I'm just asking a question do the

- statistics back up that the Board has not provided this CCIin the past.
- CHAIRPERSON REYES: Oh, okay. I thought you were going to ask Mr. --
 - MR. SMOOT: That's all. I wasn't asking them to respond to any of my statements other than that one and that was not my statement.
- 8 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Well, that's a question 9 I would like answered.
- 10 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. That's definitely a

 11 good -- I mean that's a valid question. That's a valid

 12 question. Do we have anything on that, staff? Probably not

 13 right now?
- MS. SILVERMAN: Probably not right now.
- 15 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Richard.

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- MR. LYON: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, members.Richard Lyon, California Building Industry Association.
 - We would recommend the Board adopt Option 1 and apply the increased block grant amount on a going-forward basis to projects that come in as of January of this year and are put on the unfunded list.
 - If you apply backwards, you're going to have to do it across the board, not just to '11 but to '10 and to '09, and as the staff has indicated, that is going to reduce overall bonding capacity and more specifically it's going to

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    reduce new construction authority that is at a precipitously
    low level today.
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              So we recommend the Board be consistent with its
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    past practice and apply this on a going-forward basis.
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    Thank you.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. There was a
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    motion and a second. Is there any additional comments from
    folks on this?
 8
              But, Ms. Brownley -- and I think it's accurate in
 9
10
    requesting that we have this information, so we should have
11
    this available to us when we have this, so if you could get
12
    that to us before the next hearing so we have a sense,
13
    appreciate that.
              MS. OROPEZA: So we (indiscernible)?
14
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. It's been moved and
16
    second at this point and then it's up to the Board.
              MS. OROPEZA: Yeah. So we're going to vote. Okay.
17
18
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. So any additional
19
    comments? Ouestions? Call the roll.
20
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
21
              Hancock.
              MS. HANCOCK: Aye.
22
23
              MS. JONES: Brownley.
24
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY:
                                         Not voting.
25
              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
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1
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
 2
 3
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Almanza.
 5
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
 6
              MS. JONES: Oropeza.
 7
              Reyes.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
 8
 9
              MS. JONES: It does not pass.
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So is there a substitute
11
    motion? Do we -- can we not take action on this pending the
    answer to Ms. Brownley's question?
12
13
              MS. SILVERMAN: Yes, we can hold it over.
14
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Would that be acceptable?
15
    Okay.
16
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: We'd like some data.
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. So we'd like some data
18
    on that. Okay. So there's no action on this item.
19
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              Tab 15.
20
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Before we go to the
21
    reports, are there items that are still open, Ms. Jones?
22
              MS. JONES: Yes.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Please.
24
              MS. JONES: Yes. Senator Lowenthal, you wanted to
25
    have your vote counted for Consent Agenda, Centinela Valley
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1
    Union High, which is Tab No. 7, and 11 which is the SFP
    regulatory amendments.
 2
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal.
 3
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yes. Aye.
 5
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: And I would like to add
 6
    on too.
 7
              MS. JONES: And I'm sorry. And you too, Assembly
    Member Brownley.
 8
 9
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Yes.
                                               Thank you.
10
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Aye.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. And then we also had
11
12
    Needles still open. You want to call the -- finish the roll
13
    again, please.
14
              MS. JONES: Needles was not open.
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It was. We were requested
16
    that it be kept open.
17
              MS. JONES: Well, I show everybody having a vote
18
    because it did not pass.
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: But Ms. Fuller asked that we
20
    do a reconsideration, so I said we'd keep it open.
21
              MS. JONES: Okay. Very good.
22
              Senator Lowenthal.
23
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: This is Needles again.
24
              MS. JONES: Needles.
25
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: How about Needles.
                                                      I voted
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1
    aye before on Needles, I believe. I'm going to continue to
    vote aye on Needles.
 2
 3
              MS. JONES: Okay. Hancock.
              Brownley.
 5
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Not voting.
              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
 6
 7
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
 8
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye again.
 9
10
              MS. JONES: Almanza.
11
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
12
              MS. JONES: Moore. I'm sorry. Oropeza.
13
              MS. OROPEZA: Aye.
14
              MS. JONES: Reyes.
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No.
16
              MS. JONES: And it still does not pass.
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you.
18
              MS. JONES: You're welcome.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Now the informational
19
20
    items.
              MS. SILVERMAN: 15. Tab 15.
21
22
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
23
              MS. SILVERMAN: Assembly Member Buchanan on new
24
    construction.
25
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: We've met twice.
                                                            In
```

between our first meeting and taking a look at considerable information in terms of where we are with respect to funding, what our burn rate is, when we expect to run out of money, what potentially will happen if we take the -- if the COS money converts, heard testimony in terms of where we are in construction industry, new housing starts and all of that.

In between our first meeting and our second meeting, we received the Governor's budget which actually I think shows his clear intent to find a way to hopefully extend the New Construction Program and avoid Level III developer fees.

But we're still in discussion phases trying to find consensus among all four of us. I think we all are in agreement that we want to avoid the Level III fees. Where we're trying to find consensus is what we believe is the best way to do that that will both provide the best program we can and put us in the best position possible to pass the bond at the time we are able to put it on the ballot.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So we had another meeting scheduled for next -- February 6th, but we're going to now reschedule that but hopefully be able to have something to bring back to you because I think it would be -- obviously the Governor will provide trailer bill

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1
    language, but I think it'd be nice to have this Committee in
    our capacity be able to have some kind of consensus on the
 2
    direction we go.
 3
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you for the update.
 5
    Ms. Brownley.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY:
                                          Yeah.
                                                 Well, thank you
 6
    for your comments and the work on the Subcommittee. I think
 7
    I just -- I'm not sure exactly, you know, what the goal of
 8
    the Subcommittee is, is what you're going to be making a
 9
10
    recommendation of some sort or --
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Yep.
11
12
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yep.
13
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: And a recommendation
14
    to --
15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, we're going to --
16
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: -- the Legislature
17
    or --
18
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: To this body, to the
    State Allocation Board.
19
20
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Because I think that
21
    this is obviously, you know, the Governor's budget proposal
22
    is a starting point and these issues are going to be
23
    discussed in budget subcommittees as well as I understand
24
    policy committees as well.
25
              So I'm not sure if it's -- this venue where -- I
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mean obviously we don't get to decide. But I presume if
there's a recommendation, it's a recommendation to the
Legislature.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: That's exactly what it would be --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: It would require legislative action.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I mean there are some actions we can take I think administratively. There are other actions that would require legislative action, but my own feeling is this Board should be -- you know, has most of the knowledge in terms of the program and where we are and we listen to constituents and I think it would be -- if we could come up with a consensus, bipartisan recommendation, I think that would be helpful and --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Well, it would be a recommendation from the Subcommittee to come to this Board for further discussion.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then the Board would then take a full action and see where we.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BROWNLEY: Okay. Well, you know, I just want to make I think, you know, one comment here and that is that I think we can find a win-win solution in here and I think, you know, in terms of the developers, I mean

there are other avenues other than what the -- you know, the Governor is suggesting or, you know, trying to stretch this out for as long as we possibly can and it's a concern for me to -- I'm not saying that I don't want to look after the developers, but to look after the developers and to hurt schools and that doesn't seem like it's a win-win to me.

And so I guess, you know, I want to still, with the assumption that the Governor's budget proposal is a starting point, it's clear that there were two bills moving through the Legislature relative to bonds that aren't vehicles anymore.

But I think it's really important to continue to advocate for more bond funding in the state and I don't want to take what the Governor's initial suggestions are and sort of let that go because I think at the end of the day, you know, that's a win-win solution and we can look at bond funding relative to bridge funding, a commitment in some sense for maybe not 2012 but for 2014.

I don't know, but I just think that there's a lot more that -- you know, I want to continue to try to kind of keep our eyes on the larger picture here and try to do the right thing.

So I'm not part of the Committee and -- but I -- you know, I just hope that the Committee will kind of keep their options open and not just sort of assume that it's

over relative to the possibility of a bond. I think that, you know, everybody hasn't weighed in yet on that.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I would just comment that -- just kind of putting the cart before the horse here, that it is a subcommittee process taking public input. If we come up with consensus, it'll be brought back to this Board where each and every one of us can comment at that time on that recommendation and decide whether or not we recommend anything to the Legislature or not, which the Legislature can ignore that and accept it as well in this public hearing.

So I think -- we have one more meeting and hopefully by the next Board meeting we will have some kind of conclusions about that -- after several hours we sat in that thing so far, we'll come up with some kind of consensus.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And I would just add,
Assembly Member Brownley, I voted for your bond and if you
recall, spoke in favor of it because I do think it's
critically important that we keep it in front of the people
and they understand the need and so I think, you know, I'm
looking forward to the continued discussions in the
Subcommittee and I'm looking forward to the full discussion
we're going to have here as a Board because my long-term

goal is that we keep this program going.

I think it's the best program we've had for school construction, you know, and it's allowed us to build many new classrooms, rehabilitate many old schools, and it would be great if we could have a bond this year. If we can't though, I think we have to be prepared to put ourselves in the best position we can to make sure that we're in the best position to pass a bond at the time we are able to put it on the ballot.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tom.

MR. DUFFY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members. Not to prolong the meeting, but just wanted to comment, I appreciate the opportunity to have this Subcommittee so we can have the discussions, but I very much appreciated your comments, Ms. Brownley.

We had a CASH membership meeting today and there was a very strong feeling that we need to continue to press forward for a bond and that a bond for schools creates jobs which is an engine for this economy and that schools, as we've said over and over again in written form and verbal form, that school construction projects, as all of you know, have -- give the opportunity for jobs now and not something future such as high speed rail or something else.

And so I appreciate your leadership and we appreciate your leadership, Ms. Brownley, on this and I

don't know what that vehicle will be, but our intent is to continue to press forward for this and to make sure that the Governor and others in this building know of our intent and our need. And so we'll look forward to further discussion with the Subcommittee when that occurs.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Okay. Senator Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: This may be an appropriate place to do it. I believe this is the last item we actually have to do anything else on the agenda, the information, but it is connected with spending money on schools.

I'm wondering if we can have an agenda item at our next meeting regarding something I brought up a number of months ago which is moving funds from the Lease Purchase Program which has about \$12 million in it to the joint use account.

The Lease Purchase Program no longer exists. We have a number of ready-to-go projects in joint use and we might be able to put people to work -- do good things for schools and communities.

We have asked for Leg. Counsel opinion. That should be available soon and we'd share it with staff.

MS. SILVERMAN: Staff is currently working on something in that area and it's pursuing legal clarification

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    on whether or not we have the parameters to access the
    funds. So it's an Attorney General office issue.
 2
    hopefully we should have that rectified within the next --
 3
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And I think in the past that
 5
    money has been swept into the general fund.
              MS. SILVERMAN: It's been swept into joint use for
 6
 7
    joint use purposes.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
 8
                              So it would be up to the Board for
 9
              MS. SILVERMAN:
10
    full dialogue when that money becomes available where they
11
    want to allocate to what programs.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Okay. So, yeah, we
13
    can -- if we can get the legal opinion. So as soon as we
14
    have legal opinion, if we can put it in an agenda item.
15
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                               I definitely share with you --
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you.
17
              SENATOR HANCOCK:
                                 Thank you.
18
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              Tab 16.
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
20
              MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah, in the interest of time,
21
    just want to share with the Board the highlights of
22
    accomplishments that we've embarked on this year in 2011.
23
              For the most part, there is a diagram on page 153.
24
    Most of our accomplishments, as you can see, relate to
25
    providing the consent agenda in action for providing
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apportionments.

So conclusively we do provide over 132 projects this year -- or last year in 2011 the cash and/or unfunded approvals and put that into retrospect about some of the appeals that we handle. It's less than -- excuse me -- 99.95 percent of the items that we handle -- this Board handles is via consent, and so a very small fraction, .05 percent, is handled in the manner of appeals.

So we wanted to highlight that and then in general there are 26 appeals that did come forward in this Board and 13 of those appeals did get resolved administratively. So those the things that behind the scenes the Board doesn't have that knowledge, but we wanted to highlight that for you.

Charts A, B, and C for future purposes give you the drawdowns of unfunded approval via the state and cash that's been awarded for 2011. And we have a breakdown of that and I think we've also gave the courtesy of the breakdown for your legislative districts as well.

Tab 17, if we're moving on, is the 90-day workload. And so if there are any questions related to the workload and what's on the appeals docket, we'd be more than happy to answer those questions.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SILVERMAN: Seeing none, 18 is our meeting

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. Any public comment on any of the items, the public can have your chance to speak up.

With that, we're adjourned. Thank you everybody.

(Whereupon, at 6:12 p.m. the proceedings were recessed.)

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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)) ss.
4	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)
5	
6	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court
7	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American
8	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.
9	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:
LO	That the proceedings herein of the California State
11	Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported and
L2	transcribed by me;
L3	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of
L4	the proceedings as recorded;
L 5	That I am a disinterested person to said action.
L6	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on
L7	February 7, 2012.
L8	
L 9	
20	Mary C. Clark
21	AAERT CERT*D-214 Certified Electronic Court
22	Reporter and Transcriber
23	
24	
25	

ATTACHMENT C1

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, February 22, 2012

OPTIONS FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE 2012 GRANT AMOUNTS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide information regarding the history of unfunded lists under the School Facility Program (SFP), allowing the State Allocation Board (Board) to consider options for the execution of the 2012 annual grant adjustments to SFP project approvals.

DESCRIPTION

At its January 2012 meeting, an item was presented that provided options for the execution of the 2012 grant amounts and whether to apply the adjustment to projects on the unfunded approvals list. The Board requested Staff return with further information outlining the previous decisions made regarding adjustments to unfunded approvals. This item presents the history of Board decisions.

AUTHORITY

Education Code (EC) Section 17070.63 (a) states: "The total funding provided under this chapter shall constitute the State's full and final contribution to the project and for eligibility for state facilities funding represented by the number of unhoused pupils for which the school district is receiving the state grant. As a condition of receipt of funds, a school district shall certify that the grant amount, combined with local funds, shall be sufficient to complete the school construction project for which the grant is intended."

For New Construction grant, EC Section 17072.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the perunhoused-pupil apportionment to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the Board."

For Modernization funding, EC Section 17074.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 defines "Class B Construction Cost Index [(CCI)]" as a "construction factor index for structures made of reinforced concrete or steel frames, concrete floors, and roofs, and accepted and used by the Board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 states, "The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.78 states, "The modernization per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17074.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

BACKGROUND

At its January 2012 meeting, the Board approved the Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities CCI adjustment for 2012 grant amounts, which will be applied to all projects awarded unfunded approvals in 2012. At the same meeting, Staff presented an action item (Attachment A) providing options for the execution of the annual grant adjustments to SFP unfunded approvals. This item provided the Board options for how to apply the 2012 grant amounts to unfunded approvals currently on the unfunded list with 2009, 2010, and 2011 approval dates. In considering the item, the Board requested that Staff provide a detailed history of prior Board actions made in similar circumstances.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

The Board has maintained an unfunded list in the past during periods when bond authority and/or cash proceeds have been exhausted. There have been five separate occasions when an unfunded list was required.

Lack of Proposition 1A Modernization Cash (5-26-99 through 7-5-2000)

The Kindergarten-University Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 1998 (Proposition 1A) was designed in such a way that while bond authority was available at all times, the cash to support the authority was made available separately: \$3.35 billion was available at the inception of the SFP and \$3.35 billion was made available on or after July 1, 2000. At the May 26, 1999 meeting ample bond authority remained, but the cash for modernization had been exhausted. In response, the Board established an unfunded list for modernization projects. The second infusion of Proposition 1A cash allowed the Board to apportion all of these projects at the July 5, 2000 meeting. A grant adjustment for the 2000 CCI increase was applied to these projects.

Exhaustion of Proposition 1A Modernization Authority (9-27-00 through 11-6-02) Exhaustion of Proposition 1A New Construction Authority (1-3-01 through 11-6-02)

In September 2000, the Board established an unfunded list for SFP modernization projects due to the exhaustion of bond authority. A separate unfunded list for SFP new construction projects was established at the January 3, 2001 meeting, due to the exhaustion of Hardship bond authority. Following the passage of the Kindergarten-University Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2002 (Proposition 47) bond authority was established. All modernization and new construction unfunded approvals were given an apportionment at the December 18, 2002 meeting. A grant adjustment for the 2002 CCI increase was applied to these projects.

Exhaustion of Proposition 55 Modernization Authority (4-26-06 through 12-6-06)

In April 2006, the Board established an unfunded list for SFP modernization projects when the bond authority was exhausted. Following the passage of the Kindergarten-University Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2006 (Proposition 1D) bond authority was established. At its January 2007 meeting, the Board apportioned all modernization projects on the unfunded list and all projects were increased to the 2007 CCI grant amount.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

Lack of Ability to Access Assembly Bill (AB) 55 Loans (1-28-09 through present)

Due to the State's inability to provide interim financing from the Pooled Money Investment Account in the form of AB 55 loans to fund school construction projects as of December 18, 2008 in spite of the availability of bond authority, a new unfunded list for all projects was established at the January 28, 2009 meeting. These projects were calculated using the 2009 CCI amounts and some of these remain on the unfunded list today.

Since the 2010 CCI was the first decrease in the history of the SFP, the Board elected at its January 2010 meeting to only apply the adjusted grant amounts to a project awarded an unfunded approval on or after March 2010. Additionally, the Board expressed a desire to adjust those projects in the future should the grant amounts increase in 2011. When the CCI increased in 2011, the Board elected to apply the 2011 grant amounts to all projects originally awarded 2010 amounts.

The following chart summarizes the history of SFP unfunded lists, including a breakout of those projects currently on the unfunded list:

Unfunded List Creation Date	Date Range on Unfunded List	Reason for Unfunded List	Apportionment Date	Adjustment Given Retroactively for CCI Changes?
5/26/1999	5/26/1999 - 5/24/2000	Lack of Cash (Modernization)	7/5/2000	Yes
9/27/2000	9/27/2000 - 11/6/2002	Lack of Authority (Modernization)	12/18/2002	Yes
1/3/2001	1/3/2001 - 11/6/2002	Lack of Authority (New Construction)	12/18/2002	Yes
4/26/2006	4/26/2006 - 12/6/2006	Lack of Authority (Modernization)	1/24/2007	Yes
1/28/09 (2009 Grant Projects)	8/26/2009 - 1/27/10	Lack of Cash*	TBD	No
1/28/09 (2010 Grant Projects)	4/28/10 - 12/15/10	Lack of Cash*	TBD	Yes
1/28/09 (2011 Grant Projects)	1/26/11 - 12/14/11	Lack of Cash*	TBD	TBD

^{*} Caused by the inability of the Board to access AB 55 loans

An unfunded list has been used at various times by the Board when insufficient bond authority or cash is available to award apportionments. CCI adjustments have generally been applied when there is either ample bond authority available or a large influx of additional bonding authority has become available to augment projects on the unfunded list. However, there has not been a precedent for instances such as the current unfunded approvals list, for which there is both a lack of cash and diminishing bond authority remaining with no anticipated influx of additional authority in the near future.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

The table below shows the impact of applying the 2012 grant increase to unfunded approvals awarded prior to 2012:

Unfunded Approval Date	Current Grant Amount	Number of Projects	Current Value of Unfunded Approvals	Estimated Impact if 2012 Grant Amount is Applied
January 2009 through February 2010	2009	13	\$33,500,906	\$304,858 Increase
March 2010 through December 2010	2011	114	\$211,104,476	\$7,937,528 Increase
January 2011 through December 2011	2011	323	\$947,301,470	\$35,726,393 Increase

Options

Staff presents the following options for the Board to consider for execution of the 2012 SFP grant amounts:

OPTION 1 – Take no action and provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the unfunded list prior to January 2012.

Pro: Requires no additional bond authority.

Con: Does not allow for an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

OPTION 2 – Provide an increase for all projects that received unfunded approvals in 2011.

This would not include the 2010 unfunded approvals that were adjusted for the 2011 CCI.

Pro:

This allows 2011 unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires the use of up to \$35,726,393 in additional scarce bond authority
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.

OPTION 3 – Provide an increase for all projects with 2010 and 2011 unfunded approvals.

This option would provide an increase for all projects on the unfunded list that received either the 2010 or 2011 grant amounts. This would be a second increase for the projects originally awarded in 2010.

Pro:

This allows 2010 and 2011 unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires the use of up to \$43,663,921 in additional scarce bond authority.
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

OPTION 4 – Provide increases for all projects on the unfunded approvals list.

This option would provide an increase for all projects on the unfunded list, including those from 2009 and 2010. This would also provide a second increase for the projects originally awarded in 2010.

Pro:

This allows all unfunded approvals to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the construction cost index.

Cons:

- Requires up to \$43,968,779 in remaining bond authority.
- Likely provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.
- Likely provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.

Given the current limited bond authority within the SFP, and in order to ensure that the remaining bond authority have the greatest impact by being applied to the most projects, it may be preferable to not provide any CCI adjustments for projects currently on the unfunded list with approval dates prior to 2012.

RECOMMENDATION

Apply the 2012 grant amounts only to projects added to the unfunded list on or after the January 2012 meeting, which would require no action from the Board at this time, as described in Option 1.

BOARD ACTION

In considering this Item, a motion was made, and failed, to approve Option #1, which would be to take no action and provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the Unfunded List prior to January 2012. A second motion was made, and failed, to approve Option #5, which would adjust the apportionments with the 2012 CCI increase and provide authority (it would essentially set aside \$44 million and then the actual expense would depend on what actually came in).

ATTACHMENT C2

1	
	CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD
2	PUBLIC MEETING
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4	
5	
6	
7	STATE CAPITOL ROOM 447
8	SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814
9	
10	
11	DATE: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 2012
12	TIME: 4:03 P.M.
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	Reported By: Mary Clark Transcribing
20	4919 H Parkway Sacramento, CA 95823-3413
21	(916) 428-6439 marycclark13@comcast.net
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	APPEARANCES				
2	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT:				
3	PEDRO REYES, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, designated				
4	representative for Ana Matosantos, Director, Department of Finance				
5	ESTEBAN ALMANZA, Chief Deputy Director, Department of Genera Services, designated representative for Fred Klass,				
6	Director, Department of General Services				
7 8	KATHLEEN MOORE, Director, School Facilities Planning Division, California Department of Education, designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public				
9	Instruction.				
LO	SENATOR ALAN LOWENTHAL				
11	SENATOR LONI HANCOCK				
12	SENATOR MARK WYLAND				
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER RICARDO LARA				
	ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOAN BUCHANAN				
L4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER CURT HAGMAN				
15	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT:				
L6 L7	LISA SILVERMAN, Acting Executive Officer				
L 7 L 8	BILL SAVIDGE, Assistant Executive Officer				
L9	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT:				
20	HENRY NANJO, Staff Counsel				
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: I see the newest member of the 3 group, Senator Wyland. Welcome back, sir. You've been with 4 5 us before and how you're back and your presence --SENATOR WYLAND: In sort of a sort. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: You give us our quorum I believe. Ms. Jones, if you'd take the roll call, please. 8 MS. JONES: Sure will. Senator Lowenthal. 9 10 Senator Hancock. 11 Senator Wyland. 12 SENATOR WYLAND: Here. 13 MS. JONES: Assembly Member Lara. Assembly Member Buchanan. 14 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Here. 16 MS. JONES: Assembly Member Hagman. ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: 17 Here. 18 MS. JONES: Esteban Almanza. MR. ALMANZA: Here. 19 20 MS. JONES: Kathleen Moore. MS. MOORE: Here. 21 22 MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Present. 24 MS. JONES: We have a quorum.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. And as you

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announced, Assembly Member Lara will be joining us for the day. Assembly Member Brownley could not join us, so we expect Mr. Lara to be showing up shortly.

We have a quorum. Minutes.

MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. The Minutes are ready for your approval.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Is there a motion?

MR. ALMANZA: So move.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Second.

10 CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved and second.

11 Any comments on the Minutes? Hearing none, take the roll.

All in favor say aye.

13 (Ayes)

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14 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Abstentions? Ayes
15 have it. Thank you.

MS. SILVERMAN: The **Executive Officer's Statement** on Tab 3, we have a few items we want to share with you tonight -- four items in particular.

We wanted to give the Board an update on the priority certification round that we just wrapped up and as a result, we actually have 250 projects that submitted for the certification for 117 school districts, and that represents \$768 million in request of unfunded approvals.

And that's just shy of over 50 percent of the projects on the unfunded list. We still have about \$1.4 billion in

request.

And so the certification rounds -- the certification actually is valid until July 10th and so if any cash comes into the program, we can actually provide apportionments.

And with that, we also wanted to give the Board an update that we had money from the last priority in funding round, 11 and a half million dollars, that we still needed to allocate, but we had money in different pots, so we couldn't really reach a lot of different projects and we actually had money from the time limit on fund releases, those projects that suspended in December -- in October and they were taken action December. We have \$60 million in play. So again the goal is to bring in March those projects for apportionment based on the certifications we have.

We actually held a solar hearing a few months ago and we wanted to give the Board an update that we're still working with the entities involved, the California Energy Commission and the Division of State Architect and some of the outside vendors, to try to create a comprehensive webpage in which we can lead and direct folks to the various sources of program funding for those various solar initiatives.

So again we're still working on those -- that particular project and we'll provide some more outreach

events in the future. So we'll be reporting back with some more progress reports.

And as far as the Joint-Use Program, in regulations it actually does specify that the program has funding rounds -- excuse me -- application rounds and they come in in March and at this time, we're not recommending accepting any projects since we don't have any authority in the program or very limited authority. We only have \$600,000. And we still have projects in abeyance that we still need to talk about.

So again we don't recommend at this point in time to bring projects forward.

And our last item we wanted to share is the administration costs. There is an item posted on status of funds last month that reflected a posting of the admin costs and actually was a posting for four years, what we call the contra-adjustment.

So originally the program charges was posted to the Modernization Program and it was reverted back to the Overcrowded Relief Program.

So with that, that results in \$73.2 million being posted commensurately with -- between the two funds. So you actually showed an increase in the Modernization Program and a decrease in the Overcrowded Relief Program.

And so beginning -- historically -- from

historical standpoint, back in 2002 to 2005 -- excuse me -- 2005-'06, we actually did post the admin costs to new construction, but prospectively beginning in 2006-'07 budget year, those charges have been posted to the modernization account.

So staff was reviewing the program funds over the summer and was trying to determine which program was the least active and how much funds that we did have available, so we actually posted those adjustments accordingly.

So with that, I'll open up to any questions.

MS. MOORE: I just have a --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Sure.

MS. MOORE: I just have a comment in the review of how we do post the administrative costs, if it's ever considered to apportion those costs commensurate the amount of funds in each of the programs so across the program at the level that their proportionate share of the running of the program is. Have we ever looked at that?

MS. SILVERMAN: We have never approached it in that fact. If you do a pro-ration prospectively, I mean there would be different allocations and again it's something that we haven't approached, but I think there is flexibility in the language in the Budget Act that applies to the program. It gives you the authorization to charge the account but not really specify to what program. So

1 there is flexibility there, but the Board's never approached that. 2 MS. MOORE: Thank you. 3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. Before we 5 get any further into the agenda, it's my understanding the Santee appeal has been pulled and what are the potential 6 7 ramifications of that pull? It has been pulled. It's been approved. But I just want to go on record that does put the 8 9 program or the appeal in jeopardy. Please explain. 10 MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah. Well, I quess there's a 11 little delicate issue there. We do have a project that had 12 a 90-day certification and they must submit that 13 certification by March 14th and the concern is there is 14 somewhat of a gamble because the regulation's very 15 prescriptive and should the certification expire, then the 16 project basically goes on the bottom of the unfunded list. **17** CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 18 MS. SILVERMAN: So that's specified in 19 regulations. 20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. The request came in 21 today, so I just wanted people to be aware of that. Okay. 22 Thank you. 23 And then the other item that was pulled was the --24 MS. SILVERMAN: Transfer item.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- transfer item, action item,

25

1 options for transferring the Lease Purchase --2 MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 11. CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- Tab 11. Just want to go on 3 4 record that that has also been pulled in case you're here 5 for those items. Thank you. 6 Okay. Any comment? Yes. 7 MR. PHILLIPS: Thank you. I'm George Phillips. work for the Alameda Boys and Girls Club and this is Robbie 8 9 Lyng who is the facilities manager for the Alameda Unified 10 School District. 11 I know you pulled the item and I appreciate that, 12 but as long as I was here, we wanted to take the opportunity 13 to reinforce how important we think the commitment to 14 Joint-Use Program funding is. 15 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Let me interrupt you 16 for a second. **17** MR. PHILLIPS: Certainly. 18 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Because the item has been 19 pulled, there's no item to speak to, but there is an open 20 public comment, so we're taking your testimony right now 21 under the public comment. 22 MR. PHILLIPS: Thank you. I appreciate that. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Just to be clear. Because the 24 item doesn't exist right now.

MR. PHILLIPS:

That's fine. As I said, we feel --

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CHAIRPERSON REYES: And one more interruption, we welcome Assembly Member Lara to his first meeting with the State Allocation Board. So go ahead, sir.

MR. PHILLIPS: Joint-Use we feel is an incredibly important way for limited public dollars to be stretched. It think Robbie will attest to the fact that our project in Alameda which is on the approved but unfunded list is a model for that and while I didn't come here to get into detail about that project, I will tell you that the school district is already using the facility for a number of things.

And what makes it unique and I think it's the future of what we'll all be facing in this State is the fact that this project is 80 percent funded by private means as opposed to what I understand is usually 50-50 or even the other way around.

That's how important the school district and the citizens of Alameda felt about providing this facility. The facility's built in an end of town that had no infrastructure previously and it's looming to be a great, great success.

I know you'll be dealing with the difficult problem of finding money. That's always a challenge in this economy and we would appreciate it as you look that you think about joint-use funding as a priority.

Robbie, do you have anything?

MR. LYNG: Yeah. I just want to represent Alameda Unified School District, that it is a big asset for Alameda Unified School District to do a joint-use with the Boys and Girls Club and the board, the superintendent is behind it. We have sent some letters to some people and they -- we are a hundred percent behind it and for the community and the area where it is, it's good for the community and the school district.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Well, be assured that you have a very strong advocate in Senator Hancock and she's been pushing for this issue. At this point, we've asked staff to continue to work with the Treasurer's office and the Attorney General's office to look for ways of doing this and any other remedies that can be found. But she has been pursuing this issue on your behalf. Thank you.

MR. PHILLIPS: Thank you. I appreciate your diligence and I certainly appreciate OPSC's diligence in getting us through this project. It's been -- I've been here before --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MR. PHILLIPS: -- and I'll probably be here again and so will Robbie, but thank you for your diligence.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MR. PHILLIPS: I appreciate it.

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              MR. LYNG: Thank you.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. With that, Tab 4, the
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 3
    Consent.
              MS. SILVERMAN: Consent.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Is there a motion on Consent?
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 7
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So moved.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Second.
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 9
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Moved and second.
10
    objections? Any comments? Public comments? Hearing none,
11
    all in favor say aye.
12
         (Ayes)
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Abstentions?
                                                          None.
14
    Thank you.
15
              We now move to Appeals.
16
              MS. SILVERMAN: You want us to go to financial --
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Status of Fund Releases.
18
    sorry. Tab 5.
19
              MS. SILVERMAN: Okay. Yeah. Tab 5. Really
20
    quickly. If I can draw your attention to Tab 5, page 72.
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              This is a summary of the funds we have disbursed
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    during the calendar month of January. And so we actually
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    did have a big run on the money, the cash that was made
24
    available in December. That's $431 million that was
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    released.
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\$426 million relates to the priority in funding round. So again we've been having a high draw on the disbursements and we actually posted about another hundred million in the last few weeks. So it's been very productive over the last few weeks.

And we also have highlighted also some of the other financial information. There is a report that we generally share with you as far as the timelines.

Tab [sic] 74, I think we've been watching and looking forward with targets that are set to expire.

There's a summary of that on page 74. So in February, even though it does denote that we had one project that's set to expire for 21 million, they actually did come in about last week to access their funds. So again moving forward, there won't be money in that particular pot from rescissions.

And then the large spike you see in March represents the priority in funding. That's still outstanding. So there's 146 projects for \$390 million.

And again we've had about \$100 million drawdown since the last few weeks, but again encourage those folks that have outstanding priority in funding apportionments to come in by March -- to come in for their cash.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MS. SILVERMAN: And Tab 6 --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Before we go there, any public comment on Tab 5? Seeing none, please proceed.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 6 is our summary of the projects that you actually did approve in the **Consent Agenda**.

In summary we actually posted in the new construction category. That's Tab 6, page 75, and it was a long sheet there. In that peach color area, we actually did process one new construction project for 700,000. We have 18 modernization applications that we processed for \$2.6 million and there was a small project -- or three projects that really technically haven't posted just yet.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Are you on page 75?

MS. SILVERMAN: 75 on Status of Funds.

Page 6. [sic]. So it's about \$30,000 that really -- it's small enough it didn't post, but we'll post it next month once we accumulate additional projects for high performance. So three projects for \$30,000 posted in Proposition 1D.

In the middle category is Proposition 55. \$10 billion was the original initiative. So this month, we processed 14 applications for 11.3 million. In total out of the three propositions, 1D, 55, and 47, we have 36 projects that were brought forward for \$2.6 million.

And that's financials.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Any comments,

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    questions coming from public? Seeing none, move on.
                               Tab 7.
              MS. SILVERMAN:
 2
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Tab 7.
                                           Tab 7 is the first
 3
    appeal item with the Sequoia Elementary School and this is a
 4
 5
    unique one in that it is a K-8 and this is neither fish nor
 6
           It could go under one way and it costs us money or
 7
    this way and it's denied or it doesn't meet the category and
 8
    I would suggest that we support the appeal but ask staff to
 9
    go and amend the regulations to address cases like this, the
10
    K-8 or the unique case that is before us.
11
              The current regulations don't seem to address what
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    to do with cases like this, but I think it's a legitimate
13
    issue, but I don't want to use it as precedent setting. I'd
14
    rather have the regulations be clear on this.
15
              So with that, I just open it up for discussion.
16
    Ms. Moore, you have a question?
17
                          I just wanted to indicate that we
              MS. MOORE:
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    would like to be involved in the development of that
19
    regulation because it has an educational impact and I don't
20
    know if we would want to ask the Implementation Committee --
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah.
                                         This -- I wanted to
22
    send this to the Implementation Committee --
23
              MS. MOORE: Okay. And we have amended those, so
    that's --
24
25
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- specifically. So -- yes.
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              MS. MOORE: So that's fine and I'm prepared to
    move the alternative option of classifying the gym and
 2
    multipurpose as independent entities and fund the project.
 3
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So the alternative motion is
 5
    to class it for purposes of this or moving forward?
              MS. MOORE: For purposes of this --
 6
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: For this only; okay.
 7
              MS. MOORE: -- this project only.
 8
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Perfect.
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10
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: So we're supporting this
11
    appeal.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes. Essentially supporting
13
    the appeal. All right.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So -- but we're funding
14
15
    it at how many grants? I don't know why I'm having a hard
16
    time finding this here.
              MR. MIRELES: It'll be a total of 174 pupil grants
17
18
    for State share of $4.2 million.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. So I'm just
19
20
    curious we're funding that then as a gym?
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              MS. MOORE: We're funding it as a hybrid. It's a
22
    multipurpose and a gym and --
23
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Because if you fund it
24
    as a hybrid, their multi-use room --
25
              MS. MOORE: Well, just tell me --
```

1 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- qualify --MS. MOORE: Just tell me this. The option to how 2 3 the Board could approve it indicates to classify the gymnasium and multipurpose room as an independent entity and 5 that's what I did based upon what staff is asking -- is saying what can be done. If it needs to be done 6 differently, let me know. 7 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I'm just trying to 8 clarify because when I read the documentation, it was clear 9 10 that they have a multi-use room, whether it's elementary or 11 middle school, that meets the minimum essential facilities 12 requirement; right? It was -- I believe if I recall is 13 115 percent of the square footage for elementary, 14 85 percent, so it was within that range. 15 So what we're really doing is approving this as a 16 separate gymnasium for the school; is that correct? 17 MR. MIRELES: That's --18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I just want to clarify 19 that. 20 MR. MIRELES: That's correct, Assembly Member. 21 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Because my 22 understanding is that the Department of Education said it 23 was a multi-use room/gym, but they already have the 24 multi-use. So we're not funding that. We're approving a 25 gymnasium.

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1
              Now, if -- you're attaching a gymnasium to another
    building, but I want that to be clear because we don't want
 2
 3
    to come back and expand it and fund this as a multi-use
    expansion and then have them come back for the gym later on.
 5
    This is a gym that we're funding.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Correct.
 6
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Correct.
 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And also we're recognizing the
 8
    uniqueness of this and we're asking staff to go and look --
 9
10
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                          Right.
11
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- so that we don't find
12
    ourselves in the situation --
13
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, it's really not
14
    unique if you're funding it as a gym; right? It would be
15
    unique if we were funding the expansion of a multi-use room.
16
    Am I --
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Juan.
18
              MR. MIRELES: They don't have an existing gym.
19
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Right.
20
              MR. MIRELES: So under the criteria, they qualify,
21
    but because it's not a separate facility --
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.
23
              MR. MIRELES: -- the regulations don't address the
24
    expansion or --
25
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: The fact that you can
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1
    attach a gym to an existing --
              MR. MIRELES: Correct.
 2
 3
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- facility. Okay.
                                                              So
 4
    that's what we're clarifying. That's all --
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I'm satisfied with
 6
 7
    that. I just wanted to be sure we were clarifying how we
    were doing it.
 8
 9
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. So it's been moved
10
    by Ms. Moore.
                   Is there a second?
11
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Second.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved and second.
13
    All in favor say aye.
14
         (Ayes)
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Abstentions? Ayes
16
    have it. Thank you. Item 8 has been pulled. On to action
17
    items. Tab 9. And Ms. -- go ahead.
18
              MS. SILVERMAN: The New Construction Subcommittee
19
    report.
20
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. I was hoping --
21
    I don't know if we want to wait till Senator Hancock gets
22
    here so we can all discuss it or if you want me to go
23
    forward, so --
24
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Go ahead and move forward
25
    because I'm going to lose Senator Wyland.
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1 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. CHAIRPERSON REYES: So we can move forward. 2 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Which one is this? 3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 8. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Tab 9. MS. SILVERMAN: 9. 6 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: 7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 9, the New Construction 8 9 Subcommittee report. 10 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So the New Construction 11 Subcommittee met on three different occasions, had rather 12 lengthy meetings and discussions. Ms. Moore attended the 13 last one and in those meetings, we asked for, you know, 14 different information to be brought forward. 15 And the questions that we took a look at was, 16 one -- well, let me walk you through the charts first before 17 I go through our recommendations. 18 If you go to page 127, the reality is, is that 19 we're at the end of this bond program and we are running out 20 of new construction dollars. And the way our developer 21 pays -- when you are no longer able to allocate any more new 22 construction funds, then that triggers Level III developer 23 fees. 24 And given the reality that the Governor does not 25 want a facilities bond on the ballot this year, we were

dealing with issues of, one, you know, what do we do in terms of developer fees. Do we suspend Level III developer fees. Two, the Governor had in his budget proposal to add the ORG money into new construction, so we dealt with that issue. Three, do we just run out of new construction -- do we spend all of our new construction money now and then not allocation any over the next two years or do we stretch out the program. And, four, what do we do in terms of keeping a list of those schools that want to apply for money beyond the current bonding capacity in the bond.

So if you go to page 127, you know, and you take a look at where we are with our remaining bonding authority and where we are given our current burn rate of money, if you look at the blue chart there, if we take the -- and actually I'm not sure this is originally based on the 143 million or if that's been adjusted downward.

But if you start out with 150 million in January we're down -- we will have spent the remaining bonding authority that we have right now by April and the New Construction Program will be out of money.

We have more money left in the Modernization

Program, but at that current burn rate, we're expected to be out of modernization money by October of this year.

Now it's been past practice for this Board when we have critically overcrowded schools money that is not --

that comes back into the program, it's been past practice to transfer that money into new construction.

So based on estimates that we have, if we have approximately 200 million in critically overcrowded schools money that comes back in at the end of April, then at the current burn rate, we will extend the current new construction funding out until sometime between August and September.

So you have that option and the reality that we're dealing with and the other options are to take the money and stretch it out, limit our -- how much money we draw down over the next two years and keep the program in place through 2014 and those charts, as you see when you go onto page 128, show how you would do that with just the -- one, if we're to add in the overcrowded relief grant and the capital -- excuse me -- critically overcrowded schools money and if we were to do it with the drawdown based on I believe -- do we have -- oh.

And if you go to the next page, that is based on the transferring only the critically overcrowded schools money.

So after, you know, lengthy discussion, we have a series of recommendations. The first is that we suspend Level III fees until through December 31st, 2014, and the believe was that if we do that, that, one, it doesn't

penalize the building developers construction industry at a time when new housing starts are about 20 percent of what they were four or five years ago and due to the fact that we can't get a bond on the ballot this year, but also by having a date certain there, we felt that that would be -- give -- be reason to have the development community work with us to get a bond on the ballot in November 2014 and also work with us to pass that bond so that we avoid Level III fees altogether and we keep the program going.

The second recommendation we had dealt with program preservation and so in taking a look at the funds that are available, we have the current new construction dollars, the critically overcrowded school dollars, and the ORG, Overcrowded Relief Grant, money.

We are not recommending that we transfer the ORG money into new construction at this time. After having conversations with a couple school districts, it was clear to us that some of them have projects where they haven't submitted requests for funding yet and we don't believe we should potentially penalize any district that's out there committing funds based on a promise that the money will be there.

We are recommending that the Board act as it has in the past and transfer the critically overcrowded schools money that comes back into the program into new construction

and we're recommending that we stretch out the approvals through 2014 but that we give the State Allocation Board, rather than having a specific amount each month that we would allocate, we give the State Allocation Board latitude to decide how best to do that because we're going to have projects that come in that request different dollar amounts.

We could have a facilities hardship or another critical project that comes in and we don't -- we want to give the Board flexibility to make those decisions.

And also the other issue we got into was stretching out the program was the question of how do we keep the program going long term. And as all of you know, we're in a very different economic reality right now and we're in a very different political reality right now.

And I talked to two consultants, one from Northern California -- political consultants -- and one from Southern California to talk about what they believe puts us in the best position to pass a school bond in 2014 and both of them independently without given any opinion or anything said they believe that it's important to keep the program going, that they believe that if we don't have a program for two years where we're actually allocating funds, it would be too easy for people to argue that you haven't had a program and why start a new program now and there of course is belief on some people's part that there should be a -- schools should

be funded locally.

You know, one of them said, you know, said, Joan, I think that the message needs to be that the State's running out of facility dollars and we're doing the best we can to allocate it out. We're stretching out our money, but we're having to make difficult decisions and that kind of -- that message is what families are doing every day in their normal lives but that that actually puts us in a better position to pass the bond.

So that weighed heavily I know into my decision and I think some of the other decisions.

So I can summarize our recommendations. I'd, you know, be happy to entertain questions or I'm sure Senator Lowenthal or Assembly Hagman could as well.

We're recommending that we suspend Level III developer fees through December 31st, 2014; that we transfer any remaining critically overcrowded schools money that reverts back into the program into new construction; and that we stretch out our funding approvals through 2014.

Along with that though we do recommend that we create a list. We don't -- you know, we want to have a list of projects that come in and probably date stamp them so that we know the need and I think the best -- it's in our recommendation that the best way to determine how to do that I think is through the Implementation Committee -- and that

we do not transfer the Overcrowded Relief Grant money into
the new construction account.

And my understanding is we have some -- when we do get time hopefully to vote after -- I'm sure we'll have considerable discussion, but I think we want to take the two votes separately I believe.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Yeah. If it's okay with you just so we can focus the conversation, we can take one -- each of the recommendations separately and that way folks can raise questions and comments could be taken from folks. If that's the will of the Board, then I appreciate that just for the ease of administering the conversation.

So the first one on the developer fees, recommend the Legislature to suspend Level III developer fees through December 31st, 2014. Are there any comments?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'll move it.

17 CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved. Mr. Wyland.

18 Senator Wyland.

SENATOR WYLAND: Just clarification. I understand that would take legislation --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Correct. So it's recommendation to --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So it's going to be -I think it'll be a recommendation to the Legislature. So we

can't vote to do it. It does take two-thirds -- a two-thirds vote in the Legislature.

SENATOR WYLAND: And we don't know exactly how that will turn out, but I'd just like to say that I wholeheartedly concur with that and it's -- the problem we've got and I think you see it recognized nationally now with our economy is the incredibly important role construction plays.

It's one of those -- it's not only the demand for housing which is still there, but it's one of those types of economic activity that has incredible -- there's a technical word -- incredible expansion of the jobs that are involved and, you know, we've got this problem particularly in California and some other states.

So my concern is that I actually see -- because I used to be in a tangential business -- I see property now that literally has no value because the cost -- even though there's demand for housing -- because the cost of doing all the preliminary work and building the house creates a cost that's too high to sell the house.

So anything we do -- you know, sometime in the past we used to say in terms of planning, yeah, you know, they're building houses like crazy, we need to make sure that we have enough money and fees for infrastructure, I'm afraid that day is past.

And so I appreciate the recommendation of the Subcommittee and I just want to say I think that's crucial for trying to rebuild our economic future.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Senator Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Thank you. I am assuming that the Subcommittee recommendation would not preclude a local community from imposing developer fees and the reason I say that is that obviously developer fees were originally instituted by local communities so that somebody other than the existing taxpayers would pick up the cost of the roads and constructing the schools and other things.

So in this case, the local communities would need to pick up that cost and some of them may not feel that they would have the ability to do that.

So how do you --

December 31st, 2014.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I mean the -SENATOR HANCOCK: -- think about those trade-offs?
ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: For all those districts
that aren't growing, I mean they can still levy Level I fees
which are those statutory fees. They would still be able to
assess Level II fees. They would still be able to negotiate
mitigation agreements with contractors, but they would not
be able to levy the Level III fees until after

And to piggyback on what Senator Wyland said, at

our first committee hearing, we had testimony from the BIA where they presented charts and showed us that, you know, prior to the recession hitting, I believe it was they had somewhere over 220,000 housing starts. Two-thirds were single-family; one-third multi-family. Last year they had 43,000 with two-thirds multi-family; one-third single-family, exactly the opposite.

Before the recession you had houses that were selling for 700,000. Today they're selling for 300-, 350,000.

Out in East County, Contra Costa, which I represent -- I know you're familiar with the area -- they had a \$4,500 fee to help pay for the Highway 4 bypass. They just cut that fee in half. They just cut the sewer fees in half because when you have on average \$120,000 in fees on a house that's selling for \$700,000, it's pretty easy to absorb that cost.

When the price of the home goes down to 350,000, it's much more difficult. So what we're doing is delaying the implementation of Level III fees until the developers -- until we're able to have a bond on the ballot because, you know, again I don't think we should penalize builders because we're not able to put a bond on the ballot this November.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Thank you.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Anybody else? Senator. SENATOR WYLAND: Just one just very quick comment. 2 I think in the past when things are going high, wide, and 3 handsome, we thought in terms of builders and their economic 5 interests and as Senator Hancock pointed out, the infrastructure needs and all those, I think what they were 6 7 trying to say is it's so dire that this is -- the penalty would be on all of us because we're so interconnected at the 8 hip throughout the entire economy. 9 10 And so I think that was a wise decision and 11 hopefully we get to a point where we're no longer in that 12 position. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Are you seconding my motion then? 14 15 SENATOR WYLAND: That is a second. It's a senatorial second. 16 17 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. Very good. 18 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So it's moved and 19 second. Senator Hancock, do you still --20 SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. I do. Yeah. And other 21 people may have too. I wonder if the exchange in ratio had 22 something to do with developer fees. I mean the idea was 23 really a concern on the part of many people in the State 24 about greenfield development and encouraging again more 25 local community costs and it is true I'm sure, but the fees

are smaller because the infrastructure costs are less,
 although there are infrastructure costs and infill
 development.

So are we inadvertently encouraging something that we had a fee to pick up the costs for and we are, it seems to me, putting the cost back on the existing taxpayers then.

So I don't know. I --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, this -- I mean this doesn't affect other fees that local governments can charge This deals with the --

SENATOR HANCOCK: But don't they have to have two-thirds vote for all of them?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: This has nothing to do with any of the other fees. This is only school fees.

SENATOR HANCOCK: So -- no. But local government is very restricted in what it can do.

17 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: This only deals with 18 the --

SENATOR HANCOCK: So you take away the State money, but if you don't -- if you require a two-thirds vote that's impossible to get at the local level, you're in effect saying that it's not going to pencil out.

I mean I feel like -- I will vote for this today but maybe not for the legislation. I'd really like to see the legislation as it develops.

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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. We are only
    dealing with the developer fees, the fees that developers
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    pay the school district. We are not dealing with any of the
    fees that the developers pay for any of the other
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    mitigation.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Yes.
                                      But it's --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I know you want to see
    the language, but --
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: -- comes out of the same
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    pockets.
             That's right. That's right.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well --
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: And think through the downstream
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    effect.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: All right.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I have Mr. Lara and then I
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    have Senator Lowenthal.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER LARA: Thank you, Chairman.
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    also just -- Assembly Member Brownley and I had enough
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    conversations on this issue. She definitely supports the
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    suspension of the Level III fees, but still I'm trying to
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    determine what the appropriate ending should be and so I'm
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    going to abstain on this issue given that she's on the
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    Subcommittee that's going to continue to review this issue.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER LARA: Just wanted to put that for
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the record.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Senator Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I just want -- there have been some changes. I just notice also in letters that have come in to us -- are we going to have input before --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Oh, absolutely. I just out of courtesy, I allowed the Board members to have the first questions and clarification and then we'll ask for folks for public testimony.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Even on the Subcommittee I was torn by this. I really just hear the part and that's why I want to hear the input. I really listened very carefully and do have concerns about imposing Level III fees at this moment.

I understand that, but I also want to hear more.

I -- and I'm not totally committed like Senator Hancock. No matter what I vote today, that's a commitment to how I'm going to be voting on the floor in the Legislature. But

I -- I'm really -- I wanted to move this forward. I have real concerns about imposing Level III fees, but I really need to hear from people also.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So -- Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: And I guess since we're all weighing in at this point, you know, I look at this program and before this program came into effect, there was

a lot of imbalance in local jurisdictions of what people pay and what didn't pay, you know, what the needs were and that really kind of wasn't in line at all.

This program has been very successful. Not that I think there's not room for improvement on it, but if you -- I truly believe if you don't implement some of these steps that we recommend from the Subcommittee, then by the time we get to 2014, this program as it exists right now will not be functioning and you're going to be starting over from scratch.

And all the work that all partners put into this to establish this way back when to get it going, keep it functioning, was important, needed, it's worked out for the most part as planned where you had all the parties kind of put into this.

This is -- this recommendation basically extends to this temporary economic time, this program as it exists to 2014 when hopefully the time is right to put out a new bond to keep this program going.

But I think once you start taking away those threats, either by legislation -- let's face it, the only thing we could do on this Board is basically -- out of the three recommendations is either slow down the money or not slow down the money. The rest of it's on the legislative act.

But without those checks and balances in place, the whole program, then the parties that came together to develop it in the first place will have to go off and start fighting each other in the Legislature and the whole thing then unravel.

When you come to you run out of money, you wouldn't have the support for the partnership and in the 2014, you'd have nothing left.

So I would recommend to our colleagues here that this has been a lot of deliberation over this with all the parties involved. No one's happy with it because we just don't have the money to go where we want to, but at the same time, it's the most -- the smartest thing we could do at this point. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Mr. Hagman. So why don't we have public testimony come up, folks.

MR. LYON: Good afternoon. Richard Lyon on behalf of the California Building Industry Association. Thank you all very much for the discussion.

I'd like to -- well, I'd like to say a lot of things, but in -- kind of tagging onto what Mr. Hagman said, I was at the table when we put the SB50 program together and it was a years-long effort to do it. It created a historic partnership between the State, between local school districts, and home builders as it relates to new

construction that has over the last 12 to 13 years, in our opinion, produced the best infrastructure program the State has ever seen.

And it is a partnership. Our deep concern is that if the funds are exhausted and if the trigger is pulled on Level III, which would mean even in modest jurisdictions 25, 35, \$45,000 per unit just on school fees alone that that would be the kill shot to housing at least new construction.

We are at historic lows. It's going to be very difficult to recover and the partnership would be at that point dissolved.

Prior to SB50, the school facility issue was strife with litigation and the reason we put the SB50 program together and the partnership is because we wanted to avoid that contention and that litigation that had gone on for so many years prior to the program.

There has been virtually none save a couple here and there over the last 12 or 13 years. It's been a smooth running program and we encourage you to keep that partnership together.

The suspension of Level III, while it may be distasteful for some of you, is a necessary option in order to maintain that partnership. If we're gone -- if we're out of the funding picture, then we're back in the situation where we're fighting the school districts. They're levying

fees at whatever amount they want to levy them and we're back into the same kind of regime that we were before we put the program together.

We believe wholeheartedly in this program. Our heart and soul is in this program. I have worked on every bond measure since 1988 in this State. There is every desire on the part of the home building industry to see this be a successful program.

The recommendations in front of you today are our best not only substantive but political take on what it takes to hold this program together and we urge you to adopt the three recommendations.

And, Senator Hancock, to your question about fees, we will continue to pay our full complement of school mitigation fees. The issue is should we be forced to pick up the State's share as well.

We have a 50-50 funding program where it's a State obligation and local obligation and we have agreed not only to pay fees but to backstop the school district if they're not able to raise 50 cents to match the State's 50 cents.

And in today's economic time, because there is no possibility of getting a bond -- at least that's what we understand -- then through no fault of our own, we would be forced to have to come up with the State's share as well as the local share.

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              In today's economy at the levels we're building
    and in today's economic environment -- I said it before --
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    that would be the kill shot for housing in California.
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                                                             It's
    going to be difficult enough to come back. It would be
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    virtually impossible if we had to absorb these types of fees
    along with the other fees that were -- that we are paying.
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              So I could go on. I think you get the gist. We
    encourage you to support the recommendation.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
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              MR. DUFFY: Mr. Chairman, members, Tom Duffy for
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    CASH. And you're going to take, Mr. Chairman, each of these
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    items --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Separately; correct.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Separately. We're just
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    talking about the suspension.
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              MR. DUFFY: Right. But they keep entangling
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    themselves in my mind. But let me speak first, if I may, to
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    the issue of running out of fees because it's relative to
    what you had said, Ms. Buchanan, and that is we talked to
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    our pollster and our pollster said the way to get voters is
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    to be out of money and that's the way to encourage them, so
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    it was a different response.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But that's item number 3.
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              MR. DUFFY: It is, but I --
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That's not -- you'll get a
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1 chance to come back.

MR. DUFFY: No. And I'm not trying to double-dip here. What I was trying to do is just to answer the Assembly Member's question.

We have never asked to pull the trigger on

Level III and we have been very respectful of the fact that

there is a balance and there's difficulty -- tremendous

difficulty here and we've appreciated the time and energy

that the Subcommittee has spent on this.

The question I really ask because it seems to me that there's a tremendous amount of support for the suspension and I realize it's a symbolic act because the Legislature will actually deal with this and there's six of you that will deal with it.

But you are a body that looks at schools and you are a body that works to try to effectively marshal resources to assist schools. And I don't know that there's a balance to the opposite side of this question of the suspension.

Again -- and it's not doublespeak to say -- we're not -- we haven't ever lobbied any of you to pull the trigger on Level III, but at the same time, we're saying we need a solution because if indeed -- as we've communicated to you, if indeed all these actions are to assist the development community, that may be very positive for the

1 | economy, but how is it positive for schools?

What do schools gain from this? And I know several of you have been board members and council members and worked at the local level.

Where do schools benefit from this? And in fact if you look at all of the issues that are before you addressed by the Subcommittee, where are the benefits? And I can't find a benefit.

So that's the question. We have -- and we said this at the Subcommittee. We have opposed the suspension, but we haven't asked to pull the trigger.

What we believe is with all of the minds and the hearts and the desire to make this program continue to work that there'd be something potentially in between.

And I know at the one Subcommittee hearing -- the one prior, we said, you know, if there's a discussion of a suspension, then we would like to be at the table for that discussion. Apparently this is that discussion, but we've moved rather quickly to what appears to be a conclusion.

So thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. I have -- Senator Lowenthal wanted to -- and then I have an observation and then Assembly Member Buchanan.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Well, there are a couple things. You're saying -- and I think that's -- you're

raising very important issues because I too am struggling where is this balance and really what we do.

And what -- really what do school districts get for this and maybe this is the issue, you know, we're making recommendations and I hear you also saying that and although you're only up here talking about the suspension, but you also do not support regulating how the funds go out.

And so somewhere in that if we did not support everything that's on -- if we supported suspension of the Level III fees but ultimately said, well, but we're not going to go along -- we're going to listen to the school districts or CASH in terms of how we regulate or not regulate, you know, the funding, is that what you would like because you're saying that you're not really opposed or what to implement the Level III fees, but yet there has to be some meaningful dialogue that really responds to the needs of the school districts.

So given the package that's before us, I guess what I'm asking is could you support some parts of the package but not the other. That's all I'm saying.

MR. DUFFY: And, Senator, I like the way that you phrase that because it kind of helped me in dealing with -- SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.

MR. DUFFY: -- more than just the one item.

The -- we all want this economy to gain strength and more

25 The -- we all want this economy to gain strength and move

1 and we believe that the housing industry certainly has been
2 damaged and --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Devastated.

MR. DUFFY: -- and needs to come back. Schools have been tremendously damaged and the --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Absolutely.

MR. DUFFY: -- both on the operational side as I've testified before as well as on the capital side.

We have said to you and to the development community we want this program to continue. We believe that this program is an effective program and we differ on the idea of stretching out the dollars.

We believe that if the Board were to effectively direct that a policy regulation be put in place that would encourage and continue the accepting of applications just as they currently do while you having bonding authority -- and this is something, by the way, we communicated to you in a letter last April --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.

MR. DUFFY: -- that very item -- continue the approvals beyond bonding authority, you do several things.

One is you give districts the ability to recognize that the program is intact. The second thing you do is in that recognition they will spend money at the local level because that's part of this plan and whatever funds they

have to move their projects forward.

And in doing that, we then create the third item which is the pipeline to our view for that bond for -- and I'm wearing a 2012 button because we're arguing for a bond for this year. I recognize that's not the political will necessarily, but it certainly will of schools -- but to continue to demonstrate the need for a bond.

And I think that there is something that we could negotiate, Senator, that's in there where again we're not wanting to damage anybody, but at the same time, are we wanting to damage schools alone?

There's a three-legged school that's been talked about about this program and that program was considered to be the State and the development community and schools and we realize that one of those legs on that school is now basically almost gone and the other, the development community school, has been gone and we have schools and schools are going to have to rely only on their own resources.

Won't even discuss the have and have-not issue here, but simply the three things I was talking about. Have districts continue to believe that the programs in existence have them spend money to move their projects into a pipeline and use that pipeline as the argument for the next bond.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Are we talking about

1 developer fees or --CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan. 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I don't know if we're 3 talking about developer fees or the other and --4 5 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Well, what he's saying I think and just --6 7 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: He's saying he wants to make a deal. 8 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Well, but he -- no -- well, 9 10 what he's saying is the reason why these are separate issues 11 that each one has some pros and cons in those issues and 12 that necessarily some of us may be more committed to hearing 13 that we do not want to put the development community -- the homeowners in a bind. 14 15 That does not mean necessarily if we did that that we're in agreement with some of the other recommendations. 16 17 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. 18 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That's really what he is 19 saying and maybe there could be some mechanism and some 20 process that people -- either before we vote today -- that could reconcile some of these conflicting because it's not 21 22 simply to vote for all -- if you vote for one, you vote for all --23 24 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And that's why my -- my 25 understanding is --

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And I think we've -- that's why I wanted to bifurcate this. 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- that's why we're 3 4 taking each separately and --5 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah, it was a split. SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And what he's saying is it's 6 difficult to support something like this if we're not also 7 dealing with the acceptance -- you know, dealing with the 8 whole application and continuing the approval process. 9 10 You know, it's hard for them to support this if 11 they don't think that we're also going to address that. That's all he's --12 13 CHAIRPERSON REYES: At least we know where they 14 stand. 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So I just have a 16 question and I was a little surprised because we've had 17 meetings and numerous conversations. You've had lengthy

involved is a little bit surprising to me.

But beyond that, I just want to probe further.

You said you are sympathetic and you don't want to impose

Level III developer fees, but yet you don't want to suspend them.

discussions at the three Subcommittee meetings we had, so I

just wanted -- the implication that you haven't been

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So we know that housing starts are way down and if

I'm a developer, just like you want assurance, I want assurance that a program is going to be there and if I split, you know, 50 million or however many million I'm going to put into taking a look at a project that I'm not going to be -- I'm going to have some certainty there.

So if you're not going to suspend them, but you don't want to impose them, where do you -- how do you give some sort of assurances to these developers because cash is very hard to get.

Whether you're a developer or whatever kind of business you're in, access to capital is a major problem.

How do they move forward without any kind of certainty and where do they get their certainty out of those two options?

MR. DUFFY: There may be a number of options that would be available at the local level and I think you had commented earlier about agreements and the like.

Within the provisions of the code established in 1998 is a reimbursement provision to allow a developer to be reimbursed. That's certainly -- and if they don't have cash and they're struggling, maybe they go to the district and they ask for an agreement.

You know the role that I played in the past. I negotiated those kinds of agreements.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: There is nothing

without a suspension that keeps a district from assessing

Level III fees. So how do you have the assurance that

Level III fees will not be assessed if you just say well,

we'll just figure it out or let the districts figure it out.

How do you get that assurance?

MR. DUFFY: I think we're talking about the switch being on or off and what I'm saying is it'd be nice to have a dimmer switch and possibly that dimmer switch could be part of the overall whatever you said -- he's looking to make a deal, whatever that negotiation may be to make sure that that program continues to be in place and maybe there is some means that if a district allows a developer to go forward and build and there is no Level III fee that there's some means to be able to go back in the past and to have some assistance.

I don't know what that would be, Assembly Member, but the -- we are concerned and I didn't want to give the impression that we didn't have access to comment. What I was talking about was let's come to an agreement that is -- that everybody -- the developers, schools, and all of you are going to be satisfied with.

We're moving beyond that. I think if there is indeed, as I was saying before the meeting began, a program where we have the ability to recognize that the State is out of money but that the access to the programs, the processing

to the certainty that you know that you qualify for that time in the future when the State has --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: That's -- right.

MR. DUFFY: And I know you've suggested that go to the Imp. Committee and I like that idea because you'll get to hear more details, more of the grit.

But it's not an easy answer and again what I'm saying to you is what do schools -- where do schools benefit by all this. You're a body that doesn't look after developers. You look after schools.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I could tell you where I think schools benefit from this. One is if you do everything you can to keep this program in place so that when we have the opportunity for the next bond, whether we're fortunate and we have a special election in 2013 or we have to wait to 2014, we do all we can to put ourselves in the best position to pass that bond.

Schools benefit because long term we haven't had the kind of construction program in schools that we've had in the last decade and multiple decades. And I know that firsthand as a school board member because my district, it took us three times to pass our first bond requiring a two-thirds election.

 $\hbox{ If I recall correctly, it took Fresno five times} \\ \hbox{ to pass the bond before the program and I -- we used to go}$

in in half our elementary schools put sheets of plastic on the computers because they were in such poor shape.

So this is a great program that we have to preserve and of course you and I, I think, disagree to -- on how we do that, but I think the issue here is not just facilities.

If you're sitting on a school board, you're concerned with your facilities, but you're also concerned with your day-to-day operations of your schools. You're concerned in terms of your -- as far as your class size, whether you have counselors, whether you have libraries open.

And basically what the Governor is telling us and I support what he's telling us is that I need a clean ballot because that will give me the best opportunity to pass his temporary revenues.

And when you take a look at schools that right now the deficit factor is over 20 percent, I have -- I don't know -- 14, 15, 16 school districts and what I'm hearing from our superintendents is, you know, I don't know if we have to take another \$360 cut, if we're going to still be solid, you know.

So what we're doing is we're saying right now the most important priority for us as a State is to get those temporary revenues passed so we can stop the bleeding at our

schools and it does mean we're going to be waiting a little bit on the bond.

And I don't want to do that. I'd like to see the program continue going, but I believe that is the right strategy and if we're going to do that, to penalize developers because we don't have a bond on this ballot and to potentially shut down construction anymore doesn't make any sense to me.

You know, and I think you -- you just get to look at the construction side and I appreciate that because that's what your job it. But I take a look at the whole picture and schools and what's at stake here.

You know, I support the Governor wanting the clean ballot and wanting to get those temporary revenues passed because I think it's really important. Just like if you're a school, passing that first bond sometimes is the hardest, but once people start to see the quality schools you're producing, then they're more receptive to passing the second or the third bond.

And I think you've got to give some kind of certainty to the development community that they can continue to go forward. It doesn't mean that they can't even -- at Level II fees front -- have agreements to front end the cost to a school knowing that they will then get reimbursed when the State passes the next bond just like a

1 | school district would on a modernization project.

But that's I think where our -- you know, our fundamental agreement is. I don't think we could say, well, it'll just work itself out because I think there needs to be more certainty than that.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Let me go to Mr. Hagman and then Senator Wyland.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: This may be a side point, but I was just curious. You said that we have record levels of operation and infrastructure building for school districts and I could see the operational side. Can you point to a time period in the recent decades that there's been a better successful program, more widespread for the State, of building and rebuilding schools because my recollection is this is probably best that the schools has had the last nine, ten years of being forward and building these things.

But you made that comment that it wasn't. So I'm just trying to figure out what was better.

MR. DUFFY: I'm not sure that I made -- or certainly didn't intend to say the program wasn't a good program.

We believe the program is a good program and the program has been funded mightily since 1998 with the bonds from '98, 2002, '04, and '06.

The program existed before and it was a program that was an effective program. We didn't have all of the same level of bonds because the Legislature was more -- they were more careful in bringing that before the voters.

But this program has been a very, very good program. So we're not troubling with the program. We want to keep it intact.

Part of what I was trying to communicate was that if indeed you -- if the Board does what we would like, you would establish the ability to have a district be approved for a project even though you don't have any bonding authority for that.

Again that's what we communicated last April -- and that there would be a list for gaining support for the future bond.

But no, we like the program, Mr. Hagman.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Wyland.

SENATOR WYLAND: I'd just like to go back and clarify something that I think it's important for all us to bear in mind.

When you say where do schools gain and you say, well, this particular industry's been damaged and Senator Lowenthal said no, devastated. This is no longer years and years ago when I started in the Legislature in 2001 and you could say developers and a lot of people conjure up -- or,

you know, just building like crazy and making tons of money and et cetera, et cetera.

This is different. I'll tell you what schools gain. Schools are nowhere without a strong economy. And somehow schools have to understand that they're part of this whole thing. That's why nationally they report statistics on housing starts because it is one of those key industries. It would take an hour to actually describe the economic effects of that building.

So this is not somehow helping developers versus not helping developers. This is really about trying to help the economy and help schools gain that little bit they have.

If developers -- I can't tell you how many I know who are gone, busted, bankrupt. It's done. And schools are paying that price.

When I had school boards come and talk to me and we struggle with our bonds in the same way, had to do some very low cost construction in order to be able to build anything, I tell them the single biggest thing they can do because our pie is so shrunk is help us come up with ways of getting this economy going.

We all know it. We know it's happening nationally. It's -- that's -- so this isn't really about I don't think developers per se. This is about the context of how there will be money for schools at all.

That's the way I think we have to look at it.

Now, I'm agnostic on whether we keep the program going or not. I've supported -- just so you know, I've supported every single bond that's come before the Legislature.

There's not a school bond in my life that I haven't voted for, even though I know sometimes there's some waste, et cetera, et cetera, and I know when you've had to go back and then you appoint a committee to demonstrate that you've spent the money correctly, et cetera, et cetera.

But if -- this is going to be dependent upon our overall economy and when we talk about trying to clear the ballot, et cetera, it's because people are so disinclined in this environment. Schools as well as all the other things we want to fund that we funded so generously when I first got here, we can't until we restore this economy.

So I think the discussion is less in terms of are we going to somehow help developers and somehow, you know, not get much for schools as it is a way to keep something going -- something going.

I'll support a school bond whenever we come up with it, whenever we can get it out there, but I think this is -- and Assembly Member Buchanan has essentially stated this in various ways and Assembly Member Hagman and I know we've heard also from the Senators on this issue.

When you build -- I guess I'm emotional about it

- because I know people individually who have lost

 everything -- everything, lost everything personally because

 what happens in the actual world even from pretty big ones

 is you sign a personal guarantee and what did they do when

 they were making a lot of money? They bought more land.
 - Guess what, the land's worthless and I know plenty of them who are now living in multi-unit housing because they are done.
 - So this is more I think -- and I think this is what I hear the Committee Chair saying of the Subcommittee is preserving something for a period of time. That's what this is about. And that's what not only schools but social services but every aspect of our government needs.
 - So I'll stop there, but I think we -- we have to see this not as some isolated group. We're joined at the hip in every way. So --
- 17 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Senator.

- SENATOR WYLAND: -- and with that I would like a vote sooner rather later so I can get out --
- CHAIRPERSON REYES: One more public person and then -- I think -- again open up for public comments. Go ahead, sir.
- MR. BAKKE: Try not to take up too much anyway.

 We have three more subjects to discuss. At this rate, it

 might be a little while, but Eric Bakke with Los Angeles

Unified.

Our position on this is first of all, we strongly support the suspension of Level III developer fees.

We look at this from a perspective of what's in the best interest for schools and all of our partners. Right now the developers have taken a hit in this economic climate. They can't afford another hit if we were to go to Level III developer fees and that doesn't serve us all, school districts included, in trying to pass a 2012 or a 2014 bond. It just does not put us in a very good position when one of our major partners is no longer our partner.

So we look at it from the perspective that we need to protect everyone and look at it as a whole. And we look at the other three issues -- and I don't want to impose upon double dipping or triple dipping here, but they are fairly much entwined.

But we look at all of the issues that are going to be discussed later as one issue and that is how do we better position ourselves for 2014 and this is just one piece of that puzzle. So we're supportive of a suspension. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Anybody -- yes.

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Chair, members, Cesar Diaz on behalf of the State Building and Construction Trades

Council. Based on the testimony you already heard, I'm not

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going to repeat, but we're strongly supportive of Assembly
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    Member Buchanan's proposal here and just wanted to express
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    that to the Board. Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Okay. It has been
 5
    moved and seconded. Call the roll, please.
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
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 7
              Hancock.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Wyland.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Hagman.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Almanza.
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              MR. ALMANZA: Abstain.
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              MS. JONES: Moore.
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              MS. MOORE: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I'm going to abstain. What's
    the vote now?
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              MS. JONES: Five.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ayes?
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              MS. JONES: Ayes. Three abstain.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So we need Senator
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    Lowenthal.
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              MS. JONES: We can hold it open for Senator
    Lowenthal.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Let's hold it open for
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    Senator Lowenthal. And right now, can we just go ahead
    and -- Senator Lowenthal just stepped out. I was going to
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 7
    say let's go and get the absent members, but he's out, but
    we have -- okay. Senator Wyland.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: I apologize. I actually have to
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    go to meet with some educators.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: That I promised to meet with,
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    so --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Senator.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: I appreciate the Chair's work and
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    want to be helpful on the Board. I appreciate the
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    Subcommittee's obviously done a lot of work on this and
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    we'll see you next time.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Senator.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Have we voted for this yet?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yes.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I'm an aye.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  An aye.
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              MS. JONES: And it passes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. The next is the --
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That was the suspension;
    right?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Yes.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Okay.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: The -- we don't have anything
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    on ORG bond authority transfer. The next issue is the
    regulation of the remaining bond authority. And we heard
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 9
    the issue. Is there any comments or questions for the Board
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    members?
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              MS. MOORE: Yes.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I move the Board
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    recommendation.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal moves the
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    Board recommendation?
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              MS. MOORE: We're not doing ORG.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Oh, we're not doing ORG?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No.
                                       This was --
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              MS. MOORE: I have a comment.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: It's just gone.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's gone. We're not going to
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23
    deal with it.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: We're not taking any
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    action because we're going to leave it the way it is.
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1 | there's no --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: All right. So that's what I was about to vote on that. It just saves me one vote. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: All right. So we're moving onto regulation of remaining bond authority. Is there a motion? Ms. Buchanan moves.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'll second.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been seconded and we have comments. Go ahead, have a seat, and we'll go to comments.

Ms. Moore.

MS. MOORE: We will not be supporting the slowing down of bond authority process as it negatively affects students, school districts, and job creation.

Once districts receive authority, they have a better option to locally forward fund projects with an official unfunded approval. Risks are reduced and interim financing is more readily available.

It reduces the amount of projects also that are ready for cash when the State sells bonds and therefore also potentially slows down needed construction and modernization of schools and job creation.

It artificially reduces demand. It slows the development of an unfunded list which we also support. We cannot begin an unfunded list until we are out of funding.

There is no evidence that a bond that still has funding left will garner better voter support of a bond.

Actually both the existing polls and prior history would support otherwise, that there is demonstrated need and the State is out of funding is a more compelling argument to me as a voter.

Also our Superintendent of Public Instruction believes that the Board has managed and will continue to manage the program both efficiently providing authority for projects also sends a strong message to voters.

We have taken care of developers' concerns regarding Level III with our previous vote and we believe district and community concerns should also be addressed to move projects forward and continue the program with unfunded approvals and for these reasons, we will not be supporting this recommendation.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Comments, questions? Yes. Public testimony.

MS. STUART: Susan Stuart, Stuart & Associates, representing several school districts around the State. Of the four recommendations, this one is of most concern to school districts I have talked to.

There are districts who have been on this list for a very long time and adding two years or two and a half more years to their waiting period would be devastating.

There are many reasons why it creates chaos. One is agency approval.

DSA approvals are good for one year with one year extension. CDE approvals are good for two years. If we start adding a year, two more years to these projects, it would create chaos.

Costs are going to increase. The economy is improving albeit slowly and we anticipate housing costs are going to increase.

But as important school districts are often the largest employer of people in the community including union jobs, and if you delay these projects, you're going to delay jobs. You're going to delay impact on the community.

Just -- and as an example of one small school district, Pittsburg Unified School District, since 2006, has had \$150 million in school facilities projects. Delaying that by a year or two is not going to help the economy. It's not going to create any better conditions for passing a new job.

The prior system of exhausting bond authority and using an unfunded list has worked. It's created need and it has not been an impediment to passing a new bond.

We believe metering out the money would create more problems than it would solve. When bonds are sold, we encourage you to fund complete projects on the unfunded list

until bond funds are exhausted. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MR. BAKKE: Eric Bakke again with Los Angeles Unified. We agree with many of the points that Susan stated.

I think we just want to highlight that it's a hard debate. I think we all want to do what's right and we all believe -- we think we are doing what's right and I don't know if we necessarily how things are going to turn out in the future bond.

What we do know is that when you look at what happened when we passed Prop. 47, the item actually -- the Board agenda actually provides all the background on this.

When we were looking at new construction and modernization under Prop. 98, we ran out of modernization funds in September of 2000. We ran out of new construction money in January of 2001. We ran about 18 months without either new construction or modernization which is about what we're talking about going into when we're talking about a 2014 bond, the same basic time period when you look at some of the projections that we're talking about.

47 was passed with a very strong support. I think it's been proven that not having bond or exhausted our bond authority isn't a detriment, but actually it's proved that it was a actually quite helpful in supporting a future bond

initiative.

So I just think that there's other ways of looking at this. I think this is a conversation that we should still continue to have and I think -- in that respect I think there's still some time to continue that conversation, but if it means another subcommittee, I think we would support that, but I -- our position is is that we would like to see that the money go out.

The consistency with the school districts to keep projects moving, keep jobs created is probably at this point in time the most important thing that we can do in California.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MR. DUFFY: Mr. Chairman, members, Tom Duffy again for CASH. We've communicated before and certainly in my prior testimony a few minutes ago said the same thing, that we believe exhausting the funds really is a way to communicate to the voting community that we need a bond.

Eric talked to you about those recent times in the past decade when we ran short of funding and what occurred. We had the experience -- and I think I said this to the Subcommittee -- in 1992 we had a bond. In '94 we had a bond failure, didn't have another bond till '96.

It was an overwhelming success and we had been dry for a period of four years. So we believe exhausting the

authority and the funds is not a negative but a positive for pushing forward with a future bond.

Also the -- we're concerned about the technical nature of what the term that has been used is metering. We've used the term rationing of funds would do and we believe that there are unintended consequences that may be very negative.

So we would ask that you not do that. Just run through the funds and the authority until they're exhausted.

As I think was aptly said by Ms. Moore, the issue of the emergence of Level III is taken care of with your action if that action's supported by the Legislature and from what we're understanding that that probably occur.

So there is no need to meter or ration these funds for purposes of protecting against Level III. We think that it would be negative on the program and I'll wait until the next item if we want to talk more, but thank you very much and we just urge you not to move forward with this rationing.

MS. FERRERA: Anna Ferrera with the County School Facilities Consortium. I won't go in to repeat what's already been said. We very much agree with the statement of Ms. Moore and would very much be opposed to this recommendation and, you know, ask you to recall -- you know, we're talking about metering out projects, but no one's

metering the kids as they come into the schools this coming -- in the coming year or two.

So we're really believing that at this point metering out projects is going to mean delays that will cost more later and it's the students that will suffer for that.

So we are opposed. Thank you.

MR. LYON: Richard Lyon, California Building Industry Association. We are here in support of the proposal.

There's arguments on both sides and it's really a judgment call and the question is what puts us in the position to best demonstrate to the public that the program has been implemented in the most cost efficient way possible and we're in very difficult times and there's no question that the public sees what goes on under this dome in a fairly skeptical light.

We do have the ability under very difficult times with when dollars are very short to demonstrate that even under those difficult circumstances, you can make this program operational and keep it active and keep it functioning.

The Governor has indicated that he would like to do this. We all want to see this administration succeed and we really want to be able to see the next bond succeed.

So again this is a judgment call in terms of how

you best position the program to be able to demonstrate to the public that it's done everything it humanly can to be able to use dollars and spend dollars efficiently.

So we support the proposal for those reasons.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Mr. Hagman.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Thank you. And I remind us on the SAB Board that these recommendations -- the only thing we have authority to do right now is this particular thing we're voting on today. That's the only authority.

Everything else takes legislative authority.

And being around, like we all have, on the Legislature know that this thing is not going to come around real quick.

So as we suggest Level III funding be suspended and make that recommendation to the Legislature, but if we don't do this metering or spreading out, being good stewards of this program, and then the Legislature takes nine months till the rest of the year to figure out whether or not it wants to do Level III suspension or not, it can take that long, we can de facto, basically go against what we're trying to accomplish here by just letting those funds run out.

Because they -- at the current rate, they'll be out by June in many cases.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: April.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: April? Okay. Do we really think this Legislature's going to pass the other things between now and April to give some kind of guarantee that that's the direction we're going?

I can't agree that our colleagues on the other committees are going to necessarily see things in the same light that we may or may not see it here.

This is something that we have had the biggest growth and the most construction in schools over the last eight years than probably 40 years.

Okay. To slow down this program -- that's what we're talking about -- slowing it down and being good stewards of this bond money to last it, to make sure the program is continued to go I think is very -- very responsible for us to do as a Board, the one that sees most of this information to go forward.

All the previous examples of the bond issuance has been during much, much better economic times when we've had something to point at and say these guys are making a lot of money. We could sit there and pull them in. We can do this and that and it was much better economic times than what we have right now.

We cannot say the same thing under any circumstance.

I read all the same polls. I'm election chair for

our side of the world. This is going to be a hard time to get anything passed this November. So what do you want to do? You want to let this run out in April and then come back in 2014 and say we need this or do you want to sit there and be conservative and draw this program as other testimony before with smaller amounts of bond over the previous years.

This has been a huge boom for school construction over the last, you know, eight, nine years and it be shown to the public that we can be fiscally good stewards with their bond money, with their tax dollars, and slow this down a little bit I think is the smartest way for us to go.

SENATOR WYLAND: Thank you. Senator Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. I voted for this with the understanding that I needed to find out more -- I wanted to see the whole package and to understand the political issue.

And I think it's a valid argument that is that it will -- by doing this will help us pass a future bond. So that's one issue.

The second issue was the -- to avoid Level III developer fees to do that.

I was very pleased to say -- and then the third one was to preserve the program and to keep the staff on. Those were the three.

I was struck with the bipartisan support to suspend developer fees. I think that's a very good sign that Democrats and Republicans voted to suspend -- to recommend to the Legislature to suspend the developer fees.

And I think that's a strong bipartisan -- we don't do a lot of bipartisan issues like that around. So I think that's a strong thing, especially for Democrats to be voting to suspend fees, that we'll -- agreed upon.

But I agree with the arguments that were put forth to do that. So having already done that, I was now checking with people and I keep getting different opinions.

Assembly Member Buchanan mentioned Gale Kaufman. I also talked Darie Shrego (ph) and to John Fairbanks and to people in the district and I get different opinions, whether in fact it's best to have it run out or not.

Darie Shrego agrees with Gale Kaufman. Others do not agree with that, who have run campaigns.

So I listened to the districts and because we've taken such a strong stand on suspending Level III, which I think was the critical issue for me was to suspend developer fees in this economic climate and the others were more -- was a political decision what's the best way, I can not now support this proposal.

I do not mind running out, letting districts move forward, having -- and I'd go further than even

recommendation number 4, but we'll get to that -- you know, what we really need to do.

So I will not be supporting this recommendation.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: As the Chair, usually we just listen in and not weigh in until the final vote comes in and folks know where I'm at on an issue.

On this one, I think the importance of it I think as Assembly Member Hagman points out is by the time the legislation moves in its chapter, we will be out of money if we don't slow down the output. That simple.

You know, I worked in the building for almost 11 years and I -- there have been rare pieces of legislation of political importance that can move in a few days. This is not going to rise to that level, particularly since it would require two-thirds vote and notwithstanding the bipartisan support of the -- in this chamber right now. I think it's hard to tell what will happen to that piece of legislation to which I abstained from voting on and that's the only concern that I do have is that even if you were able to get legislation through, I don't think it comes in in a timely manner, but that's just my take.

Assembly Member Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. I told someone I said if the consultants would have said it doesn't make a difference, then I would say let it run out.

I guess what strikes me is I think we're are in very different economic times today. You know, Eric cited other times when we suspended, but if you take a look at what the unemployment rate was those two times, it was 4.9, 5.4, and 4.9 percent.

In 2006, we were riding at the height of the housing bubble. And so when you take a look at the other times, never were we in the kind of economic times that we are today where we're still at double digit unemployment and we don't know exactly where that's going to be.

When you take a look at a chart -- this is from -- I think it's from the LAO -- and what's going to happen with debt service, debt service is going to take up a bigger part of our budget two years from now than it is today.

So I think it really gets down to do you believe that you'll be in a better position to pass a bond if you still have a program or not and I do which is why I'm voting that way.

I also have a couple questions for Pedro because the other reason I'm voting that way is, you know, we fund staff through the bond proceeds and when we run out of money in September, you know, April in terms of new construction and September if we have 200 million that goes into critically -- comes from critically overcrowded schools or earlier, where -- do you think the Governor's going to give

us general fund money to continue processing applications?

I don't know where we're going to get that. I know we're going to have to spend some money on audits and that kind of follow-through, but I don't know where we have the money to -- when we're making the kind of cuts we are in the budget, when you take a look at the cuts to health and human services and all that, I don't know if we're going to get general fund money to fund processing of applications for a bond that doesn't exist, for a program that doesn't exist.

And I think the way to keep this program going is to stretch it out with the flexibility that if you need to spend more one year in a one six-month period or a quarter, whatever, we have that flexibility to do that, but where we stretch it out over the two years, we continue to accept applications, we continue to accept a list, and the program is still in place.

Now, you know, good people can disagree. But if I honestly believed that we would be in better position politically to pass it, then I would say spend it.

But what I do want to say is there's a reality here that I don't think anyone truly is facing or understands and that is the program is out of money.

You know, I don't know exactly -- we cobble together the votes or not, but from September -- chances are

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    from September 2012 at a minimum -- could be longer than
    that -- to November 2014 or January 2015 when you can sell
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    bonds, there will be no funds.
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              If something comes up in the interim, if all of a
 5
    sudden you have a problem with a facility, you won't have
    any flexibility, any kind of emergency to take care of that
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    because the money will be gone.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Call the roll.
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    Oh, I'm sorry. Ms. Moore, you had a question. I'm sorry.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I have a question also.
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              MS. MOORE: I just have two final points on our
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    part. One is that the overcrowded -- the critically
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    overcrowded school funds, as I understand there's no
    opposition that those most likely would be placed to the
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    program which means that the estimation for when we would be
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    out of funds would be October of 2012; is that correct?
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I think the chart shows
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    September.
              MS. MOORE: Well, out in October. I think we're
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    still funding in September; is that correct?
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              MS. SILVERMAN: That's if the 200 plus million
    dollars moves over.
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              MS. MOORE: Okay. And then the second point that
    I would make is that we are simply not slowing down the
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authority. We actually are slowing down and have been

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slowing down for some time the cash and that will continue to happen as we only have two periods per year now that we have cash infusion and that is if the administration and Treasurer and all those folks that are looking at our debt service, how we will issue -- if we will issue bonds.

Last year we issued once. This year we've issued once so far.

And so the program will continue to need to have those cash pieces to actually continue to fund projects and that will probably be occurring over the next two years because I don't see where we're going to issue bonds all of a sudden and take care of all of the authority needs in this program. And so those are other --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But we're down to \$143 million in new construction, potentially a maximum of 243- if 200 million was back. There is not much money left.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. One of the things I need to understand -- what I'd like to understand is why the microphone is not working -- no. Besides that -- is that there -- we have decided not to transfer any of the overcrowding -- ORG money relief.

So given that, when do we anticipate that money running out? It's not the new construction, but when do we anticipate the overcrowding relief grant money running out.

MS. SILVERMAN: I believe our projection that we presented to the New Construction Sub may have been past 2014, 2015.

5 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: So there will be money in 6 that --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: No, no --

MS. SILVERMAN: For the overcrowded relief.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Just the overcrowded relief.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I think it's -- I think there's a little over a year left as I recall.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: No. There's 200 -- I think -- MS. SILVERMAN: It was -- it's actually about \$225 million that's still in play.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: The reason I'm saying that is you're saying, well, where are we going to get the money to administer the program.

We took an action, which I did not really agree with, the last session when we passed the funding to take all the administrative costs for the last four years and take it out of the overcrowded relief. We took \$73 million to pay for all administrative funding. It was a footnote that said transfer the appropriation for the Budget Act for administrative costs for fiscal years '08-'09, '09-'10, '10-'11, and '11-'12 from modernization to overcrowded

1 relief. So we took all that money out of overcrowded that 2 3 we needed to spend because there was money in that. And I personally think that should have been discussed by the Board, but the Board decided that was not 5 to be discussed to do that. 6 7 Having said that --CHAIRPERSON REYES: Actually, Senator, it was 8 brought up in executive committee today, so --9 10 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. But having said that, 11 the issue that you've raised is where are we going to get 12 the money to administer this. We've already had precedent 13 that we've taken the money out of the ORG to administer it. 14 So we could do that again. So we will have enough money to 15 administer the program if it runs out. 16 MR. FERGUSON: Chris Ferguson, Department of **17** Finance. We actually estimate ORG to be out by December of 18 this year. Our initial conversations with Los Angeles 19 Unified School District is that they are preparing a number 20 of applications to come in the year and as such, that 21 program itself will be out of funding as well. 22 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 23 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: You're now anticipating by

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: No. 2012.

December of 2014 -- '12?

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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: '12.
              MR. FERGUSON:
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                             2012.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN:
                                       And just -- not to
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    belabor the point, but I think we did have consensus on this
    Board that we didn't want to see Level III triggers be in
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    place.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL:
                                  Right.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: By definition, if this
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    Board runs out of authority to fund things, that by law
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    right now kicks in. That's agreeable; right?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: We would have -- the Board
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    would have to do a resolution acknowledging that there is
    not sufficient funds.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. But basically
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    restating the obvious, we run out of funds, we have to do
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    that.
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              At the bare minimum, I don't see the issue of
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    right now giving the recommendation to the staff to slow
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    things down until the Legislature passes Level III
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    suspension and --
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Senator Lowenthal, are you
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    hearing what --
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Are you listening to
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    this, please?
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CHAIRPERSON REYES: What Mr. Hagman's suggesting.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Excuse me. What did you say?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: What I'm saying is this is an on-the-go move. Whatever we do today as this Board, we could sit there and change next month, three months from now, six months from now and say we don't want to ration no more. We have a different call.

I am very concerned about getting two-thirds vote to suspend Level III and we all agree we don't want to see Level III kick in.

Okay. We cannot guarantee legislative actions.

What I'm saying right now is if we take these recommendations and now the Legislature three months from now, six months, at the end of the year passes Level III suspension and it becomes law, then we come back just as easy three months from now, six months from now, come back as a Board and say hey, that protection now is there. Okay?

And we have projects ready to go. We want to empty all this money out and get it out as fast as we can and get a new list going.

That's something we still have -- retain authority on anytime. Any Board meeting we could sit there, put it on the agenda, speak about it, talk about it.

But we can't guarantee the action of our colleagues and that's what we're assuming that this

recommendation from this Board is going to spend Level III to make these next two recommendations. I don't have the same confidence. Not with this kind of high threshold and how long things take.

So if we put that off and all of a sudden we're out of bonds, then de facto Level III kicks in, we have to sit there and make the resolution and everything that we agreed upon right here is not in play.

The only way we guarantee that happening is to give staff some indication to slow things down and if we do our job in the Legislature and get a separate bill out, pass it out as quickly as we can, great.

I think everybody in the audience agrees both -everyone's, you know, for and against slowing this down and
everything else said that Level III, we don't want to see
that triggered in this cycle. Okay.

So how about we sit there and right now for this month or this Board meeting say, look, we're not going to spend this money this month anyway. Let's do our job in the Legislature, get this thing going, but slow things down enough so we have a guarantee that Level III will not trigger in and that the pressure to put something on the ballot for this November is not going to be there by the Legislature or anybody else, and we could sit there and if we get that passed, the sooner the better, we come back in

1 this body and say okay, release whatever we have left. Okay.

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By then we have a clearer picture. There's not so many undefined unknowns at that point.

So we can say slow it down for the next couple months, you know, like you were going to put it out to 2014 if you had to, okay. That slows things down. We just put a billion dollars on the street last month. Okay. That's a lot of bond money. We could sit there and drag this out for a few months till we get the indication from the Legislature where to go.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I think that's a great argument and I don't want to engage in a colloquy with you, but I think that if we slow down and regulate, there's no reason for the Legislature to get in to suspending because they don't have to get into that issue because we're doing it through the regulatory process by never having -- by continuing to slow down.

I think by doing it this way we put a pressure on the Legislature now to have to deal with this issue. think we do best when we have pressure on us.

I think that by saying that the only way we're going to protect Level III developer fees is by the Legislature acting, then it's our responsibility to deal with it. I don't think we're going to deal with anything if

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    there's not pressure on us.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore -- I have Ms. Moore
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    and then Ms. Buchanan. Oh, and Senator Hancock too.
              MS. MOORE: What I -- I understand what you're
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    proposing. We could also propose that we have estimations
    when we move critically overcrowded schools that the program
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    runs through October and perhaps we revisit this issue in
    October.
              But I still, having given -- having voted for the
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    suspension recommendation, we still cannot support also
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    slowing down the program.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan and then Senator
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    Hancock.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I just -- can I just
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    ask a question. If you run out of money in October, how do
    you revisit spreading out money? It's gone.
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              MS. MOORE: Or near October.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I mean it's --
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    the chart shows August and September, but if you've run out
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    of money, how do you revisit distributing it?
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              MS. MOORE: I'm just saying when you -- when the
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    money -- when you're looking at when you run out of the
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    money.
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First of all, we don't really -- it's all

estimations and frankly I've been hearing estimations about

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when we were going to run out of funding for some time and it has not occurred at those times that we thought we were going to run out of funding.

I still think you -- if it looks like the Legislature isn't going to pass it or whatever at the time that we no longer have funds or approaching the time that we no longer have funds, which is estimated to be October right now, you can -- anybody on this Board can ask for something to be revisited.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Because I've been struggling with this too and I've talked with Assembly Member Buchanan and others. I really have two concerns.

One is building schools and jump starting the economy. That's one of the reasons I voted for, you know, the Level III fee item that just came up.

But building schools, jump starting the economy, helping the students. The other is the platform for a new bond and I guess I don't -- when we say preserving the program, if we're not giving out the money we have to build schools, it seems like we're preserving the staff and we will preserve a great deal of the staff anyway if we're processing things, if we're getting rescissions, if we're winding down.

But frankly I would -- if I were running a

campaign against a school bond, I'd use that as an argument
against it.

It does seem to me that the people who suggested that the pressure comes from saying we had a great a program, we built beautiful schools, and we have no more money, that that's when you actually build the support for the bond.

So I feel like right now I have to come down on that -- with that position in support of --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I -- you know, the only thing I will tell you is I think for local districts it's easier to pass their bonds if there's a State program in place than if you're talking about passing a local bond, but there's -- you don't know if you're going to have any kind of matching funds.

But I still would like to ask the question if we run out of money, this chart shows between September -August and September, October, whenever, and if we're out of overcrowded relief funds by the first of next year, I would just -- I just want to know where are we going to get the money to continue to process applications and keep a list.

And I think with both of you being in the Department of Finance maybe you can --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: I don't believe the general

fund would step in. Given the demands on the general fund, it's not a viable option.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

And I'm just going to make this -- preface it. I wish I had the confidence that my Senator colleagues have in the Legislature doing the right thing in a quick and timely basis. I just -- my experience hasn't been that way so far and what this -- if not these recommendations, then I will probably preface by saying that these nice consent calendars spending these dollars and authorizing new things, I'll probably be voting no on most of those in the future until we get that passed.

And this is a two-thirds vote that needs to happen at the Legislature. We could put a rush on that. We could make it very quickly through the legislative process if the will is there.

But what I'm hearing from you is you much rather take that chance than see, you know, that the Level III be protected and which I think has much harmful -- much more harmful effect on school funding both from an operational side, all the rest of it, and we need to have some sense of that security I believe going in the future.

Otherwise the developers aren't going to be sitting there buying the property, development starts, all the rest of it which, especially after realignment and

redevelopment monies go to the schools. A lot of that stuff goes directly to schools' operation.

So we're cutting our nose off to spite ourself based on this argument that we can basically put on hold for a couple months. With the big bond issuance we just had, we do not have to make this decision today granted, but we can give recommendations to urge the Legislature to pass this immediately with two-thirds and get this in and out and take that issue off the table.

Then it's much easier to say hey, let's make this list and spend the money. But until then, if we don't have something in place, we think the regular course of business in the Legislature is going to go on to do this, I think it puts this whole balance of what the Subcommittee did in jeopardy.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah. I just wanted to ask Assembly Member Buchanan, we've heard from a number of school districts, whether it was CASH, whether it was Ms. Stuart, and others, my own districts that I -- who do not support regulating it.

Why haven't we heard -- if what you're saying is the school districts -- it's much easier if the program's in place, why haven't any school districts come forward and said that.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I don't think most school districts are aware of it to be honest with you. You know, I know that I've talked to some that were planning on bonds near -- around me and I said, you know, you need to know that we probably will not have a State bond on the ballot until 2014.

So if you're planning out your programs, you should plan them out in a way that you may not get matching funds till 2015 and it was a complete surprise to them.

So, you know, yes, we have some organizations here and they do have their client districts, but I think if you took a look at the thousand districts in the State, most of them -- I mean there hasn't been a dialogue that's gone on with all of them and I -- like I said, I -- if --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Haven't heard from any of them that want this. None.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I -- the ones -- I've had regular classroom cabinet meetings and none of them are aware of it. You know, I -- you know, there are some.

Until Margie Brown was our director, we didn't follow the State Allocation Board as closely. We knew when we had an item coming up, but that was all we did.

So I can't speak for all the districts, but I will tell you that when we've had school bonds and I've, you know, been very involved with ballots that one of the big

selling arguments is you've got State matching funds there
and there's a State program and there will be no State
program there. And --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: And I agree with that argument and it's a very powerful --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And -- right. I know.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I just would have liked to have heard from any school district.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, like I said, but I haven't -- I mean I -- and we're hearing from Finance that if there's not bond money, if we're out of bond money at the first of the year and there's no money to process applications, it's not going to come from the general fund.

So, you know, I'm not sure there's a right or wrong answer.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: You know. You know, I'm just going on based on, you know, what I believe is right and I think -- you know, your -- I have tremendous respect for you and now you're -- you know, you're going to vote based on what you believe is right.

But like I said, between my conversations with the consultants, between my conversations in terms of how do we pay to continue to process these claims, you know, my belief is that you stretch it out and it's -- you know, we can

1 | certainly disagree.

2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman. Then I'd like to 3 call the roll.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'm sorry. Yeah. I don't want to belabor the point, but I think back to the Senator's argument that the Legislature will not have the pressure to pass this quickly if we don't run out of money, I think one of the things we could do to assure that is we could get all these partners who want this money out on the streets tomorrow to join with us to put that pressure on the Legislature -- Senator.

I'm sorry. I'm directing to one of your
questions -- one of your points, sir.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yes.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: You stated that if we take the pressure off, the Legislature may not act as quickly if the pressure's on if we run out of funds for that.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. I will tell you if in fact we have done it by regulating and there's -- and that means that we will not run out until we don't have to vote on this issue, that takes the pressure off the Legislature.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Well, I think there's a great coalition in this room and elsewhere that wants to see this money go on the streets as quickly as possible.

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              And I think one of the ways we could assure that
    and still assure that Level III funding is protected is to
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    slow it down until that's packaged and have them come lobby
    the Legislature to say get this thing passed tomorrow.
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              And that would be the quickest way to do it, to
    get them out and use their pressure out there.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I hear you. I mean I just
    don't know. I'm just saying.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Call the roll.
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              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
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              Hancock.
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              Lara.
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              Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES:
                          Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
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              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Almanza.
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              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Moore.
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              MS. MOORE: No.
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              MS. JONES: Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
              MS. JONES: It does not pass.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Thank you.
                                               The next
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    recommendation is future acceptance and processing funding
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applications. Any questions from Board members before we bring up public testimony? Okay. Public testimony, please.

MR. DUFFY: Mr. Chairman, members, Tom Duffy again for CASH and I'll be repeating myself in that I've noted this before you I think twice today that we believe that a continuation of processing of applications as you currently are processing them as they're brought to the Board for unfunded approvals is the appropriate way to act into the future even after you run out of authority.

And again we communicated that last April because we anticipated we'd get to this time.

We think that that's wise for a number of reasons. One that we have noted for you is already that it continues and to encourage districts to come in for the program and spend money and move on with the repair of our economy and creating a pipeline for the future to support the bond.

One that I did not note for you is that you have taken great pains and have carefully implemented a program to oversee labor compliance with new legislation.

That came through statute. That statute had in it a provision that one-quarter of 1 percent of State bonds would be the benchmark for identifying what would be paid to the Department of Industrial Relations.

We believe that if a school district is to continue to move forward with a project in the absence of

State funds, having knowledge of what that project would be in terms of the amount gives them the ability to then estimate what their cost is or determine actually what their cost is, that quarter of 1 percent, pay DIR, and move on with their project and thereafter, according to your regulations, to be able to come in and seek a reimbursement having complied with that law.

So we think that that's something new that is added into this that we didn't consider last April because we weren't really focused on that. But we would encourage you to have -- and I really like Ms. Buchanan's suggestion that the Implementation Committee look at this means if I'm understanding that suggestion accurately from our conversation.

Thank you very much.
CHAIRPERSON REYES: Anybody else? Any comments or
questions? Oh, yes. Sorry.

MS. FERRERA: Anna Ferrera with the County School Facilities Consortium. We met actually earlier today and this was the one recommendation that we really felt was a good one to make the case for a bond in the future. So we would be supportive of that recommendation.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. MOORE: I just had a --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore.

MS. MOORE: I see that the recommendation is to have the Implementation Committee develop -- and staff develop the details of this list and what I would ask and I guess want to hear in discussion is can we have the option considered within that discussion of a true unfunded list.

I actually think the value of true unfunded list having lived with them in the past, having done interim financing on them in the past, there's always the risk that there's never another bond ever and districts have that risk, but knowing that they have had the approvals of the Office of Public School Construction, the Department -- the Division of the State Architect, and the Department of Education and were it not for money -- or for funding, they would be an approvable project goes a long way at the local level to be able to maybe forward fund a project with the thought of reimbursement in the future, knowing all the risks that are associated with that.

So I would ask that we in the consideration of this at the Implementation Committee level not rule that potential out immediately.

So in supporting the unfunded list, I would ask that we have the Implementation Committee and staff look at all options concerning that and bring them back to the Board.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Esteban.

MR. ALMANZA: So we have talked about accepting applications and keeping track of the amount of funding that's being requested without actually approving them for funding, not having an unfunded list, but still reporting on the backlog of funding for applications. Is that what we're talking about here in this recommendation?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: That was what the recommendation was.

MR. ALMANZA: Then not bring it forward for approval of additional funding.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So let's do this methodically then. I'll take it as a motion by the Subcommittee --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I want to make -- CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- some comments. My concern with having a true unfunded list assumes that -- I mean if you're a district and you have an unfunded approval, you're expecting a certain amount of money and we don't know necessarily what the next bond is going to look like.

And so that's why I had talked about having -- I mean when we talked -- and our Subcommittee talked about having a list of accepted applications and I think we needed to date stamp them, but I don't know how you create a true, you know, approved unfunded list if you don't know what the program's going to look like. And that's two years away.

1 I also want to get back to where -- how we are going to fund the processing of these applications. 2 know, are we going to do this subject to general fund money 3 being available for our staff to process and how are we 5 going to handle that. MS. MOORE: I'll have two comments on that. 6 7 is we have done it in the past and we were out of funds for a couple of years --8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. 10 MS. MOORE: -- and we produced an unfunded list 11 and that unfunded list in my estimation was instrumental in 12 passing a bond measure. 13 So we have a history of having done that and I 14 can't answer that today that we know how to do that today, 15 but I would ask that we look at that as staff and that we've 16 had a history for that. **17** ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I know we do, but the 18 history was when we were in very different financial times. 19 I can tell you --20 MS. MOORE: It did, but --ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- which times it was 21 22 and we were not -- it wasn't anything near --23 MS. MOORE: It could be different financial times, 24 but it still was bond funding. We didn't go into general 25 fund to fund it. It was bond funding. It was times that we

1 | were out. So it has happened.

2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But we weren't -- 3 right.

MS. MOORE: And what I'm -- and I don't have the answer today, but I think that we should investigate that knowing the history is that it has happened.

And then secondly just on the unfunded list, we also have had a time in our history, not saying it's the perfect way to go forward, but you're asking the question and this was it.

In 1998 when we all negotiated a reform -- a new program, the program that our partners, the building industry, talked about, we have a list at that time as well. It was an unfunded time and we had a list for the program that existed.

And what we did -- again I think it created the momentum and the amount of districts interested in passing a bond at the State level because they would receive matching share. I think it completely drove that. I know it did as a school district person at the time.

And what we did at that time is we reserved out the amount -- or part of the bond measure was that amount, what was on the list, and that it could go to that.

But actually what the legislation that reformed the program provided for, it provided for a choice. And so

districts had the choice either to move forward with what they had on the unfunded list in an old program stage. So we had this transition program with -- this transition time -- not a transition program, but a transition time.

They had the choice whether to continue in that old program because the bond measure had carved that out or to move forward in a new program. So there has also been history on how you might handle that.

Not saying that's how the Legislature when they put together the next bond measure wants to handle it, but it is a method that has been done in the past.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I don't know how you give them a choice if you've got a new program and the old program doesn't exist anymore.

MS. MOORE: We did. We did. It was part of the implementing legislation and I'll tell you as a school district employee at the time, it was my job to analyze what was better for the district. And in some cases the new program was better for the district and in some cases the old program was.

And I $\operatorname{\mathsf{I}}$ -- it was just -- it was very district -- it was very locally oriented and districts could make their choices.

So that history also exists for this program and it was part of the implementing legislation and it was the

will of the Legislature at the time.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So let me ask another question and I don't want to belabor the point, but the other three times we've kept lists, twice was for modernization and once for new construction, but we never had modernization, new construction, overcrowded relief -- we never had all the programs run out of money at the same time.

Are you suggesting that we reserve money from the program to be able to process? I mean somehow there's got to be some funding there to be able to process these claims and then do we -- you know, we take that money for two years to process and then maybe not fund a couple of projects instead.

I mean I'm just trying to figure out.

MS. MOORE: Certainly I would suggest that. I'm also very open to other ideas around how we manage this time. I just know historically we've managed it before and both -- to my knowledge, both programs -- both major programs, modernization and new construction, were out of funds at the same time and that we did manage the program during that interim -- during that time period and we never went to the general fund to fund the program.

So the history is there for that and perhaps, you know, it would be best for the Board to discuss it -- you

know, to discuss it in depth and get that information and
have all that before us, but the history has been there to
operate in that manner.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

And I just want to make sure I understand the motion correctly.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: There has not been one.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Oh, okay. Well, I think if it's the recommendation to go back to the Subcommittee to come up with some information and some recommendations back to the Board --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Implementation Committee.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Implementation

Committee -- I don't necessarily have a problem with that if we're going to review this. I think the devil's in the details for me.

If you're making an obligation list with some legal binding type of thing, whatever the bonds are, this is the order they're going to go in and this and that, I think it's hard to say because we're a couple years off -- away from that bond, what it may look like, what it may be funding, new construction, old construction, you know, modernization, those type of things.

If it's a needs type of test where we date stamp

and say this shows the need, it's my impression from the Subcommittee what we're going for is what is the need out there to go advocate for and a future bond issuance, I'm definitely in favor of that.

I'm -- and that's -- I'm just curious how that language would be if we start taking applications under one program that may look totally different just like a different bond issuance before we have, you know, planned labor agreements that came out. We have all this new stuff that Legislature keeps passing that will change one way or the other the way this thing looks.

Two years from now, we'll probably have a lot more and I just want to make sure that this Board has the flexibility, whatever that Board is at that time, to use that as informational purposes.

We qualify projects under the new system and go out, but not necessarily locking them into a system that may not exist because we run out of funds here.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore.

MS. MOORE: I understand the recommendation is for the Implementation Committee and the staff to do the devil's in the detail and what I am simply asking is that we do not preclude any possible option to come back before the Board and then the Board has the opportunity for the full discussion, that we haven't predisposed the discussion at

the Implementation nor at the staff level, but that we leave
it open so that we can have the opportunity to have a robust
discussion on how we might want that list to be.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Are you suggesting then

that we not take action today but we get -- allow the Implementation to come back to us with details and hopefully included in those details is where we're going to reserve funding to continue to do this for two years?

MS. MOORE: Well, that's what this recommendation says. It says the Subcommittee recommends creation of a simplified list and --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

MS. MOORE: -- this is what I'm speaking to, with details to be developed by staff and/or the Implementation Committee and I'm saying I support that. I strongly support that, but I'd --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Our simplified list in my mind was not a true, what I would say, unfunded where you're approving --

MS. MOORE: And that's where I was asking --SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That's what she's adding on.

MS. MOORE: That's where I was asking for,
Assembly Member Buchanan, if we could not preclude that
discussion -- if we cannot predispose that discussion and
ask for them -- for a robust discussion about any -- about

1 | what the recommendation would be back to the Board.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Then my suggestion would be that we direct the Implementation Committee to come back to us and we take action at that point in time because my biggest concern is I don't want to make promises that we can't deliver.

I think it's important to keep a list. I think if you're going to have a two-plus-year period where there's absolutely no program in place that there -- you know, there are many different policies that have to be considered, but I believe, one, we've got to have a way to pay -- to process those applications and in my mind, if I'm going to vote for it, I want to be sure that I'm not promising a district something where they're going out and making financial decisions and we end up not being able to deliver on it.

MS. MOORE: I would -- I think we're talking the same thing. Ask the Implementation Committee to do their best at a recommendation with staff and come back before the Board and have a robust discussion. I think --

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But not to preclude -- what you're saying is not to --

MS. MOORE: Is not --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: -- preclude what she said --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I'm not precluding it.

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    I'm just saying because we want to expand what the intent
    was, I'd like to delay a vote on it from my perspective till
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    I know exactly what it is we're voting on.
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              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: So just send -- right now to
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    recommend that --
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: The Implementation
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    Committee --
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Do we need a vote on that?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, we need to get consensus
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    from the Board. There's a couple of issues going on here.
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              One of the questions is continue to accept
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    applications beyond the current available authority.
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              MS. MOORE: Oh, okay. Gotcha'.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So I need to understand from
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    staff, does this -- to continue -- in the absence of this
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    authority or this direction from the Board, you will not
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    accept beyond the bond authority and so you have nothing and
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    if you -- if we're telling you to go to the Implementation
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    Committee, then you do nothing with those things until the
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    Implementation comes with the recommendation to the Board
    and then we have the vote and the conversation and send it
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    back if we don't agree?
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              MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct. And there's still
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    projects that come in on a daily basis and those projects
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    will increase our workload --
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1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. MS. SILVERMAN: -- which and subject to whatever 2 we have in our bank account for bond authority. So we're 3 kind of teetering on that issue right now where we're going 5 to tip our hand and not have that extra authority to cover those projects that come through the door. 6 7 So, you know, I guess the sooner, the better for us to have that dialogue because we're going to be -- we're 8 at that pinch point. We're going to be beyond our authority 9 10 with projects that walk through the door. CHAIRPERSON REYES: So the Board action would be 11 12 to allow you to continue to accept the applications beyond 13 the bond authority, is going to be the threshold that you 14 will need to meet; right? 15 MS. SILVERMAN: Right. Right. 16 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then the second issue then Is it a plain list as 17 is beyond that how does it look. 18 proposed by the committee and you take a look at it or is it 19 more robust and includes perhaps an unfunded list as 20 proposed by Ms. Moore? Am I understanding the issue? ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I don't think so 21 22 because --23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 24 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- the list beyond 25 authority is the same list.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Well, that's --

2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And --

3 CHAIRPERSON REYES: That was my --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And I think there is consensus that we want to continue to demonstrate need -CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- when that was part of the recommendation, it was tied in my mind to the recommendation that we were going to stretch out the program.

We're not going to stretch out the program. So I want to know, one, you know, where are we going to reserve money to continue processing applications and, two,

Ms. Moore has brought up she wants to also take a look at whether we just accept applications or whether we provide some sort of unfunded approval I guess.

SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And I think that's expanding what we intended to do. And so what I'm saying from my perspective, I -- rather than voting on it today, which, you know, I'm not sure I can, I would like to see what it's going to look like, where the money's going to come from, and what exactly it is we're recommending that we do because I don't want to have -- I'm very concerned about having an approval and a district thinking that it's going

```
1
    to get money and if the program changes and it's not going
    to get that, it's making those financial decisions.
 2
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Lowenthal.
 3
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: What I don't -- I don't think
 5
    we're asking -- Ms. Moore is asking us to approve anything.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  The other way.
 6
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: It's just to send to the -- to
 7
    discuss -- when they come back, to discuss points that you
 8
    brought up, where we're going to fund it, and points that
 9
10
    she's brought up. That's all we're asking to do.
11
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And I think we're in
12
    agreement, but I think we're talking about a motion.
13
    don't think we necessarily need a motion to do that.
14
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Oh, really? Okay.
15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Because I think we're
    giving direction to staff and the Implementation Committee
16
17
    to bring that back to us so we can vote in terms of how
18
    we're going to keep this list going into the future.
19
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: That's fine with me.
20
    want to be real clear.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: You have that, but the staff
    does need direction on what to do.
22
23
              MS. SILVERMAN: Projects that walk through the
24
    door.
25
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: For projects that walk through
```

```
1
    the door. That can't -- so you do need a motion --
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I don't mind doing it.
 2
 3
    just not clear.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- to give them --
 5
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I think we're in agreement.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I just want to --
 6
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: We just -- before we finally
 7
    vote ultimately we know what we need the information.
 8
    just how do we ask the Implementation Committee to do that
 9
10
    is really what we're saying.
11
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's sort of two pieces to the
12
    motion.
             Staff.
13
              MR. MIRELES: Mr. Chair, in the meantime, if we
14
    exhaust the authority between now and whenever the
15
    Implementation Committee has a discussion that it goes back
    to the Board for full action, we can continue to accept
16
17
    applications but not process them.
                                        That's one -- we do need
18
    that direction from the Board.
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So you end up on date stamping
    which is what the original recommendation was. So --
20
21
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.
22
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- we end up defaulting to
23
    what the Subcommittee recommended in the first place.
24
              MR. MIRELES: At minimum, we can accept the
25
    applications and not process them until we get further
```

```
1
    direction from the Board on a true unfunded list.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: But you also will discuss and
 2
    come back to the Board -- the Implementation Committee will
 3
    come back to the Board about a true unfunded list.
 5
              MR. MIRELES: That's correct, Senator. This is
    just if we exhaust the authority before we have that robust
 6
    discussion and before we come back to the Board.
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So do you need a motion
 8
    that will say we'll accept and date stamp applications --
 9
10
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right.
11
              MS. SILVERMAN: Yes.
12
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- pending the
    recommendation from the Implementation Committee and further
13
14
    action by the Board.
15
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL:
                                  Right.
16
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So can I make that
17
    motion?
18
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Was that sufficient?
19
              MS. MOORE: Could you say it again, Ms. Buchanan?
20
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: That we will accept and
21
    date stamp applications pending the Implementation
22
    Committee's work and further action by the Board.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Is that sufficient direction?
24
    So at this point, we -- I just want to understand that we
25
    basically end up with this committee's recommendations and
```

```
1
    nothing more and then the Implementation Committee will come
    back and then at that point, you will propose what you will
 2
 3
    propose and then we will take action accordingly.
              MR. SAVIDGE: And not precluding all options
 5
    including a --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: All options, so a robust
 6
 7
    discussion and --
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. Including those
 8
    options and you will come with some recommendation.
 9
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then the Board will vote
11
    up or down on the -- what I will refer to as enhancements of
12
    the list because we got to give you direction on a list now.
13
    What is the minimum it has.
              MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct.
14
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then you will come in with
16
    the Implementation Committee on how that could be enhanced,
17
    so it will be robust, and then we will then take action on
18
    that particular list.
19
              MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct.
20
              MS. MOORE: I'm good. I'm good.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay?
22
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yeah, I think we're good.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: All right. So if somebody
24
    wants to make that motion.
25
              MS. MOORE: So move.
```

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1
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: No one knows what the
    motion --
 2
 3
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Second.
              MR. ALMANZA:
                            Second.
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Second. There's a second.
    All in favor, say aye.
 6
 7
         (Ayes)
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Abstentions? Ayes I
 8
    have it.
              Thank you. And I think that's the end of the
 9
10
    minor subject.
11
              All right. Options for execution of the 2012
12
    grant amounts. We're in Tab 10.
                                      132.
                                            This is a held-over
13
    from last time.
14
              MR. WATANABE: Yes. Michael Watanabe with OPSC.
15
    This item is -- we're bringing back from last month.
16
              At the January Board, the Board approved the
17
    Marshall & Swift Eight California Cities to increase the per
18
    pupil grant for the School Facility Program grants.
19
              That resulted in an increase of 3.76 percent.
20
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Cut to the chase here.
21
    There are four options. Option 1 is to provide no
22
    adjustment. We already dissected this thing last time
23
    around.
24
              MR. WATANABE:
                             The Board wanted a history.
25
    put that on stamped page 134 of how the Board's applied the
```

grant in the past.

Ms. Moore.

Given where we are with bond authority and the unique circumstance where we're out of cash and bond authority with no expectation of more bond authority in the future, staff's recommending Option 1, the Board take no action and don't provide adjusts to the school facility grants for any project added to the unfunded list prior to January 2012.

As a reminder, at the top of page 135, if the Board approved the CCI increase, the unfunded projects would need approximately 44 million in bond authority -- 11 million for new construction.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. And the last time we took this issue up, Option 1 was moved. It did not garner enough votes and nobody else had a substitute motion and in the absence of any motion, the default really is Option 1; right? Am I -- do I understand this? Yes. Okay.

MR. WATANABE: That's correct. Yes

20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.

MS. MOORE: As I read the statute, it says that the Board shall annually adjust the per unhoused pupil apportionment and so Option 1 doesn't actually deal with that issue and if we are to adjust the apportionment, that means at the time that cash apportionment is provided to the

1 school district that it is adjusted. And if that's the case, I think we need an 2 Option 5 that says we will adjust the apportionment to 2012 3 if there is in 2012 -- if there's -- the indice is at 2012 now. If we apportion a project in 2012, it should be 5 applied to that project. Am I reading this correctly. 6 MR. WATANABE: That is correct. The risk where we 7 are right now is we're pretty much out of bond authority, so 8 the apportionments are -- after that we won't have authority 9 10 to give them. 11 MS. MOORE: It's not authority. An apportionment 12 is not authority. An apportionment already had authority. 13 MR. WATANABE: Right. But to give them increase, 14 you're going to need more bond authority. 15 CHAIRPERSON REYES: We have the cash to meet that 16 adjustment; is that what you're saying? 17 MS. MOORE: Say it again. And -- I'm not 18 following you. 19 MR. WATANABE: Right now what we're projecting 20 state of the new construction authority, so we're going to 21 run out in April 2012. If the Board does not provide 22 apportionments for those projects prior to April 2012, we

won't have authority to give them an increase for the CCI.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: When you say authority, say

23

24

25

cash. Bond money.

```
1
              MR. WATANABE: No. Authority. We need bond
    authority to give them the increase.
 2
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Authority. Okay.
 3
    authority. Okay.
 5
              MS. MOORE: So we should both provide it for the
    authority, but we have to by law provide it for the
 6
    apportionment, so we'd need both.
 7
              MR. WATANABE: You will need the cash eventually,
 8
    yes, when you plug them in also. But the authority is the
 9
10
    first part you need.
11
              MS. MOORE: So I think -- I guess -- and correct
12
    me if I'm wrong because I've been thinking about this a lot
13
    and it seems fairly complex. However, the Board -- and I
14
    wasn't here last Board meeting, so I apologize on that part,
15
    but I think I'm up to speed.
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's okay.
17
              MS. MOORE: The Board voted to -- for everything
18
    after 2012, that it be -- that it will on the authority
19
    action apply a 2012 indice.
20
              MR. WATANABE: Correct.
21
              MS. MOORE: And what I'm saying is in addition to
    that I think that the code -- is it code or regulation?
22
23
              MR. WATANABE: Statute.
              MS. MOORE: -- statute reads that it has to be
24
25
    applied on the apportionment. So we apply it 2012 which
```

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1
    actually doesn't do anything unless somebody comes in for
    cash. That's their budget, but when they come in for cash,
 2
    as I read this, we have to give them the indice that exists.
 3
              MR. MIRELES: One way -- Option 4 adjusts the
 5
    unfunded list that we have now to increase for the CCI 2012.
    So you can take the authority that's needed to update the
 6
 7
    complete unfunded list and if they come in and get an
    apportionment in 2012, the authority would have already been
 8
    available for those projects.
 9
10
              MS. MOORE: How about this? Why not when they --
11
    if they come in for an apportionment -- because it could be
12
             It could be a 2009. It could have been an '11.
13
              When they come in in 2012 -- if they come in in
14
    2012, for an apportionment, at the same time you adjust
15
    their authority.
16
              MR. MIRELES: Yeah. The Board --
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's an option.
18
                            That's an option.
              MR. MIRELES:
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  That's an option and one of
20
    the issues with that is that some of that money has already
21
    been spent. The construction has already occurred.
22
              MR. MIRELES: Right. I think that Option 4 would
23
    already give you an updated unfunded list to give them the
24
    2012 amounts.
```

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: This is the problem and

25

it's -- and I -- you know, when I made the recommendation before, it was under the -- you know, I've since learned that sometimes we've applied it retroactively and sometimes we haven't, but this is the issue.

You're going to give authority that goes up to your bonding capacity and if you wait to adjust the rates until you're ready to fund the project, you are in -- you aren't -- you don't have a true list of what you've approved because I could have approved a project that's \$10 million, but if the rate goes up, it's really -- I'm just using an \$11 million project.

So I have to -- we have to have a consistent policy that either says yes, we go back or no, we don't go back. We've done both ways and when I argued last week, it was because with construction bids and stuff, we're still below most of the estimates.

But you can't -- you have to make a decision now because if now, they're going to give approvals -- right -- and approve projects and then if I raise the other ones above them, these districts are going to think they're in line for money and they're not because we will have run out.

MS. MOORE: I understand what you're saying. So you're saying that the authority has to increase now even though we might not use it --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: To match the bonding

capacity.

MS. MOORE: -- to match it. And I guess I'm kind of -- I'm willing to support that because I actually think we're out of compliance with law if we are not providing those projects in their apportionments with the 2012 indice which it indicates here.

And I'll you, you know, in the old world when I know we're not in for the last two years, but that indice happened at the time that you went out to bid and it made sense because that's when you needed the cash. That's when the bid climate was like what it was --

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And that's what I think --

MS. MOORE: -- and all of that and so by doing it at the apportionment stage, it matches that and we did all -- you know, full disclosure. We did also when the year that it dipped, we didn't give them the dip, you know, and I realize that that's wanting your cake and eat it too, but then I realize that it's the apportionment.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, my suggestion is -- I mean this is the sword I'm going to fall on one way or the other -- is that we -- if we -- I actually agree with you by the way. They should be getting it at the time they bid and some of them come in retroactively and get it at the higher amount.

Second?

1 But I think that right now given our system would probably be an accounting nightmare for staff. 2 But if -- whatever we decide to do, I would 3 suggest that we make sure we clarify that so we don't end up 5 where we are now where we've done one thing one time and another, another and we have that clarity and then it's 6 7 undone consistently in the future. So if it should be that they all get whatever the 8 grant amount is at the time that they request funds or we 9 10 give the authority, then let's do that and then we have to 11 clarify it so that we don't continue to be where we've been 12 in the past where we haven't been quite so consistent. 13 MS. MOORE: So in order to do that, what option is that? 14 15 MS. SILVERMAN: 4. 16 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And that's the most expensive **17** option; right? 18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, it just means that fewer projects will get apportioned. We only have so 19 20 much money, so -- you know. CHAIRPERSON REYES: So is there a motion? 21 Is 22 there any comments from the public? Thank you. 23 discussed this last time. 24 MS. MOORE: I'll move Option 4.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So it's been moved.

25

```
1
    Okay. Any other options?
              MS. MOORE: Can I try one other thing? And maybe
 2
 3
    you've already --
 4
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Hold on. Mr. Hagman --
 5
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I'm just back to the
    Chair. You said that default's Option 1 if nothing else
 6
 7
    passes; correct?
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. Okay. Do you want to
 8
    move Option 1?
 9
10
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Well, I don't think we
11
    need to if it defaults there, but I'll move Option 1.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Moved Option 1. Ms. Moore,
13
    you had a comment?
14
              MS. MOORE: I just want to ask clarity one last
15
    time. If -- well, you -- I guess I'm not speaking to the
16
    Option 1 piece. So I have a question on a different --
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So it's been moved.
                                                              Is
18
    there a second, then we can have the conversation.
19
    a second?
20
              MR. ALMANZA: I'll second.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Almanza second. Okay.
    Ms. Moore.
22
23
              MS. MOORE: My question is still on my Option 5
    where we only apply it to the apportionments that are done
24
25
    in 2012 as the law states. Is that possible to do?
```

MR. MIRELES: It depends if we have authority.

Option 4, what it does is it reserves the authority at the

2012 levels and if they -- if those projects -- the projects
on the unfunded list right now, they have what they were
approved by the Board.

So if you adjust them to give them the 2012 levels, when they get an apportionment, if they get cash, then they're going to get the apportionment based on the 2012 amounts because you've already increased the amount.

So you have to -- to reserve enough authority, it would be Option 4 to adjust everybody to the 2012 amounts and if any of those projects that are on the unfunded list get an apportionment in 2012, they would have enough authority.

MS. MOORE: Right. And so what we did not agree to do because it was a failed motion, that we would increase them all as kind of planning in case somebody comes in. And what I was saying is when somebody comes in, it's we adjust then authority then and Assembly Member Buchanan rightly points out, well, that might not turn out really well in the end.

And I understand that, but I also know that we are out of compliance with law. So the law states that it's adjusted at apportionment. So how do we get around that issue?

```
1
              MR. MIRELES: The Board has done this in the past.
 2
    Prior years, they have --
              MS. MOORE:
                           Well, but does that make it legal?
 3
 4
    Henry?
 5
              MR. NANJO: As long as at the time of
    apportionment you give the amount that you are authorizing
 6
 7
    as a CCI, you're fine. What this action does is it creates
    a reservation of those amounts for all projects instead of
 8
    the ones that just really come in and --
 9
10
              MS. MOORE: I hear you.
11
              MR. NANJO: -- and the only problem with that --
12
    that gets to the goal that you're talking about, Ms. Moore,
13
    but the problem with that is it uses up the bond authority
14
    so you are not -- you don't have that flexibility to use
15
    that money for other projects that may come in later.
16
              MS. MOORE: I hear that and I hear the problem
17
    with over -- potentially overinflating and I see the will of
18
    the Board on not wanting to put that kind of authority in,
19
    but I also believe that we're out of legal compliance.
20
              MR. NANJO: Technically you're not out of legal
21
    compliance unless you make an apportionment and you don't do
    the adjustment.
22
23
              MS. MOORE: Okay.
24
                          As long as at that time you catch up
              MR. NANJO:
25
    and you do give the apportionment at that time, you're fine.
```

1 MS. MOORE: So we do have to do the 2012 adjustment on any cash apportioned in 2012. 2 MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct, but even back in 3 2010 when there was a decrease, we didn't honor that same 5 commitment to the Ed Code by decreasing the projects as well. So I think we've gone back and forth on that fence. 6 MS. MOORE: Gotcha'. 7 MR. NANJO: This Board has handled it both ways, 8 correctly and potentially incorrectly depending on how you 9 10 interpret it. 11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Hancock. 12 SENATOR HANCOCK: So I was just going to suggest 13 that we would move Option 1 with the amendment that if a project was final we would in fact only reimburse for the 14 15 actual cost. Now does that solve the problem or not? 16 MS. MOORE: No. 17 CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. 18 SENATOR HANCOCK: No. Okay. Never mind. 19 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 20 It seems logical. SENATOR HANCOCK: 21 SENATOR HANCOCK: Option 1's been moved and 22 seconded. Want to call the roll. Yes. I invited public 23 testimony earlier. Nobody came up. In fact it was a joke 24 because I said thank you. But go ahead, if you want to come

in, I certainly don't want to censor anybody.

25

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1
              AUDIENCE: I just thought I heard Ms. Moore
    author --
 2
              MS. JONES: There was no second.
 3
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: There was no second to it.
 5
              AUDIENCE: Sorry --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So but Option 1 was
 6
 7
    moved and seconded. So that still is before us in case
    anybody's striking back there. All right. Call the roll.
 8
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
 9
10
              Hancock.
11
              Lara.
12
              Buchanan.
13
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
14
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
15
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
16
              MS. JONES: Almanza.
17
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
18
              MS. JONES: Moore.
19
              MS. MOORE: No.
20
              MS. JONES: Reyes.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
22
              MS. JONES: Motion does not pass.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. We were here last
24
    month.
25
              MS. MOORE: Okay. I'll make a motion. My prior
```

1 motion for Option 4 died for lack of a second; correct?
2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Correct.

MS. MOORE: Okay. So I'll move Option 5 and that is that projects that are apportioned in 2012 will receive the 2012 indice and the authority at the same time.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Is that something that can be done?

MS. SILVERMAN: You have to keep a reservation of funds -- of authority on the side just in case we --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Of how much?

MS. SILVERMAN: -- to cover those projects. It all depends because we have the cert period. We have 760 projects -- or \$760 million in projects that came in waiting for a bond sale to execute to move those apportionments over. So you could technically reserve for that pot of funds, but then that's all conditional because there could be also a spring and fall bond sale.

So it's probably best to keep a reservation of the entire list as a backup and then credit the account once those projects have come in.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Could you walk me through -- I mean we have unfunded approvals. We have apportionments. We have funding. So what you're talking about is they would get an unfunded approval at a certain amount. Now, the apportionment would be at the 2012 rate if

```
1
    it's approved in 2012.
              MS. MOORE: If it's cashed in 2012. I'm using
 2
    cash and apportionment synonymously because that's where it
 3
    is now.
 5
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: You're talking about --
    okay. What you're funding at. So --
 6
 7
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: If they're apportioned, it has
    to be at the new level. That's all.
 8
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. Right.
 9
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So you need to --
11
              MS. MOORE: I would second that.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So you need to -- okay.
13
    been moved and second. So you need to set aside some
    unknown amount --
14
15
              MS. SILVERMAN: Right. In order to cover
16
    potentially projects that come in through the door and since
17
    the universe is unknown about how much cash we're going to
18
    get, we would have to potentially reserve for the entire
19
    list just to be safe.
20
              MR. NANJO: Which is Option 4.
              MS. SILVERMAN: Which is Option 4.
21
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Option 4.
                                                    So --
23
              MS. SILVERMAN: By credit back --
24
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So you have to -- what
25
    Option 5 is you would set aside essentially $44 million and
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1 then the actual expense would depend on what actually comes in. 2 MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct. 3 MS. MOORE: I have another idea that -- because I 5 think that might -- I see that that -- that did not have the support of the Board. 6 7 So we know now the universe of those projects that will, once we receive cash, say they have -- they can in 90 8 days perfect a project, what we just -- you reported on that 9 10 today. 11 MS. STLVERMAN: That's correct. 12 MS. MOORE: What if we held the authority and 13 provided the apportionment with the 2012 indice for that universe. 14 15 MS. SILVERMAN: But you still have another 16 certification round that actually opens up in July and 17 August, so you would still -- there could be additional 18 pressure by not having a reserve. 19 MS. MOORE: I'm not saying to -- I'm not -- we 20 would have to take that action on those projects later. 21 SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Right. At that time. 22 MS. MOORE: I'm saying the universe that we know 23 right now and what its amount is --24 MS. SILVERMAN: Right.

MS. MOORE: That we would apportion and authority

25

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1
    for those projects.
              MS. SILVERMAN: Reserve it.
 2
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Yes.
 3
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: So are we not back to
 5
    Option 4?
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
 6
                                  Yes.
 7
              MS. MOORE: No.
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL:
                                  No.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
 9
10
              MR. NANJO: That is Option 4.
11
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That is Option 4.
12
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Could you explain --
13
    yeah.
14
              MS. MOORE: It's not because Option 4 is the
15
    entire unfunded list and --
16
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: But you can't -- if you
17
    don't do the -- the entire list is going to be 2012 or
18
    later; right? So the entire list is -- you can't -- if
    something's on the list now, it's not going to get a 2011
19
20
    approval. That's passed. So it's either going to get a
21
    2012 approval or later.
22
              So you've got to increase the amount for all the
23
    projects on the list to 2012.
24
              The real question that's going to come up is, one,
25
    if you don't do it now, you may not be able -- you know,
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we -- if you're going to do that, you'd better do it now because you don't want to have other projects that submit applications and we can't approve them because we've taken that authority because we are basically reserving authority for those projects.

The other issue that will come up if for some reason, you know, money -- we still have money in 2013, then you're going to potentially have a situation where you can't increase them all because you will have had a greater -- you will have apportioned more money than you have in bonding authority.

MS. MOORE: I guess I am not seeing that my motion is saying to approve authority as Option 4. I am saying approve authority and apportionment for the universe that we know is coming in for cash with this last round of -- what do we call it? Priority --

MS. SILVERMAN: Certification.

MS. MOORE: Certification. That's all my motioncovers.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And so anyone that comes in later would get the 2011 [sic] apportionment?

MS. MOORE: We don't -- I say we have to determine that later.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I think you've got to be consistent with people.

MR. NANJO: The problem is you're legally obligated to give that same adjustment to those other ones that come in in 2012. What Option 1 does is it allows the Board to potentially calculate for the -- okay. Let me take a step back.

The reason the Board hasn't done Option 4 in the past is because historically the staff and the Board knows that there is some number, however large or small, of those approved projects that for whatever reason will drop out and not come in.

So to prevent that project that ultimately is going to drop out from reserving money that could be used for a project that is going to come through, that's why Option 4 was not used by the Board in the past.

If you're going to give the adjustment -- or you're prepared to give the adjustment for the projects that come in, you have to reserve the funds so that you have the funds available for every project on the list even though you know some of the ones may not come in because you don't know which ones those are going to be.

I don't know if that helps or not, but that's -MS. MOORE: Right now I do know the ones that it's
going to be because we have a certified list. I don't see
where --

MR. NANJO: That's what --

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1
              MS. MOORE: I don't see where taking this action
    and this vote now sets the course for projects that aren't
 2
    on that certified list.
 3
              MR. NANJO: We're not talking about projects that
 5
    weren't on the list. We're talking about projects that are
    on the list but for whatever reason may not come through.
 6
 7
    You're reserving the funds -- the adjustment and all we're
    talking about is the CCI adjustment for those projects.
 8
 9
              You're giving them those adjustments even though
10
    those projects may not come in.
11
              MS. MOORE: All right.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So you had a motion and
13
    it had been seconded. Do you want to withdraw the motion or
14
    do you want to proceed?
15
              MS. MOORE:
                          I would like to proceed.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Call the roll, please.
16
              MS. JONES: Lowenthal.
17
18
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: Aye.
19
              MS. JONES: Hancock.
20
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Aye.
21
              MS. JONES:
                          Lara.
22
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER LARA: Aye.
23
              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
24
              Hagman.
25
              Almanza.
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1 Moore.

MS. MOORE: Aye.

MS. JONES: Reyes. Motion does not carry.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. All right. So moving

on then. Item 13. Priority funding process.

MS. SILVERMAN: You know, in the spirit of trying to keep it short. So we actually have a policy question in play as far as the Board actually established the priority in funding process in regulations and obviously the process has evolved over the last year and a half.

And with that regulation change, the process has been established in two periods leaving the 30 days open and effective near the bond sale. So with that respect, the regulations were adopted by the Board back in May and the regulations were put in effect in July.

The opened up the certification period for the period in question.

So those certifications are actually valid until January 10th. So if I can draw attention to page 155a, there's a timeline that we have produced that kind of outlines the question.

We did have projects that came in with rescissions and the cash did become available. Well, the Board actually did take a pro forma action and declaring those projects credited back to the bond authority back in December,

although the cash technically was available at the end ofOctober.

Since the certifications are valid between August through January 10, our understanding of how the regulation is very prescriptive that the certifications must be valid before we can give apportionments and again the whole purpose of the certification and the Board adopted this whole process is again provide clarity on how we fund projects.

So the real question is outside of that December action making those projects now deemed available, can the Board actually fund projects with invalid certification bringing that forward to the January Board because the certifications are no longer valid.

So that's really the policy question for the Board.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. This is an informational item. I know that we have some folks that want to testify on this, but it is informational.

Ms. Moore, you have your mic up. Please --

MS. MOORE: I'll wait for testimony.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Before you do that, we have some -- Mr. Lara, do you want to be recorded as an aye on the consent -- well, you were here for the --

MR. LARA: Yeah.

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1
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: You were here for the consent,
    for the Minutes. He was here. Senator Lowenthal.
 2
              SENATOR LOWENTHAL: I want to be aye.
 3
 4
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye. And then will you
 5
    please -- what's missing on the -- I just want to make sure
    I have everybody.
 6
 7
              MS. MOORE: Wasn't I on consent as well?
              MS. JONES: You actually had approval votes on all
 8
    those and then we started doing the new construction which
 9
10
    is roll call.
11
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So we're good on all
12
    the votes.
13
              MS. JONES: Everybody's caught up.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It's caught up. And
14
15
    then Mr. Lara wants to be recorded as a --
16
              MR. LARA: A no.
17
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- on the recommendation --
18
    which one?
19
              MR. LARA: I'll tell you.
20
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Hold on a sec. The item that
21
    failed. But just to be clear.
22
              MS. JONES: Okay. Be clear, please. What item --
23
    no, I'm kidding.
24
              MR. LARA: Item 3.
25
              MS. JONES: Item 3, okay. Thank you.
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MS. JONES: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. All right. Yes. He abstained and then realized that he really wanted to go as a no vote on it. So -- okay. Thank you. I apologize. Please proceed.

MS. GASTON: Cheryl Gaston, Oceanside Unified School District. The district is requesting that the State Allocation Board allocate the funds that are available from the rescissions based on the priority list that was in place when those funds became available.

We believe that the regulations allow it and that it meets the goal of putting out as much cash as possible and would certainly allow some projects to go forward as soon as possible.

We are really not sure when the next bond sale will be to fund those that have the unfunded approvals and the priority funding that occurred in January was projects that were approved in January of '11. So that's basically a whole year.

We're beginning to see the construction prices increasing for us. So it's important for us to get going as soon as we possibly can.

When we looked at the item in the SAB agenda, it

appeared to be an argument against funding these as soon as possible as opposed to making them available as soon as possible.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Bruce.

MR. HANCOCK: Thank you, Chairman Reyes, members of the Board. I'm Bruce Hancock, Hancock, Park, and DeLong.

We've been working with Oceanside on this and other issues and when it came up, I thought it raised a very important policy question that frankly I had misunderstood I quess.

I did participate or at least attend all the Subcommittee discussions on the priority fund round and I thought that I understood that essentially a basic rule of the priority funding was that when money became available, it would be given to projects on the list at that time.

And I don't -- I certainly wouldn't maintain that we discussed that in, you know, the various -- the Subcommittee or at this Board. It was just simply my understanding of what the policy was.

When Oceanside raised this issue, it brought to light the idea -- the circumstance that in fact maybe we're not all agreeing on what the policy is and so for that reason, we'd like to ask the Board to weigh on it because it seems that policy under the definition that OPSC has provided to the Board in this very good write-up today

really is that funding is provided to districts who are on the list when the apportionments are made as opposed to those on the list when the funding becomes available.

I think that there's an important -- this very important distinction there and it just so happens that because we have crossed the border from one priority list to another, we see the outcome or we see why the distinction is important.

The funding became available while Oceanside
Unified and other school districts I'm sure were valid
priority list projects who had submitted valid
certifications, but because of necessary administrative
actions -- and we definitely do not argue that there may be
times when apportionments cannot be made virtually
overnight.

OPSC has produced miracle after miracle in bringing huge amounts of apportionments forward. They're not always going to be able to do that and not every situation will be -- allow that accomplishment.

But we think that if you use the apportionment as the determination of which projects should get the funding, you introduce an ambiguity into the program.

The date that funding becomes available is a date certain and if it isn't a date certain, then maybe the Board needs to talk about that.

But when you introduce that it's when the apportionment happens, you introduce, as I said, an ambiguity. When will that be? The next month? Three months further? And in this particular case, it's caused us to cross a threshold so that the funding will go -- or could possibly go to districts that were not on the list when the funding became available.

That seems to Oceanside and to me as not in conformance with the way I understood the Board's priority point process and we really very much appreciate your time and consideration and we do second the idea that we need to have clarify. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Go ahead. I just -- how many priority funding rounds have we had?

MS. SILVERMAN: We've actually had -- the first one we created an informal certification period and that was in 2010 then we actually -- early 2010 for 400 million.

December 2010, we actually had another certification round because we had a bond sale and then we constituted this new one because we had established regulations. So we've had three.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And districts who haven't received funding or apportionment, have they reapplied in the next round?

1 MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And that's been the 2 standard practice? 3 If they didn't MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct. 5 receive the cash, they could recertify. ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: And when you talk about 6 7 ambiguity --MR. HANCOCK: Yes. 8 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- and wanting clarity, 9 I think for a district to not receive an apportionment but 10 11 not to reapply in a subsequent round --12 MR. HANCOCK: Oh. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: -- you know, I mean to 14 keep that list creates more uncertainty because you don't 15 know if all the projects are going to perfect or if some of them aren't. 16 17 So what is -- so having -- you know, treating it the way we've been where if you don't receive it, you 18 reapply in the next round, it seems to me that that is a 19 20 better way to do it. 21 MR. HANCOCK: Thank you for the opportunity to address that. 22 23 First of all, Oceanside did apply for the next round, but there's an important consideration here. 24 25 round of the priority funding is a fresh start. Projects

that did not request it previously can request it this time and in that case, some of those projects may move to the top of the list and so it is -- even though a district may reapply, when they were let's say number one on the unfunded list if you'll call it that -- priority list that didn't get money, when the next list is constituted, even when that district refiles -- which in this case they did -- they may no longer be within the funding range because other districts have moved to the top of the list.

I don't want it to sound like this is a war between districts. It is an issue about clarity of what is the determining factor of what list gets the funding.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well --

MS. GASTON: Could I add something to that. The amount of funds available from the rescissions when I looked at the list last time was about a 40-something million dollars and there was -- there's approximately \$700 million worth of certified projects for the next funding round.

You know, part of the request is we have \$60 million, can we allocate that to eligible projects instead of waiting for another bond sale.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. -- oh, go ahead. I'm sorry.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I think the question you're asking is which projects do you allocate it

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1
    to. That's where you want clarity.
              MS. SILVERMAN: We would have to follow the
 2
    validated cert list which is --
 3
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Right.
              MS. SILVERMAN: -- now the one in play right now.
 5
              ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Right.
 ล
 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore and then Mr. Hagman.
              MS. MOORE: To put it in -- if I may and
 8
    correct -- please correct me if I'm wrong in simplified
 9
10
    terms.
11
              We heard at the beginning of the meeting that
12
    there was 60 million that wasn't apportioned during the
13
    previous bond -- from the previous bond sale.
              MS. SILVERMAN: No. We have 11 million from the
14
15
    prior bond sale -- 11 and a half million which we reported
16
    out in December apportionment that we couldn't get to all
17
    the projects. Plus we had the 47 plus million.
18
    makes up the 60 million.
19
              MS. MOORE: The 47- that was rescinded during that
20
    project time.
21
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              Right. Plus the 11 and a half.
22
              MS. MOORE: So in simple terms then, the
23
    60 million became available during the first -- the
24
    certification period that we were previously in and what the
25
    policy question is, is -- in my mind, is does the cash go to
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those that are on that certification list during the time
when the cash arrives or are there circumstances that we
hold that cash to a future certification list and you're
indicating that it's been the circumstance that that
happens --

MS. SILVERMAN: Right.

MS. MOORE: -- previously, but it's a big policy issue and I guess the reason that I'm empathetic to the policy issue -- and maybe we can't do anything about it because it's an information item -- but if the Board is inclined, we could have the policy discussion with an action item is this.

Those are known. You know, it's known when -- who certified and how they certified and it's also known when the cash came in. And it seems that it's not subject to -- and I'm not saying intentional nor unintentional manipulation.

But when you have it such that there -- the cash comes in and for whatever reason -- could be great reasons -- for whatever reason, it isn't apportioned during that time period, it moves to the next slot, it seems that that is -- it could be subject to manipulation and/or -- intended or not and those are a whole different circumstance of projects as is indicated.

And so I think it merits more discussion

policy-wise. I don't know. Do any of my other Board members support that?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman has a comment.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: I just -- this is a good example of why taking these date stamps of projects when we run out of funds and wait two to three years for bonds. That's going to create lots of issues coming up if you prioritize them.

It's one thing to get an indication what you need for bonding authority in the future. It's another thing to state date stamping who got in first and when you do that policy because as time goes -- you know, six months is one thing, but, you know, a year, two years more in between these rounds to say that needs assessment, that priority list that was done two years ago is the same for the districts much less the State, you know, a certain period of time later, it's that timeline.

If you just leave a blank policy one way or the other, then you'll have a definition of how long that's good for and if it does take another year or possibly three years now before we have another bond sale, then that list may not be valid anymore.

And I think that's why you go for these different rounds and just like you're applying for grants or anything else, there's going to be winners and losers all the time.

And if the certification period is the timeline that you've been using in the past, it's only open for that period of time, that means these projects are certified, ready to go, and they meet the qualifications, then the policy discussion may be that is there priority to those projects, then they get to recertify and be put at the top of the list, but you don't have that timeline.

So I think instead of saying just automatically go back to the first funding or automatically do this that you may want to have discussion, okay, what is that timeline, what is the procedure for those who didn't make that list and they come for the next list with priority because they've been waiting longer.

I think that's the fairness question you're trying address, but for me --

MS. MOORE: Sort of.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: -- there's a difference in the timeline and that's why you have that certification period right now.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. I think the question -- I mean one is it would change the practice of what we're doing, but I think the question is when money comes back into a program, does that come back to the New Construction Program or Modernization Program or does it go

back to a specific round of apportionment.

Is the intent to apportion a certain amount of money in a round or is the intent to keep that money, even if it comes back or whatever, only with that round. It seems to me -- and I could be wrong and I -- we obviously -- we probably don't want to be here forever tonight -- that's the essential question.

When money comes back, does it stay with the New Construction Program, for example, so that that would go into the next round of apportionment or is money there to stay strictly with the round?

It seems to me the practice has been when money comes back, it comes back to the program and it gets apportioned out according to how you're going to do it -- the priority -- how you decide you're going to do that in the future and that seems to me to have been what the past practice has been with the programs, what you're -- if you're -- if we change to what you're suggesting, we're going to say basically that money stays with that round of apportionment and if you don't -- if someone doesn't perfect, then you stick with that round.

I think -- to me that's the essential policy of which --

24 ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: What --

25 | ASSEMBLY MEMBER BUCHANAN: I think the cleaner

thing is to if money comes back for whatever reason, I think it stays with the program, but it's -- you're going to, you know, allocate that in the future. That would be -- but I'm open to having a much deeper discussion.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: Yeah. We should put it as a policy question. But let's say that you are number one and number two, just your example, and then you reapply for the new funding round and let's say you're at the top versus the bottom and got funded.

Now you still have this list, that list, you know, partial funding coming in here, how do you start to prioritize them and blend those together.

And I think getting back to the policy question would be the people left on that list, do they go to the top of the list in the next round, but then there's a great period of time, are they still qualified? Do they still have the same need when that time goes through.

So bring it up another day, Mr. Chair, and we'll look it.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. I think it also raises the issue of what happens when you audit money. You know, does that money belong to that apportionment back then or does it belong to the fund. But anyway --

MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah, and --

25 CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- so --

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1
              MS. SILVERMAN: Absent of any action, just to FYI,
    we said that we would move $60 million forward, but I quess
 2
 3
    that's still in play and just realize we can suspend that
    action until we have the bigger dialogue. I just want to
    let you know that's somewhat of a commitment --
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, we don't have -- this is
 6
 7
    not an action item. This is informational, so status quo
    until the Board comes up with something different.
 8
              Ms. Moore.
 9
10
              MS. MOORE: Can we ask for the policy discussion
11
    to happen then I guess or -- because we're not having it
12
    right now --
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
                                  Right.
              MS. MOORE: -- because it's information.
14
15
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Can we send it to
16
    Implementation Committee to come back with the options so
17
    they can do all the discussion among the peers and come back
18
    with something? Is that okay?
19
              MS. MOORE: I'm good with that.
20
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. I'm saying okay. Bill,
21
    congratulations.
22
              MR. SAVIDGE:
                            Thank you, sir.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
24
              MR. SAVIDGE: -- two meetings --
25
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: We do have one other
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1	informational item, Joint Use Fund Release Status Report.
2	MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. And the status of that is
3	that project did come in for their cash.
4	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
5	MS. SILVERMAN: So we're and then we have the
6	workload list. That's attached on Tab 14.
7	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.
8	ASSEMBLY MEMBER HAGMAN: No questions.
9	MS. SILVERMAN: And we're done.
10	CHAIRPERSON REYES: All right. Thank you.
11	(Whereupon, at 6:58 p.m. the proceedings were recessed.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE			
2				
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)			
4	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)			
5				
6	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court			
7	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American			
8	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.			
9	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:			
LO	That the proceedings herein of the California State			
L1	Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported and			
L2	transcribed by me;			
L 3	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of			
L 4	the proceedings as recorded;			
15	That I am a disinterested person to said action.			
L6	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on			
L7	March 5, 2012.			
L8				
19				
20	Mary C. Clark AAERT CERT*D-214			
21	Certified Electronic Court Reporter and Transcriber			
22	Reporter and Transcriber			
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ATTACHMENT D1

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, January 23, 2013

OPTIONS FOR THE EXECUTION OF THE 2013 GRANT AMOUNTS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide options for applying the annual grant adjustments to School Facility Program (SFP) project approvals based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the State Allocation Board (Board).

DESCRIPTION

As a part of this agenda, the Board will take action on the annual adjustment to the SFP grants based on the change in construction costs for 2012, which will establish the 2013 SFP grant amounts. This item presents options to the Board for applying the 2013 SFP grant amounts. In addition to projects added to the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) in 2013, the Board could consider applying the 2013 grant amounts to projects previously added to the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and/or the Unfunded List. Hereafter, the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) will be referred to as the list of unfunded approvals.

AUTHORITY

Education Code (EC) Section 17070.63(a) states: "The total funding provided under this chapter shall constitute the state's full and final contribution to the project and for eligibility for state facilities funding represented by the number of unhoused pupils for which the school district is receiving the state grant. As a condition of receipt of funds, a school district shall certify that the grant amount, combined with local funds, shall be sufficient to complete the school construction project for which the grant is intended."

For New Construction grant, EC Section 17072.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the perunhoused-pupil apportionment to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the board."

For Modernization funding, EC Section 17074.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 defines "Class B Construction Cost Index (CCI)" as a "construction factor index for structures made of reinforced concrete or steel frames, concrete floors, and roofs, and accepted and used by the Board."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 states, "The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.78 states, "The modernization per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17074.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January."

BACKGROUND

Statute requires the Board to annually adjust the SFP pupil grant amounts to reflect statewide construction cost changes.

(Continued on Page Two)

BACKGROUND (cont.)

The M&S Eight California Cities Index is the only Class B index that uses exclusively California cities to capture material and prevailing wage costs in California. The Board adopted the M&S Eight California Cities Index to make the annual adjustment for 2009, 2010, and 2011, and at the January 2012 meeting adopted the M&S Eight California Cities Index for 2012 and future years.

At its January 2010 meeting, the annual adjustment resulted in a 6.74 percent decrease to the per-unhoused-pupil grant. This was the only decrease in the history of the SFP. The Board elected to only apply the adjusted grant amounts to projects awarded an unfunded approval on and after March 2010. Because of this decrease for 2010, the Board expressed a desire to maintain the flexibility to specifically adjust those projects should the grant amounts once again increase in 2011.

At its January 2011 meeting, the annual adjustment resulted in a 4.28 percent increase to the perunhoused-pupil grant with corresponding increases to 2011 project allocations. The Board also elected to apply the 2011 CCI adjustment to the projects added to the list of unfunded approvals in March through December 2010, in order to include all projects that were awarded using the 2010 grant amounts.

At its January 2012 meeting, the Board adopted the M&S Eight California Cities index, which resulted in an increase to the per-unhoused-pupil grant of 3.76 percent with corresponding increases to 2012 project allocations. The Board also expressed its preference to use this Index for future years.

Staff is presenting a separate item in the Consent portion of this agenda that recommends the adoption of the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2013. If adopted, this index will apply a CCI increase of 3.13 percent.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

The Board approval dates for projects on the list of unfunded approvals range from 2009 through December 2012. Since unfunded approvals are not yet apportionments, they are not subject to the statutory "full and final" provisions and can be adjusted for the CCI at the discretion of the Board. Since 2009, the CCI adjustment determined by the Board at the start of a year has only been applied to projects approved or apportioned in that same calendar year with one exception. Because the 2010 CCI adjustment was a negative 6.74 percent, the Board opted to apply the 2011 CCI adjustment (+4.28 percent) to the projects on the list of unfunded approvals that had received the 2010 grant amounts.

The Board could consider applying the 2013 CCI grant amounts to unfunded approvals from prior years. If the Board adopts the M&S Eight California Cities index for 2013 and approves applying the adjustment to projects on the list of unfunded approvals from prior years, this action would increase those grants by 3.13 percent. Additional bond authority would be required for such an increase.

Estimated Additional Bond Authority Required for Increases

The following table provides an estimate of the additional bond authority required if the 2013 grant amounts were applied to projects on the list of unfunded approvals by year:

(Continued on Page Three)

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

Unfunded Approval Date	Grant Amount By Year	Number of Projects	Current Value of Unfunded Approvals	Estimated Impact if 2013 Grant Amount is Applied
January 2009 through February 2010	2009	9	\$27,171,833	\$851,160 Increase
March 2010 through December 2010	2011	37	\$63,215,192	\$1,980,222 Increase
January 2011 through December 2011	2011	48	\$195,323,179	\$6,118,518 Increase
January 2012 through December 2012	2012	303	\$500,975,576	\$15,693,110 Increase
Estimated Total Potential Impact			\$24,643,010 Increase	

Applying the 3.13 percent increase to the unfunded approvals awarded prior to 2013 would require up to \$24,643,010 in additional bond authority from Propositions 47, 55, and 1D. Since Staff has already received and is processing applications sufficient to exhaust all remaining new construction and modernization bond authority, increasing previously approved unfunded approvals will potentially result in fewer applications receiving an unfunded approval.

Additional Considerations

There are additional considerations for the Board when deciding how to apply the 2013 CCI adjustment, which include the applications that the OPSC has received beyond available bond authority.

Unfunded List

In addition to the list of unfunded approvals, as of the December 2012 Board meeting, there are 33 modernization applications totaling approximately \$76.8 million on the Unfunded List. There is no bond authority remaining to allocate to these applications. If the 2013 adjustment was applied to these projects, the result would demonstrate an increased future need for additional bond authority.

Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List

On November 1, 2012, the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List became effective in the SFP Regulations. This list includes eligibility and funding applications that the OPSC has accepted in order to determine if they meet the definition of an Approved Application. If the application meets this criterion, it will be presented to the Board for acknowledgment only. No further processing will be performed. The current SFP grants amounts would be applied if these applications are processed in the future. Therefore, they are not presented for potential adjustment.

The list of unfunded approvals includes items for the Charter School Facilities Program and Critically Overcrowded Schools Program, such as advance fund releases for design, site or Environmental Hardship. These items are not truly unfunded approvals. The grants for these advance funding items are either based on a set formula or actual costs, not the current year CCI. They were added to the list for the purposes of providing a mechanism to fund these advances. The current year grant amounts will be applied when these projects convert to a full adjusted grant for unfunded approval or apportionment. Therefore, they are not presented for potential adjustment.

(Continued on Page Four)

OPTIONS

Staff presents the following options for the Board to consider for execution of the 2013 SFP grant amounts:

OPTION 1 – Apply the 2013 SFP grant amounts to some or all projects on the list of unfunded approvals that received an unfunded approval between 2009 and 2012.

This option would provide an increase for projects on the list of unfunded approvals that received the 2009, 2010, 2011 and/or 2012 grant amounts as designated by the Board.

Pro: This allows projects with unfunded approvals using the 2009, 2010, 2011 and/or 2012 grant amounts to receive an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the change in the construction cost index for the current year.

Cons:

- Requires the use of up to \$24,643,010 in additional scarce bond authority.
- Potentially provides an increase to reimbursement projects that are already complete.
- Potentially provides increases for some projects that had the opportunity but did not request an apportionment.
- For those projects that received the 2010 grant amounts, this would be the second increase, because the Board previously applied the 2011 annual adjustment to these projects (a 4.28 percent increase).

OPTION 2 – Apply the 2013 SFP grant amounts to the applications added to the Unfunded List prior to January 2013.

This option would apply the 2013 grant amounts to applications that were processed to the Board, but were received after bond authority was exhausted.

Pro:

- Applying the 2013 CCI adjustment to the projects on the Unfunded List would demonstrate a better estimate of future need for additional bond authority.
- Allows for an adjustment that aligns the state grants to the change in the construction cost index in the
 event that bond authority becomes available in the future.

Con: There is no bond authority available for these projects and it is unknown if authority will become available in the future. These projects may not be added to the list of unfunded approvals in 2013, so the 2013 grant amounts may not be appropriate.

RECOMMENDATION

Provide no adjustments to the SFP grant amounts for any project added to the list of unfunded approvals or the Unfunded List prior to January 2013.

BOARD ACTION

In considering this Item, a motion was made, and carried, to take no action on applying the 2013 grant amounts to projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and Unfunded List (Information List).

ATTACHMENT D2

1	CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD					
2	PUBLIC MEETING					
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5						
6						
7	STATE CAPITOL ROOM 447					
8	SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814					
9						
10						
11	DATE: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 2013					
12	TIME: 4:03 P.M.					
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19						
20						
21						
22	Reported By: Mary Clark Transcribing 4919 H Parkway					
23	Sacramento, CA 95823-3413 (916) 428-6439					
24	marycclark13@comcast.net					
25						

1	APPEARANCES					
2	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT:					
3	PEDRO REYES, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, designated					
4	representative for Ana Matosantos, Director, Department Finance					
5	ESTEBAN ALMANZA, Chief Deputy Director, Department of General					
6	Services, designated representative for Fred Klass, Director, Department of General Services					
7	CESAR DIAZ, Appointee of Edmund G. Brown, Jr., Governor of					
8	the State of California					
9	KATHLEEN MOORE, Director, School Facilities Planning Division, California Department of Education, designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public Instruction					
10						
11	SENATOR LONI HANCOCK					
12	SENATOR MARK WYLAND					
13	ASSEMBLYMEMBER JOAN BUCHANAN					
14	ASSEMBLYMEMBER CURT HAGMAN					
15	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT:					
16	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer					
17	BILL SAVIDGE, Assistant Executive Officer					
18	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION (OPSC) PRESENT:					
19	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer					
20	JUAN MIRELES, Deputy Executive Officer					
21	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT:					
22	JONETTE BANZON, Staff Counsel					
23						
24						
25						

PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRPERSON REYES: In the interest of time, what we'll do is we'll go ahead and get started with the **Executive Officer's report** and then, Ms. Silverman, with all due respect, as soon as we do have a member, we will have established a quorum and we'll move into the items as we spoke. So thank you.

MS. SILVERMAN: Okay. Let's get started. We have six items to report tonight.

So the first item we wanted to share is that we actually have an open period or open round for the 30-day priority of funding. Again folks have -- the round just started February 9th and ends February 7th [sic].

All those projects that are actually on the unfunded approval list and those projects being approved on the consent agenda tonight do have the ability to participate.

So those folks are encouraged to submit that funding certification request by February 7th. And prior certifications actually did expire on January 8th.

Next item we want to share is the release of the funds of the projects that were awarded in December. The Board actually did take action. We did \$383 million for 196 projects and we received requests for \$111 million as of the

middle of the month and so we're making progression in that area. So I think we will probably achieve our goal by March 12th.

And a reminder to those folks that haven't submitted the certification items -- or excuse me -- the fund release request, they have until March 12th to provide all the corresponding documentation and the request to our office.

Another item is the Overcrowded Relief Grant. We actually are presenting 22 applications, so we actually had a good rush of projects that are being processed this month and that represents over \$110 million in consent agenda.

And those are the projects that wrapped up in the tenth cycle. So we will have about \$112 million in bond authority still left for the 11th cycle.

An 11th cycle is currently open and that expires at the end of the month, January 31st. So those folks who are interested in the program and have questions, please seek out staff. We'd be more than happy to help you out.

The fourth item we wanted to share is the bottom of page 17 is the Governor's proposed budget. There actually is a proposed reduction to the program for the '13-'14 budget year. That would equate to 20 positions being reduced from our program for about \$1.6 million. And so just wanted to share that with the members.

There's two more items. The Labor Compliance

Program regulations are in effect and as of December 31st,

2012, emergency regulations did move forward and those

are -- it provides an opportunity for those projects that

were awarded Proposition 47 and 55 funds.

The Board adopted regulations to clarify that if you didn't have a Labor Compliance Program in place and then you were -- you have a compliance program in place after the contracts were signed, there is an avenue to get written verification that you took the steps to initiate the program. So those regulations are in effect.

The last item we wanted to share is we are introducing this month in the information section the true list of applications that are received beyond the bond authority.

So that is all I have to share tonight.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Why don't we then jump up to Tab 5 which is the **financial reports**, since everything before that requires a vote.

MS. SILVERMAN: On Tab 5, let's just cut to the chase. We wanted to highlight on page 164, we actually did move \$26.1 million --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Hold that thought. If you'd call the roll, please, Ms. Jones.

MS. JONES: Certainly. Senator Hancock.

1	SENATOR HANCOCK: Here.
2	MS. JONES: Senator Wyland.
3	Assemblymember Buchanan.
4	ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Here.
5	MS. JONES: Assemblymember Hagman.
6	ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Here.
7	MS. JONES: Esteban Almanza.
8	MR. ALMANZA: Here.
9	MS. JONES: Kathleen Moore.
10	MS. MOORE: Here.
11	MS. JONES: Cesar Diaz.
12	MR. DIAZ: Here.
13	MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes.
14	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Present.
15	MS. JONES: We have a quorum.
16	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
17	MS. JONES: You're welcome.
18	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Approval of the Minutes. You
19	have the Minutes before you for the December 12 meeting.
20	Are there any questions or comments? Any comments from the
21	public? Is there a motion of approval.
22	SENATOR HANCOCK: So moved.
23	ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Second.
24	CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved and seconded.
25	All in favor say aye.

1 (Ayes)

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed, abstentions. Ayes have it. Thank you.

We did the officer report. We have a consent.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair, I do have a question back for the -- probably you could more uniquely answer about the cutbacks in the Governor's budget for this program.

I understand this is not general fund used for the staff for this program. It's the bond funds; right?

Certain percentage.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I just don't know how much less work we're going to have this next year than we had the previous years. So I'm just wondering is that -- do you believe that's going to be holding or not for that sizable staff reduction. I mean as it is we don't catch all the errors sooner and we end up seeing them on appeal so --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: When we look at the positions, we actually do a workload study sort of thing. We do the analysis to make sure that the work that is projected can be covered with existing staff, but there is a reduction of work since there's less money and the process of the applications that are coming in are reduced.

And so this is just a reflection. And the money

that gets freed up is therefore available for projects to get out.

So our interest is not to tie up a large chunk of money in administration when in fact there is a need out there that we can get to. So that's kind of where the -- the genesis of that.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So would it be possible at the next Board meeting just to give us a little bit more in-depth summary or report in terms of where you see the workload changing and where we're reducing staff?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Sure. And the majority of the positions that were reduced were actually vacant positions.

So it's looking at positions and their position authority that have not been filled and they have not been filled because we envision the workload going --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- doesn't make sense to -- and so it's just an administrative function, but we can have somebody from the education unit come up and talk to the issue since it's more of a budget than a policy issue.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: That'd be great.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. So make sure we put that in the agenda and, Ian, are you in the room? Are you hearing? There he is. Now you know your assignment. Early budget testimony.

Okay. Moving onto then Tab 4, the Consent Agenda. There's a document on your desk that because the regulatory amendment to Item 10 is a conforming item based on the Board direction at the October meetings, I'd like to suggest that we take it as part of the Consent Calendar since it's just an administrative issue.

But there are a couple minor corrections in the subsection referenced and so I just want to make sure they acknowledge those corrections to Subdivision C and Subdivision D on C2. They're just a cross-reference issue. It's not a substantive change. It's just looking at the right section. So --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: So moved, Mr. Chair, but I just have a question about I guess the next item, No. 11, how can that be on the Consent? Annual adjustments SFP grants and we still have to do the policy on No. 11, so I don't know if that should be taken off and just added to No. 11 or --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Item 11 --

MR. MIRELES: Assemblymember, if you're referring to the Consent item that we have, that is just to change the annual grants as approved by the Board last year, which is prospectively for any project that we approve.

The item that's on Tab 11 addresses what we do with the project --

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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Prospective. I mean in
 2
    the past.
              MR. MIRELES: -- that were already on the unfunded
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 4
    list.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Okay. I'm good.
    moved.
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 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So it's been moved and
    seconded. Is there a second?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
 9
                                        Second.
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan's seconded. Any
    questions, additional comments from the -- any questions
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12
    from the public? Seeing none, all in favor say aye.
13
         (Ayes)
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed, abstentions. Ayes
14
15
    have it. Thank you.
              The next item is election of the Chair.
16
17
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Move Pedro as Chair.
18
                                        Second.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
19
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved and seconded.
20
    Thank you. Any comments or questions. All in favor say
21
    aye.
22
         (Ayes)
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Not from the public
24
    but the members. Ayes I have it. Thank you.
25
              The Vice Chair.
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1 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I'll move Joan as Vice Chair -- Ms. Buchanan. 2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Hancock. 3 SENATOR HANCOCK: Thank you. Seeing as how we 5 don't have two members of the Senate here and we actually have a vacancy and I know there's a vacancy on the Assembly 6 7 side too, I would just like to, as a courtesy, hold this off until we have a full complement of members and hopefully 8 before the next meeting, we'll be able to talk and discuss 9 10 issues and come back with a legislative nominee. 11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Make a motion? 12 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I still -- I mean I don't see that the three new members who have not been on the 13 14 Board yet stepping into that Vice Chair role at this point. 15 And so I don't -- I mean they could add on or whatever, but 16 I don't see them taking a leadership role as Vice Chair. **17** CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 18 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: So I'd rather just go 19 ahead and get it done. 20 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan. 21 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I sort of find myself in 22 an awkward position here in terms of, one, wanting to 23 respect the wishes of you, Senator Hancock, and also 24 believing that we've been without a Vice Chair for a number 25 of months here and I -- and, you know, we're looking at

setting agendas as we move forward where, you know, we may have some meetings or we may postpone other meetings depending on what the workload is and what we're doing.

And so, you know, I want to know where other members are because I don't want to look self-serving or anything else, but I do think at some point in time we need to move forward.

I mean I think we need a Vice Chair and I think we need someone who's at all the meetings and that allows us to move forward.

We spent -- a little over a year ago, two years ago, we spent a great deal of time going in depth and having, you know, a number of meetings on terms of what we wanted the Vice Chair to -- who we wanted it to be.

We want it to be a member of the Legislature and what those responsibilities were and one of them was to, you know, have the Vice Chair work closely with, in this case, Bill in terms of meeting the needs of the legislators and I think there was a little bit of a gap there given everyone's schedules and what they were doing in the last year or so, but we wanted the position to be an active position.

So I do think that we need to move forward as expeditiously as we can. If people want to delay, I can respect that, but there's a reason we went through that long process that took months and I think we do need to act at

some point in time, like -- you know, I think everyone deserves that including the other members who are serving here.

And I also do agree with Assemblymember Hagman. I doubt if one of the new appointees is going to end up being the Chair of the committee.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And even though it's traditional, but a lot of committees we have it goes from Senate to Assembly, Assembly to Senate, back and forth, so I assume that this rotation.

I don't think I ever -- as the lone Republican on this side, ever be selected for it, so I think there's a default here. So I'd be happy to see it go forward today is that's the wish of the Board. So --

SENATOR HANCOCK: I would like to wait. I think it would be important for there to be a full complement of legislative members and for us to perhaps discuss among ourselves some of the issues we're going to be facing.

People can do what they want. I'm not comfortable voting today.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Anybody else weighing in? Senator Wyland coming in. Ms. Moore, yes.

MS. MOORE: Two questions. Are -- we're going to talk about how many meetings we're having in one of our items later, but are we anticipating a February Board?

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: No, we're not at this point. I don't have any items for February and unless something 2 happens and we need to meet, I don't have anything scheduled 3 for February. 5 MS. MOORE: And do you as Chair know or do our legislators know when the vacant positions are going to be 6 filled? CHAIRPERSON REYES: I do not know. The Rules is 8 not going to meet until later. 9 10 MS. MOORE: Then I as one member would want to --11 would defer to the legislative members because it is a 12 legislative member position and if we have one legislator 13 that would like to delay that, I'd like to honor that -- not 14 vote -- not be going against --15 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. 16 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan --**17** ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Senator Wyland. 18 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Wyland, do you want to 19 weigh in? Mr. Hagman has nominated Ms. Buchanan as the 20 Vice Chair. Senator Hancock's asked that we delay. 21 SENATOR WYLAND: I just got here. I was just 22 saying to Loni and I understand her point about the new 23 members, but it just strikes me that Joan has done a lot of 24 work on this and is sort of a natural Vice Chair. 25 How long is it -- what period of time is it for?

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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Two-year term.
              SENATOR WYLAND: And it just seems to me a natural
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 3
    thing, with all respect to everyone, have a -- you know,
    wanted to wait for the new folks, it seems to me to make
 5
    sense just go ahead and --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Was that a second then?
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              SENATOR WYLAND: That's a second.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Okay. So it's been
 8
    moved and seconded. I know Senator Hancock prefers to
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10
    postpone it. Any comments from the public?
11
              Okay. Seeing none, I think we probably want to do
12
    roll call.
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              MS. JONES: Very good. Senator Hancock.
              Senator Wyland.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Assemblymember Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
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              MS. JONES: Assemblymember Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Esteban Almanza.
              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Kathleen Moore.
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              MS. MOORE: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Cesar Diaz.
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              MR. DIAZ: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I don't think you need my
 2
 3
    vote.
              MS. JONES: You're right. The motion passes.
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Congratulations.
                                        Thank you.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
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 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Next item is -- can you walk
    me through? What do we need --
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 9
              MS. SILVERMAN: Alvord.
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Alvord, please. Thank you.
11
    Mr. Watanabe, Reader's Digest version.
12
              MR. WATANABE: All right. Less than three
13
    minutes.
              So we are in the action items of course in the
14
15
    agenda, Tab 9, stamped page 197.
16
              The purpose of this item is to request the
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    Board --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Do we need to do the
19
    financials? Did we stop there? Are there any questions?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: The financials don't require a
    vote and so we're --
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22
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Okay.
23
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- going to lose a Senator in
24
    a minute, so --
25
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Okay. I apologize.
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1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Go ahead.

MR. WATANABE: The purpose of this item is to request the Board find a material inaccuracy occurred which resulted in a funding advantage for the Alvord Unified School District.

This item also requests the Board levy the statutory interest and loss of self-certification penalties for material inaccuracies.

When OPSC reviewed the public enrollment data reported by the district, it revealed that the district falsely certified the enrollment that was reported to OPSC for eight academic years.

As a result of the incorrectly reported enrollment, the district received a funding advantage in the amount of 14.1 million that was not supported by the enrollment projections.

Based on our review, there are three issues for the Board's consideration. The first is a material inaccuracy finding.

The district falsely certified their enrollment projection certification forms on eight different submittals, which allowed funding advantages for six projects listed on Attachment B in your item.

The Board should also find that material inaccuracies have occurred for these projects.

The second item is rescissions and reductions of the apportionments and the associated interest penalty.

If the Board finds the district's applications do have material inaccuracies, statute requires the district be paid the funding received as a result of the false certification which in this case, the apportionments are not justified by the eligibility requested.

Statute also requests the district -- requires the district to repay interest that would have been earned on this amount representing the funding advantage.

Staff has calculated the interest from the date of each project's fund release to the date the Board makes a material inaccuracy finding based on the statutes and regulations and those calculations are in Attachment B.

The third item for the Board's consideration is loss of self-certification penalties. In the event the Board makes a material inaccuracy finding, the law also requires the district be prohibited from self-certifying project information on subsequent applications for a period of up to five years. The Board can make that determination for as long as they want.

Staff has built all the framework represented in Attachment C and we're recommending a five-year loss of self-certification.

Statute also requires the Board charge the

district an amount of \$100 per hour for the additional hours needed to process additional information.

The district agrees that the enrollment was misreported as described and agrees with the eligibility adjustments needed for the corrected enrollment projections.

However, the district disagrees with staff's determination to the extent of the eligibility and funding advantage.

The district believes that had it known there was insufficient new construction eligibility to support its original request, it would have modified its pupil grants at the time to other grade categories that had sufficient eligibility.

Districts are allowed to use grants from different grade categories in a project and it's called a Use of Construction Grant. However, staff believes that to accept the district's consideration would be essentially retroactively changing these grants.

The district also states they would have sought to reduce the site and design funding apportionment for the Hillcrest High project to cost incurred. That would return 908 pupil grants back to their new construction eligibility which would nearly eliminate all of their funding advantage.

In this proposal, the district isn't actually returning the funds. They would be entitled to those funds

at a later date is their opinion.

The district believes that the net funding advantage is limited to \$1,341,140 in excess funding and this is attributed to the Wells Intermediate project which is their last project where they ran out of eligibility to use the grants.

Staff has reviewed the district's grant calculations and believes that it's correct using their assumptions.

So in summary, the statute requires OPSC to notify the Board which is why we're here if any certified eligibility or funding application related information is found to have been falsely certified by the district and statute requires the Board to impose penalties if an apportionment of funds had been made based on that information.

Statute does allow the Board to determine additional funding received as a result of the material inaccuracy including interest. The district states the amount of excess funds received is \$1,341,140 plus interest.

As I stated before, staff has reviewed those calculations. However, based on statutes and regulations, staff must recommend the Board require the district repay \$14,124,612 in apportionments that were not substantiated plus interest.

1 Our recommendations are outlined on stamped 2 page 201. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman, Ms. Buchanan. 3 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Let me throw out a motion 5 and then if we don't agree then we can hear testimony, but maybe I'll cut to the chase. 6 I did review this as well. This is a very old 7 case back from '98 and such. I believe the million three 8 plus interest, a million eight total roughly with the loss 9 10 of certification, loss of self-reporting, you know, the 11 regular standard things and I'm comfortable with that. I 12 move that. 13 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And staff, you have that 14 proposal I think you circulated through Board members, so 15 that's the one you're referring to? 16 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Correct. So I move that. **17** CHAIRPERSON REYES: And with acknowledgement that 18 there is a material inaccuracy involved. Okay. Ms. Buchanan. 19 20 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And I second that. think it's a solution that works for all of us. 21 22 There is only one issue that I think staff brought 23 to my attention late today and that is -- and you can 24 correct me if I'm wrong. I'll speak to the superintendent 25 and Alvord here -- is that there is -- that we're looking at

1 | making -- paying the 1.8 million in two payments; correct?

And my understanding is there is in statute where there would be interest on the amount that's delayed, which I think changes the total by -- what was it, \$2,000?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So we'll make reference to just the appropriate interest and have staff figure it out.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. They estimated. But I just want to be sure that, you know, we all -- that's right -- we all understand that.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And I just want to also thank you and I want to thank staff or OPSC for all the times that you put into this over the last month coming to a solution that worked for all of us.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: And I'll point out that Alvord did drop this off yesterday and I never did get a chance to see it. So I apologize, but I don't really see stuff 24 hours before a hearing. It just doesn't work since we are involved in a bunch of other stuff.

So in the future, you guys want me to see something, you've got to give me a chance to read it; otherwise it just doesn't work.

But thank you. And at their request, they asked that we put this as part of the file. Do you still want it as part of the file or not anymore? I look to the district.

1 ALVORD: We do want it as part of the file. 2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So without prejudice, without any analysis, it will be incorporated as part of the 3 file. God only knows what it says. Okay. Thank you. 5 All right. So we have a motion and second and all the parties understand it. Any additional comments, 6 7 questions from Board members? Seeing none, any comments from the public? 8 Seeing none, all in favor say aye. 9 10 (Ayes) 11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed. Abstentions. 12 have it. Thank you. And again thank you, staff, and thank 13 you, district, for all the work go into this. Appreciate 14 it. 15 Are those all the action items before I lose 16 Senators? **17** ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: No. We have No. 11. 18 CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. 11. Okay. So the 19 execution of the 2013 grant. Barbara. 20 MS. KAMPMEINERT: Thank you. The item before you 21 is the action item on this. Now, when the Board adopted the 22 Consent Calendar a few minutes ago, you did approve the 2013 23 grant amounts for all projects beginning with this Board and 24 then moving forward for 2013. So you do not need an 25 additional action to take care of the projects moving

1 forward. What this item does is it allows the Board to 2 consider whether or not the 2013 grant amount should be 3 applied to any of the projects that are currently on the 5 unfunded approvals list that have been -- received their approval in prior years and it also provides the option for 6 7 the Board to apply this grant increase amount to the unfunded list for those projects that are beyond bond 8 authority which started in December of last year. 9 10 The -- page 228, there is a chart showing the different --11 12 CHAIRPERSON REYES: I think Mr. Hagman's prepared 13 to make a motion to status quo. 14 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Yes. Move to table 15 Item 11, no --16 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It's been moved to 17 table, so no action necessary and -- use prospectively. 18 there a second? 19 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: To clarify, you mean 20 we're doing what we've always done in the past --21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes. 22 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- all project we 23 approve? I'll second. 24 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 25 MS. MOORE: Just to clarify, so all projects

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approved after this date receive the indices increase.
1
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Correct.
 2
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Funded after this date;
 3
 4
    right?
 5
              MS. KAMPMEINERT:
                                Including today's items that are
    on the calendar for unfunded approval, those will be
 6
    adjusted next month -- the 2013 amounts.
 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. We're on board on that.
 8
    Any comments? Questions, comments from the public?
 9
10
              Seeing none, all in favor of tabling, say aye.
11
          (Ayes)
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed, abstentions.
                                                          Thank
13
    you. Thank you, Mr. Hagman.
              And is that it for action items?
14
15
              MS. SILVERMAN: That's it.
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. We're going to move
17
    backwards now to the other -- Senator Wyland.
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              SENATOR WYLAND: If -- Mr. Chair, if you don't
19
    mind, I am going to have to leave. I'd just like to make a
20
    couple of points which I think I made at some point in the
21
    past.
              One is partly a question of staff. As I recall
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23
    proposals, when someone does build something, and hopefully
24
    that will happen again more frequently, the Department of
25
    Education certifies that -- there are questions about CTE
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1 and CTE facilities.

Are you familiar with that?

MS. SILVERMAN: Um-hmm.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Senator.

SENATOR WYLAND: I would like to be able to see those and have those be made available to the Board. I think that's extremely important.

It happened to be my legislation as I recall which did that because even though I think among all of the members of the Legislature, there's a big interest in CTE.

That last bond had -- gosh, I think it was \$500 million. Some of that didn't go to what most of us would consider CTE. Quite frankly, it was gamed by some consultants who interpreted CTE in ways that most of us wouldn't and the students who then didn't have those opportunities lost out.

So I -- just number one. And number two -- and I realize this is a broader and more challenging subject, I think in some way we need to take a look at costs.

And what really drove me to that was the Robert F.

Kennedy facility in Los Angeles Unified. Now, I realize
they passed the bond, et cetera, et cetera, but when you
have a school -- I think it serves at build-out at 4,000
students -- that cost about over half a billion dollars,
something just isn't right.

In my old district, we didn't have very much money and had to be extremely careful of how much we spent because it's a district that serves a lot of -- a heavy minority population and we had to make sure -- we didn't have a lot of money there.

So I'd just like to throw that out and at some point we look at that because we're about serving students. And I'll never understand why LA Unified didn't figure out a way to serve all those students who had real facilities need rather than doing that.

So thanks. And next time, I hope to be able to stay longer. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Thanks for joining us.

Then we're going to go back to the financial reports, status of funds.

MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. On Tab 5, let's go back to status of fund release report on page 164.

As I shared with you earlier, it's getting to the point that we actually released \$26.1 million for the month of December and -- reported in Executive Officer's statement.

That was just a finite group that actually did get through before close of year, even though we had apportioned projects a few weeks earlier. So we should be seeing more

1 | activity as we start to progress through the 90-day round.

We actually -- on page 166, just highlight to the Board that we do have a bar graph displayed there and that represents the projects that were apportioned in December and so we will be monitoring those timelines.

As we start to release cash, that bar will start to shrink and so prospectively we'll be seeing more activity in that area.

And we have nothing to report on the next page as far as projects that didn't perfect. We had projects that did close up in the end of September and so we had nothing that fell off the list.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SILVERMAN: And the other item is the status of funds --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Before you go there, any questions or comments from the Board? Any comments from the public? Okay. Move on, please. Thank you.

MS. SILVERMAN: So on page 168, we just highlight to the Board every month about the number of projects that we do process.

We are actually bringing forward over \$171 million in project approvals for Proposition 1D. That represents actually in the new construction arena \$11 million for two projects.

We actually had some other adjustments there and we have some projects in the high performance area that actually do have approvals for 12 and we're actually bringing forward those Overcrowded Relief Grant projects for -- 22 projects, so that represents 125 million for Proposition 1D. Corresponding adjustments related to rescissions.

And in the respective category of Proposition 55, we're processing 12 projects for new construction of \$46.3 million. We also have a conversion of a charter project going on in that category as well. So you'll see some status and credits posting as a result of that preliminary apportionment.

There's no activity in Proposition 47 to report and on the following page, significant activity we want to share with the Board is the Emergency Repair Program. We actually are processing additional projects. So there are about four projects that will actually receive some awards even though we don't have the current cash for the program.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SILVERMAN: And one more thing in this section, we wanted -- we did provide a display for the Board as far as the projects that are beyond --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Silverman, Ms. Moore has a question.

1 MS. MOORE: Just on the emergency repair, how is it that we are able to fund -- or able to place on the list 2 3 additional projects? MS. SILVERMAN: They were out of rescissions. 5 MS. MOORE: So others rescinded and so the --MS. SILVERMAN: Authority has come back to the 6 7 program; right. So we're able to move further down the list. 8 On actual page 177, we have some nice displays 9 10 there and cylinders that we shared last month. We did share 11 that we processed 33 projects. That was \$76.8 million. 12 That was exclusively mod projects that are beyond the 13 authority and they fell within the regulatory time frames. 14 So this month, we're actually bringing forward --15 represents -- the blue shaded areas, \$8.1 million and that is in new construction project that is fully processed, 16 17 waiting for bond authority, and \$60.5 million in 18 modernization projects and that's 30 projects. 19 So in total we've accumulated \$145 million in 20 projects that we have processed beyond the bond authority. That's what I have in the financials. 21 22 sure if you have any questions. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Any questions or comments? 24 Any comments from the public? Okay. Moving on. 25 I think that moves us to Tab 12.

1 MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. The report section.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SILVERMAN: So since about 2009, we've actually provided the Board updates about the program and we're actually proud about some of the updates we have to share on an annual basis.

I know we -- most of our consent items are just real quick vote and we're done, but we actually do process a number of projects -- nearly a thousand projects that were processed in 2012 that represent almost \$2 billion in action that we take that provides unfunded approvals and cash to districts and likewise all the work that's shared -- that we all commit to here as a Board.

But if you look at the chart here we've displayed, in 2012 we actually did process and brought forward to the Board 13 appeals. There were actually seven appeals that actually were administratively resolved and those actions did go through the Board through consent agenda.

And there were several other appeals, a few that actually were dispensed as well, some of them administratively resolved and others are carried over to the subsequent year.

But the projects in total, I mean between the blue and the gray shaded area and the red area, that represents about 98 -- almost 99 percent of the activity required to

the Board, really go with -- with no challenges.

So that's -- it's a great track record and a great tribute to what the Board's work is doing here today. So wanted to highlight that.

The subsequent page is just a synopsis of those activities for the program and their respective categories, be it new construction and modernization and so that sunrises that activity.

And we also have attachments. I'm not going to go in detail, but Attachments A, B, C, D that are reflective of the activity in the unfunded approvals broken down by county. So we give you a summary of that on an annual basis.

So again just to acknowledge the report and the work we've provided.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I was -- I did peruse all the reports. I know there's a lot of work that goes in there, so I just want to at least acknowledge it and -- want to go over all those things in detail on the Board here, but I think it is important.

I actually especially like the different classes we did with our subcommittee. We come up with new binders with step by step. That's been great for me. I would definitely suggest that new members that come on get those

so they get up to speed to do it, but I know there's been a lot of work done here.

I want second Senator Wyland's comment that be more schools, you know, the same amount of money, which we'll have to figure out ways to do that, but at the same time, I think you guys do -- the sheer volume of work with the least amount of things that actually do come to us, this speaks highly of your group and doing an excellent job of going through.

So I just want to give you kudos on that.

MS. SILVERMAN: Thank you.

12 CHAIRPERSON REYES: I'll second that.

Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Actually I'll third that because I think a lot of the information that we're producing for members on the Subcommittee is, you know, very beneficial for all of us to have a deeper understanding and then be able to discuss the tough issues later as we're moving forward.

So I have a question in terms of the new -- you've been passed once and not apply or -- for funding and then second time, we take you off the list, which we all agreed to.

So that will start with this cycle; correct? I mean can you --

MR. MIRELES: No. It will start once the regulations become effective. Once the Office of Administrative Law approves them, then the next priority round cycle will be the first one that districts will have the option to participate.

If they don't, then the next cycle, they would be required to.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And so when do we anticipate those cycles coming?

MR. SAVIDGE: The regs.

MR. MIRELES: It depends. Right now we are --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I know the regs, but I mean in terms of when is all that going to happen.

MR. MIRELES: Right now, we're well underway in a certification filing period which ends in February. The next one will be in the middle of the year, but it all depends on whether we can get these regulations approved on an emergency basis, which usually can take between one and two months.

If not, it will take about five or six months before they become effective and then the next filing period will be considered the first one.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So can I ask the Chair, is there anything we can do to encourage the regulations to approved on an expedited basis?

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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: OAL is very independent.
                                                             They
                    That's --
 2
    don't -- yeah.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: All right. So writing a
 3
 4
    letter or doing anything like that --
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No.
                                       They're --
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So if they're approved
 6
    in the next two months, then the next round is midyear, in
 7
    that round, you either participate or you pass.
 8
    following round is then when, the first --
 9
10
              MS. SILVERMAN: January.
11
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: January. So the
12
    earliest -- if not, we'd have CDs going into effect until --
13
    they're having an impact in terms of returning money for
14
    more programs until mid 2014.
15
              MS. SILVERMAN: It would be -- yeah. It would
16
    require the action of the Board because it would happen
17
    automatically. The rescissions would come back to the
18
    program.
19
              So yeah, you won't see the impact till 2014.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well, it's the administrative
20
21
    law process.
22
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Yeah.
                                               It just kind of
23
    potentially puts a number of projects for those who --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.
24
25
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: You know, they've been
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1 on the list and haven't --CHAIRPERSON REYES: But we've tried this issue 2 since I first got here. 3 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. I know. 5 CHAIRPERSON REYES: And we finally got it there, but, you know, that was probably my second month on the 6 7 assignment, it was an issue that we discussed and took us a year and a half to get there. 8 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: 9 I know. I mean I'm just 10 looking at where we are now and comparing it to the 11 financials and we can't spend money twice. So I can't 12 have --13 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. Right. ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- project waiting on 14 15 the list and then also give money to Project B, but we're 16 now looking at the earliest we see space opening up. 17 that doesn't mean projects on the list can't go ahead and 18 apply, but it means the earliest we potentially know that we have more funds available is a year and a half from now. 19 20 So I just throw that out. 21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm. Yeah. Observation. 22 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: All right. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Next item. 24 MS. SILVERMAN: Is the quarterly reports on the 25 Joint-Use Program.

The Board actually took action -- on page -- Tab 13, page 238, the Board did move forward with a motion back in June and October in 2012 to approve four joint-use projects.

And just to give you an update -- real quick update on page 239, three of those projects have actually come in and accessed the funds. There is one project that is still working through the process of moving the project forward.

As we speak about the joint-use projects, there's a number of different steps that they have to -- in order for them to move forward.

Once they receive an apportionment, in which they did, the project has 12 months to come in for the necessary approvals and as I understand they are working through DSA for their review.

But we're checking as far as whether or not they've submitted a review -- an approval for Department of Education.

So that's the first step and they have until

June 26th of this year to perfect and if that doesn't

happen, then they will lose their -- the project. So we're

hoping they move it along.

And then once they've hit that benchmark, they have 18 months to come in for the cash. So that's what we

have to report. Any questions?

2 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Next.

MS. SILVERMAN: Next is the -- Tab 14 is the workload for the 90 days. That's all conditional. I know we put various dates there, but it's really probably a discussion for your calendar.

The next information item is the dates for the SAB.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. And I know there are folks who want to talk about this particular item. So as pointed out, the schedule's pending approval of the Chair and Vice Chair, so the Vice Chair, now that we have one, she and I will have a conversation.

But it's the goal of the Chair that we do not meet in February but we meet in March and if the need arises for us to meet -- so the schedule we have is that essentially every other month.

If the need arises for us to meet in between, I'm all for it. It may mean something that we do a consent calendar and just approve something that needs to get approved immediately kind of stuff.

But it's not -- my goal is not to disadvantage anybody. So I just -- you know, I know that it cuts into folks' billable hours and I apologize for that, but there's a lot of effort that goes into creating these binders, and

1 so I just --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair, I was going to suggest that -- to do the appeals, to do the reports, and all that kind of stuff, I could see that every other month since our workload's going down.

I am concerned somewhat about making sure the business that we do still continues on. As far as legislators, we're a captive audience. We're here anyway. As far as having --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Not always though because I have a problem getting a quorum.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Well, I can't speak for the Senators. They're on a different universe than the Assemblymembers are anyway.

But come in and do a five-second consent calendar, I'm all for that and just putting off the heavier stuff to every other month. I just want to make sure that we don't slow down -- I mean as it is -- and we just went through how long it's going to take -- have a year to get this stuff approved by the State Architects and then 18 months to get started funding.

I mean in real life in the real world, you build in a right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Right.

25 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: You don't have to go

through all this process and I know there's a lot of moving
parts, a lot of negotiations especially with the school
districts and the State, but I don't want to be part of that
slowdown. That's what I'm saying.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. Absolutely not and -ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And if there's any way to
make sure that is --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: -- you know, or even get the Chair or Vice Chair to say consent, boom, let's go from a written -- I'm okay with any kind of system like that, just as long as we don't slow it down.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. Our goal is to -- you know, not -- again not disadvantage. Keep things moving along and this is a trial. I mean we're trying to figure out whether or not this works.

If it doesn't, if we find that we still have to meet monthly anyway, then this goes away. But it seems to me that there's less workload going on and there are less issues going on as we look forward to some of the items.

We had a conversation with somebody who's up in the future and we said, you know, can we put you to this month, and they said no. Okay. How about March? March works well. Let's do March then.

And so we will have those conversations.

I know that some of the folks are more sensitive to the timelines of the charter schools. We do not want to disadvantage anybody. We do not want to jeopardize anybody's funding. And so we will not do that as a result of this.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So I'd like to suggest maybe a compromise because I agree that the likelihood that we're going to need to meet monthly is probably not very great.

However, I know that on my calendar, you know, even though I'm in my last term in the Legislature, I'm not like a freshman that has their house -- and every 20 or 30 minutes to introduce themselves. I'm not walking out till like 6:30 every night.

And so if we suddenly needed a meeting to try and schedule it where all six legislators had time open, I'd think it'd be challenging.

So what I would like to ask is could we put a date on the calendar every month --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Uh-huh.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- have the two of us meet based on what we know our workload, and do it far enough in advance so we're not creating unnecessary work for staff, but I'm wondering this. Is it better having it on the calendar and taking it off than trying to figure out a

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1
    time when we can all meet when we do have --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So basically you're holding
 2
    the calendar for that day and then --
 3
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: You hold it and then
 5
    we --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- we release it, you know, a
 6
 7
    couple weeks before.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And we should be able to
 8
    do it well ahead of time so that we're not creating
 9
10
    unnecessary work. But it's always easier to take something
    off --
11
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Um-hmm.
13
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- the calendar than to
    try and find a time we all can meet and that then hopefully
14
15
    allows not just us but everyone else to plan their schedules
16
    and for those of you who are advocates out there, you get a
17
    free day.
18
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Banzon.
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              MS. BANZON: I would just like to remind the Board
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    that for any meeting, we have to comply with the
    Bagley-Keene which means that we have the ten-day
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22
    requirement. So --
23
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, I would hope we
24
    would know --
25
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Know two weeks out to
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1 | cancel it or not.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- two or three weeks out, but like I said, I just think from a calendar point of view, it's easier to have it on and take it off than ever try and --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So we can have the dates on the books and our calendar and on our personal calendars. So say for February, if people want to freeze a day, you know, hold that day, and if the need doesn't arise, then you can fill it up later, but for now don't fill it up.

I mean -- but at this point, we have nothing for February anyway, but if you want agree to do that, provide us dates for February, for the other months, that we should keep hold -- you know, put a hold on those, so that if the need arises, that's the day that everybody agrees that we will do it.

But two weeks in advance, we'll send out a note and say it's not going to happen.

MS. SILVERMAN: And the tentative date would be February 27th, if that's --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So next meeting on the books would be the 27th. Hopefully we will not use it and we'll move back to March. But keep that 27th in place and then a couple weeks ahead of that -- but I guess one of my main things though is I really don't want staff trying to

1 create work to get to that. 2 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I agree. CHAIRPERSON REYES: And so I'd rather they deal 3 with the applications, deal with trying to resolve issues 5 with schools, be supportive of schools, take care of the issues they need to take care of rather than do -- working u 6 7 because putting it in a binder is time consuming. Staff has to go do the analysis, the background, 8 the issues, and --9 10 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. And if it's more 11 than 14 days, well, let's meet earlier --12 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 13 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- let's take it --14 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Pull the plug earlier. 15 fine. I'm okay with that. 16 Ms. Moore, did you have a comment or --**17** MS. MOORE: I just have a comment on -- tangential 18 to this and that is the -- we're in the now world of the 19 acknowledgement list and that acknowledgement list I would 20 assume would be built every meeting that we meet. 21 But like today, we did not acknowledge the 22 acknowledgement list and I would think that if it's going to 23 be an acknowledged list, we probably out to take an action 24 on it and I would give that to you as Chair and Vice Chair

to consider in your -- as we move forward.

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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I think that's a
 2
    reasonable request.
              MS. MOORE: And that would build each meeting that
 3
    we meet.
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
              MS. BANZON: May I say something?
 6
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
 7
              MS. BANZON: I would just like to say that it
 8
    should be short of an approval. I just want to make sure.
 9
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Just sort of submit it but not
    approval. More like the nonaction item stuff.
11
12
              MS. BANZON: Correct.
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Okay. All right.
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    have some folks who want to wish us a happy new year.
15
              MS. TOPP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members, Moira
16
    Topp on behalf of California Charter Schools Association.
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    We're very appreciative of I think the compromise.
18
    raise concerns about whether or not this could prejudice
19
    projects.
20
              And I do want to -- we do know of one school that
21
    does need to avail itself of a February meeting. Again I'm
22
    very sympathetic to the concerns raised and the reasoning
23
    behind the proposal, but we do look to February as an
24
    important date for a meeting for at least one of our schools
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    that just came out of CSFA approval.
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But we do appreciate I think the idea of putting something on the calendar and then removing it if not needed is a wise course and we appreciate it. Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And Mr. Chair, is there -can you have a heavy meeting and a light meeting? I mean
you don't have to go through all the reports and all the
special items and stuff like that in every meeting unless
the --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: We can still wind up being -ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: -- members want to go
through it. So if you didn't have like the February 27th,
it could literally be a consent item, we get a quorum, boom,
we're out in five minutes.

MS. MOORE: We have as a Board -- in our history, there was a time when the Board had what were called consent meetings and then there were, you know, all-in meetings that included -- inclusive of policy. So that has been done in the past with this body.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And that would save hopefully a lot of the report stuff too.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. So it would be that kind of concept where we just take care of something that's streamlined, get it done, and be gone and not take everybody's time.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And maybe between now

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1
    and February, we can --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES:
 2
                                  Um-hmm.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- get some feedback
 3
    from members in terms of maybe we only need the financial
 5
    reports quarterly. I don't know but in terms of how often
    they feel that they --
 6
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah.
 7
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- need to see this.
 8
 9
    Mr. Duffy.
10
              MR. DUFFY: Mr. Chairman and members, Tom Duffy
11
    for CASH. Just sort of an add-on to your proposal,
12
    Ms. Buchanan. You have adroitly led now three -- at least
13
    three Program Review Subcommittees and it appears to me that
14
    you have a perfect opportunity to schedule those committees
15
    on the date that the Board would normally meet.
16
              It happens that in February the -- we have the
17
    CASH conference.
                      We have historically scheduled the CASH
18
    conference since 1982 the week that the Board meets in
19
    February.
20
              So we have about 1,500 people that are going to be
    here for the CASH conference. That would be an august time
21
22
    to hold a Subcommittee hearing and ask people to tell you
23
    what they think of the program.
24
              But our overall suggestion really is -- and it's a
25
    recommendation to you and I -- sincerely we appreciate the
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work that you do because this is a part-time job for you and
you don't get compensated for, but --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: What?

MR. DUFFY: I told that to our group this morning. That if you would consider scheduling those meetings on those days when the Board wouldn't necessarily fully meet but that you could indeed schedule a full meeting for part of that time. It's a time when -- that is certain on the calendar. It could be known throughout California that the Board is going to be having a hearing on that date and I have to say, Ms. Buchanan, I realize your time is extremely important and you have been very conscious to make sure that we know you want to hear from us and we try to encourage our districts to come and speak and that's going to happen at the next meeting.

But if you would consider that as an option for you because it -- I think it dovetails well with your mission.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. That's more of a Subcommittee conversation --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- than a Board conversation.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: We can talk about it,

24 but, you know, I -- it may work. I mean the problem is is

25 | if you need a longer meeting and you're not planning on it

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1
    and you've got the Subcommittee meeting planned on the same
    day, you potentially have a conflict there, but -- we can
 2
    talk about it.
 3
              But we also do have a schedule that we've put out
 5
    for those Subcommittee meetings and I --
                                I recognize that.
 6
              MR. DUFFY: No.
 7
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- have to compliment
    the Board members, Ms. Moore, Mr. Diaz, Assemblymember
 8
    Hagman, I mean everyone's been showing up for those meetings
 9
10
    and engaging and I'm really -- you know, appreciate that.
11
              MR. DUFFY: Okay. Well, thank you very much and
12
    happy new year.
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And speaking of that material,
14
    if you could please make sure as we have new Board members
15
    that their staff get that material because it is very, very
    educational in terms of the program, the process, and so
16
17
    forth. There's clearly a lot of thought that goes into
18
    that.
19
              So if you could please share that with the new
20
    folks, I'd appreciate that.
21
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And did we provide that
22
    to the Board members who aren't participating on the
23
    Subcommittee?
24
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              Yes.
25
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Okay.
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1	MS. SILVERMAN: We do email those
2	ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Because I know we've
3	given everyone the opportunity to participate, but I just
4	want to be sure they
5	CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's fantastic material. So
6	thank you. Okay.
7	Any other public comments? Seeing none, meeting
8	adjourned.
9	(Whereupon, at 4:55 p.m. the proceedings were recessed.)
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L3	
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
4	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO) ss.
5	
6	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court
7	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American
8	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.
9	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:
10	That the proceedings herein of the California State
11	Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported and
12	transcribed by me;
13	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of
14	the proceedings as recorded;
15	That I am a disinterested person to said action.
16	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on
17	February 5, 2013.
18	
19	
20	Mary C. Clark AAERT CERT*D-214
21	Certified Electronic Court Reporter and Transcriber
22	
23	
24	
25	

ATTACHMENT E1

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, June 5, 2017

REGULATORY AMENDMENTS FOR INCREASED PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To present the following for State Allocation Board approval:

- A template grant agreement and proposed conforming School Facility Program (SFP) regulatory amendments; and,
- A list of SFP applications for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans).

DESCRIPTION

As a result of the passage of the Kindergarten through Community College Public Education Facilities Bond Act of 2016 (Proposition 51) and the accountability measures proposed in the Governor's 2017-18 Budget, Staff presented a grant agreement and conforming regulatory amendments to the Board at its April 24, 2017 meeting. After some discussion and comments from members and stakeholders, the Board directed Staff to bring the item back to its next meeting for further consideration.

This item seeks Board approval for the revised template grant agreement and conforming regulatory amendments. The revised template grant agreement reflects changes that resulted from the discussion at the April meeting and comments received from stakeholders both in writing and at a public meeting that Staff held on May 8. This item includes the following Attachments:

- See Attachment 1 for the updated template grant agreement with strikeout and underline
- See Attachment 2 for the clean updated template grant agreement.
- See Attachment 3 for the conforming regulatory amendments.
- See Attachment 4 for the April 24, 2017 Board Item and all of its attachments.

In addition, Staff recommends that the Board approve the projects on Attachment 5 for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and exempt these projects from the Grant Agreement requirement.

<u>AUTHORITY</u>

See Attachment 6 for SFP statutory authority.

In order to view a copy of the most current Governor's 2017-18 Budget proposed trailer bill language, you may find it at the following link. Section 18 contains the language pertinent to this item. http://www.dof.ca.gov/Budget/Trailer Bill Language

BACKGROUND

At its April 24, 2017 meeting, the Board heard a report that provided an overview of the proposed grant agreement and conforming regulatory amendments. The Board directed Staff to consider the issues and concerns raised at the April meeting and bring the item back to its next Board meeting for further consideration.

On May 8, 2017, Staff held an additional stakeholder meeting to discuss and receive public feedback on the template grant agreement as presented at the April Board meeting. Staff also invited the public to provide written feedback on the draft.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

GRANT AGREEMENT

Based on the discussion at the April Board meeting and additional comments received from stakeholders, Staff has made a number of changes to the template grant agreement. The changes are reflected in the updated template grant agreement included as Attachment 1. Former language is in strikeout and new language is underlined to facilitate review of these changes. A summary of the changes is provided here.

Timing of Execution of the Grant Agreement

In the April 24, 2017 report, Staff recommended that projects on the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List be required to enter in to a grant agreement as a condition of placement of the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). Stakeholders expressed concern that there was no commitment of funds from the state at the time projects are approved for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and that they would not be comfortable signing an agreement for a project that did not yet have a guarantee of future state funding. Therefore, Staff is recommending that the agreement be entered into as a condition of fund release. The grant agreement itself will be provided to the district by Staff upon placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans); however submitting a signed agreement will not be required until the district requests a fund release.

Who Must Enter into a Grant Agreement

Staff recommends reducing the universe of projects to which the grant agreements will apply. Because projects on the Unfunded List were received between May and October 2012, and were fully processed and approved by the Board, Staff recommends that these projects not be subject to grant agreements.

Staff maintains its position that projects on the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List and those Approved Applications submitted on or after April 1, 2017 are separate and apart from those that were fully processed. There were concerns raised that districts may have expended funds on items that included ineligible technology purchases; however, these projects have not been reviewed by OPSC, approved by the Board, funded, nor have expenditures been reported. Districts have the ability to resolve this issue by excluding expenditures that may be ineligible from the project expenditure reports. Therefore, Staff recommends that the projects on the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List and those Approved Applications submitted on or after April 1, 2017 be subject to the requirement of entering into a grant agreement. Any project that received an Unfunded Approval and placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) prior to the approval of this item would not be subject to grant agreements.

The table below summarizes who must enter into a grant agreement moving forward:

Application Type and/or Status	Subject to Grant Agreement
Applications for Funding on the Unfunded List	No
Approved Applications on the Applications Received Beyond Bond Authority List as of March 31, 2017	Yes
Approved Applications received on or after April 1, 2017 through June 5, 2017	Yes
All Approved Applications for Funding received on or after June 6, 2017	Yes

Board Member and Stakeholder Feedback

In order to ensure that the grant agreement template included all necessary provisions and contained language that accurately described the responsibility of all parties, Staff sought additional feedback from stakeholders at a public meeting held on May 8, 2017. The following is a summary of Board member concerns raised at the April meeting, feedback Staff received from stakeholders, and OPSC's responses.

MEMBER/STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK	OPSC RESPONSE
Changes the way savings can be used	These items remain for the reasons presented at the April Board meeting. Clarifications to the language were added.
Timing of the Execution of the Grant Agreement	Revision to the grant agreement – Requires that the districts provide a signed grant agreement as a condition of receiving funds.
Most of the items listed as Exhibits have already been submitted with the funding application.	Revision to the grant agreement – Eliminated the exhibits of state agency approvals and other documents that are part of the project file. Now these documents will be incorporated by reference.
Concern that the Agreement is not consistent with SFP Regulations	Revision to grant agreement - As this was not OPSC's intent, areas that stakeholders identified have been updated to ensure consistency with current SFP Regulations.
References to interest appear to apply to interest earned on the State and District share funds.	Revision to the grant agreement – Only interest earned on state grant funds will be reportable.
Concern that compliance with all laws and regulations at the time of the execution of the agreement may create conflicts.	Revision to grant agreement - The certification in Section C.3. is broadened to reflect overall compliance with all laws and regulations <u>applicable</u> to the project, which can be driven by different timelines.
List of Eligible Expenditures is too restrictive and may not contemplate all items.	Staff maintains the position that having a specific list is important for the sake of clarity. Added some additional items identified by stakeholders.
Hold Harmless clause	Revision to grant agreement - This clause is removed from the grant agreement template; it is already addressed by Education Code Section 17070.60.

As stated at the April meeting and in response to additional stakeholder questions about the eligible and ineligible expenditure lists, it's extremely important to have clear guidelines for transparency purposes to ensure greater accountability in the program. This will assist Districts from expending funds on items that may not be eligible program expenditures. Staff will continue to support Districts and provide technical assistance to clarify anything that may have been omitted. To date, there have been a limited number of examples that have been forwarded by the stakeholder community. Staff realizes that this may not be an exhaustive list and is open to presenting modifications to the Board for consideration in the future. In addition, if a district is unclear as to whether an item is eligible or ineligible, it may send OPSC a written request for consideration and OPSC will provide written clarification.

Staff received other minor technical suggestions, many of which were addressed by adding clarifying language to the agreement. For those suggestions that did not require changes to the agreement, Staff will follow up to clarify.

Staff also received technical suggestions related to the changes resulting from the Governor's 2017-18 Budget proposed trailer bill language. The proposed trailer bill language must go through the standard legislative process and therefore is not part of this item. If the trailer bill language is not chaptered as it reads today, June 5, 2017, then Staff will review any relevant chaptered legislation and present the Board with amendments to the template grant agreement, as necessary.

Regulatory Amendments

SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 – Definitions The amendment defines "Grant Agreement."

SFP Regulation Section 1859.90 - Fund Release Process

The amendment requires applicants to submit a signed Grant Agreement prior to or concurrently with a valid Form SAB 50-05, and also requires those receiving a design Apportionment pursuant to Section 1859.81(e) to submit a Grant Agreement.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.2 – Priority Funding Process

The amendments require applicants to acknowledge that a signed Grant Agreement must be submitted prior to or concurrently with a valid Form SAB 50-05.

The amendment makes clear that applicants will be provided ten business days to amend any issues identified by Staff on the Form SAB 50-05 *Fund Release Authorization* submittal before that submittal is deemed ineligible and returned to the applicant unprocessed. An updated Form SAB 50-05 will be accepted if received within the required time frame for the purposes of determining that the applicant has "not participated" in the priority funding round.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.4 – Grant Agreement Submittal

The amendment creates a new section that specifies which applicants will be subject to Grant Agreements and that the Grant Agreement must be submitted. All projects approved for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) on or after June 5, 2017 are subject to the requirement. Projects on the Unfunded List as of June 5, 2017 are exempt from this requirement.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.5 – Local Bond Reimbursement Fund Releases The amendment renumbers an existing section.

SFP Regulation Form SAB 50-05 Fund Release Authorization

This amendment incorporates the requirement to submit a signed grant agreement with the request for fund release. The applicant will certify that it has already submitted the signed grant agreement, or the signed grant agreement accompanies the Form SAB 50-05.

UNFUNDED LIST

Staff recommends that the Board approve the projects on Attachment 5 for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and exempt these projects from the requirement to enter in to a grant agreement. These new construction and modernization projects make up the current Unfunded List of projects that have been fully processed by OPSC. If they are approved, bond authority for these projects will be allocated primarily from the recently passed Proposition 51.

The chart below shows the number of applications and total grant amounts for the projects on the list.

	Unfunded List	
Program	Funding Applications	Total Grant Amount
New Construction	26	\$178,460,543
Modernization	103	\$189,874,945

Financial Hardship Re-Review

At this time, nine projects include a prior Financial Hardship approval and have been on the Unfunded List for more than 180 days. In this circumstance, Staff must complete an updated review of the district's available funds to determine if additional funds are available to contribute towards the district's matching share of the project in accordance with SFP Regulation 1859.81(e)(3). Staff is able to present the projects for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) without an updated review, however; before the projects receive an Apportionment, the reviews will need to be completed.

In order to ensure timely processing, OPSC will be reaching out to affected districts requesting all necessary documents for the updated Financial Hardship reviews.

State Agency Approvals -Expired

EC Section 17072.30 requires that a project have Division of the State Architect (DSA) approval prior to receiving an Apportionment by the Board. EC Section 17070.50 also requires that districts obtain the written approval of the California Department of Education (CDE) prior to Apportionment. Currently there are eight modernization projects and one new construction project on the Unfunded List that do not have valid plan approvals from DSA and CDE.

While OPSC has previously considered projects with a new DSA approval to be a new project, in prior appeal items the Board has accepted a new DSA approval without requiring a new application submittal provided the project scope of work had not changed. Staff recommends that these projects be addressed in a similar manner, allowing the projects to be placed on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) without updated approvals, however; the approvals will need to be in place before cash becomes available for an Apportionment. Staff will continue to monitor the status of the nine projects with expired state agency approvals and will bring back a quarterly report to the Board, updating the status of these projects.

Participation in Priority Funding

All projects on the Unfunded List that are placed on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans), including those that need updated state agency approvals, are subject to the priority funding process. The current priority funding filing round closes on June 8, 2017. Districts electing not to participate in the current filing will receive an occurrence for non-participation in accordance with the participation rules for priority funding outlined in SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.3. The next opportunity to participate in a priority funding filling round will begin on

November 8, 2017 making the project eligible for an Apportionment after January 1, 2018. A second occurrence of non-participation would result in the project being rescinded without further Board action.

The nine projects that require updated state agency approvals may participate in priority funding without updated state agency approvals, however, if the projects do not have updated approvals prior to cash for Apportionments for the projects being made available, the projects would be ineligible to receive an Apportionment. If this occurs, the request made by the applicant that it could submit a valid Form SAB 50-05 within 90 days of an Apportionment as required in SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.2(a)(2) would be invalid. This is a unique circumstance not specifically addressed by the priority funding regulations. However, Staff recommends that the Board declare that this would then result in occurrence for non-participation pursuant to SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.3 on the basis that an invalid acknowledgement is essentially the same as a district not providing a request to participate at all.

Therefore, if the nine projects that require updated state agency approvals do not obtain updated approvals prior to an Apportionment being made available, it would result in an occurrence of non-participation.

Summary

Staff recommends that the Board approve the updated grant agreement template and the conforming regulatory amendments in Attachments 2 and 3. In addition, Staff recommends that the Board approve the projects listed in Attachment 5 for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) with the condition that the school district satisfies financial hardship review and state agency approval requirements as applicable. Approval for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB55 Loans) for projects in Attachment 5 does not constitute a guarantee of future funding.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Grant Agreement Adoption

- a. Adopt the template grant agreement as shown on Attachment 2 and the regulatory amendments as shown on Attachment 3.
- b. Authorize the Executive Officer to file these regulations on an emergency basis with the Office of Administrative Law.
- c. Authorize the Executive Officer, or designee, to sign and execute grant agreements.

Approval Projects on the Unfunded List

- d. Approve the SFP applications as listed in Attachment 5 for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans).
- e. Provide that the approval does not constitute a guarantee of future funding.
- f. Require all applications listed on Attachment 5 to obtain updated state agency approvals, as needed, prior to cash being available for an Apportionment without requiring the application to be resubmitted.
- g. Provide that all applications listed on Attachment 5 are able to participate in the current Priority Funding round, including those for which updated approvals from DSA and/or CDE are still being obtained, and all applications listed on the Attachment are subject to the priority funding participation rules outlined in SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.3.
- h. Provide that failure to obtain updated CDE and/or DSA approvals prior to cash being available for an Apportionment, but after requesting to participate in the priority funding process, shall result in an occurrence of non-participation as the request will be considered invalid.
- i. Direct Staff to provide the Board with quarterly reports that provide the status of the nine projects with expired state agency approvals.

BOARD ACTION

In considering this Item, the SAB approved a motion to 1) adopt the Grant Agreement and corresponding regulatory amendments; 2) authorize the Executive Officer to file the regulations on an emergency basis with the Office of Administrative Law; 3) authorize the Executive Officer, or designee, to sign and execute grant agreements; 4) approve the SFP applications as listed on Attachment 5 for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and to acknowledge that the approval does not constitute a guarantee of future funding; 5) require all applications listed on Attachment 5 obtain updated state agency approvals, as needed, prior to cash being available for an Apportionment without requiring the application to be resubmitted; 6) provide that all applications listed on Attachment 5 are able to participate in the current Priority Funding round, including those for which updated approvals from DSA and/or CDE are still being obtained, and all applications listed on the Attachment are subject to the priority funding participation rules outlined in SFP Regulation Section 1859.90.3; 7) provide that failure to obtain updated DSA and/or CDE approvals prior to cash being available for an Apportionment, but after requesting to participate in the priority funding process, shall result in an occurrence of non-participation as the request will be considered invalid; and 8) direct staff to provide the SAB with quarterly reports concerning the status of the nine projects with expired state agency approvals.

In addition to the above approvals, the SAB was informed that the projects on the [true] unfunded list would be excluded from the Grant Agreement. However, the Grant Agreement would apply to projects on the Acknowledged List, which are projects that have not been processed to the SAB. The Grant Agreement would also apply to projects currently being processed, which are those projects that relate to the old bond program, meaning the Seismic Mitigation Program and the Facility Hardship Program. Furthermore, the Grant Agreement would apply to projects in the Consent portion of the Agenda since these projects are current workload and relate to the same existing bond program.

The SAB made the modifications read into the record by the Executive Officer as part of the motion to adopt Option #1. These modifications include the following:

- Language in the Grant Agreement on pages 215, 219, 238 and 253 indicating that freezers, refrigerators and stoves are eligible items will be amended to delete the language stating that these items are eligible only if used to provide food service for all students.
- Language in the Grant Agreement on pages 215, 219, 238 and 253 indicating that exercise
 equipment is an eligible expenditure only if used by all students will be amended to read that
 exercise equipment is an eligible expenditure only if available for use by all students.
- The Grant Agreement will be amended to include specific language that specifies that school
 districts may seek written communication from OPSC to clarify whether an item is an eligible or
 ineligible expenditure, and that local auditors may rely on this written communication when
 performing the project audit.

County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Total	Fund Code	SAB Date	SAB Approved
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-585 57/64733-16-010	Modernization	G G	5/10/2012	12/12/2012	0.00 0.00		, ,	7,311,673.00	, ,	112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
ORANGE	PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED	57/66647-00-033	Modernization Modernization	G	5/10/2012 5/10/2012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	0.00	0.00 0.00		,		112-012 112-012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	Yes Yes
ORANGE	SANTA ANA UNIFIED	57/66670-00-052	Modernization	Ğ	5/11/2012	12/12/2012	0.00	0.00	, ,			112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-137	Modernization	G	5/15/2012	12/12/2012	0.00		, ,	, ,		112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
KERN	SIERRA SANDS UNIFIED	57/73742-00-008	Modernization	G	5/15/2012	12/12/2012	0.00					112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
FRESNO ORANGE	CENTRAL UNIFIED ANAHEIM CITY	57/73965-00-006 57/66423-00-030	Modernization Modernization	G G	5/17/2012 5/17/2012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	Yes Yes
SAN JOAQUIN	STOCKTON UNIFIED	57/68676-00-034	Modernization	G	5/21/2012	12/12/2012	0.00			, ,	, ,	112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SANTEE ELEMENTARY	57/68361-00-010	Modernization	Ğ	5/25/2012	12/12/2012	0.00	0.00		,		112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-37-006	Modernization	G	5/29/2012	12/12/2012	0.00	0.00		,	, ,	112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
MARIN	LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY	57/65367-00-003	Modernization	G	5/30/2012	12/12/2012	0.00		,			112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
SAN DIEGO	PITTSBURG UNIFIED GROSSMONT UNION HIGH	57/61788-00-009 57/68130-00-018	Modernization Modernization	G	5/31/2012 6/1/2012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	0.00 0.00			, ,		112-012 112-012	12/12/2012 12/12/2012	Yes Yes
SAN JOAQUIN	STOCKTON UNIFIED	57/68676-00-035	Modernization	G	6/4/2012	12/12/2012	0.00	0.00	, ,	, ,		112-012	12/12/2012	Yes
HUMBOLDT	EUREKA CITY UNIFIED	57/75515-00-011	Modernization	G	6/8/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00		,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
HUMBOLDT	EUREKA CITY UNIFIED	57/75515-00-011	Modernization	G	6/8/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	,	,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO	CARLSBAD UNIFIED	57/73551-00-009	Modernization	G	6/8/2012	1/23/2013	0.00					112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO FRESNO	CARLSBAD UNIFIED WASHINGTON UNIFIED	57/73551-00-009 57/76778-00-001	Modernization Modernization	G	6/8/2012 6/12/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	Yes Yes
FRESNO	WASHINGTON UNIFIED	57/76778-00-001	Modernization	G	6/12/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,	, ,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
MARIN	LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY	57/65367-00-004	Modernization	G	6/12/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00	1,034,935.00	1,034,935.00		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
MARIN	LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY	57/65367-00-004	Modernization	G	6/12/2012	3/20/2013	0.00			,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
EL DORADO	LAKE TAHOE UNIFIED	57/61903-00-007	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		, ,			112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
EL DORADO MENDOCINO	LAKE TAHOE UNIFIED ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/61903-00-007 57/65540-00-003	Modernization Modernization	G	6/14/2012 6/14/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		,	, ,	112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	Yes Yes
MENDOCINO	ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/65540-00-003	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
MENDOCINO	ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/65540-00-004	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00		597,142.00	48,366,368.00	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
MENDOCINO	ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/65540-00-004	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	,	,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO	CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/67991-00-009	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO LOS ANGELES	CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY ALHAMBRA UNIFIED	57/67991-00-009 57/75713-00-026	Modernization Modernization	G	6/14/2012 6/18/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00				112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	ALHAMBRA UNIFIED	57/75713-00-026	Modernization	G	6/18/2012	3/20/2013	0.00				, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-586	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00		,	, ,	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-586	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-587	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00		, ,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-587 57/64733-00-588	Modernization Modernization	G G	6/20/2012 6/20/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-588	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	3/20/2013	0.00			,		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-17-012	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			1,413,624.00	55,491,684.00	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-17-012	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	,	,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-32-022 57/64733-32-022	Modernization	G G	6/20/2012 6/20/2012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		, ,	, ,	112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-41-005	Modernization Modernization	G	6/20/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		,	,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-41-005	Modernization	Ğ	6/20/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-138	Modernization	G	6/21/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,		, ,	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-138	Modernization	G	6/21/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
GLENN GLENN	ORLAND JOINT UNIFIED ORLAND JOINT UNIFIED	57/75481-00-005 57/75481-00-005	Modernization Modernization	G	6/22/2012 6/22/2012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00				112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
SACRAMENTO	SAN JUAN UNIFIED	57/67447-00-058	Modernization	G	6/27/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		,			112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SACRAMENTO	SAN JUAN UNIFIED	57/67447-00-058	Modernization	G	6/27/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SANTA CLARA	EAST SIDE UNION HIGH	57/69427-00-033	Modernization	G	6/27/2012	1/23/2013	0.00					112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SANTA CLARA	EAST SIDE UNION HIGH	57/69427-00-033	Modernization	G	6/27/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO	SANTEE ELEMENTARY SANTEE ELEMENTARY	57/68361-00-011 57/68361-00-011	Modernization Modernization	G	6/29/2012 6/29/2012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00			, ,		112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
SONOMA	RINCON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/70896-00-008	Modernization	Ğ	7/2/2012	1/23/2013	0.00				, ,	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SONOMA	RINCON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/70896-00-008	Modernization	G	7/2/2012	3/20/2013	0.00			45,146.00	77,047,242.00	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
FRESNO	CENTRAL UNIFIED	57/73965-00-007	Modernization	G	7/3/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		, ,	, ,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
FRESNO	CA ION VALLEY LINION ELEMENTARY	57/73965-00-007 57/67991-00-010	Modernization	G	7/3/2012 7/5/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO	CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/67991-00-010	Modernization Modernization	G	7/5/2012 7/5/2012	3/20/2013	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
SAN MATEO	BELMONT-REDWOOD SHORES ELEMENTARY	57/68866-00-009	Modernization	G	7/5/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
SAN MATEO	BELMONT-REDWOOD SHORES ELEMENTARY	57/68866-00-009	Modernization	G	7/5/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
BUTTE	MANZANITA ELEMENTARY	57/61499-00-001	Modernization	D	7/10/2012	1/23/2013	88,525.00		,	,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
BUTTE	MANZANITA ELEMENTARY	57/61499-00-001 57/64733-00-589	Modernization	D	7/10/2012	3/20/2013 1/23/2013	2,776.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-589	Modernization Modernization	G G	7/10/2012 7/10/2012	3/20/2013	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-590	Modernization	Ğ	7/10/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-590	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	67,543.00	67,543.00	86,188,868.00	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-592	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		, ,	, ,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-592 57/64733-30-007	Modernization	G G	7/10/2012	3/20/2013	0.00			,		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-39-007 57/64733-39-007	Modernization Modernization	G	7/10/2012 7/10/2012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00		, ,			112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-61-009	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			,	, ,	112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-61-009	Modernization	Ğ	7/10/2012	3/20/2013	0.00		, ,			112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	57/61796-00-044	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	1/23/2013	0.00			, ,		112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	57/61796-00-044	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	3/20/2013	0.00					112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-594 57/64733-00-594	Modernization Modernization	G G	7/11/2012 7/11/2012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00					112-012 112-012	1/23/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-595	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	1/23/2013	0.00		,			112-012	1/23/2013	Yes 108

County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Total	Fund Code	SAB Date	SAB Approved
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-595	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	35,056.00		97,523,092.00	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-16-011	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	1/23/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	1/23/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-16-011	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SANTEE ELEMENTARY	57/68361-00-012	Modernization	G	7/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
ALAMEDA	OAKLAND UNIFIED	57/61259-00-070	Modernization	G	7/20/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
FRESNO	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED FRESNO UNIFIED	57/61796-00-045 57/62166-00-139	Modernization Modernization	G	7/23/2012 7/30/2012	3/20/2013 3/20/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		2,071,166.00 1,720,850.00		112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	BALDWIN PARK UNIFIED	57/64287-00-016	Modernization	G	7/30/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SAN DIEGO UNIFIED	57/68338-00-229	Modernization	Ğ	7/31/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		2,237,882.00		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
TULARE	STRATHMORE UNION ELEMENTARY	57/72157-00-003	Modernization	D	7/31/2012	3/20/2013	140,922.00	0.00		405,473.00		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/64352-00-005	Modernization	G	8/1/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	ALHAMBRA UNIFIED	57/75713-00-027	Modernization	G	8/7/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
MONTEREY	MONTEREY COUNTY OFFICE OF EDUCATION	57/10272-00-001	Modernization	D	8/8/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
ORANGE ORANGE	SAVANNA ELEMENTARY SAVANNA ELEMENTARY	57/66696-00-003 57/66696-00-003	Modernization Modernization	G	8/13/2012 8/13/2012	3/20/2013 8/28/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00				112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 08/28/13	Yes Yes
NAPA	CALISTOGA JOINT UNIFIED	57/66241-00-003	Modernization	G	8/16/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		442,693.00	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
BUTTE	CHICO UNIFIED	57/61424-00-004	Modernization	Ğ	8/17/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		3,439,355.00	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
CONTRA COSTA	MARTINEZ UNIFIED	57/61739-00-007	Modernization	G	8/17/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		2,304,026.00	117,266,075.00	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/64352-00-004	Modernization	G	8/21/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,	, ,	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
VENTURA	SIMI VALLEY UNIFIED	57/72603-00-029	Modernization	G	8/28/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		, ,		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
GLENN FRESNO	LAKE ELEMENTARY FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62596-00-001 57/62166-00-140	Modernization Modernization	G	9/11/2012 9/19/2012	3/20/2013 3/20/2013	308,808.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		953,024.00 1,961,579.00		112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 3/20/2013	Yes Yes
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-141	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		5,531,483.00	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-597	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,			112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-598	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-599	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		437,796.00	133,920,453.00	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-38-022	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		, ,		112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-41-006	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	3/20/2013	0.00	0.00		658,522.00	, ,	112-012	3/20/2013	Yes
ORANGE ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-031 57/66449-00-012	Modernization Modernization	G	9/19/2012 9/25/2012	3/20/2013 5/22/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		,	, ,	112-012 112-012	3/20/2013 05/22/13	Yes Yes
SUTTER	MERIDIAN ELEMENTARY	57/71415-00-012	Modernization	D	10/2/2012	5/22/2013	7,900.00	0.00				112-012	05/22/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-019	Modernization	Ğ	10/3/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-020	Modernization	G	10/3/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	911,821.00	911,821.00	142,688,172.00	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
TULARE	STRATHMORE UNION ELEMENTARY	57/72157-00-003	Modernization	G	10/3/2012	5/22/2013	1,472,372.00	0.00		3,680,930.00	, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SONOMA	DUNHAM ELEMENTARY	57/70672-00-001	Modernization	G	10/5/2012	5/22/2013	429,203.00	0.00		1,085,157.00	147,454,259.00	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	50/62166-00-024 57/61796-00-047	New Construction Modernization	G G	10/9/2012 10/11/2012	5/22/2013 5/22/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		, ,		112-012 112-012	05/22/13 05/22/13	Yes Yes
VENTURA	VENTURA COUNTY OFFICE OF EDUCATION	57/10561-00-004	Modernization	G	10/11/2012	5/22/2013	436,839.00	0.00		,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE	CYPRESS ELEMENTARY	57/66480-00-004	Modernization	Ğ	10/16/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		, ,	, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED	50/73791-00-013	New Construction	G	10/16/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		3,457,114.00		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
	A SOLVANG ELEMENTARY	57/69336-00-002	Modernization	G	10/16/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		3,549,252.00	174,141,236.00	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	50/66597-00-015	New Construction	G	10/17/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		6,708,658.00		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-032	Modernization	G	10/17/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		640,660.00		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE MENDOCINO	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED MENDOCINO COUNTY OFFICE OF EDUCATION	50/66597-00-016 57/10231-00-001	New Construction Modernization	G	10/18/2012 10/22/2012	5/22/2013 5/22/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	, ,	2,303,604.00 184,346.00	, ,	112-012 112-012	05/22/13 05/22/13	Yes Yes
KERN	BAKERSFIELD CITY ELEMENTARY	50/63321-00-026	New Construction	G	10/24/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		15,473,429.00	, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
KERN	BAKERSFIELD CITY ELEMENTARY	50/63321-00-027	New Construction	Ğ	10/24/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		10,048,623.00	209,500,556.00	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
RIVERSIDE	VAL VERDE UNIFIED	50/75242-00-026	New Construction	G	10/24/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,			112-012	05/22/13	Yes
VENTURA	SIMI VALLEY UNIFIED	57/72603-00-030	Modernization	G	10/24/2012	5/22/2013	0.00					112-012	05/22/13	Yes
FRESNO FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED FRESNO UNIFIED	50/62166-00-025 50/62166-00-026	New Construction New Construction	G G	10/25/2012 10/25/2012	5/22/2013 5/22/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	, ,	, ,	, ,	112-012 112-012	05/22/13 05/22/13	Yes Yes
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	50/62100-00-020	New Construction	G	10/26/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	50/66597-00-018	New Construction	G	10/26/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,			112-012	05/22/13	Yes
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-033	Modernization	G	10/26/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,	, ,	, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
RIVERSIDE	TEMECULA VALLEY UNIFIED	50/75192-00-039	New Construction	G	10/26/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SONOMA	WINDSOR UNIFIED	50/75358-00-014	New Construction	G	10/26/2012	5/22/2013	0.00		· ·	,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	CULVER CITY UNIFIED	57/64444-00-009 57/64444-00-010	Modernization	G	10/29/2012	5/22/2013 5/22/2013	0.00			, ,	, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES SAN MATEO	CULVER CITY UNIFIED BURLINGAME ELEMENTARY	57/68882-00-010	Modernization Modernization	G G	10/29/2012 10/29/2012	5/22/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		, ,		112-012 112-012	05/22/13 05/22/13	Yes Yes
SAN MATEO	SEQUOIA UNION HIGH	50/69062-01-003	New Construction	G	10/29/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	, ,	, ,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
RIVERSIDE	CORONA-NORCO UNIFIED	50/67033-00-036	New Construction	Ğ	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00			, ,	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SAN BERNARDIN	VIVICTOR VALLEY UNION HIGH	50/67934-00-021	New Construction	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00	3,242,878.00	3,242,878.00	260,939,319.00	112-012	05/22/13	Yes
	NI VICTOR VALLEY UNION HIGH	50/67934-00-022	New Construction	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00		, ,	, ,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED	50/73791-00-014	New Construction	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SAN DIEGO SAN MATEO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED	57/73791-00-005	Modernization	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00 0.00		, ,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SANTA CLARA	BELMONT-REDWOOD SHORES ELEMENTARY PALO ALTO UNIFIED	57/68866-00-010 50/69641-00-001	Modernization New Construction	G	10/30/2012 10/30/2012	5/22/2013 5/22/2013	0.00 0.00		,			112-012 112-012	05/22/13 05/22/13	Yes Yes
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED	50/69641-00-002	New Construction	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	05/22/13	Yes
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED	57/69641-00-029	Modernization	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00					112-012	05/22/13	Yes
	PALO ALTO UNIFIED	57/69641-00-030	Modernization	G	10/30/2012	5/22/2013	0.00	0.00		,		112-012	05/22/13	Yes
	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED	50/61804-01-001	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	06/26/13	Yes
	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/61804-00-021	Modernization Modernization	G G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00		,		112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/61804-00-022 57/64352-00-006	Modernization Modernization	G	10/31/2012 10/31/2012	6/26/2013 6/26/2013	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	, ,	, ,		112-012 112-012	06/26/13 06/26/13	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED	50/64865-00-006	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00					112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED	57/64865-00-025	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00			,		112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-021	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00				112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-022	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	490,014.00	490,014.00	319,105,288.00	112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	WHITTIER UNION HIGH	57/65128-00-021	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00					112-012	06/26/13	Yes
ORANGE	TUSTIN UNIFIED	50/73643-00-019	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	5,930,954.00	5,930,954.00	328,214,593.00	112-012	06/26/13	^{Yes} 409

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County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Total	Fund Code	SAB Date	SAB Approved
SAN DIEGO	SOLANA BEACH ELEMENTARY	50/68387-00-002	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	11,562,358.00	11,562,358.00	339,776,951.00	112-012	06/26/13	Yes
SAN JOAQUIN	LAMMERSVILLE JOINT UNIFIED	50/76760-00-006	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	10,815,703.00	10,815,703.00	350,592,654.00	112-012	06/26/13	Yes
SANTA CLARA	FRANKLIN-MCKINLEY ELEMENTARY	57/69450-00-009	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	511,489.00	511,489.00	351,104,143.00	112-012	06/26/13	Yes
SANTA CLARA	GILROY UNIFIED	57/69484-00-008	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/26/2013	0.00	0.00	725,354.00	725,354.00	351,829,497.00	112-012	06/26/13	Yes
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	50/64352-02-001	New Construction	G	10/31/2012	7/10/2013	0.00	0.00	16,505,991.00	16,505,991.00	368,335,488.00	112-012	07/10/13	Yes

ATTACHMENT E2

1		CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD
2		PUBLIC MEETING
3		
4		
5		
6		STATE CAPITOL
7		ROOM 437 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814
8		SACRAMENIO, CALIFORNIA 93014
9		
10		DATE: MONDAY, JUNE 5, 2017
11		TIME: 4:08 P.M.
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21	Reported By:	Mary C. Clark Huntington Court Reporters and Transcription,
22		Inc. 301 North Lake Avenue, Suite 150
23		Pasadena, CA 91101 (800) 586-2988
24		www.huntingtoncr.com reports@huntingtoncr.com
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1	APPEARANCES:
2	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT:
3	ERAINA ORTEGA, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, Department of Finance, designated representative for Michael Cohen, Director, Department of Finance
5 6	DANIEL KIM, Daniel Kim, Director, Department of General Services
7 8	CESAR DIAZ, Appointee of Edmund G. Brown, Jr., Governor of the State of California
9 10	JUAN MIRELES, Director, School Facilities and Transportation Services Division, California Department of Education, designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public Instruction
11	SENATOR BENJAMIN ALLEN
12	SENATOR JANET NGUYEN
13	SENATOR RICHARD PAN
14	ASSEMBLYMEMBER ADRIN NAZARIAN
15	ASSEMBLYMEMBER ROCKY CHAVEZ
16	ASSEMBLYMEMBER PATRICK O'DONNELL
17	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT:
18	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer
19	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE
20	OF PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION (OPSC) PRESENT:
21	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer BARBARA KAMPMEINERT, Deputy Executive Officer
22 23	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT:
2 4 25	JONETTE BANZON, Staff Counsel

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Good afternoon, everyone. I'd like to call the June 5th meeting of the State 4 Allocation Board to order. Please call the roll. 5 6 MR. GUARDADO: Certainly. Senator Allen. 7 Senator Nguyen. 8 SENATOR NGUYEN: Here. 9 MS. BANZON: 10 MR. GUARDADO: Senator Pan. 11 SENATOR PAN: Here. 12 MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember Nazarian. 13 Assemblymember Chavez. 14 ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Here. 15 MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember O'Donnell. 16 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Here. 17 MR. GUARDADO: Juan Mireles. 18 MR. MIRELES: Here. 19 MR. GUARDADO: Cesar Diaz. 20 MR. DIAZ: Here. 21 MR. GUARDADO: Daniel Kim. 22 MR. KIM: Here. 23 MR. GUARDADO: And Eraina Ortega.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Here.

MR. GUARDADO: We have a quorum.

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1 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Our first item of 2 business will be the Minutes from the April 24th meeting. 3 Any comments/edits to the Minutes? ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Move approval of the 5 Minutes. 6 MR. DIAZ: Second. 7 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Moved and seconded. 8 All in favor of approval of the Minutes, please say aye. 9 (Ayes) 10 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Passes unanimously. 11 MS. SILVERMAN: So the Executive Officer's 12 Statement, there's a few items we want to share today. 13 There is a current priority funding round that 14 just opened on May 10th and that wraps up on Thursday, 15 June 8th. So any project that received an unfunded 16 approval, even as part of the Consent Agenda today, will be **17** eligible to submit certification for the fall bond sale. 18 And again, there's specific requirements as far as 19 the type of documentation they have to submit for that fund 20 release, but then that's in the future. 21 We also have a charter round that actually closes 22 today at 5:00 o'clock, and so we'll have some updates for 23 the Board in the next coming weeks about how many applicants 24 that we did receive.

We also want to give the Board an update. We just

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apportioned projects on April 24th and the timelines for those projects to come in July 24th. And we were encouraging districts to submit their certification for the fund release early because we might have some issues of closing out of the fund accounts with the controller's office. So we want to remind folks that the fund release documents should be submitted as early as possible.

We also had three projects as part of the Consent Agenda. One is an appeal and two items on the Consent Agenda for the Seismic Mitigation Program. And that's over \$12 million.

And we also have some instructional videos for the Seismic Mitigation Program and how to walk through the process not only for our office but the Division of State Architect and quick easy tips on how to submit cost estimates and funding applications. So those should be up on our website sometime mid-June.

And with that, we also wanted to announce the next meeting's in a few weeks, June 28th.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you. Any questions? Any public comment on this? Welcome, Senator Allen.

So if there isn't any objection, I'm going to suggest we move right to the items under Tab 7 so that we can take up those action items prior to taking up of the

Consent Calendar because they could potentially have some
effect on items in the Consent Calendar.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Could you speak a little louder.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. Sorry. So we'll take up the items under Tab 7 and the **grant agreement** and the **processing of the acknowledged list** as it is known. So we'll move to Item 7. Lisa.

MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. So we wanted to get your attention on page 79 and Tab 7. We wanted to share with the Board -- I know we had a meeting last month and we provided the Board a template of the grant agreement and we also had recommendations at our prior meeting that the grant agreement template would be applying to all projects including projects on the true unfunded list and every project on the acknowledged list.

But we actually had, you know, a very broad discussion last month and we did hear some very important points, not only from the stakeholders but also by Board members. So with that, we did work together with the stakeholders, received some comments, so we actually had a subsequent meeting on May 8th as a result of those comments.

And so we did receive written communication from the stakeholders. That public meeting that was held on May 8th, we had about 25 to 30 participants. We had about

175 people view the webcast as well.

We also wanted to share and highlight with the Board, we made some significant changes as a result of the communication not only received from the stakeholders but from the various interested parties and the community.

So with that, we are presenting as part of the item is Attachment 1 which is the grant agreement template that actually has some revisions and modifications. So you'll see that items on pages listed that have strikeouts and amendments to that.

Also on Attachment 2 is the cleaned-up version of the new template. So the significant things we wanted to share with the Board is the amendments we made.

So on page 80, I'd like to draw your attention to -- our proposal has been modified and so as part of having the grant agreement in place and the timing of the agreement, it was something that was very much taken into consideration.

We initially proposed that a grant agreement be executed prior to receiving the unfunded approval. We have since modified that and so the grant agreement -- we're recommending that be modified in accordance to one of the stakeholder's comments that it be applied or in effect before the funds are released. So that's a significant modification we made.

And we also are recommending that the projects on the true unfunded list, the projects that were processed prior to the Board change of regulations, over \$368 million in projects, those projects will be excluded from the grant agreement. So that's a significant change from what we had initially from last month.

But those projects -- the grant agreement would also apply to the projects on the acknowledged list and those are the projects that haven't been processed by the Board, and again the Board changed regulations and didn't want to take action on proceedings. So the grant agreement would apply to them. So the grant agreement would apply to them.

It would also apply to projects that are being processed currently. So those projects that relate to the old bond program, meaning Seismic Mitigation Program, Facility Hardship Program, the grant agreements would be applying to those projects. So it's a limited universe of projects, close to \$70 million, that the grant agreement would apply to as well.

So with that, I know there is a few concerns related to technology. Those items have not changed, but can I draw your attention on page 81. There is a short summary of the changes that we did modify. As I mentioned before, the timing of the grant agreement, we actually did

eliminate and streamline -- we did receive some comments about having duplicate information, letters -- approval letters from the Division of State Architect, approval letters from the Department of Education, various approval levels that we have in our office related to financial hardship, so we also eliminated that.

We streamlined the definition section as well. We also removed the hold harmless clause in addition to that. But we wanted to highlight -- I know we've been having some various conversations with stakeholders, even up to the last few minutes.

We definitely had some viable feedback that came in over the last few days and we definitely want to acknowledge that, you know, for the record, we will be recommending some changes to that -- the grant agreement template.

So even -- we'll read that into the record as far as what amendments we want to have hold.

So with that, staff wanted to reiterate the importance of having a grant agreement, to have fair guidelines for the School Facilities Program, to ensure transparency and greater accountability. This will -- school districts, not only large but also the small districts that are not frequent players in the program and this is to ensure that they are successful and having good

outcomes of the program, but they also clearly understand the rules of what's eligible to be expended and what items are not eligible to be expended and it's by program.

So every program has a different design as far as eligible expenditures and noneligible expenditures. So we have to have both lists as a complement of that.

We also wanted to share as part of the companion item is not applying the grant agreement to the true unfunded list. We're asking the Board to actually approve Attachment 5, which is all the projects that have been processed by the Board -- by staff previously and carry those items to the unfunded list, lack of AB-55 loans which is meaning those projects will be -- have bond authority awarded to them and will be waiting for a fall bond sale.

What we wanted to highlight on page 83 on the item is there are some projects on that true unfunded list that actually have expired state agency approvals. There are nine of them specifically. We understand. We've been communicating with those districts that they actually are working with the various agencies at Division of State Architect and Department of Education to have some letters and approvals reinstated.

So we'll be tracking that and giving the Board some update. Again, we want to reiterate to the Board that even though we're -- the recommendations to take action on

those projects, that they're -- they don't have the ability to access the cash until they correct that. So we provide an update to the Board.

There's also several projects that will require a financial hardship re-review and we will be communicating with those districts to have those financial updates as well.

So we wanted to highlight on page 84, as far as what we recommend is we definitely recommend a grant agreement template and conforming regulations and we also recommend that the exclusion of \$370 million for the unfunded -- true unfunded projects be excluded from the grant agreement. But we also wanted to acknowledge with the template itself, as part of Attachment 2, that there be inclusion of language.

I know on page 215 of the grant agreement template and 219, 238 and 253, during our discussions we had some very explicit -- it was great feedback that we heard about freezers and refrigerators and stoves. In those circumstances, I know we have language in there currently that says only if used for food service to all students.

We definitely think that language needs to be struck out and definitely keep freezer, refrigerators, and stoves in the agreement itself, not excluding those items. And the purpose is because --for various reasons.

Refrigerators could be used for nursing -- the nurse's office obviously could have, you know, medications that need to be housed for students and also freezers could be used for, you know, various things for science classes and, you know, obviously chemicals may be properly stored in those, so obviously the need to have that there as well.

We also wanted to -- so we would definitely modify that language, and as far as exercise equipment, there was a good comment that we heard today. We would also recommend changing the language also on that stamped page related to if only available for use by all students.

So it was a great comment. Thank you, Senator, for sharing that today. So in that regards, we would be making those amendments and we're also recommending as well -- I know we've heard numerous comments related to the template itself, the grant agreement. We've had comments from stakeholders that for an item that's not currently on the list, since we do provide active feedback to our grantee as far as, if it's not on the list and this is a service we provide anyway, we would definitely provide written clarification and that written clarification can also be part of the template as well.

So we would acknowledge a change in the language on page 207 and 259 to include language that would specifically reference that if the district receives written

communication from the Office of Public School Construction 1 2 for items not included on the list and -- list of 3 eligible/ineligibles, that the local auditors will be seeking that written response as a guideline and tool for 5 allowable expenditures. 6 So again, we'll definitely modify that as well. 7 mean that was definitely a concern that we've heard from the 8 stakeholder community that they have a reference point in 9 the grant agreement template just in case we have written 10 communication that doesn't meet the list eligibility. 11 So with that, we're recommending the Board adopt 12 the grant agreement and the regulations and conforming 13 added. 14 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. We have several 15 speakers who have signed up to speak. I think, though, 16 before I call the first speaker up, I'll open it up to the 17 members of the Board if anybody wants to make any comments 18 or has any specific questions. 19 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Yes, I do. 20 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Sure. 21 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: With regard to 22 ineligible versus eligible list, it looks like what you're 23 saying is we should continue down the eligible path. 24 MS. SILVERMAN: Yes.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: The eligible

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expenditure -- well, I have, you know, just a macro level problem with -- but with regard to the specific proposal before us today, what you're saying is that the grant agreement would have language that speaks to a letter so the -- would give auditors direction because we're going to get caught in auditor land real quick --

MS. SILVERMAN: Yes.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: -- unless we have something real specific in the grant agreement itself. That's my understanding from FICMAT. Could you maybe educate the group here on that.

MS. SILVERMAN: That's what we're recommending making a modification to the grant agreement to acknowledge that if the staff does provide letters in reference to a specific eligibility item and we provide them specific guidelines that those items would be allowable, then this is the edit that we are willing to make today in the grant agreement.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Okay.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So can I also -- I think we had envisioned as I've discussed with staff how they would handle this, is to the extent that an issue comes up that also really warrants further revision of the grant agreement itself. So if someone -- if a district comes to OPSC and seeks advice on whether something is allowable, OPSC could

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    provide that information in writing. The grant template
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    would have the guidance for the auditor to look at, whether
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    there's any such document, but OPSC would also come back to
    the SAB to request a revision to the grant agreement
 5
    template.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL:
                                         Correct. Yeah.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So that issue would be
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    corrected on an ongoing basis.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Right.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And I think, you know, we
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    imagine over the early months of implementation those issues
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    are certainly going to come up.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Thank you. And I have
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    other comments, but I'll wait for the --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Anyone else before we
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    move to the public comments? Okay. I'll call Mr. Don
17
    Ulrich.
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              MR. ULRICH: Well, good afternoon, Madam Chair,
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    members of the State Allocation Board. My name is Don
    Ulrich. I'm from Clovis Unified Schools in the Valley, and
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    I represent CASH, the Coalition for Adequate School Housing,
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    as their Chair.
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              First of all, thank you for the opportunity to
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    provide input on this important topic. You have received
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letters from me and today really I just want to summarize

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what the issues are and the position that CASH has taken on these topics.

First of all, the lists, we recommend that the true unfunded and the acknowledged list both be approved and you direct OPSC to process the acknowledged list as quickly as possible, including directing them to hire the appropriate staff to process these applications as soon as possible.

All these projects were submitted in good faith in accordance with the existing program when they were submitted. That hasn't been changed, and in fact, it was approved through Prop. 51 to remain unchanged.

Also allow projects to retain their place in line while getting DSA or CDE reapproval. Additionally, adjust the priority funding deadlines. Extend the deadline for current projects to fund with the fall bond sale. You could accomplish this through regulation changes -- emergency regulations. Doing so will allow projects approved today to access the fall bond sale.

Regarding the grant agreement -- and I -- this one, you know, you've discussed briefly, but we really recommend that you allow only ineligible expenditures or, you know, to put it another way, those that you can't purchase. We just feel like this is a more clear transparent and more easily accountable -- would be easier

with this than what you're recommending which is listing eligible expenditures.

We feel this is more difficult to hold people accountable and that the prior would be the better way to do this.

Again, about the grant agreement, allow it to include prospective projects only. Retroactive application will create more complexity for districts, OPSC, and SAB.

As you know, many school districts that had eligibility and turned in projects have done these projects with funds that were probably allocated many times for other more important -- just as important projects.

So if we've already done the project and a new grant agreement changes those regulations, that could be problematic, I think you'd see.

Also with the grant agreement, we do concur with OPSC recommendation for signing the grant agreement at the time of fund release or when you turn in your 5005. We think that's a good change to the grant agreement.

And finally, you know, while these are all important positions from a state level, I think even more important is that we hear the effects of moving the program forward as quickly as possible. You know, what that does for our local school districts, for the projects that teachers and kids out there need to have happen, or on the

other hand, what happens if we don't move the project forward and we keep taking this valuable time away from getting projects done for kids and for teachers out in our schools.

And I think today you'll hear testimony from districts with specific issues, specific projects that are going to benefit kids and teachers or if they're not funded are going to be a negative impact on kids and teachers and really the reason we're all here is to support our local schools and our districts and help the environment for students and teachers in the state of California.

So if you have any questions, I could answer those at this point.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I have one question. So as I understand the way the template has been drafted, there's a code section reference to every item that's listed as an eligible expense. So this is an attempt to look through all of the relevant statutes of the program and put it into one document.

So when you talk about the -- how signing the grant agreement for something that's already been submitted to OPSC or already is -- you've already put contracts out on a project, with the exception of technology where I will acknowledge that's a place where we made --

MR. ULRICH: Yeah.

1 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: -- a clear change, what is an 2 item of expenditure that you think might come up in a 3 project that you would have -- that would be in conflict with the grant agreement? 5 MR. ULRICH: Yeah. I think you framed it. 6 it's anything that you purchase -- it's mostly technology. 7 There could be other things on that list that are purchased 8 and I think for districts that have funds available that might not be such an issue, but there's many districts that 9 10 in hardship cases that that's the money they have. 11 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Um-hmm. 12 MR. ULRICH: You know, so if -- especially the 13 part about, you know, the penalties and those kind of things 14 for projects they've already done I think would be 15 problematic. That's the main issue there. 16 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Mr. Kim. **17** MR. KIM: Mr. Ulrich, I mentioned before at our 18 last meeting, I was at the other end of the table --19 MR. ULRICH: Um-hmm. 20 MR. KIM: -- receiving state funds when I was at 21 the local government level, and whether it was the small 22 counties or the large counties, we always wanted to get

clarity on what was an eligible or ineligible expense.

local school districts, many of whom have seen massive

That's why I'm a little unclear why CASH wouldn't want the

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turnover staff -- administrative staff who may not know all the rules of engagement, why you wouldn't want a clear list of what was eligible and ineligible especially given that, to my knowledge, with the exception of the discussion regarding technology, there's been no question about any of the ineligible expenses.

So if there's no question about what's on the ineligible list, why not identify that up front for everyone.

MR. ULRICH: Yeah. I'm here to give you, you know, CASH's position, but I can add what my -- you know, my experience has been and I think we heard it today. When you have a positive list of what's eligible, it's going to be reinterpreted many times and that's why I heard that today regarding I think it was the exercise equipment.

And so the position that we're taking based on experts that have been in the facility world frankly quite longer than me, you know, that their experience is a -- the way we framed it, an ineligible list is clearer and easier to hold school districts accountable for what your intention is.

And I think some of those people that have experience can testify today to that effect, but that's our opinion on it. That's how, you know, the practitioners that have been doing this for decades have seen this, and as a

Board, that's the position we're taking at this time.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Anything else? I think -- thank you, Mr. Ulrich.

MR. ULRICH: You bet.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I'm going to call a couple names at a time so that we can move through the list of speakers expeditiously. Margaret Brown and Robert Pierce.

MS. BROWN: Good afternoon, Chairwoman Ortega, members of the Board, Senator Nguyen especially. I'm from Garden Grove. My name's Margaret Brown. I am the Director of Facilities for Garden Grove Unified School District. I also went to elementary, middle, and high school in Garden Grove, graduating from Bolsa Grande which is currently being modernized at this time. My mom's also a retired teacher from that district, so I have a lot of ties to that district and that community.

I'm here today to talk about a number of our projects that are on the list for funding. Garden Grove for the very first time passed its very first bond measure in 2012 -- in 2010. Never did a bond before that. Never actually improved any of our facilities and most of them did not have air conditioning.

I joined the staff in 2013 and we really started going back through the plans and looking at how we could get air conditioning in our schools. We had times when it was

95, 103 degrees in the classroom and we're asking our students to take -- to study physics, take final exams, and it's almost impossible in there.

And so we were able to, under the current program, get some modernization funding, get some matching funds and move those 65 modernization projects through the process, but we also went ahead and started adding air conditioning our high schools and Bolsa's first of 24 classrooms just moved in. They have air. So if it's 94 back home today, they're in air because they go through June 20th. So we're very excited about that.

But we also needed to pass the second bond. We just did one in November for 311 million because we didn't anticipate adding air conditioning the first go-around. And we were very excited when the statewide voters passed Proposition 51.

So we thought great, we're going to get matching funds. So here we go again. We submitted 14 applications to the state for about \$12 million and all of those applications include air conditioning for our schools and 12 of those applications are reimbursement.

We actually are in the middle of doing that work or that work is already done and we're hoping to get that money back. Unfortunately, the state hasn't sold anything from Prop. 51. I know we're looking at selling a little bit

and I'm really here to say I hope we sell a lot because we are on a list. What list? The acknowledged list, but that doesn't mean we're anywhere near the top. We're sort of towards the bottom, but we're hoping that if we start selling bonds and OPSC starts working our applications and doing the eligibility that eventually we'll get that funding because that \$12 million reimburses the pot that allows us to air condition the next batch of schools.

We're also going to apply for two more facility hardship projects, seismic mitigation. We already have two projects. We're getting ready to submit two more, and of course, I think we got to the front of list with facility hardship. So I'm not so worried about that.

If we sell some bonds, I hope they'll be for Garden Grove. But what I'm here to say is that I hope we'll sell more bonds and we'll move the projects forward. I'm very happy to hear about the grant agreement that you're going to make us sign at fund release.

With respect to eligible/ineligible item, the costs for Garden Grove -- the amount of state money we get is so small compared to the amount of the construction costs, it's barely 30 percent. So we're not going to have a problem with the eligible/ineligible, but if this was another time, I would tell you that I really would be concerned about what's on that list.

If it only says what's eligible and everything else is not, it can be very complicated as a -- someone who's responsible to my community and to my board about all of a sudden, it's not allowed and now it's coming out of Prop. 98, I'll be looking for a new job. And just wanted to share those thoughts.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you, Ms. Brown. And you might be interested to know that I graduated from Garden Grove High School.

MS. BROWN: Oh, excellent. That has air now too.

MR. PIERCE: Thank you, Madam Chair, members of the Board, staff, members of the audience. My name is Robert Pierce. I'm Deputy Superintendent for Business Services at Elk Grove Unified School District. I appreciate your time today.

I know you've received a lot of correspondence from people just like myself, including me, so I can keep my comments fairly brief. In short, I am going to urge you and ask that you consider approving Option 2 that's before you today and that you also consider the grant agreement not being retroactive and only applicable to projects that have not either completed or started construction at this point in time.

I will tell you from our perspective at Elk Grove Unified we're in complete support of the notion and the

thought behind the grant agreement. I can tell you as a public official myself, there is no other public entity than school districts that want to comply, that want to fulfill requirements and obligations of us, and in that regard, the grant agreement does a good job.

We know the rules of engagement. We know how that we can be successful in the expenditure of bond funds. So we appreciate that and we think it's a really good thing, but again we don't want that to be retroactive. In other words, we have projects that we've either completed and/or under construction and I would hate to sign a very large document that I can't assure both my board and my constituents that we are fully compliant with that agreement on day one.

A little bit about the Elk Grove story. Many of you might already know this. We're a large district. We're fifth largest in the state. We continue to grow. fortunately for us; unfortunately, with regard to our lack of facilities. And so we are in a position right now we have two elementary schools that are under construction at the extreme polar opposite ends of our district. We're 320 square miles.

We have a school under construction in the City of Rancho Cordova and a school under construction in the City of Elk Grove. Both of those schools are in such a high need

right now, absent state funding and absent certain triggers that have allowed us to generate capital dollars, our board was forced to make a very tough decision and issue \$30 million of certificates of participation leveraging our general fund.

All of the neighboring elementary schools in those two regions are already on a multitrack year-round calendar. If you're not aware what that is, I would be happy -- it was popular for a time. It's still popular in Elk Grove Unified, unfortunately. It's not optimal for the educational environment of our students or our staff.

Anyhow, neighboring schools, all multitrack, year-round. Both of these two elementary schools will also open this summer -- not this fall, but this summer because they're multitrack year-round, also on a multitrack year-round calendar.

So you're talking of schools opening with over 900 students on day one. Again we had to issue certificates of participation just to make those schools a reality. We have nowhere else to send the students. We are up against it with our communities. So we're happy to have done that.

What we're fearing and where our anxiety level increases is with some of the options before you today.

Just know that current law does not allow us to reapply or to apply for new construction dollars if those projects are

already occupied.

By the time this is all fixed or corrected or whichever avenue we're going to go down, if in any way, shape, or form we have to reapply as a district -- we're on the acknowledged list -- those projects would not be eligible for reimbursement from the state.

If we receive reimbursement, we need four elementary schools, not two. Those are dollars that are immediately going to go to needs in our district. So in short, we would urge you to consider Option 2. We think it's the most fair and equitable for school districts like ourself and we would encourage you to make the grant agreement not retroactive. And I'd be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes, Senator.

SENATOR ALLEN: Just a quick question. With Option 1, it doesn't take the money away. It just -- I think for those projects that have been in the list for a long time, it just would require the projects to reestablish program eligibility.

MR. PIERCE: So the devil could be in the details in some of the application of that notion. My understanding, sitting before you right now and not having this implemented, is that Option 1 technically -- I believe you're correct -- is that we would have to just justify our

1 existing new construction eligibility as of this point in
2 time.

That's not a problem for Elk Grove Unified frankly. It may be a problem for other districts who had eligibility at the time of their application and built those projects and now won't be able to receive new construction.

So selfishly for me, that's not an issue. I think it would be issues for other districts.

SENATOR ALLEN: I guess I'm -- how would it be an issue for another district if it was always an eligible project?

MR. PIERCE: So they theoretically could have either started construction on a project and/or completed construction on a project and they're just awaiting funding and there could be some results of the great recession. As we know, a lot of tentative maps have expired and other things have happened where they may not be eligible for new construction dollars, and then they would lose funding on those projects or not receive funding I should say.

Just a technicality, but a significant one.

MR. MIRELES: And if I could just add to that.

There could be a situation where districts when they apply for funding, their enrollment trends were going up and they had eligibility to justify the project, but from that year, they have experienced a declining enrollment. So if they

have a downward trend now, they may no longer have the
eligibility to support the project that they did when they
applied, especially if there's three, four years since the
time of submittal versus time of review.

SENATOR PAN: But just to clarify, Option 1 is for new construction, right?

MS. KAMPMEINERT: Yes.

SENATOR PAN: So it's not -- I think one of the challenges is that we've had applications that go back.

Now, I could see that school districts have already put in money. They've built, but I also -- because if enrollment trend changed since 2010 and that -- so the application is -- you know, but they haven't actually built the school. Now they're building a school in a place that enrollment trends don't support it.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: Um-hmm. Right.

MR. PIERCE: Yeah. And I don't want to speak for staff, but I think the way it's worded currently, even if you have built a school, then you don't have eligibility today, you would not be eligible for funding.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think the -- what's assumed in the options is that -- I don't think there's any -- I don't think we've really entertained Option 3 of sending the applications back. So I don't think the issue of reapplying is going to really --

1 MS. SILVERMAN: No. This was Option 1.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. I understand. So just looking at the difference between Option 1 and 2, Option 1 would require the reeligibility -- the recertification of eligibility regardless of whether it was new construction or not before -- you would have to recertify eligibility.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: Under Option1, it was with regard to new construction regardless of whether you've already built the project --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Right.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: -- or if you have plans that you are waiting to build the project. For modernization eligibility, it's not -- it doesn't fluctuate as much because once the building has -- typically we don't process modernization eligibility down. So it doesn't matter as much. So we're not recommending in Option 1 that modernization eligibility needs to be rejustified.

But for new construction, the concern is exactly as you stated. If the project was thought of in 2012 or '13 and the district has not built the project or even if they did build the project, we could potentially be spending new bond dollars on facilities that are not needed.

SENATOR ALLEN: So when you say new construction that's already been built, I can see people getting confused about your definition of the word new.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: So we haven't been processing applications for funding since 2012. So on our second action item on the applications received beyond bond authority, the Board in 2012 decided to keep a list of projects that we would acknowledge but not process.

So districts have been submitting funding applications under our two main programs, which are the Modernization Program and the New Construction Program. So the applications were submitted as if the old program -- the School Facility Program was in place as though the rules would not change.

Districts had to certify that there was no guarantee of funding and no commitment, that they may not be eligible, that rules might change. So there were some certifications that went along with it. But when the application was submitted, the district was saying I am intending to add capacity to my district by either the addition of classrooms onto an existing school site or by an entirely brand new school.

So those are the applications that we have in house that have not been processed. So that application package is still requesting funding out of the New Construction Program --

SENATOR ALLEN: Um-hmm.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: -- because it's adding capacity

that we didn't know of prior to that 2012 time frame.

SENATOR ALLEN: I guess my question for you is there a way to rejigger Option 1 to make it truly new construction. I understand the point you're trying to make which is that you don't want people moving forward -- jumping -- you don't want people being ahead of other folks in line if that project would not be eligible anymore.

At the same time, we don't want to leave districts in the lurch, you know, who are doing construction under the -- you know, with full faith that they were complying with the program and eligibility as it was.

So is there a way to redo Option 1 to allow for that, to correct for that -- those different scenarios?

MS. KAMPMEINERT: So the options that we've put forth are all for Board consideration. So it would really be the Board's call as far as what you want to do from a policy perspective.

The reason that OPSC has this before the Board is because we don't believe we have the administrative authority to process these in any way and that the Board has the flexibility to move forward and require updating eligibility.

Within Option 1, the balance there is just that it is a unique opportunity for the Board to really make sure that the bond dollars are going towards projects that are

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    necessary.
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              SENATOR ALLEN: Right.
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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: How we arrive at that is --
    could be a Board option.
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              SENATOR ALLEN: Does the logic of question
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    sound -- as long as I'm not --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: You know, Madam Chair,
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    I think his logic's very sound. I have a suggestion. I
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    think what you do is you have it apply to projects, you
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    know, under contract after today so that those projects
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    going backwards would --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Just the recertification?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: You could modify --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Are you talking on just the
    recertification of --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I'm sorry?
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Just the recertification of
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    eligibility?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I think that's what I'm
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    thinking here.
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              MR. MIRELES: I think that's a way that it could
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    be structured to meet your comments, Senator Allen, is that
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    there could be consideration for projects that have already
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    been built, say through the contract date. Projects that
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    have entered into contract after a certain point in time,
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whether it's today or another day, that they could use the enrollment projections at the time of submittal versus the ones that have not entered into contracts or have not been built, they would use enrollment projections at the time of review.

That could be a way that it could be structured.

SENATOR NGUYEN: But this list has not been processed, so how could you verify that? You can't do that because it has not been processed. Because this is acknowledgement list. It's not the --

MS. KAMPMEINERT: We would need to process first.

SENATOR NGUYEN: You would need to process it first and we can't do that without processing it because they're not eligible.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Option 1 processes it. Option 1 assumes the processing.

MR. MIRELES: Yeah. So you would basically process the applications and the applications are required to submit enrollment information at the time of submittal. So if the district -- so OPSC would have the enrollment projections at the time of submittal to determine whether they qualify based on that information.

They would probably need to get updated enrollment information at the time of review to determine whether they have eligibility at that time. And keep in mind that it

could be four or five years between the time of submittalversus the time of review.

But even to be on this acknowledged list, districts were required to submit the enrollment projections at the time of submittal.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I'll let Mr. Kim jump in.

MR. KIM: I'm just trying to think of -- under Option 1, what type of school district would be harmed? It would seem that the only type of school district that would be harmed under Option 1 is the school district that kind of bet on the come, recognized that its enrollment was growing, said I'm going to build anyway, I'm going to be on the acknowledged list despite the fact that I am not guaranteed any funding for this and then somehow the enrollment dipped below projections.

Now, if I were the chief business officer of a school, I would know that that applied to me. So have we heard from any schools that say they're going to be harmed by Option 1?

MS. KAMPMEINERT: No, we have not heard from any school district --

MR. KIM: So that's what concerns me. I wonder are we trying to fix a problem that doesn't exist. Because if I'm a CBO, I'm going to know that. And if I'm not -- if I don't know that, then we got bigger problems in that

school district.

MS. BROWN: Well, I do have an answer for you on that because you could be in a district say like Garden Grove that had some small growth and needed to build an addition at Grove High School that has something like 33 portables on it and we need to build a two-story classroom addition.

Now, we have not moved forward on that project because that was not a priority in our district. But we could have. We could have done the plans, had the eligibility in 2012 and 2013 and submitted that project.

Maybe not have built it because we're pretty conservative in Garden Grove. We may not have built it, but we might have submitted it and done all -- spent all the money to -- have some cost to build that project and now with our declining enrollment, we wouldn't be eligible, but we would have the need.

And so I think we need to think about it like that because you can have need in different parts of your community and where you're declining. So we may be growing in certain parts and declining in others and we are. We are because we cover Santa Ana. We cover Fountain Valley and so that could happen.

I don't have that specific issue because we were just doing straight up modernization, but it can happen to

school districts and you might actually hear from somebody if we ever get down from here.

MR. KIM: And I could appreciate that situation. I guess my question would be then is it fair to allow that school district to build something when if they updated information, they wouldn't be eligible. Meanwhile there's other school districts that are now eligible, that are of higher need, that aren't going to get that.

And the other question was, well, you were conservative because you wanted to be fiscally prudent. I think that most CBOs are the same way. So if someone is not like that, why should we give them the benefit of that -- you know, I made the wrong forecast and I'm not even in a situation where I could tell the Legislature or SAB that, hey, I would be harmed. Because I would expect a letter from that school district saying you're really going to harm me and we haven't seen one today.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Could I suggest -- staff help me out here. If we moved forward on Item 1 to process the applications but require recertification as sort of an -- not as a final decision on those applications, but to get us some more information about whether there is anyone harmed, are there any projects that are going to essentially jump ahead of a project that has more critical eligibility because that would be the concern that I would have if we

1 approved Item 2 is we may be letting projects move forward 2 that clearly should not be ahead of someone else and in a 3 limited bond sale, you know, scenario, that doesn't seem to make sense. 5 But I feel like we're making -- we're either 6 chasing a problem that doesn't exist or we're trying to 7 solve when we don't have enough information. Senator Pan. SENATOR PAN: Well, actually, I mean if we did 8 9 Option 1 and you actually -- once you process it, you would 10 actually have a list of how many schools are not eligible 11 and they would then be able to say, well, we still want to 12 move forward and so we would then be dealing with, well, how 13 many cases are we talking about. And then --14 ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Right. But that brings 15 it back to us as a case-by-case --16 SENATOR PAN: Right. And then we can look at **17** those and say which ones seem to make -- still make sense, 18 right? So then we would have a definition of how big the 19 problem is.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Lisa.

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MS. SILVERMAN: There's currently 280 projects on the acknowledged list --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah.

MS. SILVERMAN: -- that are applying for new construction and so that's over \$1.5 billion in requests.

And so just to clarify what the magnitude of the issue, so --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Could we ask the districts to recertify without the staff having to go through an application by application process, so essentially ask them to evaluate their enrollment and see if anyone, you know, sort of self-certifies that they're -- I mean at least as a first cut to figure out the magnitude of the problem.

Because I get what you're saying. You don't have the staff to in any quick way process all those applications and determine how we would move forward. That's -- with that many applications, that's the problem. But -- yes.

SENATOR NGUYEN: But my question to that would be is how long would that process take for the school district to process that. I mean because now we're adding another layer. And so that would be my question is, you know, we're -- I think everybody here seems like we want to move forward as fast as we can because it's been almost a decade and so now how do we --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: But it wouldn't be for naught, right? They would have to do the recertification if they were moving forward at some point. So we would just be asking them to do that now and make that -- submit that as part of their application.

SENATOR ALLEN: And we want to move forward -- we

want to move forward on worthwhile projects and we want to make sure there's enough money for those projects that really need the --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Yeah, but her question has been answered in a timeline associated with that.

SENATOR ALLEN: For recertification within the district?

MS. BROWN: For us to do it? 60 days. Of course it's summer; we're really busy. Yeah, 60 days.

MR. KIM: I'm sorry. Isn't it largely a matter of the projection for enrollment that's going to drive this?

MR. PIERCE: So the 5001 form which is the form that OPSC uses to establish your enrollment projection, it is just a form, but there's a tremendous amount of backup to that form in order to justify future enrollment through tentative tract maps, final maps. There's a lot of work to do with your local planning jurisdictions and others in order to complete that. So there is some time associated with it and you're certifying, so it's got to be accurate.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Nguyen.

SENATOR NGUYEN: Madam Chair, can we ask the representative from CASH up here because CASH -- you know, you represent a variety of school districts throughout the state, right? I mean I -- for the record, I'm also -- I graduated from Garden Grove High as well.

I just want to make sure that, you know, if you can -- you've heard the discussion up here. I mean what are the -- what are you hearing across the state?

MR. ULRICH: I think from the CASH board of directors and the people we're talking to about this issue, it's about those districts that in good faith had eligibility and they went forward for a new construction project and now so much time later, things might have changed.

If the program would have been intact, that change still would have happened and you build schools and you start to decline, but you still have built the school. In other words, you're still looking back and that's what's problematic for these school districts.

I think the other point I would make is that when you are a larger school district, even a medium-size school district that might have two or three high schools, you don't just grow evenly all over the school district, right?

Now you can re-boundary your districts at certain times to use every room possible, but that's challenging for the community. You know, especially if you get into five or six high school districts, it's very challenging to do that and sometimes not even feasible because of the transportation costs.

So there's lots of nuances to going back five

1 years and making you recertify for those projects that you
2 might have already built.

I think the discussion has been great that looking at -- finding out where the problems are, you know, how many districts are in this situation, but I would bet -- and I think maybe some of my colleague that speak later -- I'm think of Mr. Reising from Long Beach -- might have the experience to give you some specific examples of a situation they're in or some other district is in.

My district, Clovis Unified, has been a growing school district for the last 25 years. So we're not going to face this situation. We're continuing to grow. Any new construction we've done -- and we have two on the acknowledged list, but we still have eligibility because we're continuing to grow.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Allen --

MR. ULRICH: So it's a really nuanced situation.

SENATOR ALLEN: Yeah. And I don't think there's any -- I mean at least from my perspective -- the school was actually constructed, you know, with good faith, compliance with the rules as they were. I don't think any of us are -- at least I'm not advocating for that not to be covered at all.

I think the question's for those that have not been constructed that would no long be eligible. We just

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    want to make sure that we're spending our money wisely
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    moving forward. That's my -- that's the distinction I'm
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    drawing.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Well, then wouldn't
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    that mean that today -- going forward after today.
    recertification -- why would you recertify something that's
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    already been built?
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              SENATOR ALLEN: If some -- if it hasn't been
    built --
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                                        Right? So it hasn't
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL:
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    been built, then really -- after today, they would have to
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    come in and recertify, I assume, correct?
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              SENATOR ALLEN: Well, if we do Option 2, then they
    would --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I'm sorry?
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              SENATOR ALLEN: If we do Option 2 as written, then
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    they would not have to recertify.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Right. So I mean
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    Option 2 to me seems to be practical.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: But then a district that
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    hasn't built would be eligible to stay in the program.
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              SENATOR ALLEN: Even if the --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So why don't we modify
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    Option 1 or 2 -- I guess Option 1 excluding constructed
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    projects and projects under contract by June 5th, 2017.
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1 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Pan.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: If I may, I think that's what Mr. Mireles was -- I'm assuming after -- Option 2 -- modify Option 2 to mean after today or some date in the future.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Pan.

SENATOR PAN: So what I'm hearing is that -- first of all, the question's been raised how much of a problem this really is. Right. And so we've heard about the business manager being -- in my mind -- first of all, I think he has an oversight responsibility to be sure that projects that fund actually meet the standards.

So there is forms to establishing program eligibility. Now, if they've already constructed it, then it's going back in time to say at the time you submitted -- all right -- because we can't just blank check and say fine, you know, we're not even going to look at it, right?

So we just spent the money -- we don't want to create a situation where people spend money without at least at the time they started construction or appropriate time submitted that somebody's at least reviewed -- taken a look at the numbers and said that's appropriate.

So I think, you know, one level is that -- is to either -- you know, either you're going back and looking at submission time or if they haven't built it, you're looking

at now and then the question is to what degree, you know,
are we trying to imagine a problem that may or may not exist
as was pointed out. So we also want to make it as
streamlined as possible so that we can move these projects'
fundings as quickly as possible while still assuring that
people meet eligibility at whatever appropriate time they
should be meeting it for construction.

- Because again, I think it goes back to we don't want people -- I think in general the schools probably don't want to put their share up for projects that aren't going to work, but I do think we have a responsibility for our staff to be sure that people do meet program eligibility.
- Now $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ so is there a staffing problem at SAB about doing that or no?
- MS. KAMPMEINERT: To check each of the projects
 right now? Well, if we were to process --
- SENATOR PAN: Well, to -- yeah, to reestablish program eligibility, Option 1.
 - MS. KAMPMEINERT: So under Option 1, as we process the application, that would just be one of the steps that we do. So instead of using the '13-'14 enrollment information, we would ask the district to provide us the information for '17-'18.
- 24 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: And those are projects
 25 going forward not back.

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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: Under Option 1, it would be for
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    all projects.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Anything you have --
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: But then you've --
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    again we run into the conundrum where we have projects that
    were built based on earlier numbers or projections.
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              SENATOR PAN: Well, they do need to be sure that
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    they meet the eligibility at the time they start submission,
    right? I mean --
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                               Which would be Option 2.
              MS. KAMPMEINERT:
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              SENATOR PAN: No. It would be Option 1, right?
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    mean the question is which numbers you use. They've already
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    built it. You'd do it not in '17-'18. You'd do it for the
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    time they --
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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: If there was a hybrid of
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    Option 1 -- another version of Option 1.
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              SENATOR PAN:
                           Right.
                                    Right.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Can I ask -- so when
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    they certify, is it the district -- they self-certify to you
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    when they submit -- they originally submitted, was there any
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    type of formal certification?
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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: We haven't done the review on
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    the applications, but they are signing forms indicating that
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    the information is correct. But typically, when we process
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    the information, I would say a fair number of times we find
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some data issue that does need to be addressed and -- so
they're certifying, but it may be -- they may need to adjust
it a little --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So how big of a workload is this for you? Because we want to get these projects up and running and I know everybody in this room does, but I just wondered -- you know, there's all these hurdles I see that we're creating today, from my perspective. You know, even the grant agreement we're on. Now we're doing all this other stuff and the grant agreement's getting longer now.

So how are you going to get all this done inside your office? What kind of workload --

MS. KAMPMEINERT: Well, the year of the eligibility, for us, that doesn't change the workload moving forward. That just tells us which document to look at. So that won't have an impact on it.

So once the Board decides how we move forward, then we'll have direction on which information we're requesting from the school districts and we'll process in the order that the Board determines.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So under Option 1 -- right. So Option 1 -- but Option 1 doesn't exclude at this point -- unless amended, it doesn't exclude constructed projects.

1 MS. KAMPMEINERT: That is correct. 2 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Or projects under 3 contract. MS. KAMPMEINERT: That is correct. 5 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. I have Mr. Diaz, 6 Mr. Nazarian, Ms. Nguyen, and we'll start there. 7 MR. DIAZ: Thank you, Madam Chair. So I want 8 basically staff to comment on a lot of the resources that 9 would be spent on -- in time on combining the two options, 10 I think that's sort of a concern for me as well. 11 And I also just wanted to clarify something. For 12 school districts that were able to have the financial 13 resources to move forward with construction based on the 14 acknowledged -- right -- they didn't have a promise. 15 weren't processed. They were just acknowledged. 16 There are other school districts that perhaps did **17** not have the financial resources to move forward, right, 18 because they didn't have the wherewithal, they didn't have 19 the facility staff and the positions. I feel that some of 20 those school districts might be harmed by that action of 21 doing a combination. 22 Can you clarify that for me -- explain that --23 MS. KAMPMEINERT: So if we -- so we do have 24 limited bond authority under the program. So, yes, there

are districts that may have opted not to participate and

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submit an application during the time when we were notprocessing.

So those projects right now are behind the \$2.4 billion list. So if there is funding that goes to projects that are not necessary, then that's funding that's going to reach those districts that might be designing their projects now for submittal now that we do have bond authority available.

MS. SILVERMAN: And may I clarify too. So the action the Board takes as part of the 368 million, there's also a portion of that that represents new construction, you know, upward of over 100 plus million dollars.

Then also if the Board concedes on the acknowledged list, there's over \$1.5 billion. So again that's close to \$2 billion without having a -- you know, eligibility rechecked on the 1.5 billion plus any future allocation.

So if the -- Prop. 51 passed with the \$3 billion in new construction, then over \$2 billion has already been committed just strictly for the bond fund. So it's just a warning that you will only have \$1 billion available for any new projects going forward.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: All right. Mr. Nazarian, I think you're next.

25 ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Thank you. Couple of

1 | quick questions, just so that I can clarify something.

Of the 280 some projects, do you have a ballpark figure how many could run into issues or challenges -- ballpark?

MS. KAMPMEINERT: We don't know because we don't have the current eligibility information because it wasn't required to be submitted. So until we get that information, we can't guess because, as was stated by the districts, there are things that we can't just look up the enrollment that we need to know about the tract maps.

So unfortunately, at this point, it is a true unknown for us whether or not we're going to have an issue once we were to look at the current enrollment year.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: And anecdotally, you haven't been reached out to by any school district to know even on an anecdotal basis how many issues you would have.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: Right. We have not heard from anybody that has said that rejustifying new construction eligibility is going to cause them a problem.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Okay. So the next question is, is there -- and I should have known this, but for the public record purposes, it's good -- hopefully, it's beneficial to us as well.

Are there legal issues that could be stemming from using the new bond dollars for criteria from the previous

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    bond requirements?
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: You mean eligibility -- the
 3
    eligibility from --
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Yeah. Well, I think --
 5
    are there no changes in the bond requirements? Was there no
 6
    changes in -- is everything teed up so that there's no issue
 7
    whatsoever? Can it be challenged?
 8
              MS. SILVERMAN: There are no grandfathering
 9
    provisions as far as projects on the acknowledged list.
10
    So -- you know, also when an application -- the Board made a
11
    conscious decision back in 2012 to change the regulations.
12
    It didn't say keep processing. It said stop processing.
13
    And it also made very clear about the Board -- you know,
14
    acknowledgement from their local board that this no
15
    quarantee of standing in line. It's going to guarantee a
16
    future funding application.
17
              So it was very clear about that language.
18
    again, there was no quarantee about what new construction
19
    eligibility you should be using at the time you submit an
20
    application.
21
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And, Mr. Nazarian, more
22
    directly, I think the bond does not say anything about the
23
    applications we have in house.
24
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN:
                                        Right.
                                                 Right.
25
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: That's why we're --
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1 ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Right.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah. So I think you could ask the question so you can't process under -- I mean I think our view is you could send them all back. That's why Option 3 is on the --

MR. KIM: Can I ask a related question?

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes.

MR. KIM: Related to this, so I think conversely if we go ahead with Option 2 and proceed to fund a school district that really technically is ineligible, are we potentially at risk of litigation from a school district that would have been eligible but doesn't get funded?

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think that's a reasonable risk.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Do you mean eligible today or was eligible --

MR. KIM: Eligible today. If we award based on eligibility that we thought was eligible but it's not technically eligible today, aren't we at risk of litigation?

MR. MIRELES: One thing that I would note is that if the Board were to adopt Option 2, it's consistent with the way the program has worked in the past. Basically, all the applications at the time of submittal are required to update eligibility, basically enrollment information upon submittal.

That's been the application process since 1998.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think, though, that there was never such a long gap in bond measures. That's the conundrum we find ourselves in here is that the program itself has not changed. There just has been a lot of time that passed between funds being available. So that -- Senator Nguyen.

SENATOR NGUYEN: May I make a suggestion, combine the 1 and 2 and help me -- I'm going to try this. So what we would do is that those applications that were submitted and construction is already underway or done will be grandfathered in.

Those who have submitted but have not started construction or have not completed construction would then have to do a streamline process of self-certification of their eligibility. That way you kind of separate the two projects. One is -- if you're under construction, we're not going to penalize you but move forward, let's get your -- grandfather you in.

The other one would be is if you have submitted -because we haven't processed it and it's about five years,
you need to do a self-certification of your eligibility
today and if you are eligible today, then we move forward
with you, and if you're not, then we're sorry. We go to the
next new application.

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1
              I think that kind of gives you a sweet spot of
 2
    both.
 3
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I have Mr. Nazarian and then
 4
    Senator Pan.
 5
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: So before your question
 6
    is answered, I was actually going to ask this. I don't know
 7
    if it helps your question or not, but just so we're clear
 8
    about what we're talking -- the groups we're talking about.
 9
    The first group, that was from June to November of 2012 that
10
    the vetting has completely been done?
11
              SENATOR NGUYEN: That's the trust unfunded --
12
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: And is ready to go --
13
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: We're not talking --
14
              SENATOR NGUYEN: We're not talking about --
15
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: We're not talking about
16
    that, right?
17
              SENATOR NGUYEN: Talking about the acknowledged
18
    list.
19
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: So the acknowledged list
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    from 2012 until whenever it was that we've been gathering
21
    the list, so last year, how much time did we spend on each
22
    of these applications?
23
              SENATOR NGUYEN: None.
24
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN:
                                         Okay.
25
              MS. KAMPMEINERT: Just a quick -- that was less
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than five minutes. The components, yeah, we have not reviewed at all. So self-certification, we would not -- essentially we would not be reviewing the eligibility at all.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: So I don't really see how Option 1 isn't really the only option for us left to move forward, but just my opinion.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Pan.

SENATOR NGUYEN: Well, I think the challenge for that -- I'm sorry -- is that because the time lapse has been so long and it's uncommon for us that a lot of these projects have moved forward. I shouldn't say a lot. I don't even know. Okay. And it's 298 projects. I don't know which one is or not.

And so some of them have used their local bond and hoping that maybe when the state bond gets -- you know, we have a state bond, then they would be eligible. So some of them have already been under construction.

So it's really unfortunate that we do now penalize them for trying to be efficient because I mean at the end of the day, here's a challenge I have, having two young children, one that's actually in kindergarten is that by the time we finish construction of say anything in my area, my kids are out — they're in high school by then and they're gone and graduated.

And that's kind of what we should be doing is that good for these school districts who have tried to move forward even though state is unsure. But they've moved forward some of these projects, and I mean, you know, they've been sitting on five plus years now and, you know, if they waited and they needed the school capacity, we would be yelling at them for not building.

And so I don't think that we should penalize those who already went under construction. I think that we should go forward. You know, those who were -- you know, who submitted, went under construction, let's move forward, grandfather them in. Those who submitted, have not started construction, they need to be recertified, but they need to do self-certification basically or find a streamlined process that doesn't put too much pressure on our own staff because there's a lot of applications -- or on theirs and that causes -- you know, go too expensive for the local folks as well.

So I think if you do it that way, you don't penalize those who really tried five years ago to get their capacity and not have these portable potties and these, you know, unmet places for these children. Don't penalize them for no reason.

I think if you merge both of those in I think you get a sweet spot of both and again, we don't even know what

those projects -- it could be 80 percent of them. It could be two. We don't know because we've stopped processing them.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Pan.

SENATOR PAN: So first of all, we didn't process them because there was no bond funding and we explicitly stated very clearly that given the fact there's no bond funding, there's no assurance -- you know, if you decide to do this, you decide to do it on your own. Okay. So that's number one. That was very clearly stated.

Number two, this is taxpayer money. I mean it's a bond, but it's the general fund that's paying off the bond, right?

And so there has to be some at least minimal level of oversight, right? So to that degree, I'm not sure we can just go and simply say, well, you know what, you started construction on your own, which we clearly said that we're not just going to automatically had you the money. I mean there's got to be at least some minimal review of the data to say that you met criteria that we have -- standardized criteria we have even if it's at the time of submission -- right -- that we decided that you meet the eligibility.

Because I think we are putting ourselves at risk if it turns out someone wasn't actually eligible -- and there's going to be -- I hate to say it, but bond is not so

large to meet all of the schools' construction needs. And I'm not saying you all have to agree with me there.

So there's going to be school districts that at some point this money's going to run out and they're going to say, well, wait a minute, there's some school districts that didn't meet eligibility and they got funded and then yet I was going to be next and I didn't because the money ran out.

And they would have a point to that. So I do think that there's got to be something. We can't just simply say we just grandfather you in and we just automatically hand over the check. I think there's got to be some minimal -- at least some review to say that you do meet eligibility. I mean that's -- otherwise we might as well not have eligibility criteria. Just go ahead and let people ask -- you know, put in a request for money, fill out a form, and we just hand it over.

Because -- I mean you pointed out. When you actually reviewed the documents, even though they're -- and I think everyone's trying to deal in good faith. They're not -- I don't think anyone's trying to cheat the state or anything, but then you find discrepancies, issues, and so forth and while some people may call that bureaucracy, believe me, I'm a physician. I had to deal with MediCal and fill out lots of forms and I'd like to see fewer of them.

There's got to be at least some standard to say that this means you meet eligibility or you don't because that's fairness not just for that person, it's everybody who wants to apply for this pool of money because, unfortunately, it's not large enough to cover everything.

So I do think there's got to be at least some -you know, I'd like to see what -- we've tried to streamline
it, make it simpler, minimize, et cetera, and staying with
people going forward, but I'm not sure I can just say -- I
can be comfortable with simply, oh, we'll just -- if you
decide to spend your own money, we're just going to write a
check for a certain portion of it without doing any kind of
review to be sure you meet eligibility, some criteria -program criteria.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Mr. Diaz and then Mr. Mireles.

MR. DIAZ: Thank you, Madam Chair. I agree with Dr. Pan -- Senator Pan, his comments. You know, it kind of reminds me of the conversations that this body had -- and I'm talking about the Legislature -- when they were trying to put another bond on the ballot and when we as State Allocation Board were having a conversation on the unfunded list and receiving applications -- or the acknowledged list, to try to figure out what to do next.

And I do recall the flurry of activity of

applications of coming in from school districts because the Legislature was looking to put another bond on the ballot and having very deep conversations with the Governor's office and between both houses.

What that created also was this sort of perception that the more applications that came in to the State Allocation Board created a perception of a greater need that was out there, and I think that -- because if you remember, you have to be very careful not to reestablish the eligibility because a lot of it was based on the opportunities basically of having the program stay very similar if not identical and then have those applications then basically be processed and -- basically to review the eligibility as they move forward.

I think that if you don't use Option 1, you're going to see a lot of those possibly get approved when the eligibility wasn't accurate.

I also think that there's going to be basically a minimal amount. Some will actually see their grant amounts go -- little bit fluctuate, maybe take a small hit here or there, but I think it's the best option for staff, resources, and time to be able to review them based on the criteria that they have in front of them.

I think it's the most beneficial one because it avoids all the unnecessary -- basically the scenarios. I

think Senator Nguyen is right. There might be some, there might be a lot, there might be none, right? But given the criteria that a lot of it was just basically, you know, for a lot of show -- to show that there was a need, I think we should demonstrate that they actually are accountable for their eligibility as they put forward.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Mr. Mireles.

MR. MIRELES: And just to clarify -- and this is really a processing -- regardless if it's Option 1 or 2, the projects will have to be reviewed, and enrollment projections will be reviewed.

The question is whether it's at the time -- the enrollment projection's at the time of submittal or at the time of review and if they come up with something in between, but they will have to be reviewed. They will have to have eligibility to be able to get funded.

So it's not a question of not processing -- and staff, please correct me if I'm wrong. Option 1 and Option 2 will be processed. It's just a matter of which enrollment numbers to use.

MS. KAMPMEINERT: -- the differences between Option 1 and Option 2. In Option 1 and Option 2, we anticipated fully processing the applications depending on which year for the enrollment.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Can I ask a question?

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1
    I'm confused here. So if it's at the time of submittal and
 2
    of course the time -- we could answer that today, though.
 3
    We don't need to have you go through and review all these
    projects, right?
 5
              MS. KAMPMEINERT: That's correct.
 6
              MS. SILVERMAN: That's Option 2.
 7
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Okay.
 8
              MS. SILVERMAN: Option 1 would be recheck
 9
    eligibility.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: And base it on today's
11
    numbers.
12
              MS. SILVERMAN: Today's numbers, that's correct.
13
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So again you're --
              MS. SILVERMAN: That's the difference --
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15
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: We're just telling all
16
    these districts that submitted with their projections that
17
    you're out of luck. You might have built something.
18
    played by the rules even. Your numbers were consistent with
19
    reality then -- and you're not going to get the funds back.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: I don't know if we know that yet.
21
    I mean we can ask districts to reestablish their
22
    eligibility.
23
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So if we do know, what
24
    does it change?
25
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Is it at all helpful to
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    say -- the baseline of the conversation here is do we want
 2
    to know eligibility based on current enrollment projections
 3
    or enrollment projections at the time the application was
    submitted which could have been 2010. That's the
 5
    fundamental question between Option 1 and 2.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: That's the --
 6
 7
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: The processing --
 8
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: -- the Board has to
 9
    make.
10
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes.
                                         The processing --
11
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So the question really
12
    is are we going to leave districts out in the wind and not
13
    fund their projects they've built in the past or are we
14
    going to revise it and say today going forward we're going
15
    to use new numbers.
16
              SENATOR NGUYEN: And that's my recommendation --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL:
                                        Right.
18
              SENATOR NGUYEN: So those who submitted and
19
    constructed --
20
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Yes.
21
              SENATOR NGUYEN: -- should be grandfathered in.
22
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Not a guarantee --
23
              SENATOR NGUYEN: Not a guarantee. Obviously, they
24
    have to go through the process. Those who have submitted
25
    but haven't constructed, they have to immediately do their
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    certification or re-eligibility for today's projections
 2
    because they're going to build with the money to go forward,
 3
    but using, of course, a streamlined process such as
    self-eligibility and so, you know, the process will be
 5
    shorter and faster among themself and that they don't --
 6
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Well, even shorter and
 7
    faster, I don't know that that changes anything because it's
 8
    just really -- we're just picking the date, at what point
    we're --
 9
10
              SENATOR NGUYEN:
                               But the gentleman from his school
11
    district stated that, although it's a one page application,
12
    but you have all the documentation to justify it or to show
13
    evidence of the increase in enrollment is quite extensive.
14
              So it's not just the application that we have.
15
    It's the backup documents that is pretty extensive for the
16
    school district.
17
              SENATOR ALLEN:
                             Right. So if you've gone through
18
    it before, you submitted eligibility --
19
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Right.
20
              SENATOR ALLEN: -- information before, we're just
21
    going to make the self-certification easy, you know,
22
    assuming that you meet eligibility.
23
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: But why?
24
              SENATOR ALLEN: Because you've already -- for
25
    precisely the reasons you were describing before. These are
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folks who applied in good faith, wanted -- you know, they
were eligible for the projects before. The money wasn't
available.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Right. So they built the project.

SENATOR ALLEN: I'm sorry?

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: They built their project.

SENATOR ALLEN: Well, if they already built their project, under her proposal, those folks are going to be grandfathered in and they're going to be covered.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Right.

SENATOR ALLEN: For those that haven't built their project, who haven't started construction, she's going to want to allow for a streamlined self-certification to show that you're continuing to be eligible.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Can I say I cannot support an acknowledgment here that we're proposing to fund schools where there is no eligibility currently. So that is -- I mean we would be acknowledging that we're processing an application for apportionment at a later date for a school that -- I don't -- it doesn't even matter if it's built or not built -- that there is no eligibility for.

I don't know how we justify that when we're

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talking about projects that would be lower on the list with a clear eligibility for the need right now. So I don't know if there -- you know, they could reapply next year if their eligibility -- I'm not familiar with how quickly that eligibility is updated, but --
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ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Help me understand what you're saying, though.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: -- they would always be able to come back if there were bond funds available, but --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Help me understand, though. So you're saying that a project -- but based on -- they were eligible four years ago.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. But there was no money.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: But you're saying -right, but there was no money. What you're saying is
they're out.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: They are -- yes. They have no eligibility. They have no program eligibility.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Even though at the time they built their project, they were eligible.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And let's remember that their board submitted an application with a document that said I understand as a board that I am submitting an application with no guarantee of funding approval, no guarantee of what kind of program might exist in the future.

It's not as if we have those applications in house with everyone having a guarantee of funding. We have those applications in house simply because the Board said people could keep sending them, even though there was no money available.

So program eligibility for me as one vote is kind of a threshold matter. I don't see how we can legitimately approve a process where we are approving projects where there is no eligibility.

Now, the trick here is we don't know if they -- we don't know to the extent this is even a problem. We're still back at that issue, that we don't really know.

We could certainly move forward with Option 1 and any school that was determined ineligible, I would assume they would appeal that decision by staff to the Board. The first time that it happened, the Board could consider the consequences of that, whether there are extenuating circumstances. You know, we may be deciding these issues on a case-by-case basis, but I don't know how we have a blanket policy that says --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: So how about if we were to make a motion that we move forward with let's say

Option 1, but if there are impacted schools, they receive first hearing or first priority so that they're not losing any opportunity.

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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: That's Option 2, isn't
 2
    it?
 3
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN:
                                        Yeah, because --
              SENATOR NGUYEN: So basically --
 5
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: It comes back to us
 6
    anyway.
 7
              SENATOR NGUYEN: -- an appeal process, right?
 8
    you do Option 1, what is the Assemblyman is saying to have
 9
    an appeal process where they can then come forward to us if
10
    they're not eligible, if they already went under
11
    construction.
12
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: I think that's what it
13
    already does anyway. That's why I thought Option 1 is the
14
    best way to go -- is that it allows us to case by case
15
    determine, but if we want to be more specific and say that
16
    also, we can do that as well. Am I getting the wrong
17
    information?
18
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah. And the motion could
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    be specific that we will see -- any application that would
20
    be kicked out because an eligibility issue, that we would
21
    see that, you know, at the next available Board meeting to
22
    have that consideration.
23
              SENATOR ALLEN: Yeah. That's fair --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN:
                                        So if we're ready, I'm
25
    happy to just state the motion and say --
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MR. DUFFY: Madam Chair, may I --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Hold on one second. We do have many speakers on this issue and on the grant agreement issue. So I do want to try to close out the conversation on the processing of the acknowledged list. So let's try to do that and see if there's anybody -- most of the speakers are on the grant agreement. Mr. Duffy.

MR. DUFFY: Well, Madam Chair, Tom Duffy for the Coalition for Adequate School Housing and thank you very much. I'll fill out one of your forms.

You know, listening to your discussion, what I think I'm compelled to tell you is the regulation that you adopted in 2012 did not change the law and, of course, you can't change the law.

What you did -- and we argued against the Board doing it at the time -- was to try to differentiate between projects that you -- your prior reg that said you have met all of our requirements and we process you, now we want to tell you we're not going to process you, but you could not deny districts from applying according to the statute.

And so OPSC had to receive them and recognize that they met all the qualifications of the law.

In meeting all the qualifications of the law at that time, you, in our view, must accept that information. The fact that you couldn't fund them wasn't the district's

1 fault. 2 The district spent money, according to the 3 program, to get to that place in line. They had to spend a good deal of money to get to that place in line, to be 5 reviewed under that threshold of meeting the requirements of 6 the law. So it is difficult for us to even look at 7 8 something beyond Option 2, but it appeared to me that you 9 are trying to do something that was maybe reasonable by 10 saying who went beyond and spent their money getting to this 11 eligibility for the program and going beyond and even 12 building. So what you're basically saying -- and forgive me 13 14 for this -- but --15 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Mr. Duffy, can I interrupt 16 for one second? **17** MR. DUFFY: Yes. 18 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Do you agree that the board 19 that submitted an application -- that spent money to submit 20 an application sent also an acknowledgement that there was 21 no guarantee that they would get a project funded. 22 MR. DUFFY: But that acknowledgement, it didn't 23 contravene their ability to be in the program --24 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Sure.

MR. DUFFY: -- and stay in the program.

25

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Sure. But you're making an argument that they spent money to get on a waiting list, but they knew that there wasn't any money and that they had no guarantee that a bond would pass in the future and no guarantee of what the program would be in the future.

MR. DUFFY: And that --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So that -- it gets to be on a list.

MR. DUFFY: And we've been in that same circumstance many times before.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Right. Right.

MR. DUFFY: But we didn't know in 2012 that we wouldn't have a bond until 2016. We didn't know in 2006 we wouldn't have one.

So the program that has worked and worked very well since 1998 has seen the ebb and flow of state dollars and district dollars and to identify that a school district builds a school based on the rules, based on the law, and maybe there's some declining enrollment because of what happened in California, that doesn't mean that that school isn't needed and that the school district made an error and that their CBO made an error in going forward with it.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And I think that's exactly what we would entertain in an appeal, those kinds of --

MR. DUFFY: But what you're doing then is you're

further complicating a program that I thought the administration wanted to simplify. If you --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: We see appeals every month. So I don't think of the appeal process as --

MR. DUFFY: We know that and we try to arrange so that those things don't happen, but what I would suggest to you that if you go with Option 2, you are going to do I think what has been suggested on both sides to try to make sure that we move forward with this program. And if districts have some issue, your talented staff is going winnow through these and we know how thorough they are.

Those that will not qualify will get weeded out, but if projects have been built and they say, well, gee, we're looking at 2017 as opposed to 2013, you -- I don't believe you can do that under the law. They met their qualifications at that time. Your regulation did not deny any of that. You simply tried to divert and, Mr. Diaz, your comment about, well, districts that didn't apply because they -- you know, we should give them some kind of consideration, the Board at that time was trying to dissuade districts from applying and that's why that was done.

That was specifically told to me. We want to dissuade districts.

So what I would ask you to do is really consider the fact that districts have spent money that's hard to get

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    at the local level, GO bond money, developer fee money,
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    whatever it is and allow those projects to be filtered out
 3
    through whatever this system is, but go with Option 2
    because I think you are not following the provisions of the
 5
    law if you say we're going to deny.
 6
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you.
                                                      I'm going
 7
    to call the -- try to close out this conversation --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: I'm sorry. Madam
    Chair --
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10
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: -- I'm sorry. I just
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    asked this anecdotally if we've even received any complaints
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    from any district and we haven't heard anything. So how can
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    you be making that accusation?
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              MR. DUFFY: Well, I don't know if it's an
16
    accusation. Maybe it's simply stating I think the truth.
17
    But there's a thousand school districts in California. We
18
    try to communicate with them all the time.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Anecdotally, we have not
20
    received any complaints --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: -- because you're not
22
    receiving complaint, doesn't mean it's --
23
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Oh, we haven't heard
24
    anything that suggests -- that's why I'm trying to figure
25
    out -- why not just go through this process and see --
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MR. DUFFY: -- there isn't an issue if you went with Option 2, Assemblyman, because -- maybe there is not issue, but it's very difficult, if you're running a school district -- I ran a school district for 12 years.

It's -- you have trouble going beyond just taking care of the needs and the teachers in your community. So reaching into this program takes extraordinary effort and it may be that districts just aren't aware of all the things that are going on.

So again -- and I apologize if I sounded like I was being accusatory. What I was trying to do is say what I think is the reality and the law.

MR. DIAZ: Madam Chair -- and I think there as a motion on the table. I'd like to second that motion by Assemblymember Nazarian, if he would like to repeat the motion to follow Option with the process, if you'd like to explain, on appeal.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: I think you got it right.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: -- explicit directions that would make sure that those projects that might be ineligible because the eligibility requirements would come to us on appeal at the next available meeting.

24 ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Yes.

25 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So we'll take comment from

the Board members and then what I want to do is ask if there is any public comment on this acknowledged list processing question -- we'll save the grant agreement public comment next -- come on up.

Senator Nguyen, did you have a comment?

SENATOR NGUYEN: I was actually ready to support

Option 2. I would like to do a blend as mentioned. I

just -- you know, I mean they're still going to have to go

through the process, but I just don't want us -- and we

don't know what that number is and you're talking -- I mean

I have no problem with having these groups come up and, you

know, and have to appeal to us, but I will tell you, I mean

I've been to this Board meeting once last year and, you

know, when you're talking about appealing to this Board,

you're now bringing the school district, the teachers, the

students, I mean it's a full process for these school

districts and not something that they take lightly.

And as you know, appeal to any government agency is not something that is easy either. So I'm not sure if we go with just purely Option 1 and allow everybody to appeal is the right -- if you're going to do that, then you're going to have to be more specific to staff to allow them to -- you know, what is appeal -- what they appeal and what's not because I think you're asking for something larger than what we are anticipating or wanting.

And then I respect Madam Chair's view of not wanting to support it sounds like Option 2, but, you know, staff -- I'm going to assume that staff didn't put Option 2 in there knowing that it's not legally allowed.

So think that, you know, the option staff has given has mostly likely been vetted and what we can and cannot do, so I'm going to err on the side of that staff has already went through that process and just try and get direction from us. So I wouldn't to say that Option 2 -- or grandfathering folks in is somehow not legally sound.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Any other Board comments?

MR. KIM: I'm sorry. I just have one comment.

Again, I'm trying to think from the perspective of the school district.

If I'm on the acknowledged list knowing that I have no guarantee of funding, I'm not going to go forward with a project that's going to be in the tens of millions of dollars without knowing that I have some fund source. So I'm going to have a local bond issue. All right. I'm not going to start construction without that.

So I think there's the larger policy issue of do we -- for the limited funds that we have available for a bond, do we want to see those monies go to a project that isn't eligible under the current rules, but that's already been constructed, possibly for a school district that

already has local bond funds to pay for those things, or do we want to see those monies go to a school district that maybe never had the opportunity to apply because they didn't have the resources and knew they couldn't issue a local bond and now are eligible because of increasing enrollment.

So that's a policy question and I would propose that we would want to fund the school districts that are largely socioeconomically disadvantaged, that don't have the opportunity to issue local bonds, and have those schools get the funds. Thank you.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I just have to add to that. Conversely, why wouldn't we have such a program wherein they could apply. I think there was some expectation that the program would continue, so it's time to continue the program and we're going to say, well, actually, you applied. We had a program where you could apply. There was infrastructure where you could apply associated with this Board and today we're going to say, well, we're just going to start over today.

That's really what we're saying from my perspective.

MR. KIM: I'm sorry. Maybe I was misinterpreted.

I think the larger issue for me is that if these school

districts that went -- were on the acknowledged list. They

bet on the come. They didn't get the funds. They probably

have local funds to pay for these schools -- the
construction which frees up additional funds for school
districts that may not have had the ability to do local
bonds, still do not have the ability to do local bonds, and
they can build more schools.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I don't know that they bet as much as they banked on a program that exists at the state level, but that's --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: It's only the eligibility that we're talking about here. We're not saying that we're rejecting the application -- the entire list of applications. We're just talking about requiring an update of the eligibility.

So I think we are very much honoring the spirit of the past Board action that allowed the applications to come through. Otherwise, we would be looking at Option 3.

So I'm going to go to our public comment. If you could be brief because we have talked about this for a long time and only focus on the motion at hand. You can come back up to talk about the grant agreement, so we'll start here.

MS. CUNNINGHAM: Thank you. Madam Chair, my name's Alana Cunningham and I'm from Jack Schroeder's office. We're a school facility consulting firm and we work with a number of small school districts -- other districts

1 | throughout the state.

And when you asked the question how reestablishing new construction will affect districts, I think the answer is for a small district, it's uncertain because small school districts that are locked under 2,500 students are locked for three years.

So the issue of how that lock will work for small districts who submitted say funding applications in '14-'15 and eligibility in '14-'15, you know, how their eligibility will be processed for those districts because they're locked for three years from the SAB approval date. The SAB has not been approving eligibility. So the question is when does that lock happen for these districts.

So the answer for the small districts is that clarification hasn't been provided, so we're uncertain at this time how it will impact small districts.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you.

MS. ARTHUR: Good afternoon, Madam Chair Ortega.

My name is Julie Arthur. I'm with Palm Springs Unified

School District and I'm the Executive Director of Facilities

there, of design and planning, and I did want to speak on

the acknowledged list.

I have about nine projects on the acknowledged list and I just wanted to actually speak to -- we're talking about eligibility.

So eligibility really is a snapshot in time for any project. So if ten years ago, there was bond funding, I may have had eligibility for a new school with 2,500 students. I may not have that today. I built that school. That school's changed.

My district size is 500 square miles. So I have possibly need for a school in Desert Hot Springs where I don't have it in Palm Springs now.

So I don't think what we're looking at with the growth issue here is about a project that should it be built or not built or funded. What we're looking at as difference of eligibility is numbers of students.

So if I submitted a project in 2012, I may have had eligibility for an elementary school or 900 students.

Most districts down in Southern California have gone down.

My eligibility may only be 700 now if I had to resubmit today.

Well, what does that 200 students mean to me. It still means I need a school, but for every classroom I don't get of those 25 students per classroom costs me \$300,000 in grant funds.

So I think that's really what we're talking about here is why it's important to keep the eligibility at the time of submittal. That was the need. That was the design that I built on. That was the project that went through DSA

and received approval. That was the project that went through CDE and received approval. That's the project that I submitted when I submitted my 5001, my 5002, my 5003, and submitted my 5004 at that time.

So even though it is -- I went through and did that, what's happened with those on the acknowledged list if they haven't had the plan review team actually work on those now. So my submittal on time of those projects was the snapshot I had which may cost me millions going down.

I still need the school, but I lose funds on what I built. And it doesn't mean that I don't need a classroom. It means I may have three less students in each grade level. So that's the balance of how things move out where you're losing funds on it. I think that's what's important on the acknowledged list.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think that is helpful. I think that is helpful. I think the issue, though, is should that \$300,000 per classroom go to another project where the eligibility is more pressing. I mean for me that's the trade-off we're making. So I think that is actually very helpful. Appreciate the comments.

MS. ARTHUR: So and again, I was going to ask -- I really wanted to put out that again the date order is equitable. It's something that we've -- school district personnel has worked with for 10, 12, 15 years and realize

that most school districts have seen Measure 51 language for
months.

We saw what went on the ballot when we went out and got signatures back in the summer of 2015. We saw the ballot language. When it passed in November '16, we saw the ballot language. We knew what the program was.

So in responding to the kind of betting on the program, I think we all saw what the program would be for the last 18 months and I think that's why it's important to keep the date order in place --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Option 1 does that -MS. ARTHUR: On the acknowledged list?

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. Yes.

MS. ARTHUR: But also at the same time, it keeps you in order on it, but you may be losing money if you take the new eligibility on the growth Project.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Sure. Thank you. Okay.

MS. ESPINOZA: Madam Chair, members, Nancy Chaires
Espinoza on behalf of the California School Boards
Association. I'd like to just shed some light on a couple
of the questions that keep coming back in the Board's
discussion.

So the first is why hasn't staff heard from districts saying specifically that they will be caught in the situation where they will be affected detrimentally if

they have to use today's eligibility numbers, and the reason for that actually goes back to something that Mr. Pierce on behalf of Elk Grove Unified said.

Calculating eligibility is not something that most districts can do unless they have to do. So it's technically complex. It's time intensive and labor intensive and requires some cost. So it's not something that districts really -- most districts in the state would be able to do just satisfy your curiosity or to participate in this process.

So that's why instead of being deluged with phone calls the Board is hearing from California School Boards

Association and CASH and statewide representatives like that. So just wanted to shed some light on that.

Second question that keeps coming back to the Board is why would a local school board bet on a reimbursement. Why would you expect that money to come and of course, you're right. We signed those disclosures in order to get in line.

But I also want to encourage you in the direction in which you're going where you're stepping back and trying to think about the overall message that you might be sending because part of that is as a local governing board member — and full disclosure, I represent Elk Grove Unified School District which Mr. Pierce spoke on behalf of. Today I'm

wearing my CSBA hat.

R

We are hearing loud and clear what the administration, what the Board wants to see, and what prior Boards have said. For example, in 2014, there was an attempt to revamp this program and the proposal that we understood was supported by the administration would have ranked school districts in order of their bonded indebtedness.

So the message to us consistently has been be flexible, be creative. If you can raise revenue locally, go ahead and do that. So we have done that.

So I do find that it is -- it frankly would penalize us now to do Option 1 or to require new eligibility as opposed to the eligibility at the time of submittal because these districts have gone ahead and used all the flexibility at their disposal to meet local need.

So is it fair, is it worthwhile? Absolutely. Because these governing boards moved forward in good faith and they were expecting this program to be consistent with past practice. So if generally speaking for grant programs and construction in particular it's viewed as a good thing to fund projects that are, quote, shovel ready, I don't see why this program would need to be an exception, particularly when we can achieve that while maintaining accountability and transparency.

So I would encourage you to support Option 2.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. May I have two

more here.

MR. REISING: Good afternoon, Madam Chairman,
Board members. My name is Alan Reising. I am the Executive
Director of Facilities for Long Beach Unified School
District. Thank you for the opportunity to come up and
speak with you today and address some very important topics
that we're presenting today.

Long Beach Unified is a large urban school district in Southern California. We currently serve about 75,000 students at 85 different school sites in the communities Long Beach, Lakewood, Signal Hill, and Catalina Island.

In 2016 -- just trying to address the concept of need. 2016, we updated our facilities master plan which showed a funding shortfall in excess of one and a half billion dollars for our schools. Those are projects -- those are needs at every school site that go unmet on a daily basis.

So we currently -- in Long Beach, we have ten applications on the acknowledged list that total in excess of \$71 million. Eight of those projects have already been completed and are occupied. There are two more that will be done by the time in early 2018. They're currently under

construction.

Each of these projects represent high priority, critical needs that our school district had at the time. We elected to move forward with these projects because these were critical needs to the students of our district. We actually elected to move monies from other available sources that we had in order to meet those needs of our students and our staff of our school district.

I speak a little bit to Mr. Kim's concept about the foolishness of actually doing a project without knowing that we had money. It's important to remember that these projects have been critically needed for many, many years. School districts have been continuously underfunded for their facilities and the needs needed to be met.

We had students that were unhoused. We had portables that were rampant around our district. So I believe our board and our school district made wise decisions to use the available flexibility and the available money they had to move forward with the understanding, the expectations that at a future date when bond proceeds became available that we had a partnership with this body that you would provide the support at the state level to help us with meeting those needs.

That \$71 million will go a long ways to meeting the critical needs of students in other areas of our school

district.

As far as districts that may potentially be harmed with new construction, several of those projects on the list are for new construction. We have been going through an era of declining enrollment, although I have not -- because of the complexity of the effort, I have not updated my eligibility, so I couldn't tell you factually. It would not surprise me if one or more of those projects, in fact, had some challenges with eligibility.

But I do beg you to consider the decisions that my board or my district was under at the time that we made a decision to move forward, these are very, very, real needs for students that we had to meet at that time. And we very much expected that we would have a partnership with this committee or this Board moving forward to be able to provide the funding for that. So this is a critical need for our district.

I'll limit some of the comments, but just to say as far as the acknowledged list, we do appreciate the ideas that have been discussed here. We beg the Board to support the amended Option 2 where projects that have been in construction or have been completed will be moved forward, grandfathering in using the enrollment data that was being used at that time.

Projects that have not been constructed, we could

see that there would be definitely a need to relook at your enrollment data to see if it's still a wise decision to move forward, but don't penalize school districts for using all available tools and all available resources at their disposal to meet kids' needs.

I think Senator Nguyen had mentioned that her students are suffering through some of these needs now and districts recognize that. We recognize that we have real students in real classrooms today that we need to meet and we every day struggle with identifying critical needs and finding ways to meet those on a daily basis.

So we are recommending that you adopt an amended Option 2 moving forward. Thank you.

MR. KIM: Mr. Reising, I just wanted to clarify one thing. I in no way meant to suggest that I thought that schools were being imprudent by going ahead with the school construction. In fact, it was just the reverse.

My point was that I thought school officials were prudent enough to know that they have a local fund source to cover those construction costs in the absence of state funding. So I just wanted to clarify that.

MR. REISING: Thank you. Thank you for that. But again, the point being is that those needs existed clearly at that time and so five, six years later, some seven years later to say that there has been a change in those data

points and that now we would not be eligible to receive that money.

The other point I wanted to make is that these are real tangible, long-term investments in our infrastructure. So although today we may argue that I might be three students down in a particular classroom, those students will come back.

We have shown time and time again in our demographics that these schools are investments in the future of our students and the children of the state. So it's not money ill spent.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Senator Pan.

SENATOR PAN: Just a quick question. So in the time which we had no bond, the school district went ahead, got a local bond, built the construction and I don't want to imply in any way that we don't want the state to be a partner, but you did decide to fully fund it on your local bond or whatever arrangement you made.

So now that you're coming back to the state and saying -- because I assume that you fully funded it with whatever financial arrangement you made and I mean at that point there was no Prop. 51, no expectation.

So now the state's coming in and paying a certain portion of that, what happens to those funds that you've raised with that bond locally? Do you just give that back

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    to the voters? Do you build another construction? What
 2
    happens?
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              MR. REISING: No.
                                 Those -- as I had stated
    earlier, we have clearly identified one and a half billion
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    dollars in unmet need in our district. So those monies
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    where we actually, quote, borrowed from another project --
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    so we have projects that now are not moving forward because
 8
    of the --
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              SENATOR PAN: So that would be reinvested in
10
    other --
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              MR. REISING: It would be reinvested in other high
12
    priority, critical needs for our school district.
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              SENATOR PAN: Okay. Which, of course, you'd then
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    want to be in line to get more money from us, correct? It
15
    would be appropriate, right?
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              MR. REISING: Depending on the eligibility, yes.
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              SENATOR PAN: Okay. Thank you.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Can I ask a question?
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah, go ahead.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: So when you -- 2012,
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    whenever these projects were built, you went ahead and took
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    funds from one place and then put them into the project and
23
    then you, at the same time or somewhat before, you applied
24
    to the state, right?
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              MR. REISING: Yeah. Concurrently.
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1 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: To this body because 2 there was an expectation that we were going to participate 3 in that venture. MR. REISING: Yes. 5 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: And in fact, a formal 6 process had been set up so that you could eventually 7 participate with the state; is that correct? 8 MR. REISING: Yes. Absolutely. 9 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Thank you. 10 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Yes, Senator Allen. 11 SENATOR ALLEN: But when you began construction, 12 those projects were eligible at the time. 13 MR. REISING: Yes, they were. 14 SENATOR ALLEN: Okay. And you had to certify that 15 when you applied? 16 MR. REISING: We submitted all those documents to **17** the Office of Public School Construction at that time. 18 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah. 19 ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: I haven't made a comment 20 all night. But if we go with what's being on the floor 21 right now, Option 1, if you were at risk, you can still 22 appeal to this Board to get your money. Is that my 23 understanding? 24 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Correct. 25 SENATOR NGUYEN: With the amendment, though.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Right. With the 1 2 amendment --3 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. That's Mr. Nazarian's 4 motion. 5 ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Right. Do we have a 6 problem with what --7 MR. REISING: Well, I just think in speaking to 8 the concept complexity, it does leave a level of uncertainty at the districts' level and it adds an extra level of 9 10 complexity. So now we're coming back to this body to adopt 11 exceptions to the rule as we're moving forward. 12 We think that there's a simpler and more elegant 13 solution of picking a date and maybe that's today's date, 14 maybe it's July 1st, on when projects have been in 15 construction or have been awarded -- or have been completed 16 that those projects would be grandfathered in. Projects 17 beyond that date, they could -- we could go back and we 18 could recertify that eligibility. 19 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Next speaker, please. 20 MR. WATTERS: Good afternoon. Darrin Watters. I'm 21 the Deputy Superintendent for Val Verde Unified School 22 District in Riverside County. Thank you for your time 23 today. Appreciate it. 24 A real example for us, 83 percent free and reduced 25 lunch, high poverty area. We have a lot of assessed

valuation challenges as you can imagine from that type ofpoverty.

Our community stepped up and approved a bond, a GO bond, which I can't get to the money now because the AV is so low. We had a need. We certified our eligibility at the time. We needed a new high school. Have to house the kids, much like my colleagues.

So we've gone forward. We're building a high school in phases. I've finished phase one. I've got ninth and tenth graders in there. Phase two is just about done. Phase three, I've got to have done by August because I've got to have the kids come in, the junior class.

The senior class comes in, I don't have any place to go for this. This was part of the discussions we had.

We followed along with the program. We did what we were supposed to do. We submitted our eligibility.

I honestly do not know today what my eligibility is. I could be fine on this. I don't know.

But as Alan pointed out, there's a cost associated with that and I wasn't going to update my eligibility because I didn't need another school right now. If we needed another school, we'd certainly be pursuing that.

I really encourage you -- I'm not sure there's a difference between the option compromise presented by Senator Nguyen and Option 1 with the appeal, with the

exception of certainty. Why would we build -- why would we want to have another step in there of an appeal process -- and I would never want to say -- I don't know how you would deal with those at that time. Would it be a -- I don't like the term rubber stamp, but like an audit, have to be approved? Is there -- that you can provide to the locals that need to get these funds so that we can build our next projects and finish the ones we're in currently. So I really --

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I know -- I would prefer the appeal route because we don't really know what's before us, but the unknown of how many are going to fall into this category, what's the circumstances of why they built at the time, how much their eligibility has declined, these sorts of things, that's the reason why the appeal process makes more sense to me.

I respect and acknowledge the uncertainty question. You know, Prop. 51 did not grandfather in all the applications. That would have been the way to get certainty, if the initiative had said all the lists are approved as they were submitted.

That isn't there and so not knowing what we'd be agreeing to respectfully with Senator Nguyen's proposed amendment, with not knowing what that really means is why we'd be uncomfortable supporting that route.

1 Senator Allen, did you have --2 SENATOR ALLEN: What do you mean not knowing --3 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Not knowing how many projects may not have eligibility that have already newly constructed 5 that would then be allowed to move forward. 6 SENATOR ALLEN: Should we get some --7 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: The problem is we can't get 8 the information until the applications are processed and so 9 that's why the -- letting them start the processing of the 10 applications and then when the first one -- when it occurs 11 bringing that forward and maybe then -- and maybe after it 12 happens, we get a sense of the complexities, why they 13 built -- is it a compelling case. 14 I mean maybe at that point we have some sense of 15 having a broader policy, but I feel like at this point we 16 just don't know what that might be. **17** Are there any public -- any more public comments 18 on this question? Okay. Shall we move back to the grant agreement and the rest of our public comment on that 19 20 question. 21 ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Will we vote on this, 22 though, right now? I'm going to have to get going.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Well, we are going

to -- we're going to need to have two votes. We have this

issue and we have the grant agreement. So should we quickly

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    move through the public comment --
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              SENATOR ALLEN: The grant agreement is the Alameda
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    thing?
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: No.
                                        The grant agreement --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: No. The entire thing's
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    Item 7, correct?
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. Yes. So we had a
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    motion, but your motion was only to the issue of the
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    eligibility. So moving back to the approval of the grant
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    agreement and the requirements that Lisa laid out.
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    us what page they are on.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: They're on page 84.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Page 84.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Is the grant agreement --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So we had a presentation on
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    that, but we had just opened the public comment, so --
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Right. And we acknowledged that
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    we wanted to modify the grant agreement to incorporate
19
    several --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Right. We had the technical
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    changes on the freezer and the refrigerator. We had the
22
    revised staff recommendation to exclude the 370 million in
23
    true unfunded projects on the list. It would apply to the
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    balance of the acknowledged list.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: And also acknowledge that we would
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1
    modify the grant agreement to acknowledge the advisory
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    letters that are --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. The grant agreement
    would make clear that if you got advice from OPSC on an item
 5
    on appeal --
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              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              That we would provide that --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: -- we would provide that to
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    the auditor.
              MS. SILVERMAN: -- reflect that on the various
 9
10
    pages, yes, and adopt the regulation.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: It's all on page 84 --
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    recommendations are all listed on page 84, correct, Lisa?
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    Is that right?
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              MS. SILVERMAN:
                             Yes.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So should we quickly move
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    through the public comment on -- is that fine with everyone
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    or did anyone have any comments. Okay.
                                            So --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: I'm confused.
                                                         Is the
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    motion -- move Item 7 or --
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              MS. SILVERMAN: That's actually not in Tab 7. One
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    of them is the grant agreement is where we started off
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    initially and then we folded in the acknowledged list.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: So I'll call a couple of
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    speakers up. Kirk Nicholas and Julie Arthur. This again
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    would be comments related to the grant agreement as we've
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already heard the comments on the processing of the acknowledged list and again I'll ask you to be brief. Do we have Julie Arthur? Oh, you can come back up. And Eric Bakke would be next.

MR. NICHOLAS: So, Madam Chair, Board members, thank you for letting me speak this early evening.

I'm here -- I'm the Superintendent of Lammersville Unified. It's not as big as Long Beach and some of the other districts. We reside between Livermore and Tracy. We're the highest performing school district in San Joaquin County and in a master plan community.

I'm here with a very simple plea which is that we're asking that the State Allocation Board approve the release of funds or to bring the funds in on the unfunded list.

In a master plan community, you have to build a school every three years. We've done everything humanly possible to keep building up with the size of the growth. We'll be breaking ground on a school this month and we're already planning for the next school beyond that and we currently have an unfunded list K-8 school that has not been funded for years. The release of those funds would bring that money into our district.

Concurrently, we're also building a state of the art high school, about \$135 million project. We built in

phases similar to what the gentleman before me spoke.

So for us, the bottom line is that having funds out there that Prop. 51 can cover, to have this Board approve it, have that money come in would allow us to fulfill our promise through the resolution list on the bond and not put so much pressure on our general obligation bond, but also continue the process of a rapidly growing community, building schools every three years.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Julie.

MS. ARTHUR: Good evening again. Julie Arthur, Palm Springs Unified School District.

First of all, I'd like to thank staff today for proposing to remove the words only if used to provide food service to student population on that. Refrigeration and freezers are big in the desert.

We have a lot of special ed programs where we have to have refrigeration for medication. We actually have to have refrigeration in our staff lounge as well. Insulin, all kinds of different medications that we need. So I really appreciate you taking that out. It was a big concern to us on that.

And I would like to again bring up the point about technology. It really is the computers. I know we look at the frame of a computer. We're saying it's only three years, but in reality, we use our computers much more than

three years.

They go from -- everywhere from our career tech programs and from sound boards to all kinds of different things, to our energy management for our school sites and making sure that's how we control our temperatures there and we're not really able to use many of the items that are eligible like projectors without these computers.

So it's very similar if -- and again, because we're a little warm. It was 109 yesterday. So we put air conditioning in and we put all the ductwork in, right? And we put all these in and we put these air conditioning units.

And if we did all this stuff and you didn't let me put the compressor in, the air conditioner wouldn't work. That's kind of how technology -- computers are to us. We put all the infrastructure into the buildings. We put the wiring in. We bring that in. We put a projector or a smart board up, but without that computer, I can't turn on the air to those technology.

So that's why it's something I think -- that's so important to be part of it. And it's amazing the changing of our technology, and I would hate to lock us in to keeping computer in the ineligible. So I ask if you would please reconsider that again and maybe work with it a little bit.

I don't think many schools are abusing it. I hope not. We just finished our audit process of over

\$230 million for a project and I'm getting a check back for 150,000, so -- which will go in there.

So I feel that many districts -- if there's a problem, I think it's out of ignorance, not out of hopefully an attempt to do something. So I hope you would look at that again and maybe keep something of the way of how the computer or something with that in the grant agreement.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you.

MS. ARTHUR: Thanks.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Mr. Bakke.

MR. BAKKE: Eric Bakke, Los Angeles Unified School District. Thank you for being here. I just want to open up just with a quick thank you to OPSC staff. We've provided I would like to say countless recommendations, technical, policy considerations, many of which were adopted in this latest revise.

We still have some concerns. We expressed some of those with OPSC staff. Actually happy to hear -- I was going to raise a few of them today. I was happy to hear some of the comments already made, so that's extremely helpful.

I just want to point out, though, that -- and I think it was brought up, when we look at the eligibility list, what projects are deemed eligible, I think even today we just learned that there's new items being added to that

list today that were added at the last SAB meeting, and I expect there will be more items added to this list, which is what prompted my original statement about not having defined lists.

Having a statement of definition of what constitutes eligibility list and I think that provides greater flexibility.

I will back pedal a little bit and say that there's some new added language in this that provides a little bit of flexibility, but I still think we have to recognize that this grant agreement is a binding agreement between OPSC and with the State Allocation Board and the school district, but it's going to be the guiding principle for any auditor that's going to use to determine whether or not projects are eligible or not -- or expenditures I should say.

And so we want to make sure that there is flexibility for growth of that list and that OPSC has the flexibility at their administrative level to make those realtime decisions.

What I'm concerned about is that being so specific in a grant agreement, it's in essence a regulation, and so it begs the question if there's the authority to allow for that kind of unilateral decision.

So if we can add language to this that provides

direction to the auditor, a little bit more specificity that they can communicate or have conversation with OPSC to determine eligible expenditures I think would go a long way to help OPSC staff to make determinations. Otherwise, I think where we'll be is where Mr. O'Donnell referenced audit hell with the process, and I don't think anyone wants to be there. That's one of our biggest concerns is that we'll always be there trying to define what is eligible.

I think someone said it's best that it's -- it's easier to identify what's ineligible than what is eligible. So just consideration as we go on.

The other thing is that this a new process and I think we're going to continue to learn as this gets rolled out. So to suggest that this language should be final, I would argue if there's room for this discussion that we revisit the language.

I think there's still a lot of areas that need to be improved upon. It's certainly clarity. For example, there's a reference to savings can only be used for matching share. That was new language that was added in from the last SAB meeting.

Now, I understand the intent was to speak to providing direction to the auditor about how savings shall be viewed and looked at, but the way it's drafted in its very simple form, an auditor who doesn't know this program

will interpret that the savings can only be used as matching share and not as other high priority capital outlay projects. That's a big problem.

So it's things like that -- and we provided some of those -- that I think we need to look at as we go on and I would hope and encourage this body to probably bring this item back after we've rolled it out a little bit to see where we can make clarifications, where we need to.

I'm not necessarily suggesting significant policy shifts, but just clarifications where it's appropriate. So thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you. The next three, Jenny Hannah, Darrin Watters, and Lettie Boggs.

About four more after this. Again I'm going to remind everyone to please keep it very brief. We're going to lose members and lose the ability to keep our quorum and have votes, so keep it brief and try not to repeat anything that's been said. Thank you. Ms. Hannah.

MS. HANNAH: Good evening. I'm Jenny Hannah. I with the Kern High School District in Bakersfield,
California, and I won't repeat what I've heard from others,
but what I would say first to this Board is you have an
obligation first to do no harm to these districts and with
that, I mean you need to prospective, not retroactive in
applying this program.

Even if there's one district that could be harmed by this, this could be significant to especially small school districts who large capital projects are, you know, a big hit to their budget.

And so with regard to those -- the previous conversation and the current conversation about grant agreement, I think that's really important to consider. We don't any of us have a crystal ball and we do the best that we can with what we have.

Also just a point -- and I encourage you to act on this to get going with getting money out on the street.

Every day that we hate causes us to lose more ability to get classrooms built at today's dollars.

We're seeing escalation now. The longer we wait, the more it's going to cost us to build these schools. So I would encourage you to consider that. Proposition 51 passed over eight months ago and we're still talking about how to get this money out on the street. So thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Mr. Watters.

MR. WATTERS: Darrin Watters, Val Verde Unified.

On the grant agreement itself, eligible and ineligible

lists, I would implore the Board to remove the eligible

list. The ineligible list makes perfect sense. I have no

issue with a list of things we can't buy. I think that

gives us the parameters. That tells us what we need to know

about the program.

The eligible list -- the bureaucratic process to get something added to that I am concerned about. What is that going to take to get something added to that and what's that process look like. So that would be a big concern of mine and it still becomes a moving target. We're not getting the certainty we need at the district level.

And I'd also implore that we edit the ineligible list to reflect the existing program as applicable from Prop. 51 and before which ties -- which said the old rules. I mean and it's back to what Mrs. Arthur said and that was -- it's an integral part and I understand the bond component of that, but I don't see why we can't issue short-term notes.

Why do the bonds have to be 30 years. Why can't we issue shorter term notes and a small tranche to cover that technology and therefore we need that capitalization target piece.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you. Ms. Boggs.

MS. BOGGS: Yes. I'm Lettie Boggs with Colbi
Technologies and we have over a hundred school district
clients. We help them with their budget and the qualifying
expenditures against those program budgets.

So we work a lot with our clients on answering calls of what's eligible and not eligible and one of the

things that is a challenge is -- and to back up, I'm old enough that I remember the program before this program when we had lists. So I kind of am having echos of oh, my goodness, we're going back to lists where we had to maintain them.

One of the primary challenges we had with the lists was consistent application across so that everybody would know. So I really applaud and I thank you for listening on the refrigerators and those kinds of things. It's going to be real important that we figure out a mechanism to consistently apply across all of the advice so that districts are treated uniformly in this.

One of the things that I would suggest is that we work with some guiding criteria or policy statements and by way of example, one of the things I tell clients when they call and they say is this a supply or is this not a supply. That's probably the most confusing area.

If you routinely buy it out of your supply budget every year, it is not eligible ever, and we've been telling people that for 20 years. However, there are many things that get coded 4310 which is the supply budget that in the case of a new school are essential equipping of that school as a going concern.

And that's where the difficulty occurs. For, for instance, if I have a contract and I have window blinds in

my construction contract, the kind I specified are no longer available. It's the end of the contract. You don't want to hold that contract open while you go through and order blinds.

You change order it out. You go ahead and close the contract. The district will then purchase those blinds. They're not inventoried. So they don't rise to 44 or 6400, but they certainly are a part of the school building and they are an equipment item.

Another different kind of item but very similar would be science equipment. When you equip a brand new classroom with every beaker, every microscope, all of the lenses, all of the pipettes, it is in excess of \$20,000 per classroom.

While individually they are supply items, but if you're building four science labs, you're talking \$80,000 at a minimum added to the general fund budget the year you open the school or you can't really hold class. All of those items are used at some point during every year.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Ms. Boggs, I'm going to ask you to wrap up --

MS. BOGGS: The routine budget is for breakage, replacement, those -- not for the full equipping of that lab. So context matters with respect to whether it's a supply item or not and I would urge you to allow the users,

the constituents to give some input into what things are
considered allowable in that essential equipping of the
school.

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CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Okay. I'm going to call the last speakers. Andrea Ball, Alan Reising -- I'm not sure, Alan, if you needed to come back up. Nancy Espinoza, again I'm not sure if you need to come back up, and Lori Ruis.

And again I'm going to ask you to be very brief. We're going to lose members and have no votes.

MS. BALL: Thank you, Madam Chair, members.

Andrea with the Ball/Frost Group. I'm here on behalf of two of our clients -- two diverse clients, the Association of Suburban School Districts and the Central Valley Education Coalition.

Central Valley Education Coalition represents districts in the Central Valley. Small, rural, suburban districts are all over the state. Just to say -- to echo the recommendations you've heard from others, so I will be brief on the grant agreement to make it prospective, to make it clear and simple so that small districts have the capacity to complete it successfully.

We do want to thank OPSC and the staff for the changes they've announced today. We still think that having an eligible list is not the way to go. To have an

ineligible list that's clear but to have guidance on what is eligible. And I think I'll keep it there and thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Next speaker.

MS. ESPINOZA: Thank you. Again, Madam Chair, members, Nancy Chaires Espinoza on behalf of the California School Boards Association.

I too want to echo the previous speakers' comments and for the sake of time, I won't go through all of the changes I'm grateful for, but I want to express my thanks to staff for hearing the input from stakeholders and for the numerous technical and other changes that they've made to the grant agreement so far. It is very much appreciated.

CSBA very much supports the grant agreement in concept. We have from the very beginning and we want to be partners with you in making sure that the system that gets created is successful. So all of our comments stem from that.

We are concerned about the incorporation of a very large eligible list and a relatively smaller ineligible list. Obviously, the latter should be there for the sake of all of our clarity.

Our concern with the large detailed eligible list is that it simply doesn't mesh with the way auditors do their work and we fear that it will create a very

complicated system with a greater incidence of things that appear to be negative findings that will either -- either may be resolved or will have to be appealed to the Board, but that should have rightfully been allowed in the first place.

So that's our concern and so we would advise that there be a short advisory list of eligible expenditures with a finite list of ineligible expenditures.

And I just briefly have to speak the issue of educational technology. Our understanding of the grant agreement was that it would be a compendium of existing program rules, but this clearly is a pretty significant policy change. And our concern with respect to educational technology is that Proposition 39 actually requires local governing boards to review their educational technology needs in developing their project list.

So not only is it allowed, it is required of us.

So to have -- well, I won't say at the administrative level because I understand we're going through emergency regulations, but to use a document such as the grant agreement to conflict with that -- to put us in a situation where these things conflict is problematic. So we would respectfully request that the educational technology issue get the benefit of the full discussion of the Board so that we can flush out that issue for you a little bit better.

1 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you.

2 Mr. Reising.

MR. REISING: So thank you. Again Alan Reising, Executive Director of Facilities for Long Beach Unified.

I'd like to again echo my thanks for staff for addressing a lot of the concerns that have been brought forward related to the grant agreement, but there are a couple of particularly troubling items that I just wanted to make sure I've voiced some concerns about.

Specifically is the retroactivity concern.

Projects that have already been completed, already been in construction or are currently in construction and applying what essentially amounts to a change of the rules to those projects.

It does create somewhat of an imbalance. It does -- for school districts that in good faith moved forward with the understanding of the rules and the allowable expenditures at that time and I've been coming back and actually applying a different level of eligible and ineligible projects.

We suggest on the other hand to actually setting a date similar to the date that we talked about for the acknowledged list where projects that were awarded before essentially July 1st or another date would not be subject to the grant agreement, much as we did the true unfunded list.

Secondly, to quickly talk about this -- and you've heard from several other speakers here, the concept of the eligible and ineligible expenditures. We very much think it's much easier and simpler to simply design and produce a list of ineligible expenditures. Very clear for districts moving forward to know what you cannot spend your money on.

Projects are continuously changing and systems are ever evolving as we move forward to becoming more complex as we move forward and having a finite defined list of eligible expenditures seems counterintuitive.

We'd rather suggest that we define a list of ineligible expenditures that the Board could then address those on a routine basis to see if they need to be adjusted or amended in some way, but it really lets us know what we're actually moving forward with and it also lets my auditors know exactly what they're looking for for items that would not be eligible to be spent.

So relying on appeals to staff members at OPSC just doesn't seem to be a realistic solution. It doesn't seem to be something that can be applied evenly and equitably across the length of the program. Staff members come and go. I know I struggle with that myself. And having a fair and equitable application of exception rules seems to be troubling and be hard to maintain going forward. So thank you very much and I appreciate your time.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. Mr. Diaz and then Mr. Allen.

MR. DIAZ: Thank you, Madam Chair. I'd like to thank staff. I think they've done a lot of great work on this issue. I just want to make sure -- now and again, that they've conceded on several pieces identified by stakeholders in the areas of concern.

First of all, the timing of when the agreement must be signed and now it's at fund release. The entire unfunded list must be exempt from grant agreement, and three, on the trailer bills, funds used for repayment can come from sources other than the district's general fund and will return the bond accounts.

Staff has also stated publically today and written into this item that they will provide written clarification of any items that are not reflected on the list of eligible and ineligible expenditures. This should satisfy any concerns that districts may have that something was left off and the auditors won't know how to address it.

I think I'm ready to move forward on this item. We've kind of beat this item to death especially since the last meeting that we've had and we did identify major areas of concern and we can also -- I would remind the Board, we can also make several changes in the future to these grant agreements.

So I move to approve the staff's grant agreements pursuant to page 84 along with Ms. Silverman's recommendations announced today during her presentation.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Mr. Allen.

SENATOR ALLEN: Okay. But could I just ask if Mr. Diaz would be willing to take a friendly amendment to respond to some of the concerns we've raised which would say that the Board -- that we would only apply -- we'd apply the grant agreement to the acknowledged list only for those projects that have not already been completed or are not currently under contract so that we don't move the goal posts on districts.

I would absolutely agree with your motion with that one caveat.

MR. DIAZ: I would say, Senator, that this program hasn't changed and I think that the grant agreement is just a confirmation that districts are complying with the existing program. So there's no changing of the goal posts or any of those issues with regards to those items.

I think what we're talking about is adherence to a program that we all wanted to be successful and want to see carried forward, but I would cede to the Chair on the other recommendations.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Just on the moving the goal posts issue, I think that is why after the April meeting we

went back and looked at the issue of the process applications and why -- you know, at least I was supportive and asked staff to bring forward the recommendation that we exempt the processed applications, so the \$370 million worth of projects from the grant agreement.

The difference of course with the acknowledged list is that they are -- those applications have not been processed. If there was an expenditure that was in the grant agreement as it's before you today, that the district included in their project -- in their application that's on the acknowledged list, there would be time for that district to move that item around, to shift that to a local expenditure and put something else in the state expenditure.

So there is no reason why a district needs to feel like this is a gotcha', that we're going to have some ability to go in and grab something that they put in their application and audit them later. They have that information now and if the grant agreement is approved, they will have the opportunity to look at it and determine whether there are any problems with their existing application.

There would be no penalty. They would simply make an amendment to the application that OPSC has before it's processed. So that's -- for us, that's where the dividing line was between grandfathering in, if you will, or moving

the goal posts was if it's been processed, fine, we're going to let it go. But if it hasn't been processed yet, there's still plenty of opportunity to work with OPSC.

SENATOR ALLEN: Well, when you say processed, I mean what about the districts that are deep in to having already entered into contracts?

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: That occurs in both lists, the acknowledged list and the true unfunded list. That's the nature of the program that we get applications for projects that are underway that -- the grants that come before you are for reimbursements for projects that have already occurred. That's the way the program has always operated.

So that's why we feel like we will give the -- the districts will have a window to make those modifications.

Again, if they find something on the template that they did not previously understand was ineligible, I want again reiterate the point, at least, you know, speaking for the administration, the list of items on the template are all with a code section reference to current law with the exception of the technology.

There is nothing in the template that creates a new standard for the use of the funds, again with the exception of the technology. Everything is already required to not required in the program.

Now, could there have been misunderstandings about how --

SENATOR ALLEN: Technology is significant.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Absolutely. Technology I'm acknowledging is significant and it's a change, but, you know, it's a change that we feel very strongly is necessary for an accountability program on a bond of this size, that it's not being used for iPads or desktops or that sort of thing. So -- Mr. Mireles.

MR. MIRELES: First of all, I want to once again thank staff for adding a lot of the suggested changes from the stakeholders. I think that we can all acknowledge there's been a lot of progress in improving the grant agreement.

A quick point of clarification. The suggested amendments that Ms. Silverman recommend, do we need to read the actual language as part of the motion in terms of the language that we're going to add to the grant agreement or would that be just conforming regulations that will come later?

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think Mr. Diaz was suggesting that the items that Ms. Silverman read would be part of his motion. So they would be part of the template as it's approved.

MR. MIRELES: Okay.

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1
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: We can restate it if you'd like.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. All of the
 4
    clarifications that Lisa stated at the top will be part of
 5
    the motion. So we have a motion. I don't recall if we
 6
    heard a second on that.
              MR. KIM: I'll second that.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. So let's call the
 9
    question on the grant agreement. Sam, if you could call the
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    roll.
11
              MR. GUARDADO: Yeah. Okay. Senator Allen.
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              Senator Nguyen.
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              SENATOR NGUYEN: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Senator Pan.
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              SENATOR PAN: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember Nazarian.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN:
                                        Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember Chavez.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember O'Donnell.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: No.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Juan Mireles.
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              MR. MIRELES: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Cesar Diaz.
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              MR. DIAZ: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Daniel Kim.
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              MR. KIM: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Eraina Ortega.
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Motion passes.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. And now we will return
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    to the previous motion which is on the processing of the
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    acknowledged list. So the motion and the second on the
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    table are Option 1 with the clear direction that the
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    projects that might be deemed ineligible would come to us as
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    an appeal so we can consider those issues.
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              So please -- any further comment on that one?
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    Please call -- Mr. Allen.
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              SENATOR ALLEN: I support Senator Nguyen's
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    proposed on the -- I'm going to vote no on this and we'll
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    see what the Board does.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Thank you.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Senator Allen.
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              SENATOR ALLEN: No.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Senator Nguyen.
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              SENATOR NGUYEN: No.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Senator Pan.
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              SENATOR PAN: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember Nazarian.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER NAZARIAN: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember Chavez.
 2
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ:
                                      Aye.
 3
              MR. GUARDADO: Assemblymember O'Donnell.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: No.
 5
              MR. GUARDADO: Juan Mireles.
 6
              MR. MIRELES: No.
 7
              MR. GUARDADO: Cesar Diaz.
 8
              MR. DIAZ: Aye.
 9
              MR. GUARDADO: Daniel Kim.
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              MR. KIM: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Eraina Ortega.
12
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Aye.
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              MR. GUARDADO: Motion passes.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you. We have the
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    Consent Calendar, if you all want to stay for just --
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              MS. SILVERMAN: We actually have one action item
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    on appeal, so --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Oh, we have an appeal as
19
    well.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Really quick.
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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: Very quick. For Alameda --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I think there's no objection
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    to the appeal item.
24
              SENATOR NGUYEN: Move it.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Moved by Senator Nguyen.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Second.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Second by Mr. O'Donnell.
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    in favor the appeal item, please say aye.
         (Ayes)
 5
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And the Consent Calendar?
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              MS. SILVERMAN: The Consent Calendar ready for
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    approval.
 8
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay.
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              MR. DIAZ: Moved.
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              MR. KIM: Second.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: All in favor of the Consent
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    Calendar --
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         (Ayes)
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: I believe everyone is still
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    in the room, so we'll call that a unanimous vote and we'll
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    take up the Minutes at the next meeting.
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              MS. SILVERMAN: Okay. Yeah. We also -- clarify
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    to -- acknowledged list at a future -- we need to
19
    eliminate -- the record to reflect the School Facilities
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    Program unfunded list is withdrawn from Tab 8. And the
21
    future workload.
22
              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. But we don't need a
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    motion on that or you do.
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              MS. KAMPMEINERT: -- record to reflect --
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: All right. With no further
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public comment to come before the Board, we're adjourned.
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          (Whereupon, at 6:30 p.m. the proceedings were
    adjourned.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
4) ss. COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)
5	
6	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court
7	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American
8	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.
9	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:
LO	That the proceedings herein of the California
L1	State Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported
L2	and transcribed by me;
L3	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of
L 4	the proceedings as recorded;
L5	That I am a disinterested person to said action.
L6	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on
L7	June 7, 2017.
L8	
L9	
20	Mary C. Clark AAERT CERT*D-214
21	Certified Electronic Court Reporter and Transcriber
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23	
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ATTACHMENT F1

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, September 6, 2017

PRIORITY FUNDING SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION APPORTIONMENTS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To provide priority School Facility Program (SFP) funding Apportionments for \$433.3 million for the projects that submitted a valid certification.

DESCRIPTION

At the May 2011 State Allocation Board (Board) meeting, the Board approved proposed regulations establishing two annual filing periods for prioritizing school construction funding as cash proceeds became available to provide Apportionments. The Office of Administrative Law (OAL) then approved the regulations on July 27, 2011. The proposed regulations created two 30-day periods in which school districts could request to receive an Apportionment upon acknowledgement that a *Fund Release Authorization* (Form SAB 50-05) could be submitted within 90 days of receiving an Apportionment.

Based on the current regulations, the recent 30-day filing period began on May 10, 2017 and ended on June 8, 2017. Requests must have been physically received by the Office of Public School Construction (OPSC) on or before June 8, 2017 and are valid from July 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017.

By approving this item, the Board will provide approximately \$433.3 million in Apportionments for 131 projects that represents 68 school districts.

AUTHORITY

See Attachment A.

BACKGROUND

Requests/Acknowledgements

Pursuant to SFP Regulations, districts choosing to participate in the priority funding process must submit a request to convert an Unfunded Approval to an Apportionment. As part of the request, districts are required to make the following acknowledgements:

- The district understands that the time limit on fund release shall be no more than 90 days from the date of Apportionment.
- The District acknowledges that failure to submit a valid Fund Release Authorization (Form SAB 50-05) within the 90-day period will result in the project being rescinded without further Board action. A rescinded application will revert back to an Unfunded Approval at the bottom of the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) and cannot be guaranteed bond authority. The application will receive a new Unfunded Approval date of Tuesday, December 5, 2017.
- In the case that multiple rescissions are made by the SAB, each separate application will be placed
 at the bottom of the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) in the order of the original unfunded
 approval date. The district will not be required to resubmit the application and no further application
 review will be required.
- The district acknowledges that by participating in the priority funding process, the district is waiving
 its right to the 18-month timeline for fund release submittal

BACKGROUND (cont.)

By approving this item, the Board will provide approximately \$433.3 million in Apportionments for 131 projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) that have submitted priority funding requests and are eligible for an Apportionment. Any requests by districts to participate in the priority funding process that are not converted to Apportionments shall retain their date order position on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) unless the school district receives a second non-participation occurrence. Any project receiving a second non-participation occurrence will be rescinded without further Board action.

This priority funding round generated \$443.6 million in Apportionment requests from 70 school districts for 135 out of 138 unique projects, which represent 98 percent of the projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) that could have submitted requests. In this round, the Board is able to provide Apportionments for all \$433.3 in Apportionment requests. The remaining \$10.3 million in projects was unable to be apportioned at this time as updated approvals from the Division of the State Architect have not been obtained. The attachments provide detailed lists of the Apportionment requests received during this filing period that remain on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). The applications receiving an Apportionment are highlighted in Attachments B, C, D, E, F, and G.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

Current/Future Request Periods

Requests submitted during the 30-day period that ended on June 8, 2017 will expire on December 31, 2017. A new 30-day priority funding request filing period will begin on November 8, 2017 and will end on December 7, 2017. Requests submitted during that period will be valid from January 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018.

Fund Release Requirements

Districts receiving Apportionments are required to submit a valid Form SAB 50-05 containing an original signature for each approved application. Forms SAB 50-05 must be physically <u>received</u> by the OPSC at 707 Third Street, West Sacramento, CA 95605 prior to the close of business on Tuesday, December 5, 2017. If a district fails to submit a valid Form SAB 50-05 within the allotted time frame, the project will be rescinded without further Board action and will receive a new unfunded approval date of Tuesday December 5, 2017 on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans).

Grant Agreement

Pursuant to action taken by the Board at the June 5, 2017 meeting a Grant Agreement for the project with an original signature by an authorized District Representative must be submitted prior to, or concurrently with, the Form SAB 50-05 in order for the Form SAB 50-05 to be considered valid for all projects that are approved for placement on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) on or after June 5, 2017. Projects on the Unfunded List as of June 5, 2017 are exempt from this requirement.

Non-Participation in Priority Funding Process

On March 25, 2013, regulation amendments regarding non-participation in the priority funding process became effective. The regulation changes limit the number of times a district can choose not to participate in the priority funding process for a project on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). Projects receiving an Apportionment in this item but do not submit a valid Form SAB 50-05 by close of business on Tuesday, December 5, 2017 will receive one non-participation occurrence. If this is the project's second non-participation occurrence, the project will be fully rescinded without further Board action and will not return to the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). The bond authority associated with rescinded projects will return to the SFP.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

Listing of Attachments

Attachment A
Authority

Attachment B
Attachment C
Attachment C
Attachment D
Attachment D
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Attachment F
Attachment G
Authority
Unfunded Approvals Receiving Priority Funding Apportionments
Proposition 1A Unfunded Approvals as of August 23, 2017
Proposition 1D Unfunded Approvals as of August 23, 2017
Attachment G
Authority
Unfunded Approvals as of August 23, 2017
Authority
Unfunded Approvals as of August 23, 2017
All Unfunded Approvals as of August 23, 2017

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Approve Apportionments for the projects as shown on Attachment B in the amount of \$433.3 million.
- 2. Declare that all applications receiving Apportionments are subject to the new construction grant adjustment pursuant to EC Section 17072.11(b) and are not considered full and final until the Board has made the adjustment.

Attachment B Unfunded Approvals Receiving Priority Funding Apportionments

SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM State Allocation Board Meeting, September 6, 2017

County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Amount	Prop. 1A	Prop. 47	Prop. 1D	Prop. 51	Submitted Certification Letter May 2017
PLUMAS	PLUMAS UNIFIED	58/66969-00-001	Rehabilitation	G	10/1/2016	1/25/2017	0.00	0.00	684,432.00	·	684,432.00	684,432.00	0.00		0.00	
PLUMAS LOS ANGELES	PLUMAS UNIFIED BEVERLY HILLS UNIFIED	58/66969-00-001 51/64311-00-005	Rehabilitation Facility Hardship	G G	10/1/2016 6/27/2016	4/24/2017 4/24/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	153.00 6,547,668.00	153.00 6,547,668.00	684,585.00 7,232,253.00	153.00	0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00	
HUMBOLDT	SCOTIA UNION ELEMENTARY	58/63024-00-005	Rehabilitation	G	7/26/2016	4/24/2017	357,012.00	0.00	797,874.00		8,387,139.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	
SANTA BARBARA	SANTA BARBARA UNIFIED	51/76786-00-001	Facility Hardship	Ğ	12/22/2016	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	6,353,166.00	6,353,166.00	14,740,305.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	
LOS ANGELES	LANCASTER ELEMENTARY	58/64667-00-001	Rehabilitation	G	1/11/2017	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	323,472.00	323,472.00	15,063,777.00	0.00	0.00	323,472.00	0.00	Yes
CONTRA COSTA	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	58/61796-00-008	Rehabilitation	G	2/13/2017	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	5,341,020.00	5,341,020.00	20,404,797.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	Yes
ALAMEDA	ALAMEDA CITY UNIFIED	51/61119-01-001	Facility Hardship	G	2/15/2017	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	16,072,768.00	16,072,768.00	36,477,565.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	
ALAMEDA LOS ANGELES	SAN LORENZO UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	54/61309-00-002	Charter	G G	6/5/2007	4/24/2017 6/5/2017	0.00	230,951.90	230,951.90	461,903.80	36,939,468.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	•	0.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-585 57/64733-16-010	Modernization Modernization	G	5/10/2012 5/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	7,311,673.00 913,941.00	7,311,673.00 913,941.00	44,251,141.80 45,165,082.80	0.00	0.00		7,311,673.00 913,941.00	
ORANGE	PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED	57/66647-00-033	Modernization	G	5/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,758,421.00	1,758,421.00	46,923,503.80	0.00	0.00		1,758,421.00	
ORANGE	SANTA ANA UNIFIED	57/66670-00-052	Modernization	Ğ	5/11/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,220,891.00	3,220,891.00	50,144,394.80	0.00	0.00		3,220,891.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-137	Modernization	G	5/15/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	4,488,621.00	4,488,621.00	54,633,015.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,488,621.00	Yes
KERN	SIERRA SANDS UNIFIED	57/73742-00-008	Modernization	G	5/15/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	5,042,273.00	5,042,273.00	59,675,288.80	0.00	0.00		5,042,273.00	
ORANGE	ANAHEIM CITY	57/66423-00-030	Modernization	G	5/17/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	4,997,913.00	4,997,913.00	64,673,201.80	0.00	0.00		4,997,913.00	
FRESNO SAN JOAQUIN	CENTRAL UNIFIED STOCKTON UNIFIED	57/73965-00-006 57/68676-00-034	Modernization	G G	5/17/2012 5/21/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	1,502,290.00	1,502,290.00	66,175,491.80 66,876,199.80	0.00	0.00 0.00		1,502,290.00	
SAN DIEGO	SANTEE ELEMENTARY	57/68361-00-010	Modernization Modernization	G	5/25/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	700,708.00 259,210.00	700,708.00 259,210.00	67,135,409.80	0.00 0.00	0.00		700,708.00 259,210.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-37-006	Modernization	G	5/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	372,000.00	372,000.00	67,507,409.80	0.00	0.00		372,000.00	
MARIN	LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY	57/65367-00-003	Modernization	Ğ	5/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	716,504.00	716,504.00	68,223,913.80	0.00	0.00		716,504.00	
CONTRA COSTA	PITTSBURG UNIFIED	57/61788-00-009	Modernization	G	5/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,272,108.00	3,272,108.00	71,496,021.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,272,108.00	Yes
SAN DIEGO	GROSSMONT UNION HIGH	57/68130-00-018		G	6/1/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,943,275.00	1,943,275.00	73,439,296.80	0.00	0.00		1,943,275.00	
SAN JOAQUIN	STOCKTON UNIFIED	57/68676-00-035	Modernization	G	6/4/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	136,160.00	136,160.00	73,575,456.80	0.00	0.00		136,160.00	
SAN DIEGO	CARLSBAD UNIFIED	57/73551-00-009	Modernization	G	6/8/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,306,842.00	2,306,842.00	75,882,298.80	0.00	0.00		2,306,842.00	Yes
HUMBOLDT MARIN	EUREKA CITY UNIFIED LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY	57/75515-00-011 57/65367-00-004	Modernization Modernization	G G	6/8/2012 6/12/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	364,590.00 1,067,285.00	364,590.00 1,067,285.00	76,246,888.80 77,314,173.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		364,590.00 1,067,285.00	
FRESNO	WASHINGTON UNIFIED	57/76778-00-004	Modernization	G	6/12/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	5,906,065.00	5,906,065.00	83,220,238.80	0.00	0.00		5,906,065.00	
EL DORADO	LAKE TAHOE UNIFIED	57/61903-00-007	Modernization	Ğ	6/14/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,349,545.00	1,349,545.00	84,569,783.80	0.00	0.00		1,349,545.00	Yes
MENDOCINO	ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/65540-00-003	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	138,911.00	138,911.00	84,708,694.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	138,911.00	Yes
MENDOCINO	ANDERSON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/65540-00-004	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	615,885.00	615,885.00	85,324,579.80	0.00	0.00		615,885.00	Yes
SAN DIEGO	CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/67991-00-009	Modernization	G	6/14/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	861,779.00	861,779.00	86,186,358.80	0.00	0.00		861,779.00	
LOS ANGELES	ALHAMBRA UNIFIED	57/75713-00-026	Modernization	G	6/18/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	670,985.00	670,985.00	86,857,343.80	0.00	0.00		670,985.00	
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-586 57/64733-00-587	Modernization Modernization	G G	6/20/2012 6/20/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	1,872,505.00 1,451,872.00	1,872,505.00 1,451,872.00	88,729,848.80 90,181,720.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		1,872,505.00 1,451,872.00	Yes Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-588	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	835,808.00	835,808.00	91,017,528.80	0.00	0.00		835,808.00	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-17-012		Ğ	6/20/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,457,897.00	1,457,897.00	92,475,425.80	0.00	0.00		1,457,897.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-32-022	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	4,990,641.00	4,990,641.00	97,466,066.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,990,641.00	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-41-005	Modernization	G	6/20/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,708,281.00	2,708,281.00		0.00	0.00		2,708,281.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-138	Modernization	G	6/21/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,550,501.00	3,550,501.00	, ,	0.00	0.00		3,550,501.00	
GLENN SACRAMENTO	ORLAND JOINT UNIFIED SAN JUAN UNIFIED	57/75481-00-005 57/67447-00-058	Modernization Modernization	G G	6/22/2012 6/27/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	1,853,085.00 454,883.00	1,853,085.00		0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		1,853,085.00 454,883.00	
SANTA CLARA	EAST SIDE UNION HIGH	57/69427-00-033		G	6/27/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	4,219,003.00		106,032,816.80 110,251,819.80	0.00	0.00		4,219,003.00	
SAN DIEGO	SANTEE ELEMENTARY	57/68361-00-011	Modernization	Ğ	6/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,256,120.00	· · ·	112,507,939.80	0.00	0.00		2,256,120.00	
SONOMA	RINCON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/70896-00-008		G	7/2/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,478,771.00		113,986,710.80	0.00	0.00		1,478,771.00	
FRESNO	CENTRAL UNIFIED	57/73965-00-007	Modernization	G	7/3/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
SAN DIEGO	CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY	57/67991-00-010		G	7/5/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,131,010.00		116,117,720.80	0.00	0.00		2,131,010.00	
SAN MATEO	BELMONT-REDWOOD SHORES ELEMENTARY	57/68866-00-009	Modernization	G D	7/5/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,393,431.00		117,511,151.80	0.00	0.00		1,393,431.00	
BUTTE LOS ANGELES	MANZANITA ELEMENTARY LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-589	Modernization Modernization	G	7/10/2012 7/10/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	91,301.00	0.00	136,951.00 1,017,899.00	·	117,739,403.80 118,757,302.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		228,252.00 1,017,899.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-590	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,223,370.00	· · ·	120,980,672.80	0.00	0.00		2,223,370.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-592		Ğ	7/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,643,967.00	· · ·	122,624,639.80	0.00	0.00		1,643,967.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-39-007	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,206,184.00		124,830,823.80	0.00	0.00		2,206,184.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-61-009	Modernization	G	7/10/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	4,479,450.00	· · ·	129,310,273.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,479,450.00	
CONTRA COSTA	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	57/61796-00-044	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,101,173.00	· · ·	130,411,446.80	0.00	0.00		1,101,173.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-594	Modernization	G	7/11/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	746,327.00		131,157,773.80	0.00	0.00		746,327.00	
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-595 57/64733-16-011	Modernization Modernization	G G	7/11/2012 7/11/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00	1,157,123.00 1,138,224.00	· · ·	132,314,896.80 133,453,120.80	0.00	0.00		1,157,123.00 1,138,224.00	
ALAMEDA	OAKLAND UNIFIED	57/61259-00-070		G	7/11/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	261,354.00	· · ·	133,714,474.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		261,354.00	
CONTRA COSTA	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	57/61796-00-045		G	7/23/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,071,166.00	·	135,785,640.80	0.00	0.00		2,071,166.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-139		Ğ	7/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,720,850.00		137,506,490.80	0.00	0.00		1,720,850.00	
LOS ANGELES	BALDWIN PARK UNIFIED	57/64287-00-016	Modernization	G	7/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	402,829.00	402,829.00	137,909,319.80	0.00	0.00		402,829.00	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SAN DIEGO UNIFIED	57/68338-00-229		G	7/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,237,882.00	· · ·	140,147,201.80	0.00	0.00		2,237,882.00	
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/64352-00-005		G	8/1/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,452,253.00		141,599,454.80	0.00	0.00		1,452,253.00	
LOS ANGELES	ALHAMBRA UNIFIED	57/75713-00-027	Modernization	G	8/7/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	421,128.00	·	142,020,582.80	0.00	0.00		421,128.00	
ORANGE NAPA	SAVANNA ELEMENTARY CALISTOGA JOINT UNIFIED	57/66696-00-003 57/66241-00-003		G G	8/13/2012 8/16/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00	0.00	2,869,227.00 442,693.00	2,869,227.00	144,889,809.80 145,332,502.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		2,869,227.00 442,693.00	
ואטו ע	ONLIGITOON JOHNI UNII ILD	31/00241-00-003	IVIOUEITIIZALIUIT	G	0/10/2012	0/3/2017	0.00	0.00	-11 ∠,093.00	++∠,093.00	170,002,002.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11 2,093.00	Ye

Attachment B Unfunded Approvals Receiving Priority Funding Apportionments

SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM State Allocation Board Meeting, September 6, 2017

County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Amount	Prop. 1A	Prop. 47	Prop. 1D	Prop. 51	Submitted Certification Letter May 2017
BUTTE	CHICO UNIFIED	57/61424-00-004	Modernization	G	8/17/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,439,355.00	3,439,355.00	148,771,857.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,439,355.00	
CONTRA COSTA	MARTINEZ UNIFIED	57/61739-00-007	Modernization	G	8/17/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		2,304,026.00		151,075,883.80	0.00	0.00		2,304,026.00	
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/64352-00-004	Modernization	G	8/21/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,193,909.00	, ,	154,269,792.80	0.00	0.00		3,193,909.00	
VENTURA	SIMI VALLEY UNIFIED	57/72603-00-029	Modernization	G	8/28/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		2,993,640.00		157,263,432.80	0.00	0.00		2,993,640.00	
GLENN	LAKE ELEMENTARY	57/62596-00-001	Modernization	G	9/11/2012	6/5/2017	308,808.00		644,216.00	·	158,216,456.80	0.00	0.00		953,024.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-140	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,961,579.00		160,178,035.80	0.00	0.00		1,961,579.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	57/62166-00-141	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		5,531,483.00		165,709,518.80	0.00	0.00		5,531,483.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-597	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,032,271.00		166,741,789.80	0.00	0.00		1,032,271.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-598	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		550,676.00		167,292,465.80	0.00	0.00		550,676.00	
LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-00-599	Modernization	G G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00		437,796.00		167,730,261.80	0.00	0.00 0.00		437,796.00	
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	57/64733-38-022 57/64733-41-006	Modernization Modernization	G	9/19/2012 9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00 0.00		4,360,668.00 658,522.00	, ,	172,090,929.80 172,749,451.80	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	4,360,668.00 658,522.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-031	Modernization	G	9/19/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		786,282.00		173,535,733.80	0.00	12,382.00	0.00	773,900.00	
ORANGE	BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED	57/66449-00-012	Modernization	G	9/25/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,411,697.00	,	, ,	0.00	19,680.00	0.00	1,392,017.00	
TULARE	STRATHMORE UNION ELEMENTARY	57/72157-00-003	Modernization	6	10/3/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		0.00		174,547,450.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-019	Modernization	G	10/3/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		586,806.00		175,534,236.80	0.00	0.00		586,806.00	
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-020	Modernization	Ğ	10/3/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		911,821.00		, ,	0.00	0.00		911,821.00	
SONOMA	DUNHAM ELEMENTARY	57/70672-00-001	Modernization	G	10/5/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	0.00		, ,	0.00	0.00		0.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED	50/62166-00-024	New Construction	ı G	10/9/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	15,685,743.00	15,685,743.00	192,131,800.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,685,743.00) Yes
CONTRA COSTA	WEST CONTRA COSTA UNIFIED	57/61796-00-047	Modernization	G	10/11/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	946,931.00	946,931.00	193,078,731.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	946,931.00) Yes
VENTURA	VENTURA COUNTY OFFICE OF EDUCATION	57/10561-00-004	Modernization	G	10/12/2012	6/5/2017	436,839.00	0.00	655,258.00	1,092,097.00	194,170,828.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,092,097.00	Yes
SAN DIEGO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED		New Construction	ı G	10/16/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,457,114.00	3,457,114.00	197,627,942.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,457,114.00	
ORANGE	CYPRESS ELEMENTARY	57/66480-00-004	Modernization	G	10/16/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,955,840.00	, ,	199,583,782.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,955,840.00	
SANTA BARBARA	SOLVANG ELEMENTARY	57/69336-00-002	Modernization	G	10/16/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		3,549,252.00		203,133,034.80	0.00	0.00		3,549,252.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED		New Construction		10/17/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		6,708,658.00		209,841,692.80	0.00	0.00		6,708,658.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-032	Modernization	G	10/17/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		640,660.00	•	210,482,352.80	0.00	0.00		640,660.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED		New Construction		10/18/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		2,303,604.00		212,785,956.80	0.00	0.00		2,303,604.00	
MENDOCINO	MENDOCINO COUNTY OFFICE OF EDUCATION		Modernization	G	10/22/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	184,346.00		212,970,302.80	0.00	0.00		184,346.00	
KERN KERN	BAKERSFIELD CITY ELEMENTARY BAKERSFIELD CITY ELEMENTARY		New Construction New Construction		10/24/2012 10/24/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00 0.00		15,473,429.00 10,048,623.00		228,443,731.80 238,492,354.80	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		15,473,429.00 10,048,623.00	
RIVERSIDE	VAL VERDE UNIFIED		New Construction		10/24/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	21,621,701.00	, ,	260,114,055.80	0.00	0.00		21,621,701.00	
VENTURA	SIMI VALLEY UNIFIED	57/72603-00-030		G	10/24/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,872,262.00	, ,	261,986,317.80	0.00	0.00		1,872,262.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED		New Construction	-	10/25/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,018,414.00	, ,	263,004,731.80	0.00	0.00		1,018,414.00	
FRESNO	FRESNO UNIFIED		New Construction		10/25/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		546,654.00		263,551,385.80	0.00	0.00		546,654.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED		New Construction		10/26/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		2,312,050.00	•	265,863,435.80	0.00	0.00		2,312,050.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED		New Construction		10/26/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		6,217,866.00		272,081,301.80	0.00	0.00		6,217,866.00	
RIVERSIDE	TEMECULA VALLEY UNIFIED	50/75192-00-039	New Construction	ı G	10/26/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,563,291.00	, ,	273,644,592.80	0.00	0.00		1,563,291.00	
SONOMA	WINDSOR UNIFIED	50/75358-00-014	New Construction	ı G	10/26/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	141,044.00		273,785,636.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	141,044.00	
ORANGE	NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED	57/66597-00-033	Modernization	G	10/26/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,012,214.00	2,012,214.00	275,797,850.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,012,214.00) Yes
SAN MATEO	SEQUOIA UNION HIGH	50/69062-01-003	New Construction	ı G	10/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,478,179.00	1,478,179.00	277,276,029.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,478,179.00	Yes
LOS ANGELES	CULVER CITY UNIFIED	57/64444-00-009		G	10/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	2,127,431.00	, ,	279,403,460.80	0.00	0.00		2,127,431.00	
LOS ANGELES	CULVER CITY UNIFIED	57/64444-00-010		G	10/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		5,053,092.00	, ,	284,456,552.80	0.00	0.00		5,053,092.00	
SAN MATEO	BURLINGAME ELEMENTARY	57/68882-00-008	Modernization	G	10/29/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,548,512.00		286,005,064.80	0.00	0.00		1,548,512.00	
	VICTOR VALLEY UNION HIGH		New Construction		10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		3,242,878.00		289,247,942.80	0.00	0.00		3,242,878.00	
	VICTOR VALLEY UNION HIGH		New Construction		10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		0.00		000 111 500 00	0.00	0.00		0.00	
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED		New Construction		10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		4,166,578.00		293,414,520.80	0.00	0.00		4,166,578.00	
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED		New Construction		10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		1,485,437.00		294,899,957.80	0.00	0.00		1,485,437.00	
SAN DIEGO SAN MATEO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED BELMONT-REDWOOD SHORES ELEMENTARY		New Construction	ı G G	10/30/2012 10/30/2012	6/5/2017 6/5/2017	0.00		30,518,867.00 635,720.00		325,418,824.80	0.00	135,334.00		30,383,533.00 635,720.00	
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED	57/69641-00-029	Modernization Modernization	G	10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00 0.00		635,554.00	·	326,054,544.80 326,690,098.80	0.00 0.00	0.00		635,554.00	
SANTA CLARA	PALO ALTO UNIFIED	57/69641-00-030	Modernization	G	10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		720,787.00		327,410,885.80	0.00	0.00		720,787.00	
SAN DIEGO	SAN MARCOS UNIFIED	57/73791-00-005	Modernization	G	10/30/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		2,986,827.00	·	330,397,712.80	0.00	23,403.00	0.00	2,963,424.00	
CONTRA COSTA	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED		New Construction	_	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		612,224.00	, ,	331,009,936.80	0.00	0.00		612,224.00	
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	50/64352-02-001			10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		16,505,991.00	·	347,515,927.80	0.00	0.00		16,505,991.00	
LOS ANGELES	PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED		New Construction		10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		999,139.00		348,515,066.80	0.00	0.00		999,139.00	
SAN DIEGO	SOLANA BEACH ELEMENTARY		New Construction		10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		11,562,358.00	·	360,077,424.80	0.00	0.00		11,562,358.00	
ORANGE	TUSTIN UNIFIED		New Construction		10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		5,930,954.00		366,008,378.80	0.00	33,006.00	0.00	5,897,948.00	
SAN JOAQUIN	LAMMERSVILLE JOINT UNIFIED	50/76760-00-006	New Construction	ı G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	10,815,703.00	10,815,703.00	376,824,081.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,815,703.00	
CONTRA COSTA	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/61804-00-021	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	505,811.00		377,329,892.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	505,811.00) Yes
CONTRA COSTA	SAN RAMON VALLEY UNIFIED	57/61804-00-022	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,588,327.00		378,918,219.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,588,327.00	
LOS ANGELES	CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HIGH	57/64352-00-006	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	7,210,103.00		386,128,322.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,210,103.00	
LOS ANGELES	PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED	57/64865-00-025	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	1,856,645.00		387,984,967.80	0.00	0.00		1,856,645.00	
LOS ANGELES	WHITTIER UNION HIGH	57/65128-00-021	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	3,178,351.00		391,163,318.80	0.00	0.00		3,178,351.00) Yes
SANTA CLARA	FRANKLIN-MCKINLEY ELEMENTARY	57/69450-00-009	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		511,489.00	·	391,674,807.80	0.00	0.00		511,489.00	
SANTA CLARA	GILROY UNIFIED	57/69484-00-008	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		725,354.00	·	392,400,161.80	0.00	0.00		725,354.00	
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-021	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00		393,067.00	·	392,793,228.80	0.00	0.00		393,067.00	
LOS ANGELES	REDONDO BEACH UNIFIED	57/75341-00-022	Modernization	G	10/31/2012	6/5/2017	0.00	0.00	490,014.00	490,014.00	393,283,242.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	490,014.00) Ye g

Attachment B Unfunded Approvals Receiving Priority Funding Apportionments

SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM
State Allocation Board Meeting, September 6, 2017

County	School District	Application Number	Program	Approval	Received Date	SAB Unfunded Approval	Financial Hardship Apportionment	Loan	State Share	Total Apportionment	Cumulative Amount	Prop. 1A	Prop. 47	Prop. 1D	Prop. 51	Submitted Certification Letter May 2017
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	54/64733-00-064	Charter	G	9/28/2016	6/5/2017	0.00	5,763,689.00	5,763,689.00	11,527,378.00	404,810,620.80	0.00	0.00	11,527,378.00	0.00	Yes
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES UNIFIED	54/64733-00-073	Charter	G	3/3/2017	6/5/2017	0.00	6,528,225.60	21,992,859.60	28,521,085.20	433,331,706.00	0.00	8,332,284.00	20,188,801.20	0.00	Yes
							1,193,960	12,522,867	419,614,880	433,331,706		684,585	8,556,089	67,971,063	356,119,969	:

* D = Design grant only
S = Site grant only
J = Site and Design grant only
G = Full funding grant
L = Closeout

Proposition 1A Proposition 47 Proposition 1D Proposition 51

ATTACHMENT F2

1	CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD
2	PUBLIC MEETING
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5	
6	STATE CAPITOL
7	ROOM 447 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814
8	SACRAMENIO, CALIFORNIA 93014
9	
10	DATE: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2017
11	TIME: 4:01 P.M.
12	TIME. 4.01 L.M.
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20	
21	Reported By: Mary C. Clark Mary Clark Transcribing
22	4919 H Parkway Sacramento, CA 95823
23	(916) 428-6439 marycclark13@comcast.net
24	mar, corarning comodo c. nec
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1 APPEARANCES: 2 MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT: 3 ERAINA ORTEGA, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, Department of 4 Finance, designated representative for Michael Cohen, Director, Department of Finance 5 JEFFREY McGUIRE, Chief Deputy Director, Department of General 6 Services, designated representative for Daniel Kim, Director, Department of General Services 7 CESAR DIAZ, Appointee of Edmund G. Brown, Jr., Governor of 8 the State of California 9 JUAN MIRELES, Director, School Facilities and Transportation Services Division, California Department of Education, 10 designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public Instruction 11 SENATOR BENJAMIN ALLEN 12 SENATOR JANET NGUYEN 13 SENATOR RICHARD PAN 14 ASSEMBLYMEMBER ADRIN NAZARIAN 15 ASSEMBLYMEMBER ROCKY CHAVEZ 16 ASSEMBLYMEMBER PATRICK O'DONNELL **17** REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT: 18 LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer 19 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE 20 OF PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION (OPSC) PRESENT: 21 LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer BARBARA KAMPMEINERT, Deputy Executive Officer 22 REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, 23 OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT: 24 JONETTE BANZON, Staff Counsel 25

PROCEEDINGS

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CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: All right. Good afternoon, everyone. I will call to order the September 6th meeting of the State Allocation Board. Please call the roll.

6 MS. JONES: Senator Allen.

7 Senator Nguyen.

8 Senator Pan.

9 Assemblymember Nazarian.

10 Assemblymember Chavez.

11 ASSEMBLYMEMBER CHAVEZ: Here.

MS. JONES: Assemblymember O'Donnell.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Here.

MS. JONES: Juan Mireles.

MR. MIRELES: Here.

MS. JONES: Cesar Diaz.

MR. DIAZ: Here.

MS. JONES: Jeffrey McGuire.

MR. McGUIRE: Here.

MS. JONES: Eraina Ortega.

21 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Here.

MS. JONES: And Senator Pan.

SENATOR PAN: Here.

MS. JONES: Thank you. We have a quorum.

25 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: We have a quorum. Thank you

1 very much. We just have one item today under the Consent 2 Agenda. Lisa. 3 MS. SILVERMAN: The consent items are ready for your approval and to take action on the bond sale. 5 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Great. Thank you. Any 6 public comment on the consent items? All right. 7 SENATOR PAN: Actually --8 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yes. Please, Senator. 9 SENATOR PAN: I actually, unfortunately, was not 10 briefed on exactly what's on the consent items, so --11 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Oh, okay. Sure. Sure. 12 SENATOR PAN: -- I cannot give consent until I 13 know what it is. 14 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Absolutely. We'll ask Lisa 15 to give a summary of what the items are for. 16 MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah. We were activating the **17** projects as a result of the bond sale and so there was 18 \$446 million in projects that submitted certifications and 19 we combined that together with other projects that were part

There is a slight modification to the item as a result of the activation of the cash for the bond sale.

of the prior certifications and we're also bringing some

consent items that result in project funding for several

projects moving forward for Proposition 51. And so those

are the items that are a part of the Consent Agenda.

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There were a handful of projects that didn't have the Division of State Architect approvals in place. So we're working with the districts so that way they can ensure accessing the cash.

They will have their ability to come back once they have the Division of State Architect approval in place. So with that, that's a slight modification that we made last night.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And, Lisa, maybe since we have many new Board members since these projects were on the list, you could talk a little bit -- these are -- we are funding the projects that have been before the Board in the past for a reservation of funds, correct?

MS. SILVERMAN: Right. The Board took action on these projects on June 5th. So it was just a matter of those folks coming in and submitting certifications during that filing round and then we were able to match up those projects for funding as a result of the bond sale.

CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And so proceed -- the tradition of the Board has kind of been to have this consent only, kind of quick approval after the bond sale, but I do want to make clear that there has been a more thorough item before the Board previously on the projects.

I'll let Senator Pan finish and then we'll go to Mr. O'Donnell.

SENATOR PAN: No, I appreciate that. One of the things that I'm hoping -- you know, obviously there's a lot of different projects here and we want to help expedite moving forward. But I know I talked to staff before about on an ongoing basis doing at least, I would say sort of an aggregate profile of where the money is going.

So what I mean by that is obviously we have very specific projects, but like what percentage is going to which regions, to which districts, being sure so that we can -- and how that compares to, you know, the baseline.

I think that gives us a sense of, you know, being able to monitor aside from, you know, project by project, that if there's distribution, you know, all the money seems to be going to big districts and not the smaller -- that we can -- we're able to make note of that.

So while obviously we're looking at each -- people are reviewing each individual project and looking at each one, we also need to step back and look at the forest as well as the trees.

So I -- so I mean I think as we are doing these and obviously we have many projects, I think it's good to be able to have sort of a, you know, overview of, okay, now we've approved -- you know, I don't -- how many are in here? 400 or something?

MS. SILVERMAN: There's about 442 million.

SENATOR PAN: Yeah. Right. So 442, so, you know, 1 2 let's do an analysis of those 442 and how that fits -- you 3 know, how that -- so we're going through these characteristics, you know, sort of like -- kind of like an 5 overview, okay, 442 projects which represents what 6 percentage went where, et cetera. 7 So I mean we have a list of very individual ones, 8 but I think it's always helpful to be able to say, you know, 9 over the past year, this is how we distributed the money in 10 terms of different groups and so forth. 11 MS. SILVERMAN: And I apologize that we didn't 12 have the opportunity to brief you, but we'll definitely 13 consider that. I apologize. 14 CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Yeah. It seems like a 15 reasonable thing for the staff to present within a future 16 item. So we'll work on that. Mr. O'Donnell. **17** ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Just a quick question. 18 Are these funded at the 2017 models? 19 MS. SILVERMAN: No. Some of the projects --20 ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Help me understand 21 why/why not -- I mean why they would be/why they wouldn't 22 be. Just educate me, please. 23 MS. SILVERMAN: Well, the projects that were 24 approved on June 5th were taking action on the projects that

were -- had prior approval. So those are the projects that

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    submitted prior to the regulation change. So the
    applications for funding may have came in before the
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    November 1st, 2012.
              So once those applications were introduced and
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    approved by the Board, even though we didn't have bond
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    authority, they were approved at the project approvals at
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    that point in time. So they didn't factor in an adjustment.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Okay. Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay. Any other questions or
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    comments from the Board members? Any public comment on this
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    item? All right. Seeing none, is there a motion to approve
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    the Consent Agenda?
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              MR. DIAZ: So moved.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Okay.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER O'DONNELL: Second.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Moved by Mr. Diaz, seconded
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    by Mr. O'Donnell. All in favor of the Consent Agenda before
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    us please say aye.
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         (Ayes)
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And that passes. And please
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    note that -- I think Senator Nguyen and Assemblymember
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    Nazarian joined the meeting, so they are aye votes on that
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    as well.
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              MS. JONES: So noted.
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: And that is all that is to
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come before us. Any public comment on items not on the
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    agenda? Okay. Seeing none, I'm going to give Senator Allen
    a few minutes to come and add on. Okay. Thanks, everyone.
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         (Off record)
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              CHAIRPERSON ORTEGA: Thank you, Senator Allen, for
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    an aye --
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          (Whereupon, at 4:09 p.m. the proceedings were
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    adjourned.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE								
2									
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)								
4	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)								
5									
6	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court								
7	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American								
8	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.								
9	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:								
10	That the proceedings herein of the California								
11	State Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported								
12	and transcribed by me;								
13	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of								
14	the proceedings as recorded;								
15	That I am a disinterested person to said action.								
16	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on								
17	September 7, 2017.								
18									
19									
20	Mary C. Clark AAERT CERT*D-214								
21	Certified Electronic Court Reporter and Transcriber								
22									
23									
24									
25									

State Allocation Board Unfunded List Completion Data based on the "Closed Date" from the Division of the State Architect Project Tracker

(as of 9/17/2018)

			Accumulated
Year*	# of Projects	% of all Projects	Total
2008	1	0.8%	0.8%
2009	1	0.8%	1.6%
2010	0	0.0%	1.6%
2011	3	2.3%	3.9%
2012	8	6.2%	10.1%
2013	15	11.6%	21.7%
2014	34	26.4%	48.1%
2015	38	29.5%	77.5%
2016	14	10.9%	88.4%
2017**	3	2.3%	90.7%
Subtotal:	117	90.7%	
Not Complete	12	9.3%	
	129	100.0%	

^{*} Based on the closed date listed in the Division of the State Architect (DSA) Project Tracker. Projects typically commence 2-4 years prior to completion.

^{**} Last project closed by DSA September 21, 2017.

ATTACHMENT TO SCHOOL DISTRICT APPEAL REQUEST FORM SAB 189

REASON FOR APPEAL

The Santa Ana Unified School District ("Santa Ana Unified" or "District") respectfully requests the State Allocation Board ("Board" or "SAB") adjust the project apportionments awarded on September 6, 2017, to reflect the 2017 per-pupil grant amounts instead of the 2013 per-pupil grant amounts that were incorrectly applied.

As demonstrated below, the statutory and regulatory provisions that apply here are unambiguous. They require the Board to adjust the District's per-pupil grant amount to reflect changes to the construction cost index and inflation in the year of the apportionment, not the year in which the application is approved. The Board has interpreted the law to require adjustments to grants based on the year of apportionment (not the year of approval) each and every time new bonds have become available – except on September 6, 2017, when the Board made its first apportionment of new statewide bond funds under Proposition 51. This appeal provides an opportunity to apply the correct statutory adjustments to the project apportionment awarded to Santa Ana Unified, and to make that award consistent with long-standing Board precedents.

BACKGROUND

Santa Ana Unified is located in Orange County and has an enrollment of 54,505 pupils. The District submitted an application for modernization funding to the Office of Public School Construction ("OPSC") on May 11, 2012, for the Kenneth E. Mitchell Child Development Center, OPSC Application Number 57/66670-00052.

The application was received by OPSC before November 1, 2012, and subsequently approved when there was no statewide bond authority to reserve funds for the project. In accordance with the regulations in effect at that time,¹ and after review by OPSC, the Board approved the project and placed it on the Unfunded List (Lack of Bond Authority)² at its meeting on December 12, 2012. Bond authority was not reserved for the project.

Proposition 51 (2016) was approved by California voters on November 6, 2016, to provide \$7 billion in statewide bonding authority for K-12 school facility projects and \$2 billion for community college facility projects. At its September 6, 2017, meeting, the Board voted to reserve (i.e., "apportion") \$433.3 million of Proposition 51 funds to projects on the Unfunded List. The vast majority of these projects, including those of Santa Ana Unified, had waited nearly a half-decade to receive this funding.

At the time of apportionment, when a reservation of funds is made, the Board is required to adjust the district's per-pupil grant amount to reflect changes in the construction cost index. But when the Board voted to apportion funds for Santa Ana Unified's project on September 6, 2017, it failed

^{1.} See 2 Cal. Code Regs. § 1859.95.

^{2.} See 2 Cal. Code Regs. § 1859.95 ("When the Board has no funds to apportion . . . the Board will also accept and process applications for apportionment for purposes of developing an Unfunded List based on the date the application is Ready for Apportionment..."); § 1859.2 (defining "Unfunded List" and "Ready for Apportionment").

to make the statutorily required construction cost index adjustment. As a result, the District's apportionments were based on the per-pupil grants in 2012, the year the Board established the District's unfunded approval.³

DISTRICT POSITION

When a school district's application has been approved by the Board in the absence of available bond funds, the Education Code requires the Board to subsequently adjust that district's per-pupil grant amount to reflect changes to the construction cost index and inflation in the year of the apportionment, not the year in which the application is approved.⁴ The Board's past practices have consistently and reliably applied this statutory requirement to its unfunded list once new bond funds become available – except on September 6, 2017, when the board made its first apportionment of new statewide bond funds since 2012, but failed to adjust those grants pursuant to the Education Code.

The District respectfully requests the Board adjust the District's 2017 apportionment to reflect 2017 per-pupil grant amounts, not 2012 per-pupil grant amounts, for the following reasons:

I.		upil grant amounts must be adjusted to reflect construction cost changes in the f the apportionment, not the year of the application's approval	3					
	a.	The Education Code requires grants to be adjusted for changes in the construction cost index in the year of apportionment	3					
	b.	The Board must apply 2017 grant amounts to Santa Ana Unified's project in order to comply with the strict requirements of the Education Code	4					
II.	past p	ery instance when a new statewide bond measure has passed, the Board's ractice has consistently been to adjust apportionments for projects on the Und List (Lack of Bond Authority)	5					
III.	Similarly situated projects should be treated equitably and fairly							
IV.	Applying the 2017 grant amount will greatly benefit the District, despite still being insufficient to meet the true costs of the projects							
V.	The District's signature and certification of Form SAB 50-05 does not preclude an appeal to seek additional state funding							

A more detailed explanation of our position follows.

^{3.} See Exhibit A, SAB Agenda (December 12, 2012), pp. 28 & 52.

^{4.} See Education Code §§ 17072.10, subd. (b), and § 17074.10, subd. (b) (all further statutory references are to the Education Code).

- I. Per-pupil grant amounts must be adjusted to reflect construction cost changes in the year of the apportionment, not the year of the application's approval.
 - a. The Education Code requires grants to be adjusted for changes in the construction cost index in the year of apportionment.

The School Facilities Program grant process is comprised of several unique and distinguishable steps. The steps most important to note for purposes of this appeal include (1) the determination of the district's grant eligibility, (2) the Board's approval of the district's application, and (3) the Board's apportionment of those funds, also known as the reservation of funds.

The Education Code expressly requires an adjustment of the grant amount, pursuant to changes in the construction cost index, to be made at the time of apportionment.

Determination of grant eligibility. A calculation of the district's eligibility for new construction and modernization funding under the School Facility Program (completed using Form SAB 50-01, 50-02, and/or 50-03) is made early in the application process. In general, a school district's total funding eligibility is based on the formula established in the Education Code. For new construction apportionments, the district's per-unhoused-pupil grant amount ("grant amount") is multiplied by the number of unhoused pupils in that district. For modernization apportionments, the number of pupils in buildings of a certain age is multiplied by the pupil grant amount. Once a district establishes its eligibility, a district can submit this form to apply for funds (see Form SAB 50-04).

Board approval of application. The approval of applications occurs earlier in the School Facilities Program process relative to the apportionment. Projects approved in the absence of bonding authority are placed on an "unfunded list" known as the "Unfunded List (Lack of Bond Authority)." Projects approved when there *is* bond authority, but a lack of cash to make apportionments, are placed on a different unfunded list known as the "Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans)." In both cases, unfunded approvals are subject to a construction cost index adjustment in the year when bond authority becomes available and funds are reserved for the projects.

Apportionment, or reservation of funds. An apportionment is "a reservation of funds for the purpose of eligible new construction, modernization, or hardship approved by the board for an applicant school district," according to the Education Code. The School Facility Program regulations further underscore the Education Code's definition of an apportionment as a "reservation of funds" by stating that an apportionment does not occur until after a priority funding request is made: "In order to be considered for an *Apportionment*... the district or charter school must provide a priority funding request in the form of a written statement... to convert the unfunded approval to an *Apportionment*."

At the time of apportionment, the Board must apply an annual adjustment to that grant amount based on changes in the "statewide cost index for class B construction." The annual adjustments to the per-pupil grant amount—better known as construction cost index, or "CCI," adjustments—is intended to protect the value of the approved grant over time. Thus, if an approved project goes

^{5.} See footnote 2.

^{6. § 17070.15;} see also §§ 17072.30, 17072.32, 17074.16.

^{7. 2} Cal. Code Regs. § 1859.90.2, subd. (a) (emphasis added).

^{8. § 17072.10 (}new construction) and § 17074.10 (modernization).

unfunded for several years due to unavailability of cash or bond funds, the ultimate apportionment is adjusted pursuant to that year's CCI to preserve the grant's value.

The timing of the CCI adjustment is an original feature of the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 ("Act"). For new construction projects, the Act states:

The board annually *shall adjust* the per-unhoused-pupil *apportionment* to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the board.¹⁰

Likewise, for modernization projects, purchasing power protections are guaranteed by Education Code section 17074.10(b), which mirrors the intent and purpose of the new construction provisions (above):

The board shall annually adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board.¹¹

Because the Education Code requires a CCI adjustment to occur in the year of apportionment, the Education Code's definition of "apportionment" offers an explicit understanding of when the CCI adjustment must occur: upon fund reservation. By definition and regulation, an unfunded approval can never be considered an apportionment because an apportionment requires (1) grant approval, (2) a request by the district to participate in the Priority Funding Process; and (3) available cash to reserve the funds for that grant.

In short, the Education Code requires that the Board must adjust grant amounts at the time of apportionment, or reservation of funds, not at the time of application approval.

b. The Board must apply 2017 grant amounts to Santa Ana Unified's project in order to comply with the strict requirements of the Education Code.

During the Board meeting of September 6, 2017, the Board voted to apportion funds to 120 projects, including one project at Santa Ana Unified. Many of these projects were approved by the Board five years prior, in 2012 and 2013, but awaited the availability of statewide bond funds in order to receive an apportionment from the Board. At its September 6, 2017, meeting, OPSC staff stated that the project apportionments being made did not include an adjustment for the 2017 perpupil grant because, "even though we didn't have bond authority, they were approved at the project approvals [sic] at that point in time." The inference was the unfunded approval provided by the Board over four years prior defined and set the apportionment amount. This assertion is not supported by the law.

The unfunded approval of December 12, 2012, did not constitute an apportionment, as the Board did not approve a reservation of funds at that time. Not only was there no cash available to reserve the funds for that grant, but, as the OPSC made clear in its December 12, 2012, agenda item, "these applications were received prior to November 1, 2012 for which State bond authority [was]

^{9.} See § 17071.10 et seq. (Ch. 407, Stats. 1998).

^{10. § 17072.10,} subd. (b) (emphasis added).

^{11. § 17074.10,} subd. (b) (emphasis added) (subdivision (a) relates to "the maximum total new construction grant eligibility").

^{12.} See Exhibit B, SAB Transcript (September 6, 2017), p. 8.

insufficient to provide funds."¹³ None of these projects were noted in the Status of Funds as having bond authority reserved.¹⁴ Ultimately, the reservation of funds was not made until September 6, 2017, when the Board apportioned these projects and after the District requested to participate in the Priority Funding Process. Consistent with the Education Code, the Board is required to provide apportionments reflecting the per-pupil grants in effect at the time the reservation of funds is made – in this case, the 2017 grant amounts.

The case for applying 2017 grant amounts is underscored by statements by the Board's legal counsel ("Board Counsel"). In February 2012, Board Counsel responded to multiple Board members' concerns of whether the Board would be out of compliance with the law if it failed to adjust the CCI for projects that had been on the unfunded list for many years. Then, as is true today, Board Counsel stated, "[t]echnically you're not out of legal compliance unless you make an apportionment" in a subsequent year "and you don't do the adjustment." Heeding the Board Counsel's legal advice, the Board voted that day not to adjust the CCI, with the understanding that, "[a]s long as at the time of apportionment you give the amount that you are authorizing as a CCI, you're fine."

Contrary to the admonitions of Board Counsel, however, the Board failed to adjust per-pupil grant amounts in the year of apportionment at its meeting on September 6, 2017. Approval of this appeal will bring the Board into legal compliance with the strict requirements of the Education Code.

II. In every instance when a new statewide bond measure has passed, the Board's past practice has consistently been to adjust apportionments for projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of Bond Authority).

Since the inception of the School Facility Program, the Board has consistently applied the CCI adjustment, upon apportionment, for projects (like Santa Ana Unified's) that were placed on an unfunded list due to lack of bond authority. Once bond authority became available, the reservation of funds ("apportionment") was made based on the CCI in effect at the time. ¹⁷ While the law alone supports our request, the Board's past practice has created a reasonable expectation that districts across the state have justifiably relied upon when developing their facility projects.

The only exceptions to this general rule occurred during the Great Recession for projects placed on an unfunded list due to the lack of *cash*, i.e., the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans). ¹⁸ In these limited number of recession-era cases, the Board's decisions to not apply the CCI adjustment for projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) were distinguishable from Santa Ana Unified's project in two important ways.

First, Santa Ana Unified's project is on the unfunded list for lack of bond authority, not for lack of cash. Never, in the history of the School Facilities Program, has a project on the Unfunded List (Lack of Bond Authority) failed to receive a CCI adjustment in the year of apportionment – until September 2017.

Second, the recession-era rationale motivating the Board's decision to conservatively mete out statewide bonds for projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) no longer applies today.

^{13.} See Exhibit A, SAB Agenda (December 12, 2012), p. 28.

^{14.} See Exhibit C, SAB Agenda (December 12, 2012), p. 172.

^{15.} Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), p. 120.

^{16.} Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), p. 120.

^{17.} See Exhibit E, SAB Agenda (February 22, 2012), p. 134.

^{18.} See Exhibit E, SAB Agenda (February 22, 2012), p. 134 (last three table entries).

Six years ago, the Board was troubled by dwindling Proposition 1D (2006) bond funds. The Board sought to prolong the availability of bond funds to prevent Level III developer fees from being triggered and thereby slowing housing and commercial construction even further.¹⁹ This was an extraordinary time for the School Facilities Program – a fact readily acknowledged by OPSC staff. In their February 2012 board agenda item, OPSC staff wrote, "there has not been a precedent of instances such as the current unfunded approvals list, for which there is both a lack of cash and diminishing bond authority remaining with no anticipated influx of additional authority in the near future."²⁰ The Board's recession-era rationale on CCI adjustments—which, as some board members and OPSC staff at the time conceded, ran contrary to the plain text of the law²¹—is not applicable to the current status of the School Facilities Program. The passage of Proposition 51 (2016) has created \$9 billion in available funds and offers no "extralegal" rationale to not adjust grant amounts pursuant to the CCI in the year of apportionment.

Notably, in spite of these broader economic concerns, the Board still attempted to apply CCI adjustments in the year of apportionment where possible. In 2010, for example, the Board did not give a CCI adjustment to projects on its Unfunded List (Lack of AB 55 Loans) because "the 2010 CCI was the first decrease in the history of the SFP."²² Nevertheless, "when the CCI increased in 2011, the Board elected to apply the 2011 grant amounts to all projects originally awarded 2010 amounts."²³ Similarly, in February 2012, the Board did not provide a CCI adjustment to its unfunded approvals because the Board resolved to adjust the apportionments when the requisite bond authority became available. Many Board Members, as well as Board Counsel, agreed that the CCI adjustment must occur subsequently, at the time of apportionment (see above, Section I(b)).

Santa Ana Unified, like so many school districts across the state, has justifiably relied on the Board's consistent past practice of applying a CCI adjustment, upon apportionment, to projects on the Unfunded List (Lack of Bond Authority) when bond authority becomes available. With the financial crisis behind us, and reservations of funds made in 2017 for our project, the Board's precedential actions between 1999 and 2006 clearly apply here.

III. Similarly situated projects should be treated equitably and fairly.

This appeal offers the Board an opportunity to promote predictability and equity among the project applications it receives. The overwhelming majority of projects apportioned at the Board meeting of September 6, 2017, were received by OPSC in 2012. But these were not the only projects OPSC received that year. Indeed, OPSC received more projects in the subsequent two months of 2012, and hundreds more projects were received throughout the next year, in 2013.

These later applications, which followed closely on the heels of Santa Ana Unified's project, received apportionments at the December 2017 Board meeting based on 2017 per-pupil grant amounts or are expected to receive approvals in 2018 and be apportioned based on the per-pupil grant in effect at that time of the approval. Compare this with Santa Ana Unified's project, which

^{19.} See Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), p. 111 ("Given where we are with bond authority and the unique circumstance where we're out of cash and bond authority with no expectation of more bond authority in the future, staff's recommending . . . the Board take no action and don't provide adjusts to the school facility grants for any project added to the unfunded list prior to January 2012.").

^{20.} Exhibit E, SAB Agenda (February 22, 2012), p. 134.

^{21.} See Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), pp. 111–12, 116, 119, 121, 124.

^{22.} Exhibit E, SAB Agenda (February 22, 2012), p. 134.

^{23.} Exhibit E, SAB Agenda (February 22, 2012), p. 134.

has been funded at the CCI levels in effect in 2012. This differing treatment, while flatly unfair to projects received earlier in the process, will result in a real-world disadvantage to Santa Ana Unified and the other applications apportioned on September 6, 2017. The fact that this project, received by OPSC five years ago, will receive a different adjustment to its apportionment—reflecting 2012 grant amounts, versus 2017 grant amounts—is inexplicable.

The only distinction between a project received by OPSC in May 2012, versus a project received in December 2012, is the date of review and approval. This is a distinction without a difference because, in both cases, neither sets of projects received a reservation of funds (apportionment) until 2017, or later. As the law makes clear, the CCI adjustment must be made based on the year of apportionment, not the year of approval (see above, Section I(a)). And as a matter of policy, the Board should strive to mitigate the administrative arbitrariness and unfairness created by this distinction by following the plain text of the law and applying the CCI adjustment in the year of apportionment, rather than on a month-to-month basis, based on the date of an application's receipt by OPSC.

While the Board should strive to treat similarly situated projects in an equitable manner for reasons of fairness, the failure to do so promotes an impression among the public that the School Facility Program is, at any time, subject to arbitrary changes, even when a project is already in the system. The issue of arbitrariness in applying the CCI has awaited resolution for many years. In February 2012, Board Member and Assembly Member, Joan Buchanan, urged the Board to clarify when it will apply CCI adjustments going forward: "I would suggest that we make sure we clarify that so we don't end up where we are now where we've done one thing one time and another, another and we have that clarity and then it's undone consistently in the future." Even though several Board Members and OPSC staff acknowledged the statutory requirement to apply the adjustment in the year of apportionment, the Board did not provide clarity or set forth a consistent policy, whether through regulation or in practice, on how to apply the law.

School districts plan their projects years in advance, often taking into account local and logical considerations that go far beyond the state matching grant, critical as it is. Unexpected changes, such as the inconsistent application of CCI adjustments, undermine the public's faith in the Program. A major role of the Board is to establish consistent and predictable practices that help school districts plan for their financial futures and facility needs.

IV. Applying the 2017 grant amounts will greatly benefit the District, despite still being insufficient to meet the true costs of the projects.

Providing the District with an apportionment based on the 2017 grant amounts will directly and tangibly benefit the education of students within the District. The reality is the District spent more on the project than it has received from the state, including the matching funds required. Santa Ana Unified spent a total of \$21,407,366 on the project. When compared to the state grant received, plus the District match required on the project, the District spent \$16,039,214 more than it received and it was required to match. Applying the 2017 grant amount will not create an excessive or gratuitous benefit to the district, but it will help Santa Ana Unified pay for a minor but meaningful portion of the project's true costs.

V. The District's signature and certification of Form SAB 50-05 does not preclude an appeal to seek additional state funding.

^{24.} See Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), p. 117.

^{25.} See Exhibit D, SAB Transcript (February 22, 2012), pp. 111–12, 116, 119, 121, 124.

The Education Code requires, "[a]s a condition of receipt of funds, a school district shall certify that the grant amount, combined with local funds, shall be sufficient to complete the school construction project for which the grant is intended." This statutory requirement gives rise, in part, to the form, SAB 50-05, which all districts must sign as a condition of their fund release.

This certification requirement—which pertains only to a district's ability to complete the project given all available funds—is sometimes confused with the concept that a district is waiving any right to receive additional funding for the application in the future. Such a waiver does not exist in statute, regulation, or under SAB 50-05. The reason for this confusion is not a mystery, as the above certification requirement is located in the Education Code under a section entitled, "State's full and final contribution." The first sentence of Section 17070.63(a) speaks to the full and final contribution "under this chapter," meaning the state cannot, under the Greene Act, provide more funding to a district than the Act permits by its own statutory authority:

The total funding provided under this chapter shall constitute the state's full and final contribution to the project and for eligibility for state facilities funding represented by the number of unhoused pupils for which the school district is receiving the state grant.²⁷

The "full and final contribution" sentence in Section 17070.63(a) does not, however, bear any relationship to the District's certifications in the SAB 50-05. It is the second sentence of Section 17070.63(a), relating to the sufficiency of the combined state and local funding, that informs the SAB 50-05:

The grant amount provided by the State, combined with local matching funds or the Joint-Use Partner's financial contribution, are sufficient to complete the school construction project, unless the request is for a separate site and/or design apportionment 28

The District's certification of SAB 50-05 is not a waiver relating to the state's "full and final contribution" because the form pertains only to whether the combination of state and local funds will be "sufficient to complete the school construction project for which the grant is intended."²⁹

CONCLUSION

The District requests the Board adjust the District's 2017 apportionment to reflect 2017 per-pupil grant amounts, not 2013 per-pupil grant amounts.

^{26. § 17070.63,} subd. (a); see also 2 Cal. Code Regs. § 1859.90 ("Fund Release Process").

^{27. § 17070.63,} subd. (a).

^{28.} Form SAB 50-05, p. 3 (see District Representative's certifications, third bullet).

^{29. § 17070.63,} subd. (a).