1	CALIFORNIA STATE ALLOCATION BOARD
2	PUBLIC MEETING
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6	STATE CAPITOL
7	ROOM 447 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814
8	SACRAMENIO, CALIFORNIA 93014
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10	DATE: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 2012
11	TIME: 2:04 P.M.
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1	APPEARANCES
2	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD PRESENT:
3	PEDRO REYES, Chief Deputy Director, Policy, designated representative for Ana Matosantos, Director, Department of Finance
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5	ESTEBAN ALMANZA, Chief Deputy Director, Department of Gene Services, designated representative for Fred Klass, Director, Department of General Services
6	
7	CESAR DIAZ, Appointee of Edmund G. Brown, Jr., Governor of the State of California
8	KATHLEEN MOORE, Director, School Facilities Planning Division, California Department of Education, designated representative for Tom Torlakson, Superintendent of Public Instruction
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10	
11	SENATOR LONI HANCOCK
12	ASSEMBLYMEMBER JOAN BUCHANAN
13	ASSEMBLYMEMBER CURT HAGMAN
14	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE ALLOCATION BOARD PRESENT:
15	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer
16	BILL SAVIDGE, Assistant Executive Officer
17	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION (OPSC) PRESENT:
18	LISA SILVERMAN, Executive Officer
19	JUAN MIRELES, Deputy Executive Officer
20	REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES, OFFICE OF LEGAL SERVICES PRESENT:
21	JONETTE BANZON, Staff Counsel
22	HENRY NANJO, Staff Counsel
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## PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Just to clarify: We will do business as usual. We will start out with public testimony at a certain time. Once we're done with the action items and before we go onto reports, I will open it up again for public testimony if anybody wants to make public testimony of some sort. Not a dialogue. Just some issue that just can't hold back, you're welcome to do that.

Historically, we start at 4:00 o'clock and a lot of you have to catch planes. So sometimes you feel compelled to make the public testimony at the beginning of the meeting so you can get it off your chest in case you have to leave.

There are times when the items come in after you've left. There are times when your testimony has nothing to do with any of the agenda items, but it is public testimony.

When the items come up, before we take an action on a particular item, you will have the opportunity to do public testimony. All I'm doing is creating a second window for public testimony out of courtesy since we have the time and at the request of a district.

Does that clarify for folks? Okay.

All right. Why don't we go ahead and get started

with the nonaction items.

MS. SILVERMAN: Yes. We can move onto Tab 3 which is the Executive Officer's Statement.

And so I wanted to point out three items tonight.

One of them related to a recent event. On August 24th,

there was a series of earthquakes that impacted Imperial

County and Brawley encountered the most significant damage
as a result.

There was a 5.5 magnitude earthquake that actually did damage the schools and other structures. So with that, the Office of Public School Construction and Division of State Architect was out in the field -- let me qualify that. Division of State Architect was out in the field and they assessed some of the buildings and we are working with the school districts, Brawley Elementary and Brawley Union High school. We're providing some outreach and be going out in the field very soon within the next few weeks to try to figure out what kind of funding opportunities that they may have as a result of some of the damages they sustained.

So the next item we wanted to share is to remind the Board that -- and remind the districts that we actually have an upcoming deadline related to the priorities of funding that was actually awarded on June 27th.

We allocated over \$637 million for 196 projects and again the timeline to come in is specifically

September 25th and that deadline -- again we need all the proper paperwork to be submitted with physically received with original signatures.

We've disbursed so far over -- let me back up. We actually did receive over \$526 million in requests out of the original 637-. We have been communicating with these districts, send reminder letters, trying to see if we can help them make through the finish line.

So again it's important that you submit all the documents prior to the deadline. Otherwise if they don't meet that deadline, then they'll placed on the bottom of the unfunded list.

The last item I wanted to share is we've been accumulating our workload to the effect on the new construction and modernization pots, we already have overextended or overexceeded our bond authority. So we've been creating this list and the Board actually had that discussion last month on how to deal with this list.

But we wanted to share with the Board there is actually five facility hardship projects that are on that list that are worth about \$6.9 million. That is actually beyond our bond authority.

And if you're not familiar with the facility hardships, they actually do draw from new construction and the modernization program.

So with that we -- again the health and safety projects that we wanted to alert the Board on, how do we want to deal with this issue. We've had a few discussions in the past via the Cash Management Subcommittee and they made their recommendation back in August 2010 to elevate projects once -- the process to the top of the unfunded list so they can compete for the cash very quickly.

They also had discussion reserving bond authority based on conceptual approvals, but the Board has never had the dialogue about what do we do with those projects once we've exceeded the bond authority. So --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So right now, just so I can understand, when a facility hardship comes in, they are automatically put to the top of the list.

MS. SILVERMAN: That's if they're processed and then they're placed on top of --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: But because they are --

 ${\tt MS.}$  SILVERMAN: -- the unfunded approvals.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: For the unfunded approvals, but because we are where we are, that would mean that some of the folks on the list then get bumped.

MS. SILVERMAN: Technically because we have this workload list and we'll have this opportunity with those projects that are on the workload list migrate over potentially in the future to the actual unfunded approval

list because once we have bond authority trickle back in,those projects can move over.

But what do we do with those facility hardship projects? Do they automatically jump to the top of the workload list or do they bump other projects? So I think we've never had that discussion and it may be an opportunity for us --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's time we have this conversation.

MS. SILVERMAN: Right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So unless the Board objects, I'd like to have them bring back some discussion item for next Board meeting -- some action item with recommendations because I think that facility hardships we recognize as health and safety issues and on the other hand, you do have folks who are in line and they're going to get bumped.

But as a Board, we need to decide who's going to go in first on that one.

MS. MOORE: Can I just understand --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Sure.

MS. MOORE: -- in the context of that. Are you saying, Ms. Silverman, that we would consider facility hardship to go onto the top of the authorization list?

MS. SILVERMAN: No.

MS. MOORE: Or just to the top of the whatever we

1 approve today called list, the approved list? MS. SILVERMAN: We have a workload list 2 currently --3 MS. MOORE: Right. 5 MS. SILVERMAN: -- that we have projects in the So do they bump the projects that are currently 6 within the queue within the bond authority. That's the 7 decision we have to make. MS. MOORE: I thought we made that decision 9 10 already within bond authority, that they are at the top of 11 the bond authority list. 12 MR. MIRELES: Yeah. They currently -- once we 13 process applications, then they will go to the top of the lack of cash list. What we haven't done is we haven't 14 15 discussed whether the Board wants to consider expediting the 16 processing of these applications. 17 We process them date they're received, whether the 18 Board is interested in expediting the health and safeties to get them to the unfunded list faster. 19 20 MS. MOORE: Gotcha'. Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you for the 22 clarification, Ms. Moore. Okay. Thank you. 23 Why don't we go back -- or is that done -- okay. 24 So we'll open the Executive Officer Report for public 25 comment when we get to that part in our list.

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              So why don't you go ahead and take attendance,
    please, Ms. Jones.
 2
              MS. JONES: Will do. Senator Lowenthal.
 3
              Senator Hancock.
 5
              Senator Wyland.
              Assemblymember Brownley.
 6
 7
              Assemblymember Buchanan.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Here.
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              MS. JONES: Assemblymember Hagman.
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10
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN:
              MS. JONES: Esteban Almanza?
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12
              MR. ALMANZA: Here.
13
              MS. JONES: Kathleen Moore.
              MS. MOORE: Here.
14
              MS. JONES: Cesar Diaz.
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16
              MR. DIAZ: Here.
17
              MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Present.
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              MS. JONES: We have a quorum.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.
              MS. JONES: You're welcome.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 2, the Minutes.
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    there's a clarification of the Minutes. Last time when we
24
    met, the Minutes state that CASH supports Option 1 and I
25
    think CASH supports status quo. Mr. Duffy, is that correct?
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1
     Okay. So we should correct that.
              And Mr. -- and Lyle was there as well on that.
 2
 3
    They supported status quo and not Option 1.
              Okay. So with that correction, is there a motion?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: So moved.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Second.
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 7
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Moved and second. All in
    favor say aye.
 8
 9
         (Ayes)
10
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed, abstentions. Ayes
11
    have it. Thank you.
12
              Officer's Report. So we gave you direction on
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    where to go with this. Is there any public comment on the
    Executive Officer's Report? Seeing none, moving on.
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              Tab 4.
16
              MS. SILVERMAN: Consent Agenda is ready for your
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    approval.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Oh, I'm sorry. Consent Agenda
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    and may I suggest that we add Tab 12 and Tab 14 to the
20
    Consent Agenda. Are there any objections?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: So move.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: What are 12 and 14?
23
    I've got to get to my --
24
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: 12 is the Overcrowded Relief
25
    Grant --
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1
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Okay.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- to provide two funding
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 3
    cycles.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Right. Okay.
 5
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then the regulatory
    amendments for the multipurpose room/gymnasium regulations.
 6
 7
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Without objection, we'll add
 8
    that to the Consent Agenda.
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10
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN:
                                      Yep. Move it.
11
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been moved.
12
              MR. DIAZ: Second.
13
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been second. All in
14
    favor say aye.
15
         (Ayes)
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed. Abstentions.
17
    have it. Thank you. Thank you, Ms. Silverman.
18
              MS. SILVERMAN: So Tab 5 is the Financial Reports
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    and very quickly, we have -- on page 123, we've provided the
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    Board an update on how much funds we've been releasing over
21
    the last 30 days.
22
              And we have disbursed over $160 million in this
23
    respective category and most of it has been released as a
24
    category of the June apportionments. So we wanted to
25
    highlight that activity.
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And then on page 125, we also wanted to highlight that in a snapshot in time on August 31st, we had at that time \$202 million in projects that are the priorities of funding that came in in June.

So again the timelines are really important and we did provide the Board an update that that actually -- the amount is actually a lot lower than what it is today.

And as far as the following -- the last chart on the item is we highlight to the Board whether or not we rejected folks that fall off the timelines with their priorities in funding releases and we have nothing to report in August.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SILVERMAN: So the next item is the **Status of**Funds, and we generally --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Before you go there, is there any public comment on Tab 5? Comments, questions? Okay.

Thank you. Move on Tab 6.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 6, we highlight to the Board the amount of projects we actually processed on unfunded approvals.

In the top category in Proposition 1D, we actually processed 66 applications for 81 and a half million dollars and high performance grants, there as \$3.2 million dollars awarded. And there was actually one overcrowded relief

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    grant project that was also funded as well.
              And in the middle category is Proposition 55.
 2
    actually processed $41.8 million in 13 new construction
 3
    applications, one modernization grant, and actually
 5
    $12.6 million and that actually represented a critically
    overcrowded school project that actually was converted.
 6
 7
              We actually have on the lower category,
    Proposition 47, a modernization project for $2.6 million.
 8
    Two of them were processed.
 9
10
              So we actually processed about 93 projects this
11
    month which represents nearly $150 million.
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
13
              MS. SILVERMAN: And then on 128, we wanted to
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    highlight in the lower category is Emergency Repair Program.
15
    Since we had some basic provisions or authority left to be
    disbursed, we actually processed $11.4 million in 40
16
17
    additional applications this month.
18
              Currently we don't have any funds to award these
19
    projects, but again we wanted to highlight the current
20
    activity.
21
              And is there's no questions.
22
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
23
              MS. SILVERMAN:
                              Moving on.
24
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Tab 7, Sanger. Ms. Sharp and
25
    Mr. Watanabe.
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MS. SHARP: Hello. I'm Tracy Sharp. We'll be presenting Tab 7, the appeal from Sanger Unified.

The district is appealing the return of four fund release requests for four new construction applications.

These requests for fund release were returned due to the LCP requirements for Proposition 55 funded projects were not met.

For these four projects, they are -- were all submitted together and are being presented together as they had similar scopes as well.

They were split into two phases. The first phase built a new multipurpose room on each site under -- on each site. And then phase two converted their existing multipurpose rooms to new classrooms on all the sites.

So for purposes of following background on this, I will point you to page 140 where there's a timeline of events, give you some background on how we got to where we are today.

So first the phase one contracts were awarded in early 2009. At the time, most projects were being funded -- allocated with Proposition 1D funding. The district did not put a DIR-approved LCP program in place for these two contracts in this phase one portion of the work.

In May 2010, the district submitted their four funding applications to the Office of Public School

Construction. On those funding applications, they had checkmarked the box no to whether or not they would be required to implement an LCP subject to Labor Code.

In response to a letter in July of 2010, the district had been advised that we were out of 1D funding and they be provided either 47 or 55 and they responded with an updated 50-04 that said yes, we can meet those requirements.

Following that, the district received an unfunded approval in 2010 and then in February of 2011, they awarded their contracts for phase two of the project and put in place a DIR-approved LCP for the phase two portion.

Then the district received their apportionment for these unfunded approvals in December 2011 with a fund release deadline of March 13th, 2012.

Since the 50-05, the fund release was not valid, staff returned them and during the -- and then subsequently the district submitted their appeal for that return.

During the appeal process, the district asked that we consider the project at its phases.

And if you look at the chart on page 144, we took into consideration the district's request for a partial fund release and in looking at that request, there were two -- one of the important factors is in considering a partial fund release, could they still meet the 60 percent commensurate requirement.

And we've demonstrated on the chart there on page 144 that in splitting it out, they couldn't meet that 60 percent requirement. Each of those was below the 60 percent.

And as well, we don't have a mechanism to process a partial fund release at this point in the statute and regulations. So that was the second reason why we didn't process it.

So where we are today with these four projects is that the district has a new unfunded approval date of March 13th, 2012, and at this point, since they've been unable to submit a valid fund release, they would remain on the list of unfunded approvals indefinitely.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

MS. SHARP: That's summarizes the item. Open it up to questions.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Watanabe, do you have something you want to add or -- okay. Mr. Diaz.

MR. DIAZ: Thank you, Mr. Chair. So obviously this is an issue that has come up I think in a couple of instances already. There might be a few more that we know about as well that have just popped up.

And so in looking at some of the previous actions that the Board has taken on this particular instance, we do believe -- from my perspective, it's very fair that the

district did at least attempt to have a Labor Compliance

Program I think once they realized that they were going to

receive funding from a pot of money that required them to

have to do so.

They didn't though initiate it from the beginning and I think there was some issues at that point with that, but the case with Monterey I think presents an opportunity for the Board to perhaps look at that and my motion would be to allow the district to receive Prop. 1D funds but with a lesser penalty than what Monterey received, perhaps a 20 percent penalty on that.

And I know there are some options that have been considered by the Board or by staff with regards to splitting of the proposition and the funding resources.

There's a lot of questions, there's a lot of concerns that I have with that and I would I think make a motion that it be Prop. 1D funds with a 20 percent reduction.

SENATOR HANCOCK: I would second.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So there's been a motion to do a fund swap consistent with what we've done before to find a funding source that does not have an LCP requirement but provide for a 20 percent haircut on the entire amount and that has been seconded by Senator Hancock.

Ms. Moore.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: When we gave the haircut

on the last one, it was because they took what funds were remaining and obviously we want to help districts, but I want to know where we have the legal authority in this case to decide arbitrarily there should be a 20 percent haircut versus a 10 percent versus a 30 or whatever.

And my other question there is all of our offices have received calls from numerous districts who are in the same situation coming back. So, one, what do we do because this is clearly setting a precedent here. And my last question is should this project have to go to the bottom of the line to be funded or what are we doing.

I mean I -- on the one hand, I want to support this, but on the other hand, I seriously ask whether or not, you know, we should be waiting till the next meeting and coming up with a policy or a precedent that can apply to all of them because I guarantee you everyone's going to be in my office and your office saying, you know what, we'll take the same deal Sanger got.

So is there something in regulations that says we can arbitrarily decide if you don't -- if you haven't complied with an LCP, we can -- you don't have to and we can give you a 20 percent haircut?

MS. BANZON: Well, I'm sorry. I haven't seen that in regulation. However, that is within Board authority to actually develop the regulation for that.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So -- but we don't have a regulation that would do that --

MS. BANZON: Not that I'm aware of.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And -- because on some of these, the 1D money, we're going to have run out and people are still going to be coming back to us needing a solution. And so I want to be sure because we said -- the last time we said we had to notify all these districts that we're out of money and we know that there would be some money that comes back into the different programs.

But it seems to me that whatever we do should be consistent and should be well thought out and anytime a district waits two years to submit a funding application -- and, you know, I don't know whether Sanger -- I know I've talked to some of you -- whether you assumed you would have full eligibility with just conversion and you could get your 50 -- grants and you wouldn't need to submit it on the multiuse room and then find out you didn't and you needed to do all of it or what, but, you know, we're going to see these situations.

So I just caution that there's got to be some kind of consistency and something a little thoughtful in terms of what we do.

So my preference would be to wait a month, but I just want to bring these up as issues. I don't know if

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    anyone shares any of those concerns.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore and then Mr. Hagman.
              MS. MOORE: I have a quick question.
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    20 percent, what -- how much is that?
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              MR. WATANABE: About 700,000, a haircut.
              MS. MOORE: And because they're also in Prop. 1D
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 7
    now, so they wouldn't be funded for the LCP that they did do
    on the second phase too. Is that considered in that
 8
    700,000?
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10
              MR. WATANABE:
                             Rough amount. We would take away
11
    the LCP and then give them the haircut, it looks like.
12
              MS. MOORE: Okay. Then I'll probably comment a
13
    little more late, but I'll let --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I'm sorry. Say that again.
15
              MS. MOORE: I'm done for now.
16
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Anybody -- Mr. Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN:
                                      Thank you, Mr. Chair.
18
    We've been through this a little bit before. When we start
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    running out of funds, when we start trying to help and
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    switch funds and switch your position in the funds -- and
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    hopefully we don't have this come in the future because
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    we're -- our staff should be checking in with them and
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    saying these are conditions. I know they signed the form.
24
    This says they know, but part of the oversight would be to
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    make sure they're doing those requirements. We're not
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waiting till after the fact.

Now, this one the timeline is such that a lot of these things, you know, you're going for one set of funds, you're going for the other, now we don't have that, you know, option no more.

I'm in favor -- babble here -- but I'm in favor of supporting, but I think what Ms. Buchanan said, we need to come up with some kind of formula that we're going to do for any future appeals and then how do we know we have the resources to complete the formula. Do we have that -- for the existing projects that are out there, do we have any indication right now of how many districts? Do we have any of their calls, any of their pleas, any of their like what happens if type inquiries? Do we know what that universe may be at this point, you know, how many more we have outstanding without checking up on them and can we go physically do whatever you do to check to make sure there's not any more out there.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: So let me -- so here's sort of a -- from my perspective. It's hard to say how many districts are out there because there was self-certification at that time.

It isn't until the rubber hits the road that we then say okay and oh, no, we meant this, we meant that.

That's what we encountered earlier on.

We have done the fund swaps because we have the flexibility and we have the money. And all along we kept telling people and we have asked CASH to announce it as they announce other stuff at their meetings that our ability to do that will be diminished over time.

And it comes to a point where -- there will be a point where we'll not have the resources to do a fund swap and some of those districts that come in at the 11th hour will not -- we will not be able to help them and we would have a hundred percent (indiscernible) finding as it were.

In terms of the precedent setting, right now the staff level -- the appeal -- the funding has been rejected. They're appealing that.

As part of the appeal process, it's a negotiated process. We can say take off a dollar, take off two dollars, take out a million dollars and as the negotiators agreed upon and that is our authority to do that. As a Board, that's sort of what we do.

And so there's no statute or regulation that would say a 20 percent, 30 percent. It's basically there before us and we're going to say a 20 percent, a 10 percent. Would that work for you -- work for both parties and then we shake hands on that and that's the end of that.

So there's not a regulatory process that we're using at that point. It's just the plenary authority of the

Board to negotiate that part.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So we got -- I don't know if it was a letter or a call from Sac. City today in the same situation.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: But I --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Is that -- I mean it seems to me whatever we do, we need to be consistent and -- CHAIRPERSON REYES: I appreciate your concern. I think -- and I think that's a very legitimate concern.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And we've never really -- I mean in the time I've been on here -- and so you've been on much longer than I have -- you know, that seems to be are we setting a precedent, you know, is this consistent and if what you're saying is our policy's going to be we negotiate the haircut, well, I mean people are going to come.

Sanger came and said that you did this for Santee and we said but Santee was different for these reasons. So I'm just -- again I just question whether or not we should be, you know, talking about -- you know, if we're going to change the regulations, we should be talking about doing something so going forward we could be consistent or whether, you know, if you want to do this today and then knowing -- there are some in the queue right now.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Oh, yeah. Absolutely.

Absolutely.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: You know, and the ones who are there when 1D runs out aren't going to be happy and, you know, we've had people say, well, it says you have to have an LCP, but it doesn't say you have to have it the whole time you're under contract. So if we have it there the last month, does that -- I mean we have all these things that -- and can we have this done retroactively or whatever.

So I would just -- I would be more -- I want to help Santee [sic], but I would be more comfortable if we took time to have a little bit of discussion in terms of what are those kind of qualifications and what are we going to do because I -- it is going to come up.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: I'm with you a hundred percent. The last thing I want to do is be arbitrary because that really weakens our -- what our role is. I think though that -- all I have is the fact that we -- you know, we sit here and we do some exceptions and we say it's not precedent setting. And this is kind of an interesting Board because last week, we dealt with an appeal with Whittier and staff brought to our attention that the code required us to do a certain thing and as a Board we decided that it was kind of late in the game to acknowledge that statute and so we sort of looked at it the other way on that one by not adopting regulation.

1 So we're sort of a Board that sort of has a lot of 2 autonomy, a lot of plenary authority and we try to build, but I concur with you that we need to establish some 3 parameters to deal with this because there are quite a few 5 in the pipeline. 6 Mr. Hagman. 7 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Yeah. I don't want to be too much black and white either because there are different 8 shades. 9 10 In this particular case and Mr. Diaz brought this 11 up -- efforts were made to try to get -- you know, to phase 12 in the labor compliance as quickly as they could. 13 think we have to look at each individual circumstance and 14 see how it goes. 15 Just curious, has anyone talked to the district 16 and --**17** CHAIRPERSON REYES: The district are here, so 18 staff could --19 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Are you guys happy with 20 this or do you want to -- say anything else about that 21 before I guess --22 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Want to shed some light. 23 MR. MARTINEZ: Good afternoon. Mr. Hagman, can 24 you ask the question again, please. 25 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Sure. I'm just -- you

1 know, the motion that Mr. Diaz put out, is the district
2 satisfied with that basically?

MR. MARTINEZ: You know, I'm going to start off -before we get to that point. First of all, I want to thank
everybody. This has been an incredible process. You're
talking to an old teacher. This is all new. I came from
the teacher -- on the business side and God as -- I thought
PTA carnivals were hard.

Again my name is Eduardo Martinez. I am the Associate Superintendent for Sanger Unified and again we're incredibly appreciative of the entire process.

And I can tell you that we want to be compliant. We follow the rules. As a principal, that's what we advocate for all of our kids.

If you look at Sanger Unified's record, that's what we do. We want to make sure that everything is being done the way it's supposed to be done.

When this initially started, we thought we were doing that. And when we were guided to change, we changed immediately. Absolutely.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: When you said you thought you were doing that, it was really clear you didn't have a Labor Compliance Program in the beginning. I'm not -- I think you have an outstanding superintendent. I think your district does a great job, but are you trying to

tell me you thought you had a Labor Compliance Program in place when you built your multiuse rooms?

MR. MARTINEZ: No, not the labor compliance. We were -- it wasn't required at that point because we were doing to Prop. 1A. Okay. When we were told to change, we changed.

And, Mr. Hagman, when you say, you know, do you feel that's fair, I understand that there must be perhaps a reduction. We completely understand that and we're prepared to accept that.

When I look at these sort of circumstances, I think of a teacher trying to correct a behavior from someone and, Mr. Diaz, yeah, you're right, 20 percent is wholly appropriate, but there's a portion that we did what we were supposed to do and I got to go back to my board and to my constituents and say this is a fair deal here, guys.

And for the first phase, absolutely. Apply it.

I'll take that whooping every day. The second piece, that's challenging. And I respect your position and I respect what you're recommending and we're prepared to do that, but if you're asking me is that the best -- do I feel comfortable with that, how do I tell my department you did what you were told and this is appropriate.

And I know that perhaps within these rules and these procedures, maybe it doesn't quite fit in the box and

it may end up having to be the 20 percent, but I also want you to understand from my position as I look at that and my community and trying to do and follow the rules.

When it came to phase two, we did that because that's what we do for our community. That's what we do with our vendors and our contractors.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Why didn't you submit your forms to OPSC in a timely manner, the first phase?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: The issue was when they -- on the first phase at that time, they were thinking they were going to get D money -- 1D money, so LCP was not an issue.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I know it wasn't an issue, but if they would have submitted their forms for funding earlier, they would have been in line for 1D money and because they had the lengthy delay in submitting those forms, the money ran out.

A district could have a project in the queue today. If they don't send the forms in and we've spent all the money, regardless of which program, they're going to have it. So I mean one big problem has occurred because, you know, you had a lengthy delay between the time you started the project and the time you submitted your forms and then the 1D money was exhausted.

MR. MARTINEZ: Ms. Buchanan, I don't believe that we detailed the submittal of the forms and I'm going to ask

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    Mr. Sepulveda here, our Operations Officer, to kind of
    elaborate a little bit on that.
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              MR. SEPULVEDA: Richard Sepulveda, Chief
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    Operations Officer. We did submit the applications within a
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    timely manner. I believe on phase two we had to wait for
    the DSA application. We had to wait for --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. I'm not -- phase
    two is -- I agree with you on phase two. I'm talking about
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    phase one.
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              MR. SEPULVEDA:
                               As you can see, the applications
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    were submitted within a timely manner within one year.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        Is that -- I think -- I
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    thought I had the --
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              MR. MIRELES: Yeah. The timeline's on page 140,
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    Assemblymember.
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              MR. WATANABE: I believe that the reason why the
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    district couldn't submit the phase one work (indiscernible)
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    our office of the application was because phase one was just
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    to construct the multipurpose room and just as a project
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    alone, they couldn't submit a funding app for just the
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    multipurpose room. They actually had to request classrooms
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    which was the phase two component, which those plans --
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
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                                        So the --
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              MR. WATANABE: -- I believe were approved later.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        The notice to proceed
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was January 20th, 2009, and the funding applications were received May 27th, 2010. So that's 17 months after you started the projects.

MR. WATANABE: But the plans to convert the old multipurpose room to two classrooms were a second set of DSA approval. They would need those plans approved before they could walk in the funding app to our office.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan, earlier on you indicated that your preference would be to hold off and see if we could come up with a universal solution. Is that a substitute motion?

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: If the -- yeah, if the author is willing to accept that --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- I -- you know, I'm not trying to be obstinate here. I'm -- just like I said, I've got all these districts that are already contacting us that have similar problems and I -- my hope is that we can come up with some kind of consistent regulation or policy or direction so that everyone knows what to expect and we're not all up here dealing with this individually.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair, I was just -you know, my thoughts on this is they are -- most of these
projects take multiple years. We have been changing the
rules here in the Legislature even on building standards

1 | much less funding and stuff.

The funding streams, we have to go back and forth because we don't know how much money you have until you get to the end.

I want to take all that in consideration, but I think there's some kind of logic there just to apply. This was done out of compliance. You know, this building, this phase, this project out of it. This was done correctly even though there's like one big funding stream.

I kind of agree with that. This part should be left alone. You know, this part, yeah, you get a penalty because you didn't follow the rules.

The rules are there to -- I mean primarily for the health and safety of the children there, but secondary, to hopefully get -- we follow labor compliance and the rules and restrictions we have.

But they make a good faith effort to do that.

Most of these school districts are not general, you know, contractors and we keep changing the rules almost yearly on them. So I have a little bit of sympathy, but I like the breaking it up and doing the penalty on one that they violated and funding the other personally.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- this is different than the 20 percent, but -- so I'm going with parliamentary procedure because this is a good discussion that needs to happen. So

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    I apologize to those parliamentarians who are trying to
    figure out what's the motion. I think this is a healthy
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    exercise.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        I'll withdraw the motion
    and let's talk about it, see if we can come up with
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    something that works.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Mr. Almanza.
              MR. ALMANZA: So if we did have regulations in
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    place to guide the decision in these kind of cases, then
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    that would allow them to be settled administratively and not
    come before the Board?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: If the regulations were in
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    place, yes, that would be true. It's -- because then those
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    are the guiding principles for staff.
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              MS. MOORE: Does staff really think that we are
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    going to -- I'm sorry. I just started talking.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's okay. This is a -- you
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    know --
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              MS. MOORE: So much for parliamentary.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No.
                                       That's what I said.
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    is a conversation that I don't want to dictate, you know,
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    where the conversation goes.
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              MS. MOORE: With your permission, Chair.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Go.
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                                       GO.
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              MS. MOORE: Here's what I struggle with.
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with you it's always best -- and I think of school districts -- to be able to kind of know the rules and make their decisions accordingly.

We're kind of in this -- in all these circumstances, we are looking backwards and trying to create a framework that now districts can make decisions within and I think that's fairly difficult for them.

I'm not so sure that each and every one of these cases aren't different and I think they are. They've come before us and they've had a slight -- they've had different vents to this.

Personally on this one, I truly believe the district was presented with a Hobbesian choice at the beginning when they said -- when the funding shifted and they said you get nothing or you check this box. I think that's very difficult for districts and in fact we had funding over time in that category.

So it wasn't actually -- it was true that staff presented that at the time, but over time, those circumstances did change and we did get Prop. 1D funds and we could have solved some of these issues.

And ultimately we will apportion the Prop. 1D funds and they won't have an LCP -- wait. They won't have an LCP requirement on it. And then we're presented now with a Hobbesian choice. Do I vote to ensure that the school

1 district at least gets some funding versus none and I think that's really difficult.

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What I have heard is that this district with this particular issue is ready to move forward and I'm not sure that the regulatory scheme that we come up with in the future is going to necessarily help them.

It may. It may not. They may be in the same boat next month when we come forward with regulations. So it's really difficult and, you know, I think that they -- at the point that they were asked to have the LCP in place that they did and in 2009 when they started their project and it was possibly going to be a 1D, they didn't.

I mean we could all go back and say, well, you should have been a really conservative and put your LCP in place so you were open regardless of funding choice. That's really hard today to hold them to that standard back then.

So I'd prefer to split the funding, provide Prop. 1D for that which was prior to the time that they then signed the document that said that they would go forward with an LCP and fund that with Proposition 55.

We have it and we could solve for this district. \$700,000 for 200 student application is \$3,500 per student that we are removing from this district.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I want to help Sanger. I'm not -- you know, and it's not that I can't vote for

this. I'm just asking the question should there be a discussion in terms of is -- you know, how do you -- if there's going to be a haircut and there should be some penalty, are we going to have any discussion, even if we approve this today, in terms of what's appropriate.

And for other districts that have checked that box that don't have them, I mean we keep talking about contacting them. It would have been much easier at the time they checked the box to try and do something at that point in time to verify records and everything going backwards than to wait until after the whole project's done.

And so I don't know what the answers are here. We're talking about it a little bit in the Audit Committee and I agree that each case is different, but I think to the extent -- but each time you have a case, you also are creating some expectation out there for future districts when they come to us.

And so I think even if we approve this today, you know, we -- there should be some kind of conversation, whether it's between OPSC at the staff level or whether it involves a couple Board members, in terms of what the outreach is and what is appropriate because there may be a district later on that's looking at a \$30 million project and, you know, is expecting that money to be able to pay for a future project that's already underway or whatever and

1 | there's no money left.

So there's -- whatever we do, I do think -- you know, whether it's different or not, it's still precedent setting and there's got to be a conversation.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: To your point, one of the items that was pulled was those regulations that we're trying to do to implement this and we're not there yet. We've been working on this, but I think at the end of the day, I think Ms. Moore and Mr. Hagman are right. They're going to be different.

It's hard to come up with regulations that will take every circumstance. In this particular case, you can split about phase one or phase two. In other cases, you will not be able to.

Some cases you'll be able to split it by date. In other cases, you will not be able to.

This is -- you know, what we have before us is folks who had the expectation of getting 1D money and playing by those rules. Much -- and this sort of goes to my concern with -- this is not on subject, but the unfunded list.

People are playing by today's rules and we don't know what the rules will be in 2014. Yet we're -- everybody's trying to protect the current rules and getting this unfunded list, but don't play with that because in two

1 years, we'll be faced with but I played by the rules that we knew, how'd you expect me to know the 2014 rules back in 2 2012.

But anyway, that's more -- Mr. Hagman and then 5 Mr. Diaz.

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ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Just not to belabor the point on this stuff, but I think there's a certain amount of intent in compliance that I think that's why the feeling thing. We have to look at each case a little bit separately. Was there intent there; did they do it, you know, maliciously, like you said, those who put in the last month and the last contract and now I have it or was they were trying to follow the rules and maybe, you know, just knowing what bureaucracies do to change the stream and course what the way to do business.

But going back to the point of -- I guess earlier, do we not have some kind of process in place to go out to those folks now who have contracts and do an audit or a -send a letter about this form. Do you have this. don't want to keep seeing this a year from now, these projects coming back two years from now and saying I didn't know or I switched midstream or something. I know we're switching things back and forth.

> Yeah. Well --MS. SILVERMAN:

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I know we send out

notices --

2 MS. SILVERMAN: Right.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: -- but that's different than actually looking at their books.

MS. SILVERMAN: We have asked recently because we, like the Chair -- we can stop midstream because we still need to work out some of the issues with the regulations.

We did make some recent contact with those folks on the list because we wanted to clarify whether or not you have met the requirements because it's not penalize people but it's just to get a basic understanding of what's the universe.

And some of the feedback we've been receiving is why are you asking the question. It's because we need to inform. We know what the universe is potentially and if we can wrap our regulations -- you can't fit everybody, but we need to have that dialogue about how do you verify that.

Certification -- it's a big certification that folks come in through the door, they check the box, and hindsight --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I understand the hindsight. I know part of our discussion is where we go forward, but, you know, should be maybe some sort of oversight that we're doing electronically in place, something that, okay, you qualify -- you're two months into

it. You come up with the right forms or you do the right processes, I don't know, but some kind of verification system so we don't have this after the fact.

If we don't change the rules every year, we probably won't have all these issues, but that's -ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: But isn't --

7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Diaz and then 8 Ms. Buchanan.

MR. DIAZ: I like the discussion, but I also want to emphasize that there has been many school districts that have come through this program, have followed every single letter of the law. It's not intent to follow the law, it is following the law as it is described under their specific funding source.

You can't go back and do a forensic analysis and ensure that there has been prevailing wage compliance on a project that has already been finished. There is only one way to go and do that and that is either having a Labor Compliance Program with someone on site verifying payroll records as there are people working on that project, making sure that a specific worker is getting paid that right amount, that that worker isn't performing other type of work that justifies a different type of classification and prevailing wage rate.

That's the only way that you can actually ensure

that you -- that there is compliance.

Other districts have come forward. They done it the way that the program has required them to do so. And so it is also unfair to, you know, look at -- you know, looking at a specific case-by-case basis.

My understanding of that is also -- I share the same concerns. I would like to have a standard where it is applied to every single school district in a fair manner, but those standards should not be developed to create gaping roof holes to allow every single instance or circumstance that happens when people are noncompliant or they don't perform the responsibilities as they should.

It's a fall-through at the expense of others that perhaps are following the law and doing the right thing.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And I would say that we're here to be partners with school districts in school construction. We're not here to run facilities departments for schools.

So if you're going to participate in the State program and there are certain rules you have to follow, when you check the box that says you've got an LCP, districts should understand what that is. We shouldn't have to then be big brother and go down and make sure they have it.

When districts check a box that say they're under contract, you know, we shouldn't have to be there. I mean I

know with some of them now they're submitting that, but -- and I know this wasn't Sanger's first time participating in the facilities program and you're a big enough district.

You know what an LCP is.

I do understand there are some problems with the timeline. And in the short time I've been on this Board, we've sent out notices twice telling districts, you know, if you're in these programs, you have to have an LCP in place.

So if districts don't know, I don't think it's because we haven't given them proper notice and I don't think we should be big brother. We're here to partner with you financially, but you're the ones that are responsible for running your districts and complying with the rules of the program so we can partner.

You know, having said that, I'm willing to -- if Mr. Diaz wants to -- still stands by his motion or if you want to wait, but I'm willing to support that, but I also then would expect that at the next meeting either staff is coming back or we're coming back with some general guidelines whether, you know -- I don't know how general or narrow they're going to be, but there's no doubt that we're not going to have the money in the future and I don't know how we decide what the appropriate haircut is or what we're doing or do you go to the front of the line or the back of the line and those sorts of things. But I do think that

1 that discussion has to take place.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Just so that -- to
summarize where we are, Mr. Diaz has a motion to move -- to
do the funds with the entire amount and a 20 percent
haircut. Senator Hancock second that.

I heard Ms. Moore suggest that we do the funding -- split the funding based on phases, phase one and phase two, so the haircut's not applied to the entire amount, but I did not hear that as a motion, although Mr. Hagman supported that concept of phase one/phase two.

Is there a substitute motion by either Mr. Hagman or Ms. Moore on that?

And to clarify, would you then apply a haircut to the swapping of the funding for phase one?

MS. MOORE: Well, I would ask the author of the motion if he would accept that and the 20 percent on the phase one.

MR. DIAZ: I -- there's -- I think it sets a precedent when you're looking future appeals of when you're splitting for one project because even though this is a phase project, this is one application.

And so if you're going to then look at a project and break it down -- or one application, we're going to run into the same precedent setting issues that will -- this contract was covered because at the four month of a ten

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    month project, we had an LCP in place. What do we do for
    those first four months and you're creating I think another
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    opportunity for staff's time I think to be yield on down
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    with all these percentages. I don't agree with that.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So, Ms. Moore.
              MS. MOORE: You do not have a substitute.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: We do not have a --
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    Mr. Almanza. I'm sorry.
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              MR. ALMANZA: How about a -- if we did a split
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    with the 20 percent reduction.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        That was her motion.
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              MS. MOORE: That's what I did.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: That's what she wanted.
              MR. ALMANZA: Okay. I thought you wanted to split
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    to give them a hundred percent and no reduction.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. She still wanted a split
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    on the --
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              MS. MOORE: That's what I -- I would prefer, but I
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    also see what's --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.
                                      I mean I don't think we're
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN:
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    going to come up with consensus because we're short members
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    here because I'm not going to support the first motion.
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    think that takes too much penalty out.
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              I would support the haircut on the first phase
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when they're out of compliance because they transferred funds, even though that was part of them not knowing.

But I think the second part of it they did do things correctly and I think we should reward that aspect of it.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Let me throw this out.

I know we have a motion and a second. But what if we hold
off on this pending the regulations that we're working on
and see where we are on that.

They may or may not fit. They may not solve the problem, but rather than take a vote on this and go where we may not go, would folks be open to just sort of wait a month and see -- or five weeks and wait and see how this plays out with the regulations. It may or may not, we don't know.

But, you know, the regulations are still being drafted. We've had conversations with DIR. We want to have -- you know, it still has to come up to the Board to make sure that we're onboard with what those regulation would do and then we'd have to go through a regulatory process.

But it's an option and I think that goes to sort of what Ms. Buchanan's original substitute --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- motion was.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: That was my original,

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    although I have to tell you I -- when I picked up from --
    I'll leave it up to Sanger because it's really -- I mean
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    just like with Santee, it's up to you to decide do you want
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    to go in this direction and hopefully the regulations
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    support where we are now or do you -- what do you want to do
    here?
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              MR. MARTINEZ: With your permission, Mr. Reyes.
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    We have -- we appreciate the dialogue. We appreciate staff
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    being able to work and come up with a regulation and just,
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    you know, I completely understand when it comes to we want
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    to be consistent.
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              We are more than fine with perhaps waiting till
    next month so we have a little more time to look at that.
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    The only thing that I'd be just cautious of is I would hate
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    to think that we come up with a regulation that ends up
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    being less than what Mr. Diaz is suggesting.
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              MR. DIAZ: And guarantee that; right.
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              MR. MARTINEZ: Because, Mr. Diaz, then I'll be
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    back at PTA carnivals.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: But there is -- you
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    understand there is no guarantee.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: There are no guarantees.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         They could decide that
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    the penalty should be higher or whatever and I think the
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reason -- I mean we all tend to agree that you had the labor

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    compliance in for phase two, but this project as submitted
    is one project. You know, it's not submitted as two
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    different funding projects. It's submitted as one project.
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              MR. MARTINEZ: Well, that's a challenging
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    decision. You know, and -- by a good businessman, I would
    say I got to take the deal now not knowing what's going to
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 7
    happen --
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                        I'm not trying to put
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    pressure on you. I'm just trying to say --
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              MR. MARTINEZ: No, and I completely understand
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    that, but from a business standpoint, knowing that it could
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    possibly end up being a greater reduction, then --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So the motion is that
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    we'll do a complete fund swap and 20 percent haircut and
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    it's -- the 20 percent haircut, you're in agreement with
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    that. So we're going to -- if the motion were to pass, it
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    will not go into litigation on our authority to do a
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    20 percent and -- authority for that. All right.
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              Call the roll, please.
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              Any public comment? Sorry. Any public comment?
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    Okay. Call -- Mr. Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair, just to
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    clarify. Is that on the entire project, 20 percent off?
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    that what that is? So they're get funded for both phase one
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    and phase two --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's a complete fund swap.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah.
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                                               Right.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: -- minus the 20.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Call the roll, please.
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              MS. JONES: Okay. Senator Hancock.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Assemblymember Buchanan.
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Assemblymember Hagman.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN:
                                      Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Almanza.
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              MR. ALMANZA: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Kathleen Moore.
              Cesar Diaz.
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              MR. DIAZ: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Pedro Reyes.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Motion carries.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you.
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              MR. MARTINEZ:
                             Thank you.
              MS. MOORE: I'd like to register my vote as a no.
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              MS. JONES: Okay. Thank you.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Sure. Thank you. Next item.
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              MR. MIRELES: I believe that brings us to Tab 13,
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    Mr. Chair, on page 205. This item is to report
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1 recommendations from the Rules and Procedures Subcommittee which met on August 15th, 2012. 2 The Subcommittee is recommending that the Board 3 make three changes to the rules and procedures. 5 The first is to move noncontroversial items from action items to the consent. 6 7 The second one is to change the structure of appeals, basically adding language to the appeal to state 8 that absent six positive votes to approve the appeal, 9 10 staff's administrative action stands. And then lastly, that the SAB created working 11 12 groups that they also be webcast. 13 The conforming changes are included as part of Attachment A and those are the recommendations from the 14 15 Subcommittee. 16 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Senator Hancock, 17 you chair this Committee. Do you want to move the item or 18 do you want to make any statements? 19 SENATOR HANCOCK: Yes. I would move the items, 20 but I believe that Ms. Moore does have some second thoughts 21 and maybe some changes that she would like to suggest. 22 I could certainly move Items 1 and 3. 23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. SENATOR HANCOCK: Why don't I start with that 24 25 motion.

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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: And then we could back to No. 2
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    which is the six votes required to take any action on
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    appeal.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay.
              MS. MOORE: I'll second the motion.
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              MR. MIRELES: 205.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: 205 to 218.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: So we're doing 1 and 3
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    right now.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: 1 and 3. Get it off the books.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. It's been moved and
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    seconded. Any questions or comments? Any public comment on
    either of those two?
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              Without objection, all say aye -- favor.
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         (Ayes)
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Opposed? Thanks. Ayes have
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    it. Onto Item 2.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Item 2 relates to the appeals
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20
    process and this has been a sticky wicket with this Board
21
    for many, many years.
22
              The Subcommittee thought about this at length and
23
    recognizing that the general rules of the SAB require six
24
    votes for the Board to take action, decided that we would
25
    stick to that, that it would take six votes to overturn the
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1 staff decision.

We subsequently received a letter from CASH raising some issues that were actually fairly compelling, among them what happens if there is a bare quorum of the Board, and I thought those were interesting.

I believe that Ms. Moore's been doing a bunch of thinking about them and I don't know if she has any comment --

MS. MOORE: Sure. Thank you. I do have comment and --

SENATOR HANCOCK: -- she would want to add.

MS. MOORE: While I did vote for this in the Subcommittee, I have thought about it a lot subsequently and I do know that at one time in this Board's history, I do believe that we had -- that you took six votes either way.

You took it to approve an item or to disapprove an item and I think that that keeps a lot -- I think it takes a lot for a district to appeal an issue. They really have to feel pretty strongly and they must -- and have a different interpretation and to have -- to take it that way. It's a lot -- a lot of work and it's a lot of cost.

And I just think that the six votes on -- or it reverts back to the staff decision does not -- is not compelling for the Board to be able to interpret their own regulations at times.

And so perhaps in the interest of compromise, if we did not come to a decision after three times -- I know that we have right now in our rules and procedures that an item can be withdrawn without penalty three times and then it has to be heard.

But that it gives more opportunity to work out the issue between the Board or gives the Board the opportunity to interpret their own regulations. So I think that's six vote piece is a little problematic on appeals or they revert to the administrative decision.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Well, we did sit on -- we had a lengthy discussion on this in the Subcommittee. 99 percent of what we do in this operation is done administratively. It's with those exceptions that it cannot be agreed upon and the staff does an excellent job at trying to work things out.

It's when there's not an interpretive way, there's not something they could do on their own, that's when it come for the appeals. But an action's already taken place and I think that's where we had our major disagreement on.

An action's been taken place. Something has been denied by staff. So an action has been taken place. So therefore to overturn that action, they appeal. Just like you would at appellate court. Okay.

At a local jurisdiction court, the judge already makes the decision. If you appeal, it goes to appellate court. If the appellate court does nothing, that issue stands.

That's what we came up with the recommendation. So I still support that and I still don't see a compelling reason not to do that.

If you put things off and keep putting them off, they're going to stack up and stack up and stack up and everybody's going to come in with a different deal, different deal.

We're assuming those parts have been done at the staff level. We need to be as professional as possible to keep moving forward. We have the ability even with six staff on here, like we have today. We have seven. If we don't agree upon something -- I was prepared to do this earlier on the first appeal item -- just say put it off for 30 days till we get more bodies here because I didn't agree with it. But since the school district did it, I compromised as well.

We have the ability as an appropriate action item to put something off with six votes if we don't agree to it. If we basically don't get six votes or another compromise or something like that, that's because we don't support it. We did not think of a way to do it with the members we have

1 here. We shouldn't keep bringing it up, bringing it up, 2 bringing it up. My opinion I think we should leave it the 3 way it is and if you'll entertain a motion, I'll motion 5 No. 2. 6 CHAIRPERSON REYES: So you're moving Item 2 then, 7 Mr. Hagman? ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Yes. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Is there a second to 10 Item 2? MR. ALMANZA: I'll second. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON REYES: It's been seconded. Okay. 13 SENATOR HANCOCK: Mr. Reyes. 14 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes, Senator Hancock. 15 SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. In the -- I'm going to try a substitute motion because I am concerned about the 16 **17** fact that we often don't have a full complement of members. 18 And especially like in this interim period where we have two 19 members running for Congress and another member who isn't 20 here. So it makes it difficult to do that. 21 22 comfortable though with saying that you don't have to -- if 23 you don't get six votes, that the staff decision stands. 24 think that's the way appeals are treated in local 25 government, at least my experience in local government.

1 So the substitute motion would be that if there's not a full complement of Board members that rather than be 2 denied, an appeal would come back the next month. And that 3 would have to be worded a little more artfully, but you 5 understand what I'm trying to do. If on the other hand we had a full complement 6 members and nobody chose to make a motion that could get six 7 votes, then I think it should revert to the staff decision 8 at that time. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON REYES: I don't think we've had a 11 complement full Board since March or February. 12 Ms. Buchanan. 13 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yeah. This is -- I agree with both of you. I mean if staff's made a decision 14 15 and they appeal to us because they want us to overturn the 16 decision, so I agree with the motion and the second. But this is my issue. All you guys, you know, **17** 18 Lyle, all of you, come and see us before on these appeals. 19 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan, just for record, 20 which motion and second are you agreeing with because 21 Mr. Hagman --22 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Hagman and --23 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. 24 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: And -- but you come to

us and you talk to us and we have all kinds of

25

correspondence and you talk to staff, so you have a pretty good idea of where members are, questions they may have before you come here.

The regulations that we have adopted allow you to pull an agenda item up until, you know, a minute before the item is heard. So, you know, in terms of having a complement, I think -- I mean we're -- and then being able to automatically have it come back, we rarely are going to have the full complement of members, but you have -- you can pull it three times up until the minutes it's heard.

So I think it's already really addressed in many respects in terms of, you know, being able to say look, you know, I know we've got these five and these two aren't here or whatever and we'd like -- all they have to do is notify staff that we'd like to have it come back at the next meeting.

So I think that's working that way. That's what I would suggest.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Well, that's a good point.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Can I make one more comment too, Mr. Chair?

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Go ahead.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: The reason why we have a Subcommittee and we voted out and we have public comment is to have these debates and discussions in that Subcommittee.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: At that level; correct.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I'm surprised that the people that were on the Committee who voted out are the ones who bring up the indecision on the decision they made in the Subcommittee hearing all the evidence. I mean it just --

SENATOR HANCOCK: That's called not having the bugaboo of little minds, Mr. Hagman. In fact, we --

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I think we should be consistent and if that's logical then, it should be here too.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Lyle.

MR. SMOOT: Well, I guess I better start out then apologizing for not coming to the Subcommittee. I had some personal issues that took place, so my comments should have been at the Subcommittee, but I didn't make it, so I'm going to have to say them here.

I think this conversation is contrary to the rules of this Board. This Board has rules and procedures. Part of those rules and procedures is that if your specific rules and procedures aren't -- don't address a particular issue, then you fall back to Mason's. And Mason's I believe is very clear. Every action requires a vote.

And this Board has six members -- a requirement to have six members. You're taking an action when you deny a district's request and I think that's an extremely important

situation that you need to -- in following Mason's, and the requirement of Mason's, you have to have a vote. Mason's also says, by the way, you can't have one vote that has -- by failing that has the effect of being the opposite -- taking the opposite action.

So if you have a vote to approve a district's request, it is contrary to Mason's I believe to say that that means that something is denied as a result.

And I think you're missing an opportunity in this item by saying if you don't have six votes to approve, it's automatically denied. First of all, I don't think Mason's follows that.

But the second part of it is you just had a big conversation about Sanger. If you had a motion to approve the district's request and it failed, you would never have gotten to the 20 percent.

You as a Board need to know where everybody is before you take these actions and districts need to know these things.

So I have a real concern that this action does not follow Mason's and Mason's is, you know, been around for a million years.

This Board for as long as I remember required six votes one way or the other. Okay. That changed sometime in the last number of years. I don't know when. But this

Board always required six votes to an action, positive or negative action, and I think it's a concern that you're going to now have this in your rules and procedures that establishes a situation where -- I'm going to do something wild here. Okay. I don't mean this as a -- anything against staff.

But if staff were to come up with something that was totally contrary to the laws and regulations, for whatever the reason, you by not voting have said that's a reasonable interpretation of your laws and regulations and I think that in itself alone ought to preclude this and you ought to go back to requiring six votes to take any action. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Ms. Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: I just -- I'm actually being

persuaded by Ms. Buchanan's argument which is that as long

as we do allow ex parte communication and we certainly get a

lot of it --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: You do.

SENATOR HANCOCK: -- that, for instance, Mr. Diaz was able to come in today with a compromise that he thought he could put on the table and move the agenda forward, that districts will be doing that and I'm now assuming that some of the pulled appeals are because that kind of agreement wasn't reached and so we don't have to talk about it until

and unless it's possible to see if an agreement is reached in some way; at which point, if we have the six votes, we approve the appeal and if we don't, the staff measure would stand.

And that might be adequate. I was concerned about moving forward with no majority in any direction because we didn't have members here.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Duffy.

MR. DUFFY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and members.

Tom Duffy for CASH. Thank you for recognizing a letter,

Senator, and I won't belabor what's in the letter.

We've made I think a lot of progress over the last year and a half on appeals and I think that's very, very positive.

The one comment I would make is that we're embarking upon a new time with action you took last month on the unfunded approvals and how you'll handle those. I don't know all that we're going to face in the future, but I think there'll still be some bumpy road ahead.

And I would just admonish that having OPSC staff and school district and county office staff together working, recognizing that they each have to make a compelling argument to the Board makes sense.

And you would probably I think be able to go forward into this unknown with a communication both to

districts and your staff that you need to solve things before they come here and that's where we admonish in our letter that the six up or six down. Thank you very much.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Mr. Reyes.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: My actual experience of this is that it isn't the staff and the school district. It's us and the school district because people come to our offices with various kinds of evidence.

We may call the staff and ask for clarification and one thing and another, but it isn't the kind of double jeopardy if they told us no and now we have to get them to agree with us again. It seems -- so --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Staff does a lot of work behind the scenes in trying to get to the facts and understanding what can be done.

Yes, Ms. Ferrara.

MS. FERRERA: Anna Ferrera. I'm with the County School Facilities Consortium. I would only say that we agree with the comments that have been made earlier.

It is a rules and procedures, the ex parte, and the other issues that come up I think -- I think it comes down to that question of, you know, if you don't make a decision, will another decision be made and we agree with the comments made by Mr. Smoot. Thank you.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Okay. So2 Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I just want to -- just a couple counters to that.

The Mason's manual goes into play where we don't have rules. This is what we're voting on, the rules of this Board.

And to say that a process is not taking place before it came up here and that the staff has to prove their process, I mean generally these are things that we're trying to do on behalf of the districts because they weren't following the rules to the letter of the law to begin with.

There hasn't been one up here in front of me so far in two years that fit every box and we messed up. It's been the other way around.

So my understanding is, you know, these are exceptions and we do have a very good debate and we have a compromising Board. And if for some reason we got, you know, stuck for those things we needed clarified, we always do put it off, just like the district has a right to pull it off.

But there's going to be some times where we want to say no, but we don't basically have the exact wordage for no, but we say the motion fails just like you do on every local jurisdiction -- that I've ever served one. County and

city council, courts, I mean you name it, everyone is the same way.

You make a presentation, you get denied, you go the appellate board. That's what we are. If they take up the case, they want to hear it, they could rule in your favor. If they decide not to take it up or say no, it's a no.

And to go through the burden of evidence each time -- because we do check our appeals first. We do meet with everyone first. If they ask -- we meet with them and we should have it in the case beforehand and I think that's pretty -- you know, the ability to drop it off three meetings to keep working with staff, to see if they come up -- work with the Board members, one or two, to see what they come up with -- they have discussions for us to put it off via a simple majority motion. That should be enough.

Not to have this where we say no, they go well, I want to work at it again, and they'll come back for a second bite of the apple. We say no again, they'll come back and negotiate for another month or two and if you put that literally, you could have a hearing here. We don't get six votes to say no, they come back, schedule for next month, and they put it off for a month and a month and a month.

They come back that third month because they could and they have another hearing from us. We don't get to

consensus. They go back to a month and a month. You put
all those things together, you could drag this thing on for
a year.

That's not the purpose of this. So I still agree on the first motion.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So we have additional comment.

MS. SULLIVAN: Hi, Andrea Sullivan with Orange County Department of Education. I also represent 27 school districts in Orange County as well as county offices through the facilities subcommittee with county offices, superintendents of California.

And I really appreciate the dialogue and the conversation and I think one of the things that we've been challenged with when appeals are coming forward is that the manner in which they're presented and/or described were not necessarily in agreement with staff on their interpretation.

And so we are coming to the Board to relay, you know, our side of the story. And there might have been a previous decision made that you're -- that's now being questioned. And so I think it -- you know, you're not given a fair shot really. It's very difficult to count your votes ahead of time.

Other conversations happen right before the meeting. It's not a matter of us wanting to come back and

belabor the issue and have the discussion go on, but I just don't think that there's necessarily an objective presentation of the information and then we're already up against a no that we don't agree with necessarily the facts and how they're presented or being interpreted.

And it would be -- I think just very -- it's just a disadvantage I think coming up to the Board with -- going against the staff without having to have both sides have a fair shot is really how I see it.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: My experience on this Board is that we -- I don't want to say overrule staff, but I'd say nine out of ten times, we -- staff is following the strict letter of the law because that's their job and it's our job to say no, we think an exception should be made.

In my experiences, just like with the Sanger situation, if all of us were following the strict letter of the law, it was submitted as one project. There wasn't an LCP in place for the entire project. Technically it didn't qualify, but my experience is, is that districts do do a good job of representing themselves.

They come in to our offices. You've been in my office. Staff doesn't lobby us not to approve it. They answer the facts and any additional information, they get it to us as quickly as they can.

But my experience is that nine out of ten times we

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    are finding a way to help the district. So I find it hard
    to believe that, you know, the district is really that --
 2
    you know, the staff is really that biased in terms of what
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    they're presenting. It's just not -- it's not consistent
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    with the experience I have.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Okay. We have --
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    any additional comments? It has been moved and seconded.
    Call the roll.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: What has been moved and
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    seconded?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: The motion to Item 2 -- Item 2
    on your recommendation as --
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. As written because I made
    a substitute motion, but it didn't get a second.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Right.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Got it.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: We got a substitute motion.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Yeah, but it didn't get a
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    second. That's why I didn't 1--
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. Kathleen second that one.
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              MS. MOORE: What --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Didn't you -- no. Okay.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: No, no, no.
                                                     It was --
         We just discussed it.
24
    no.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: It was discussed --
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              MR. DIAZ: It was discussed.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: It was discussed. Okay.
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    we have a motion to take -- to recommendation 2 to approve
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    as proposed by the Committee.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Proposal No. 1.
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Recommendation 2.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Yeah, Item No. 2.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Right. But this is the main
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    motion because the substitute motion did not get a second;
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10
    correct?
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: That's correct.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yes.
                                        Okay.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Thank you. I'm just trying to
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    be --
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: So it goes with what is
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    written -- what the Committee came out with, just to be
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    clear, the recommendation by the Committee.
              MS. JONES: Hancock.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Buchanan.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye.
              MS. JONES: Hagman.
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24
              ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Aye.
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              MS. JONES: Almanza.
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1 MR. ALMANZA: Aye. MS. JONES: Moore. 2 3 Diaz. MR. DIAZ: Aye. 5 MS. JONES: Reves. 6 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye. 7 MS. JONES: Motion carries. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. So Tab 4 was part of 8 the Consent. Tab 16. 9 10 MR. WATANABE: Michael Watanabe with the OPSC. 11 are on page -- Tab 16, page 232. Just as a reminder, this 12 item is to present proposed regulations for establishing a 13 method for accepting and tracking SFP projects once bond 14 authority has been exhausted. 15 At last month's Board, the Board directed staff to 16 draft regulations to establish a new method beyond what's 17 currently in regulations for what's happening in funding 18 applications. So in Attachments A and B, staff has presented 19 20 proposed regulations and Mr. O'Dell will walk you through 21 those. 22 MR. O'DELL: Hello. Bryan O'Dell, Office of 23 Public School Construction. The proposed regs would sunset 24 the current regulation that requires the OPSC to process

applications received once bond authority is exhausted and

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to fully process them to the Board for approval to be placed on an unfunded list.

Instead the proposed regulations for applications received after the reg goes effect, or new construction and modernization applications, the OPSC would accept the app after it verifies that it has the minimum docs necessary, DSA, CDE approval, those basic things.

And then instead of fully processing them just place the applications on an applications received beyond bond authority list.

This list would be presented as part of the Board agenda and the Board would acknowledge the list, but the project wouldn't be fully approved.

For districts that are requesting financial hardship funds, in order to make it easier, the regulations would suspend the requirement that that financial hardship approval already have occurred prior to submitting the funding application.

So that's the current process. What this would do is allow districts who were requesting the financial hardship funds to submit the application right away and that financial hardship review would only occur if sufficient bond authority becomes available for that project. So this would actually make it easier for those districts.

The regulations would also require districts to

submit a school board resolution along with the funding application stating that it recognizes that there is no bond authority for the project, that there's no guarantee of State funds, that a future State bond measure may not grandfather those projects in, and that future bond measures may have different criteria, and so this application may not qualify depending on what the criteria is.

And if the district is asking for financial hardship funds, the resolution would also state that the district recognizes that it would have to qualify for the financial hardship after bond authority becomes available if ever in the future.

And finally the regs would have the OPSC also accept but not process eligibility applications and it would also allow districts to still be able to levy Level 2 fees.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Moore.

MS. MOORE: So in our -- in this proposed regulation, then we -- the office won't processing eligibility, Lisa, so it's -- you could file an application with -- and no one's looking at eligibility. Is that how --

MS. SILVERMAN: That's correct.

MR. MIRELES: Correct.

MS. MOORE: So we're -- so it could come to a point where a district might not have eligibility that has a filed application. I mean the rules can all change in that

respect, but that's one component that we will cease doing is that eligibility determination?

MS. SILVERMAN: That's --

MR. MIRELES: That's correct.

MS. MOORE: And can you talk a little bit about the thought process around that.

MR. MIRELES: The current eligibility guidelines could change no different than the funding program could change. So we were trying to be consistent with the Board's action to not process applications, not just for funding but also eligibility because they're based on current statutory and regulatory requirements.

So going further and reviewing and processing and approving applications for eligibility based on the current rules could be subject to change later.

SENATOR HANCOCK: That implies going over the application and saying yes, it needs the current rules and that is of concern to me because I can only imagine the appeals we're then going to have should we decide to change the rules in a subsequent bond issue.

So I would be comfortable with some logging in of what districts want to do because it would give us an indication of need, but not that we're going through and saying you're approved according to the existing regs --

CHAIRPERSON REYES: No -- no, no, no.

SENATOR HANCOCK: -- but you know they may change.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: They're not being approved by existing regs.

MR. MIRELES: No, Senator. They're not being approved. The terminology is just consistent with what we had before in the regulations, but really what we're going to do is no different than we do now which is going through an intake review process but making sure that the applications have major components to apply and that's it.

SENATOR HANCOCK: What would that be? What would the major components?

MR. MIRELES: For example, for funding applications, there's a requirement that the application has to have plans approved by the Department of Education, the Division of State Architect. Those kind of things would be checked at the submittal stage and to make sure that they have them.

Once they do, then they will be placed on this acknowledge list for the Board to recognize that these are applications that have been submitted, have not been reviewed or processed by staff, but they're on an informational list.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. My question then is by what criteria do these other agencies that review them approve them or check them off or say they're okay.

1 MR. MIRELES: They have their own set of statutory and regulatory quidelines on how to review their plans. 2 They're not part of the Green Act -- the School Facilities 3 Program. 5 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I didn't get an answer So I want to build a school or I want to build a to that. 6 new classroom, like we were acquiring land across the 7 street. The Department of Ed has to come out and say yes, 8 9 this is appropriate for a school, you can build on it and I 10 have to go to DSA for them to say yes, you know, your plans 11 have passed structural, fire, life, safety, and ADA, you 12 know, all three of those requirements --13 SENATOR HANCOCK: So those are existing --14 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: That's right -- to be 15 able to build. 16 Now whether I'm building with State funds or without State funds, I have to have those approvals and that 17 18 has to be done before I can go to OPSC to request funds. 19 So those are the -- so, you know, you can't go to 20 OPSC and get a project in when it's in the idea phase. 21 has to be where you have CDE and DSA approval. 22 So you're -- I think you're talking about that 23 level without saying -- agreeing to what program it would be 24 in or, you know, what the actual eligibility would be.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. So let me just get it a

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    little further clarification. That means that even if a
    district were to use all its own money, it would need to go
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    to the Office of Public School Construction for approvals
 3
    and also to --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         No.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: No.
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 7
              MS. MOORE: Not necessarily. What -- I'll speak
    for CDE.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Yes.
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              MS. MOORE: If it is 100 percent district funded,
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    never to come and get another State dollar, they do not have
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    to submit to the Department of Education their project;
13
    however, they have to have followed the regulatory structure
    and if there is a complaint, we would investigate.
14
15
              On -- for the Division of State Architect, no
16
    matter what your funding source is, you must have an
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    approval from them.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. And CDE would approve or
    disapprove like you're building on an earthquake fault, I'm
19
20
    sorry?
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              MS. MOORE: Again unless the district is going to
    secure State funding, they are not required to have site or
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23
    plan -- correct me if I'm wrong, Fred -- site or plan
24
    approval from our division.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: At all.
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MS. MOORE: The law states that you must have

followed the regulations and have it in your file, but you

don't have --

MR. SAVIDGE: DSA would cover the seismic approvals or anything related to the Field Act, design parameters under their regulatory structure.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay.

MS. MOORE: Most districts will come through the Department of Education because there might be a -- you know, that they're going to go after State funds at some point in their process. So they're going to want that approval.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: And then that will go through LCP too just in case.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Right. And they might even build high-performing schools just in case of seismic -- and safe schools just in case, yeah.

MR. DIAZ: Compliance monitoring unit.

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Because I'm comfortable with that which means essentially we're keeping a list of projects that districts want to do that meet other State requirements.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. In other words, if there were a program in place, we could then process them, but since there's no program, we're not going to

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    process them, but they have met all the requirements up to
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    that point to be processed.
              SENATOR HANCOCK: The requirements that in law.
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    So that if --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         The requirements that
    are in law.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: -- if additional seismic --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
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              SENATOR HANCOCK: -- or project labor agreements
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10
    or seismic --
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN:
                                         Right.
12
              SENATOR HANCOCK: -- requirements, green
    requirements were in there, they would either have to
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    upgrade their application or they'd be told that their
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15
    application didn't work.
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              ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Yep.
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              SENATOR HANCOCK:
                               Okay.
                                       Thank you. That's what I
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    just wanted to clarify was -- and I would honestly like
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    to -- in addition to the regs which often are worded in a
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    rather complicated and formalistic way, if there is a letter
    that's going out to districts that actually says to them
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    this is what we're doing --
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23
              MR. MIRELES: We do plan on doing -- providing
24
    extensive outreach to school districts to explain --
25
              SENATOR HANCOCK: Would you bring that to the
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1 Board, Juan? MR. MIRELES: 2 Sure. SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay. Because I've always, you 3 know, been concerned about how we communicate in a way that 5 your average very busy school principal can get right away so that we're not getting people --6 MR. MIRELES: We can surely do that, Senator. 7 SENATOR HANCOCK: Yeah -- confused. Thanks. 8 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Any additional comments from 9 10 Board members? 11 MR. ALMANZA: So I move to approve staff 12 recommendation. 13 MS. MOORE: I'll second. CHAIRPERSON REYES: Moved and second. 14 Comments? 15 MR. SMOOT: Well, hello again. I had previously 16 stated my concerns regarding this regulation and how it **17** relates to the law, so I won't reiterate that, but there are 18 two questions I have. 19 One is under the Administrative Procedures Act, if 20 you're going to adopt an emergency regulation, you have to 21 state the need for that emergency regulation and I don't see 22 that in the write-up. And so if it is there, I wish staff 23 could point it out to me. 24 And the second thing is, again according to the 25 Administrative Procedures Act, if you're going to create a

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1
    regulation, that regulation has to relate back to a specific
    law code section and I don't see a code section that's being
 2
    stated here that you're creating this regulation to further
 3
    clarify. And I was wondering if you can have staff address
 5
    those two issues.
              MR. MIRELES: We have three that we've cited.
 6
                                                              Τ
 7
    believe it's on the bottom of page 237. One is 17072.20.
    Another one is 17070.35 and the last one is 17070.40.
 8
 9
              MR. SMOOT: Okay. That answers one question.
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    about the statement of need for emergency; is it in there?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: I think the OAL will raise
12
    that issue as well, Lyle. So this public comments not
13
    dialoque time.
              MR. SMOOT: Okay. So there is no statement of
14
15
    emergency need in here. Is that what you're saying?
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: No. What I'm saying is
    through the regulatory process, we'll need to address that
17
18
    issue with OAL.
              MR. SMOOT: Well, I understand that, but OAL's
19
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    going to ask you where you, you know, stated it.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Well -- okay.
22
              MR. SMOOT: That's all right.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Thank you.
              MR. SMOOT: Thanks.
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              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Next public comment.
                                                        Senator
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1 Hancock. SENATOR HANCOCK: If I could just now -- I would 2 3 like to go back to that too because that did sort of seem jarring to me. 5 These are emergency regulations. We haven't even spent the existing bond money yet. Aren't they interim 6 regulations of which -- or some other kind of thing. 7 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Emergency regulations are 8 generally interim regulations, just need to go back and 9 10 regulations; right? 11 MS. SILVERMAN: Right. 12 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Well, if we could have 13 Counsel take a look at them to make sure that what we're 14 doing is -- meets the test --15 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Complies with law. 16 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: -- and it complies, that 17 would be great. 18 MS. STEWART: All right. Susan Stewart. My first comment is on behalf of Fresno Unified School District. 19 20 They submit multiple applications on many, many projects and their concern is with submitting a board resolution for each 21 22 project and there was -- they were hoping that we'd come up

with some kind of blanket board resolution that would cover

all of their projects so they don't have to have a separate

board resolution passed for each project.

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1
              It's quite cumbersome for a district that is large
    and has a lot of projects going through --
 2
              And the other -- just two more comments on behalf
 3
 4
    of multiple school districts that I represent.
 5
              We're concerned obviously about not --
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Go ahead. Ms. Moore has a
 6
 7
    question.
              MS. MOORE: Can I just say something about that.
 8
    Can't a district put all their projects into one agenda item
 9
10
    for -- one resolution for their board and have it covered
    for all --
11
12
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: If they know all their
13
    projects, yes.
              MS. MOORE: Put all their projects into it --
14
15
              MS. SILVERMAN: Yeah, we could definitely --
16
    that's exactly right.
17
              MS. STEWART: Okay. We just wanted to clarify
18
    that.
19
              MS. SILVERMAN: And modify it if you need to in
20
    the future.
              MS. MOORE: You can do that.
21
              CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. Yeah.
22
23
              MS. STEWART: Okay. Thank you. And just two
    other comments from other school districts I represent.
24
25
              One is the concern obviously with not processing
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applications is the backlog it's going to create once a bond is passed and you're going to have -- it's going to delay projects and money getting out and money hitting the streets if the OPSC has to go through and start from scratch, including eligibility for these projects.

We think that's a major problem and we really believe this system has worked in the past and when the State has run out of bonds funds in the past, it has really worked when districts have been able to choose between which program they get funded.

And they've decided it's worked and we'd love to see that continue as it has in the past.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you.

MS. ALLEN: Well, good afternoon, Chairman Reyes, members of the Board. My name is Cathy Allen and I'm the Senior Director of Facilities and Planning of the San Juan Unified School District and I currently serve as Chair of CASH.

Thank you for allowing me the opportunity to share my thoughts on the item before you. Normally when I speak to you, I put my best PC foot forward. This afternoon, however, I am speaking from my heart which might come across as a tad more emotional than I would prefer.

Well, I respect the gravity of all the issues that you face, I find myself deeply troubled with the item before

you and the action you may take. This item if acted upon as written essentially suspends the State's obligations for the foreseeable future while not allowing the districts the same consideration.

I am still required to design and build facilities that meet today's standards, most of which are mandated by some department or another that may or may not be funded in the future or even may be required in the future.

This proposed regulation will change the way you do business with districts throughout California. While the State Allocation Board suspends all the State obligations, all the demands on the district remain in place.

So due to budget considerations, every day I have to make decisions to eliminate elements in a project that are designed to enhance the educational program just to satisfy all the mandates that have been imposed on districts over the years, while you are preparing to suspend the State of its obligations and expectations of the voters.

44 school districts have bonds on the ballot this November, including me, and assuming most of them pass, all bond proceeds used to design projects in the near future will have to be spent to meet the current State program which may be very different as we've all acknowledged than what the program will look like tomorrow.

I feel like I don't get a choice or a chance to

1 design and build something that actually meets the educational needs of my district.

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I also understand that any proposed changes in the regulations will be pushed through using emergency regulations without giving practitioners an opportunity to work with the staff on how to implement these drastic changes.

The stability of this program has always benefitted the economy by encouraging districts to put jobs on the street. The action that may be taken today could put a serious dent in the good work that local districts are doing to generate jobs in our local economies.

As CASH chair, I find myself in the unique position of wanting to encourage districts to continue to submit projects, to put work on the street, and help demonstrate the huge need for modernizing and building school facilities to justify the next school bond.

However, at the same time, I have to urge caution to these same districts as they move ahead due to the complete unknown of a future program.

Thank you for listening. I appreciate your time.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Thank you. Just to respond to that. I mean we've pretty much stated where we're at.

On one hand, I hear everyone saying we want the same program, we want you to guarantee another \$10 million of fund coming up and we want to keep going without stop and then when you finally get the money, we want to get repaid.

We can't guarantee you that. So I can't guarantee you that, so therefore you can't assure your district and that's the whole point of this and that's why we want the resolution.

By the urging of CASH and your representatives, we're making this list. Okay. My preference a couple months or a couple meetings ago was not to have a list. You know, we're running out of money. The Legislature put it off. We have a commitment to go in 2014. We don't know what the program is going to look like and the more pressure we get, the more lists that we have of people saying we want this program that you already had back from 2010, 2008, whenever the bonds came out, the more hard pressure's going to be for us to say okay, let's keep the same program.

It has worked better than anything else in the past, but I think there's a lot of improvement to come to it before -- you know, I want to put my, you know, support behind a new bond.

And that's my concern, exactly what you stated.

But is this better -- I'm going to ask your opinion now -to have this list than nothing at all at this point.

MS. ALLEN: I believe that with the uncertainty that surrounds all the potential changes down the road, all those boxes -- it's been -- the whole topic this afternoon has been about checking this box or that box and meeting this requirement or that requirement and no -- possibly no grandfathering just creates the huge uncertainty as we move forward in trying to meet the needs of our local districts.

So I mean the process certainly has worked in the

So I mean the process certainly has worked in the past. We look for to the opportunity to be creating a new program that meets the needs of everyone. You know, it's been a long time, so it's probably a good time to do that, but with all the layers that are being asked of districts right now, not only of the mandates when we're out there designing stuff, but to certify to all these things that I may not have to comply with three years from now but I'm going to pay for ahead time, I -- I just -- I (indiscernible).

SENATOR HANCOCK: Okay.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And that was my point earlier, Mr. Chair. So I don't know.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Yeah. Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: So when you say -- I mean when we design schools, we design them to State building standards; right? So whether there's a program or not, they're still going to be in place. The program isn't

1 going to change what's required structurally of buildings. It's not going to require -- it's not going to change the 2 ADA requirements. It's not going to change the 3 fire/life/safety requirements; right? 5 MS. ALLEN: Correct. ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I mean if the voters 6 never pass another bond, all that's going to be in place and 7 aren't we designing to those standards that you have to 8 design to regardless of whether or not there's a program? 9 10 MS. ALLEN: If those were the only standards that 11 I had to design to, then I wouldn't have an issue. 12 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. 13 MS. ALLEN: But what I have issues with now would 14 be, for example, LCPs. That doesn't add to my educational 15 program, and yet it costs me money. A Green Code that is 16 going to be talked about here before too terribly long is 17 going to add cost to my project but not necessarily benefit 18 my program. 19 Yes, we want to be green. We all want to be 20 energy efficient, et cetera, but it doesn't add to my 21 program, but it takes away from the ability --22 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: But you're assuming that 23 there's going to be a mandate. If -- there may be --24 There is right now. ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: 25 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Right. I mean if there

is, if -- it's part of what DSA is now, but if there is an incentive for it later, then you may get funded for it or you may not get funded for it, and when you talk about suspending the State's obligation, the State's obligation is being suspended because we're out of money, you know.

And that's not something any of us like. I know many of you were frustrated when you came to us before and kept trying to push to get a bond on the ballot this year and we kept saying we're not going to have a bond on the ballot this year.

I mean the economy has forced certain changes, but the reality is, is we are out of money. You know, do I believe we're going to have a program? Yes. Do I think it's going to be -- change dramatically? No. We know we still need to modernize buildings. We know we still need new construction, but we feel like this is a point in time where we can take a timeout and take a look and hopefully on some these streamline them and make them easier for districts.

But for us to go out and promise something with the district making financial decisions on that promise, we don't know if the entire Board or the Legislature's going to agree with us. I'm not sure that's fair for districts either.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Senator Hancock.

SENATOR HANCOCK: I would only add the State

Treasurer may tell us we can't do any more bonds because

California's bonding authority and our ability to pay the interest has run out.

So I would really urge districts to look at whether or not the State is going to be able to stabilize its expenditures, whether we're going to be able to pull out of this recession because I'm uncomfortable frankly with the idea of an unfunded list at all if it's going to be seen as just something else where the State is making demands on us.

Really, in the old days, school districts used to pay for it all themselves and -- so I think that really you better -- you should be careful before one assumes it is an absolute given that there will ever be another school bond and that in fact --

Districts obviously would love to have no qualifications at all, just give us the money, divvy it up. And some districts come and say and we can't pass a school bond, so give us a hundred percent funding.

You know, but we need to look together at how to get an adequate financial -- stable financial base for the State of California I think.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: I was just -- one more

1 | last comment. I know we've got more and I apologize.

I'd like to setup that was proposed. I'm just wondering is there things we could peel off because those things may or may not change, like the LCP, the green energy stuff, and things that really streamline the process. You still got a placeholder. You're still going through the architect. You're still going through the State stuff, but have that there in place so that way whenever a program comes up, they can make the simple modifications without spending money up front for the things that are in today but may not be in two years from now.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Silverman.

MS. SILVERMAN: Some of the provisions are in statute already regardless of the program. It's in statute.

MR. DIAZ: Right. Yeah. The compliance monitoring unit whether you know, it's supported by you or not, it's already in statute.

18 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you, Ms. Allen.

19 Ms. Ferrera.

MS. FERRERA: Anna Ferrera, County School
Facilities Consortium. I would simply say that from our
association's perspective, we believe that the status quo
was where we should have been -- where we should be and this
new framework is probably not going to work well for
schools.

1 And so our position is simply that Implementation Committee discussion went on. I think that there was a 2 3 consensus around the status quo which was not really reflected well during the SAB discussion. 5 So we simply would say we would continue to be of that -- in that position. Thank you. 6 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Next. 7 SENATOR HANCOCK: Again -- I'm sorry. What's the 8 status quo, Mr. -- what is that? 9 10 MS. FERRERA: To continue tallying and evaluating 11 projects the way they are now and, you know, we 12 understand -- I think schools understand when they sign 13 that -- you know, that things could change, that they may 14 not get funding. 15 And so, you know, creating a new framework with 16 multiple lists I think is -- you know, that's not where 17 Implementation Committee landed and that was all 18 stakeholders having that discussion and we would just simply 19 say that, you know, that's where we would -- where we 20 believe it should remain. 21 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. 22 MR. DIXON: Thank you, Mr. Chair and Board 23 members. Joe Dixon, Santa Ana Unified School District. 24 You know, currently the unfunded approval says 25 there's no quarantee of State funding when we receive that.

But we do know that things are changing and we want to work with the Board and with OPSC to come up with something that gives districts some comfort I suppose that they've met all the regulations, all the necessary pieces of a school facility project.

So we would -- we'd like to keep it open and see if we could have some more discussion and see if we could come up with something a little bit different. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Next.

MS. HANNAH: Good afternoon, Chair and Board members. I'm Jenny Hannah. I'm with the Kern County Superintendent of Schools Office and I heard from Lyle Smoot that you wanted to hear from some of us practitioners. I'm not sure if I can be as eloquent as some of the other speakers, but I do agree with a lot of what's already been said.

And I was at last month's Allocation Board meeting where you had this conversation and what I left with a feeling of was a little bit emotional as well as Cathy talked about is that in your fear to commit to districts with this program -- and we understand that. We know the economy is different. We know the program is changing. We know the State's in a different position. Everybody knows that.

But in that fear of commitment, you are

effectively disillusioning and causing some local folks to forestall some projects that they could move forward with with local money.

And after last month's Allocation Board meeting, we went to our county. We have a JPA that has a membership of almost all of our districts, 50 school districts in Central California, many of them, you know, small school districts and we came away with a consensus that, you know, they're hands are tied.

We already -- as Joe mentioned, we already certify on our funding application form that there is no guarantee of funding, that that's not a guarantee of funding and, you know, if there's additional certifications the district should do to assuage this Board and make sure that they understand that the local school district board understands what they're committing to, but really in effect I sense that this -- changing this process from its historical way that it's been done and been effectively done is going to send a ripple in the pond that maybe we don't all try and understand at this moment.

So that's all I have to say. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Ms. Moore.

MS. MOORE: Well, first, I'd like to withdraw my second. I think I've had too much vacation time. Because I was the lone vote opposing the change in the regulation and

I think part of it is -- part of the consternation is coming forward at this Board meeting and I do think that it is going to create about a year-and-a-half, two-year period where districts really don't know what to do.

And my concern at last Board meeting as well as this after hearing from the field is that issue of going forward with local projects. That could be good for school districts, good educationally as well as good for our economy. This -- to go forward with construction projects.

But I can -- but they go forward with a hundred percent risk and they will be weighing that whether to do that or not because they won't know what the structure of the program is or whether they're eligible or not.

So it really is that component that I -- that although it was the minority and I do -- I think the Board spoke pretty resoundingly at the last Board meeting that they do not want the liability nor -- they wanted the flexibility to change the program should they desire -- or the Legislature I guess would change the program should they desire to.

But this is the reality of what will happen for schools and I do think we're going to create this period now of uncertainty and school districts will be grappling with what -- how to make their decisions best during this time period.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Ms. Buchanan.

ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: I -- when I go around my Assembly District, I have regular classroom cabinet meetings two or three times a year with all the school districts and, you know, Dublin had a bond that they passed in June and I told them, you know, we're probably going to see Level 3 developer fees suspended. That was my expectation based on the Governor's budget.

And I also told them that, you know, this is where we're running out of money and as you go forward, you need to make those -- you know, take that into consideration accordingly.

The school district where I was on the board has a bond on the ballot this November.

I think the worst thing you do for school districts is create more uncertainty by making promises that you may or may not be able to deliver. And Senator Hancock pointed out that where we are with California's debt service right now, it's roughly -- what is it now, about 7 percent of the budget. It's going to go up to about 10 and a half percent if we don't pass another bond.

And we don't know what's going to happen with the current initiatives and revenue and how fast our economy's going to recover.

I think the worst thing that can happen to a

school district -- I mean what'll happen to some is if I pass a hundred million dollar bond tomorrow, you know, I may go ahead and I'll finance a hundred percent and hoping that I get matching funds and I can work down the list with projects. It's not going to stop that from passing.

But if you get down the list and they assume that they're going to have money tomorrow to finish paying for that project and they don't, then they've got to dig into their general fund.

And then not only do they have a facilities problem, but they've got a problem in their general fund figuring out how they're going to pay for that bond.

And so I'd like nothing better than to stand here to everybody and say no problem, we'll keep approving those projects, you know, we will pass the bond and the money will come and you will have it, but, you know, we hear this word new normal, we are in a new normal.

And we don't know if the voters' appetite for a bond is going to be \$2 billion or \$10 billion. I do know that the 35 billion we passed over the prior decade probably isn't going to happen again in the next decade.

So I would rather be -- as painful as it is, I would rather be honest with people and have them make their decisions accordingly. I would rather -- I mean I'd love to see this Board have -- we keep talking about having our

meeting and maybe we need a subcommittee in terms of questions or things we'd like answered in terms of how can we -- you know, what's working, what's not working, how can we streamline the process, how can we provide more certainty, but, you know, to right now pretend everything is going on as normal and to let these districts think that as soon as the bond gets passed, they're going to get a big check and so they can go ahead out there and, you know, speculate it's wrong.

And where it's going to come off, it's going to come off the general fund part of the budget and that is potentially devastating to districts.

So do I like having to do this now? No. But I do think we're sort of in a new normal and I think it makes sense if we can come -- you know, as we get closer to, you know, having our discussions, as we get closer to organizations doing polling and we know, you know, whether or not we can go forward and it looks like we're going to be successful with a bond and I personally will do all I can to work for the passage of a bond because I believe schools are the responsibility of the State and we -- it's an absolute good use of general obligation bonds and a proper use, I think right now pretending that the current program's just going to go in and trying -- giving that level of guarantee, I just don't -- I -- that's not where I can go.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman. ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: And just to follow up on 2 I agree with everything just said, but those of you 3 in the room here, you're hearing us. You're seeing it. 5 get it. But for the hundreds of school districts out there 6 7 that don't attend our meetings who may be just reading a little paragraph or missed a paragraph in your newsletter 8 and stuff like that, those are people I'm afraid of. 9 10 Those are people who are thinking that status quo 11 is going on and we're going to apply for it and go through 12 the process and all of a sudden, I misplan because I think 13 it's coming through. 14 That's why I think it's important for this 15 resolution. This is an affirmative -- something that they 16 have to put out themselves to understand that they get it 17 before they go forward and it's not just going to be status 18 quo. 19 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. I have a motion by 20 Mr. Almanza, but I do not have a second. 21 ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: Second. 22 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Mr. Hagman seconds. Call the 23 roll, please. 24 MS. JONES: Hancock.

25

Buchanan.

1 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Aye. 2 MS. JONES: Haqman. ASSEMBLYMEMBER HAGMAN: 3 Aye. MS. JONES: Almanza. 5 MR. ALMANZA: Aye. MS. JONES: Moore. 6 7 MS. MOORE: Aye. MS. JONES: Diaz. 8 9 MR. DIAZ: Aye. 10 MS. JONES: Reyes. 11 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Aye. Motion carries. 12 MS. JONES: And the motion does carry. 13 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Next I have 14 reports discussion, but before we get into that, I want to 15 open up for public testimony any item not discussed already. 16 Any particular issues not discussed already. 17 Bruce, welcome. 18 MR. HANCOCK: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of 19 the Board. I'm Bruce Hancock, Hancock, Park, and DeLong. 20 Thank you for your indulgence while I repeat something that you already know but something that's very important to a 21 number of school districts. 22 23 First of all, on behalf of our clients, the Lake Elsinore Unified School District and the Sacramento City 24 25 Unified School District, we thank you very much for your

decision today to identify all of the projects that are affected by the Labor Compliance Program issue and to search for a global resolution. That is very much appreciated.

Our -- the two districts that I mentioned and perhaps many more out there that I know nothing about are severely impacted by this issue and even though many of them believe that they have in fact complied with all Labor Code requirements, they find themselves at this spot.

We do have a concern. I don't expect it to be addressed today of course, but both districts also are concerned that they are racing against a September 25th priority funding deadline at which time they have to submit a compliant fund release.

They believe they've done that. Obviously OPSC does not believe they've done that, but it does leave a problem where that date is obviously going to come and go before there's a global solution. So that's perhaps one thing to consider.

Again on behalf of Lake Elsinore Unified School
District, Sacramento City Unified School District, thank you
very much for your efforts on this.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. Anybody else?
Okay. Thank you. Tab 17.

MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 17's just a brief update to the Board. In June 2012, we actually did find some

available funds to fund three joint-use projects and we also had award four and a half million dollars to those projects.

It's listed on page 252.

Funds were provided Redondo Beach and Alameda, also Santee. These projects were awarded on an 18-month timeline and so what we have been doing is giving the Board a quarterly update.

Since then we've actually had two districts come in for those funds. There's one district, Santee, that hasn't come in for their funds, but we've actually had some periodic updates from them. So we'll be reporting back in the future.

There is about \$536,000 that was remaining and we did award that also to a district as well. Redondo Beach did take those funds and we're presenting a consent item next month to provide for the cash. And that's all we have.

CHAIRPERSON REYES: Thank you. That's an information item. Tab 18.

MR. MIRELES: Tab 18 is just another **report.** The Board members have raised several topics at the Board. They wanted to explore these topics further in detail for potential future related -- program-related questions.

We've outlined the topics on pages 255 and 256. We are now seeking Board direction on how to further discuss these topics in the future.

1 CHAIRPERSON REYES: I think with Ms. Buchanan's 2 acceptance, I'd like to appoint her to be Chair for a 3 Subcommittee to start looking at this and I know Mr. Hagman has expressed an interest on this and Ms. Moore has been 5 interested as well and I think this is a good time for Mr. Diaz to get his hands wet on this one and Mr. Almanza as 6 well. 7 So if it's okay with the Board, I'd like to 8 appoint -- there's five of them. So it's not a quorum 9 10 and -- but it is a public meeting anyway. So we can just 11 have that. Is that okay -- to start --12 ASSEMBLYMEMBER BUCHANAN: Sure. 13 CHAIRPERSON REYES: -- taking this on. As we all 14 know, please -- I invite you to come at the Subcommittees 15 and get into the weeds with us at that level and resolve 16 issues and bring your examples and your exceptions and all 17 that and your ideas because that's makes for a better 18 discussion at that point. Thank you. Tab 18. 19 Tab 19. 20 MS. SILVERMAN: Tab 19 is the three-month 21 workload. I'm not sure if we have any questions with that. 22 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Anything else we need to bring 23 forward that I'm forgetting? No. 24 MS. SILVERMAN: We have a closed session. 25 CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. We have a closed

1	session today. Tab 20 we're good.
2	Mr. Savidge, all votes make sense or
3	Implementation has to interpret our votes again?
4	MR. SAVIDGE: Good job. Perfect.
5	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Good. We are going to
6	go into closed session to address some legal matters as are
7	authorized by certain sections of the Government Code
8	dealing with litigation potential litigation. I think
9	that's what I'm supposed to say.
LO	MR. NANJO: Right.
<b>L1</b>	CHAIRPERSON REYES: Okay. Thank you. And if I
<b>L2</b>	could have the room clear, I'd like to have obviously
13	Counsel stay and Ms. Silverman, Mr. Mireles, can you join,
L <b>4</b>	please, for background. Thank you.
15	(Whereupon at 4:00 p.m., the open meeting was recessed
<b>L</b> 6	for the closed session and resumed as follows at 4:40 p.m.)
<b>L7</b>	CHAIRPERSON REYES: transcriber back on.
L8	You're on. Fantastic.
<b>L</b> 9	We've been advised by Counsel on a couple of
20	potential litigation issues pursuant to Government Code. So
21	we're coming back from closed session. Any public comment?
22	Seeing none, motion to adjourn, adjourn. Thank you.
23	(Whereupon, at 4:40 p.m. the proceedings were recessed.)
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25	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

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2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA )
3	) ss. COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO )
4	COONTI OI BREIGHEINTO
5	I, Mary C. Clark, a Certified Electronic Court
6	Reporter and Transcriber, Certified by the American
7	Association of Electronic Reporters and Transcribers, Inc.
8	(AAERT, Inc.), do hereby certify:
9	That the proceedings herein of the California State
10	Allocation Board, Public Meeting, were duly reported and
11	transcribed by me;
12	That the foregoing transcript is a true record of
13	the proceedings as recorded;
14	That I am a disinterested person to said action.
15	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name on
16	October 2, 2012.
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18	
19	Mary C. Clark
20	AAERT CERT*D-214 Certified Electronic Court
21	Reporter and Transcriber
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