

CCDA Legislative Status Report on Friday, June 03, 2022

[Assembly Bill 1604](#) ([Holden, Chris](#) D) The Upward Mobility Act of 2022: Boards and Commissions: Civil Service: Examinations: Classifications.

Current Text: Amended: 03/07/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 05/27/2022 – In Senate. Read first time. To Committee on Rules for assignment.

Is Urgency: No

Is Fiscal: Yes

Location: 05/27/2022 – Senate. Committee on Rules.

Summary:

Existing law provides that it is the policy of the State of California that the composition of state boards and commissions shall be broadly reflective of the general public, including ethnic minorities and women. This bill would, except as specified, require that, on or after January 1, 2023, all state boards and commissions consisting of one or more volunteer members have at least one board member or commissioner from an underrepresented community. The bill would define the term “board member or commissioner from an underrepresented community” as an individual who self-identifies as Black, African American, Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Pacific Islander, Native American, Native Hawaiian, or Alaska Native; who self-identifies as gay, lesbian, bisexual, or transgender; who is a veteran, as defined; or who has a disability, as defined. The bill would apply these requirements only as vacancies on state boards and commissions occur. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

(Based on text date 03/07/2022)

[Assembly Bill 1733](#) ([Quirk, Bill D](#)) **State Bodies: Open Meetings.****Current Text:** Introduced: 01/31/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 04/20/2022 – In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.**Is Urgency:** Yes**Is Fiscal:** Yes**Location:** 02/18/2022 – Assembly. Committee on Governmental Organization**Summary:**

Existing law, the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body.

The act defines a “meeting” to include any congregation of a majority of the members of a state body at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state body to which it pertains. The act authorizes teleconferenced meetings under specified circumstances, provided that at least one member of the state body is physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, and all votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting are taken by rollcall. The act provides that if the state body elects to conduct a meeting or proceeding by teleconference, the state body is required to post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the rights of any party or member of the public appearing before the state body. The act requires each teleconference location to be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location to be accessible to the public, and the agenda to provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body at each teleconference location.

This bill would specify that a “meeting” under the act, includes a meeting held entirely by teleconference. The bill would require all open meetings to be held by teleconference, would allow for use of teleconference in closed sessions, and would remove existing provisions of the act that require each teleconference location to be identified in the notice and agenda and accessible to the public. The bill would instead require the state body to provide a means by which the public may remotely hear, or hear and observe, the meeting and may remotely address the state body via two-way audio-visual platform or two-way telephonic service, as specified, and would require information to be provided in any notice to the public indicating how the public can access the meeting remotely.

The bill would require the state body to provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body. The bill would require the state body to provide members of the public a physical location to hear, observe, and address the state body, and would authorize the members of the state body to participate in a meeting remotely or at a designated physical meeting location, and specify that physical presence at any physical meeting location is not necessary for the member to be deemed present at the meeting.

The bill would require the agenda to be posted 10 days in advance of the meeting, or as provided in accordance with the provisions applicable to a special or emergency meeting, as well as posted on the state body's internet website and, on the day of the meeting, at any physical meeting location designated in the notice.

The bill would also provide that the notice of the meeting is required to specify the means by which a meeting may be accessed by teleconference.

The bill would prohibit the notice and agenda from disclosing any information regarding any remote location from which a member is participating, and require members attending a meeting from a remote location to disclose whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

(Based on text date 01/31/2022).

[Assembly Bill 2164](#) ([Lee, Alex D](#)) **Disability Access: Certified Access Specialist Program: Funding.**

Current Text: Amended: 05/19/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 06/01/2022-Referred to Committee on Governmental Organization and Committee on Judiciary.

Is Urgency: No

Is Fiscal: Yes

Location: 06/01/2022 – Senate. Committee on Governmental Organization.

Calendar:

06/14/2022 9:00 a.m. – 1021 O Street, Room 2100, Sacramento, CA 95814. Senate Governmental Organization, Dodd, Chair.

Summary:

The federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the California Building Standards Code require that specified buildings, structures, and facilities be accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities.

Existing law establishes a Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, within the Division of the State Architect for purposes of increasing disability access and compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements and developing educational resources for businesses to facilitate compliance with federal and state disability laws, as specified.

Current law requires the State Architect to establish and publicize a program for voluntary certification by the state of any person who meets specified criteria as a certified access specialist (CASp), as provided. Existing law, on and after January 1, 2018, and until December 31, 2023, inclusive, requires any applicant for an original or renewal of a local business license or equivalent instrument or permit to pay an additional fee of \$4 for that license, instrument, or permit, or in any city, county, or city and county that does not issue a business license or an equivalent instrument or permit, existing law requires an applicant for a building permit to pay an additional fee of \$4, to be collected by the city, county, or city and county that issued the license, instrument, or permit for specified purposes related to disability access, including the CASp program. Commencing January 1, 2024, that fee is reduced to \$1. Existing law requires a portion of those fees to be deposited in the Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund.

This bill would repeal the provision reducing the fee to \$1 commencing January 1, 2024, thereby extending the operation of this fee at the amount of \$4 indefinitely. By expanding the increased fee deposited into the Disability Access and Education Revolving Fund, this bill would make an appropriation. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws

(Based on text date 05/19/2022).

[Assembly Bill 2829](#) ([Low, Evan D](#)) **Certified Access Specialist Inspection Grant Program.**

Current Text: Amended: 04/20/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 05/19/2022-In committee: Held under submission.

Is Urgency: No

Is Fiscal: Yes

Location: 05/11/2022 – Assembly. Committee on Appropriations. Suspense File.

Summary:

Current law requires the State Architect to establish and publicize a program for the voluntary certification by the state of any person who meets specified criteria as a certified access specialist (CASp) to inspect, among other things, businesses for compliance with accessibility building standards. Existing law requires the State Architect to publish and regularly update a list of CASps and a list of business that have been inspected by a CASp. Current law requires the State Architect to develop a process by which a business may notify that a structure or area has had a CASp inspection and to develop a form for businesses to notify the public that the business has obtained a CASp inspection.

This bill, until January 1, 2028, would establish the Certified Access Specialist Inspection Grant Program to assist small businesses in obtaining CASp inspections, and would require the State Architect to administer the program. The bill would authorize small businesses, defined to mean a business with fewer than 50 employees, as specified, with a physical property in the state, to apply for a grant for a CASp inspection of the small business's property, in an amount equal to the actual cost of the inspection, not to exceed \$3,000 per inspection. The bill would require the State Architect to develop an application and to develop criteria to evaluate and award the grants, as specified, and would require the State Architect to annually submit a report to the Legislature on the results of the program.

The bill would appropriate an unspecified amount from the General Fund to the Certified Access Specialist Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, for purposes of the program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

(Based on text date 04/20/2022).

[Assembly Bill 2917](#) (Fong, Mike D) State Law: Disability Access.**Current Text:** Amended: 03/17/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 05/18/2022-Referred to Committee on Judiciary.**Is Urgency:** No**Is Fiscal:** Yes**Location:** 05/18/2022 – Senate. Committee on Judiciary.**Calendar:**

06/08/2022 1:30 p.m. – 1021 O Street, Room 2100, Sacramento, CA 95814. Senate Judiciary, Umberg, Chair.

Summary:

Existing law requires an attorney who sends or serves a complaint on the basis of one or more construction-related accessibility claims to satisfy specified requirements, including, among other things, sending a copy of the complaint and submitting information about the complaint to the California Commission on Disability Access.

This bill would also require an attorney who sends or serves a complaint alleging that an internet website is not accessible to satisfy those requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

(Based on text date 03/17/2022).

[Assembly Bill 2962](#) (Committee on Judiciary) Disability Access: Construction-Related Accessibility Violations.**Current Text:** Amended: 05/04/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 06/01/2022-Referred to Committee on Judiciary.**Urgency:** No**Is Fiscal:** Yes**Location:** 05/26/2022 – Senate. Committee on Judiciary.**Summary:**

Existing law requires the California Commission on Disability Access to develop educational materials and information for use by businesses to understand their obligations to provide disability access and to facilitate compliance with construction-related accessibility standards. Existing law requires the commission to develop and make available on its internet website, or work with another agency to develop, toolkits or educational modules that would educate businesses on the accessibility requirements and to facilitate compliance with those requirements.

This bill would require, by July 1, 2023, the commission to develop toolkits or educational modules that focus on construction-related accessibility violations in parking lots and exterior paths of travel, including a checklist for businesses to recognize the most common construction-related accessibility violations in those areas

(Based on text date 05/04/2022).

Total Measures: 6