

BEFORE THE
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE MATTER OF:
PARENTS ON BEHALF OF STUDENT,

v.

COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT.

OAH CASE NUMBER 2021061041

ORDER FOLLOWING PREHEARING CONFERENCE FOR
HEARING BY VIDEOCONFERENCE

SEPTEMBER 10, 2021

On September 10, 2021, Administrative Law Judge Charles Marson, Office of Administrative Hearings, held a prehearing conference by videoconference. The Administrative Law Judge is called an ALJ. The Office of Administrative Hearings is called OAH. The prehearing conference is called a PHC.

Devan M. Brothers and Wilmary Torres, Attorney at Laws, appeared on behalf of Student. Rodolfo Estrada, Attorney at Law, appeared on behalf the Compton Unified School District. The PHC was recorded. Based upon discussion with the parties, the ALJ issues the following order:

HEARING DATES, TIMES, AND LOCATION

DUE PROCESS HEARING

The hearing will take place on September 28, 29 and 30, 2021, and continue day to day at the discretion of the ALJ. The hearing shall begin at 9:30 a.m. each day and generally end at 3:30 p.m., unless otherwise ordered. The parties anticipate it will take between three and seven days to complete the hearing. Additional hearing dates will be discussed with the ALJ during the hearing if necessary.

HEARING LOCATION

OAH is authorized to conduct due process hearings by videoconference or telephone. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 5, § 3082, subd. (g).) Based on state and federal guidance to address safety procedures due to the novel coronavirus, COVID-19, OAH will conduct the due process hearing by videoconference using the Microsoft Teams application. Unless otherwise ordered, participants are required to appear by videoconference using a webcam and Microsoft Teams.

The parties shall immediately notify all potential witnesses of the hearing dates and shall subpoena witnesses, if necessary, to ensure that the witnesses will appear to testify. A party's failure to notify or subpoena a witness to testify will not be considered good cause to continue the hearing. Instructions for issuing and responding to subpoenas and optional forms for subpoenas can be found on the website at <https://www.dgs.ca.gov/OAH/Case-Types/Special-Education/Forms/Subpoenas?search=special%20education%20subpoena>.

ISSUES AND PROPOSED RESOLUTIONS

ISSUES

The ALJ has slightly altered the statement of some issues as allowed by the holdings in *J.W. v. Fresno Unified Sch. Dist.* (9th Cir. 2010) 626 F.3d 431, 442-443, and *Ford v. Long Beach Unified Sch. Dist.* (9th Cir. 2017) 291 F.3d 1086, 1090. (But see *M.C. v. Antelope Valley Union High Sch. Dist.* (9th Cir. 2017) 858 F.3d 1189, 1196, fn. 2 [dictum].) No change in substance has been made. A party believing that an issue has been misstated or improperly omitted shall promptly file a notice in writing stating its concern and referring to supporting portions of the complaint. No motion to amend the statement of issues will be considered unless it is made in writing before the hearing.

The issues at the due process hearing, and proposed resolutions, as alleged in the complaint and clarified by the parties and the ALJ during the PHC are:

1. Did Compton fail to offer Student a free appropriate public education, called a FAPE, for the 2019-2020 school year by:
 - a) breaching the settlement agreement executed on May 22, 2019, by
 - 1) failing to conduct and present an independent educational evaluation of Student in the area of occupational therapy within a reasonable time;
 - 2) failing to modify the offer of a FAPE within 30 days of the execution of the agreement by increasing language and speech services to two hours per week;
 - 3) failing to conduct an individualized education program, called IEP, meeting within 30 days of execution of the agreement; an

- 4) failing to implement the agreed-upon compensatory speech and language hours;
- b) failing to assess Student in all areas of suspected disability; specifically, in the areas of gross motor needs through an adapted physical education evaluation; fine motor and sensory needs through an occupational therapy evaluation; augmentative and alternative communication/assistive technology needs; and behavior through a functional behavior analysis;
- c) failing to conduct a timely annual IEP team meeting on or before November 16, 2019;
- d) failing to conduct a legally compliant evaluation in the area of adapted physical education;
- e) failing to develop an adequate and legally compliant IEP, with adequate and legally compliant present levels of performance, baselines and goals, services and placement to address Student's deficits in the areas of behavior; speech and language deficits, including articulation, expressive/receptive language, and social pragmatics; gross/fine motor delays; sensory integration; socialization; and academic deficits;
- f) failing to develop an adequate behavioral intervention plan and offer adequate behavioral supports and services;
- g) failing to place Student in the least restrictive environment;
- h) impeding Parents' participation during the January 21, May 19, May 27, and June 11, 2020 IEP team meetings by:
 - 1) failing to provide Parents and other IEP team members with evaluative and progress-related information necessary to develop an adequate and legally compliant IEP;

- 2) failing to provide Parents with a complete and final copy of the IEP documents reflecting the meetings for consent;
 - 3) failing to provide Parents with a complete copy of Student's educational and cumulative records in order to participate in the IEP process;
 - 4) failing to make a clear and coherent offer of services; and
 - i) failing to implement Student's November 16, 2018 IEP from March 2020 through the end of the 2019-20 school year, including the extended school year?
2. Did Compton fail to offer Student a FAPE for the 2020–2021 school year by:
- a) breaching the settlement agreement executed on May 22, 2019, by failing to implement the agreed-upon compensatory speech and language hours;
 - b) failing to assess in all areas of suspected disability; specifically, in the areas of fine motor and sensory needs through an occupational therapy evaluation; augmentative and alternative communication/assistive technology needs; and behavior through a functional behavior analysis;
 - c) failing to provide Parents with requested independent educational evaluations in the areas of psychoeducational needs and speech and language development;
 - d) failing to develop an adequate and legally compliant IEP, with adequate and legally compliant present levels of performance, baselines and goals, services and placement to address Student's deficits in the areas of behavior; speech and language deficits, including articulation, expressive/receptive language, and social pragmatics; gross/fine motor delays; sensory integration; socialization; and academic deficits;
 - e) failing to develop an appropriate behavioral intervention plan and offer adequate behavioral supports and services;

- f) failing to place Student in the least restrictive environment;
- g) impeding Parents' participation during the January 26 and May 28, 2021

IEP team meetings by:

- 1) failing to provide Parents and other IEP team members with evaluative and progress-related information necessary to develop an adequate and legally compliant IEP;
- 2) failing to provide Parents with a complete and final copy of the IEP documents reflecting the meetings for consent;
- 3) failing to provide Parents with a complete copy of Student's educational and cumulative records in order to participate in the IEP process; and
- 4) failing to make a clear and coherent offer of services;
- h) failing to implement Student's November 16, 2018 IEP from August 2020 through November 5, 2020; and
- i) failing to implement Student's January 21, 2020 IEP from November 6, 2020 through the end of the 2020-21 school year, including extended school year?

PROPOSED RESOLUTIONS

The resolutions requested by Student include

- Placement at a nonpublic school designed to meet the needs of students with autism who can access the general education curriculum;
- Compensatory education for the 2019–20 and 2020-21 school years in the form of academic tutoring services, speech and language services, occupational therapy services, behavioral services, and social skills;

- Independent educational evaluations in the areas of psychoeducation, occupational therapy, speech and language development, augmentative and alternative communication, and behavior (in the form of a functional behavior analysis); and
- Reimbursement for all educational costs associated with Student's at-home learning during school closures.

Compton filed its response to Student's complaint on July 9, 2021. (*M.C. v. Antelope Valley Unified School Dist.* (9th Cir. 2017) 858 F.3d 1189, 1199-1200.)

EXHIBITS

The parties shall upload their exhibits electronically according to the Order Setting Procedures for Filing Exhibits Electronically.

The parties shall serve their exhibits on each other in compliance with Education Code section 56505, subdivision (e)(7). Timely uploading of electronic hearing exhibits five business days before the first day of hearing constitutes that party's timely exchange of evidence in compliance with Education Code section 56505, subdivision (e)(7).

Except for good cause shown, or unless used solely for rebuttal or impeachment, any exhibit not timely exchanged as required by Education Code section 56505, subdivision (e)(7) shall not be admitted into evidence at the hearing unless the ALJ rules that it is admissible.

IDENTIFYING EXHIBITS AND PAGE NUMBERS

Each exhibit must be identified by a letter and number. Student must use the letter S before the number to identify Student's exhibits. Compton must use the letter D

before the number to identify its exhibits. For example, S-1 means Student's exhibit 1 and D-1 means Compton's exhibit 1. A cover sheet with this identifying letter and number should be the first page of each exhibit. The electronic evidence program will automatically number the exhibits and additional page numbering or bates stamping should not be added.

CONTENT

Each exhibit must consist of one document. Separate documents may not be combined into one exhibit. Emails or letters may be consolidated into one exhibit if they are part of a single chain of messages. Exhibits should be in chronological order and uploaded right side up. Any exhibit uploaded sideways or upside down will be deemed unintelligible and will not be admitted.

Parties should include resumes or curriculum vitae for each witness who is expected to testify as an expert.

Compton's exhibits must include a copy of the school calendar for each school year in question.

Electronic copies of exhibits filed with OAH shall be filed by 5:00 p.m. at least five business days before the first day of hearing. Please refer to the General Order OAH issued with the Scheduling Order that contains the Order Setting Procedures for Filing Exhibits Electronically. It includes instructions for how to file exhibits electronically. Beginning three business days before the hearing, the electronic evidence system will not allow parties to upload exhibits unless permitted by the ALJ during the hearing at the ALJ's discretion.

WITNESSES

The parties shall serve their list of witnesses on each other in compliance with Education Code section 56505. No party shall be permitted to call any witnesses not timely disclosed except for good cause shown, supported by written declaration under penalty of perjury, and at the discretion of the ALJ.

Parties are responsible for ensuring that all participants are familiar with and follow the Instructions for Joining the Online Due Process Hearing provided with this Order. Participants that have not previously used the MS Teams platform, may also find informative videos available like the one at this link from Microsoft:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/join-a-teams-meeting-078e9868-f1aa-4414-8bb9-ee88e9236ee4>.

The parties are responsible for ensuring that witnesses join the virtual hearing room at the designated date and time to testify. Witnesses are required to join the due process hearing by computer and appear by videoconference unless they do not have the necessary computer equipment. If a witness does not have the necessary equipment, the ALJ may permit the witnesses to appear by audio only or by telephone. "Audio only" means using a computer without webcam. Witness ability to attend the hearing by videoconference will be discussed at the start of the hearing.

The parties are responsible for producing their own witnesses unless otherwise ordered by the ALJ. Parties shall make witnesses under their control reasonably available. The parties must schedule their witnesses to avoid delays in the hearing and to minimize or eliminate the need for calling witnesses out of order. Neither party will be permitted to call any witnesses not timely disclosed except for good cause shown, and at the discretion of the ALJ.

The ALJ has discretion to limit the number of witnesses and the time allowed for witnesses' testimony. Education Code, section 56505.1, subdivision (h), empowers the ALJ to set a reasonable limit on the length of the hearing.

MEET AND CONFER

The parties are encouraged to review and shorten their witness and exhibit lists before the hearing. Evidence may be excluded if it is repetitive, cumulative, or insufficiently probative to justify the time it would take to hear.

The parties are ordered to meet and confer no later than 5:00 p.m. on September 23, 2021, to discuss scheduling witnesses and how much time each witness will take. The parties shall discuss any issues related to counsel and witnesses appearing by videoconference for hearing and electronically viewing exhibits during the hearing, or subpoenas, if any. The parties should attempt to eliminate duplicate exhibits from their hearing exhibits. The parties shall discuss whether they can produce a written stipulation as to pertinent facts, contentions, resolutions and authenticity and admissibility of documents to shorten the length of time needed for the hearing.

As part of the meet and confer process, Compton shall inform Student which proposed witnesses are district employees. Compton shall also identify the witnesses on Student's list that require a subpoena. Compton may agree to accept service for witnesses under its control or provide Student with the witness' most recent contact information.

PARTICIPANT INFORMATION FORM

Both parties have an ongoing obligation to ensure that OAH has current information on the Participant Information Form filed with OAH and shall file an updated Form as necessary. The Participant Information Form is not served upon the

opposing party. The ongoing obligation to ensure that the Participant Information Form filed with OAH is current does not change the parties' statutory obligation to timely disclose their witnesses to the other party(s) at least five business days prior to hearing. The parties must file an updated Participant Information Form to inform OAH of any changes, additions, or deletions, including the required information no later than 5:00 p.m. at least two business days before the first day of hearing.

Any contact information provided shall be used for the limited purpose of issuing subpoenas or for contacting the witness(es) for purposes of attending the hearing and shall not be disclosed to any other person(s).

EVIDENCE PRESENTATION

In an administrative proceeding, the burden of proof is ordinarily on the party requesting the hearing. (*Schaffer v. Weast* (2005) 546 U.S. 49, 62.) In this case Student requested the hearing and bears the burden of proof. Student's case-in-chief shall be presented first, followed by Compton's, unless otherwise ordered.

WITNESS LISTS

The parties must provide a joint proposed witness list to the ALJ on the first day of hearing. The list should include the first and last name of the witness, which party(s) are calling the witness to testify, and include dates and time estimates of each witness' expected testimony. In the event an agreement cannot be reached, each party shall prepare a separate written list. Compton must have witnesses available in case there is no agreement.

At the beginning of the hearing, the ALJ and the parties will discuss the length of time anticipated for each witness and scheduling issues for individual witnesses. The

ALJ will finalize the witness schedule. Parties must be prepared at the end of each day to discuss the witnesses to be presented the next day and the estimated time for the testimony each witness.

SCOPE OF WITNESS EXAMINATION

Each witness will be called to testify only once, except for rebuttal purposes. All parties must examine witness on all issues when the witness is first called. Requiring a witness to appear only once takes priority over the order in which parties present their case in chief.

AUDIO ONLY OR TELEPHONIC TESTIMONY

Whether a witness may appear by audio only or telephone instead of videoconference is a matter within the discretion of the ALJ. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 5, § 3082, subd. (g).) Any party seeking to present a witness by audio only or telephone shall request permission to do so before the hearing. Any party seeking to present a witness who cannot access exhibits electronically must inform the ALJ at the beginning of the hearing. Neither party now anticipates presenting a witness by audio only or telephone.

ELECTRONIC RECORDINGS

AUDIO RECORDING

The parties' requests to make audio recordings of the hearing are granted subject to the following conditions:

1. the OAH recording is the only official recording;
2. participants shall not use Teams to record the hearing;

3. the parties shall turn their recording devices on and off at the same time that the ALJ is on and off the record to avoid recording conversations while off the record;
4. operation of a party's recording mechanism will not be allowed to delay the hearing;
5. a party's recording may not be given, provided or played to a witness, or potential witness;
6. the recording is subject to the same confidentiality as the due process hearing;
7. use of the chat function in the videoconference is prohibited and shall not be part of the official record; and
8. participants shall not take screenshots of the videoconference or share or publish any portion of the videoconference or audio recording.

VIDEO RECORDING

No party, witness or anyone else may make any video recording of any part of the proceedings or stream live through any means.

RECORDINGS AS EXHIBITS

Student proposes to introduce all or part of recordings of individualized education program team meetings. Recordings may not be uploaded electronically without the ALJ's permission. At the PHC, the ALJ gave Student permission to upload the four or five audio recordings that he now contemplates introducing. The ALJ has discretion to admit or exclude evidence in the form of a recording. Any request to submit a different recording shall be considered at the time of hearing.

The ALJ may grant or deny the request or grant the request subject to certain conditions. The party offering the recording must establish that all or a part of the recording is relevant. The ALJ may request a transcript of the portion of the recording requested or have the party offering the recording to provide an exact identifiable portion of the recording the party seeks to admit. The identities of any person speaking on the portion of the tape being introduced must be established. An ALJ may allow the opposing party to offer additional portions of a recording to establish the context, or to rebut, the recording.

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION OR REIMBURSEMENT

Any party seeking reimbursement for expenditures shall present admissible evidence of these expenditures, or a stipulation to the amount of the expenditures. A party seeking compensatory education should provide evidence regarding the type, amount, duration, and need for any requested compensatory education. Documents offered as evidence to support a request for reimbursement must be separated by vendor.

MOTIONS

On September 8, 2021, Compton filed a motion to dismiss certain issues in the complaint, and on September 10, 2021, Student filed an opposition. A ruling on the motion will be issued shortly.

No other prehearing motions are pending or contemplated. Any motion that was not filed three business days before the PHC, shall be supported by a declaration under penalty of perjury establishing good cause why the motion was not timely filed.

STIPULATIONS

Stipulations to pertinent facts, contentions, resolutions and authenticity and admissibility of documents are encouraged. Any proposed stipulation shall be submitted to the assigned ALJ in writing prior to the start of the hearing.

CONDUCT OF COUNSEL AND HEARING ROOM DECORUM

All participants to the videoconference should observe the same decorum as in an in-person due process hearing. Counsel, all parties, and all witnesses must conduct themselves in a professional and courteous manner at all times. Cellular phones, telephones and computer notifications must be shut off or set to silent during the hearing unless the ALJ grants permission otherwise. Counsel, parties, and witnesses should appear from a private location, unless otherwise ordered. Participants should take reasonable efforts to minimize background noise and maintain adequate room lighting. Use of virtual background images are at the discretion of the ALJ. Witnesses are prohibited from reading exhibits, documents, notes, text messages, telephones or computers while testifying, unless permitted to do so by the ALJ. Parties, counsel and witnesses are prohibited from passing notes to, exchanging electronic messages with, or signaling the witness in any way while the witness is testifying.

LANGUAGE INTERPRETERS AND REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

A party or participant in this case, such as a witness, requiring reasonable accommodation to participate in a mediation or hearing may contact OAH at (916) 263-0880, or send an email to OAHADA@dgs.ca.gov as soon as the need is known. The e-mail should have "Request for Accommodation" in the Subject Line. Additional information concerning requests for reasonable accommodation is available

on OAH's website at: <https://www.dgs.ca.gov/OAH/Services/Page-Content/Office-of-Administrative-Hearings-Services-List-Folder/Accommodations-at-OAH>.

HEARING OPEN OR CLOSED TO THE PUBLIC

The hearing is open to the public. The ALJ may restrict attendance because of the physical limitations of the hearing facility or take other action to promote due process or the orderly conduct of the hearing. (Cal. Code Regs., Tit. 1, § 1030.) Government Code, section 11425.20 empowers the ALJ to order an open hearing to be closed or make other protective orders to the extent necessary or proper to ensure a fair hearing in the circumstances of the case. Currently, amid COVID-19 concerns, all hearings are being conducted via videoconference without observers present or participating in the videoconference. OAH will provide the hearing recording upon request.

SETTLEMENT

The parties are encouraged to continue working together to reach an agreement before the due process hearing. The parties shall inform OAH in writing immediately if they reach a settlement or otherwise resolve the dispute before the scheduled hearing. In addition, if a settlement is reached within five days of the scheduled start of the due process hearing, the parties shall also inform OAH of the settlement by telephone at (916) 263-0880. At the same time, the parties should send the signature page of the signed agreement or a letter withdrawing the case to OAH at <https://www.applications.dgs.ca.gov/oah/oahsftweb>.

If a full and final written settlement agreement is reached after 4:00 p.m. the day prior to hearing, the parties shall leave a voicemail message regarding the settlement at

(916) 274-6035. The parties should also leave contact information such as cellular phone numbers of each party or counsel for each party.

Dates for hearing will not be cancelled until the letter of withdrawal or signature page of the signed agreement has been received and processed by OAH. If an agreement in principle is reached, the parties should plan to attend the scheduled hearing unless different arrangements have been agreed upon by the assigned ALJ. The assigned ALJ will check for messages before the hearing.

If the matter settles subject to board approval, in addition to a signed copy of the signature page of the settlement agreement, the parties shall provide the date of the next board meeting. The hearing dates will not be cancelled without this information.

FAILURE TO COMPLY

The failure to comply with this Order may result in the exclusion of evidence or other sanctions.

ORDER INCLUDES ALL RULINGS

This Order includes all rulings made at the prehearing conference. Any discussion and conversation not referenced in this Order is not binding on the ALJ conducting the hearing and may not be relied upon by the parties. The parties should

be aware that, at hearing, the ALJ conducting the hearing has discretion to reconsider any part of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Charles Marson

Charles Marson

Administrative Law Judge

Office of Administrative Hearings